

```
In [62]: ▶ import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
df = pd.read_csv("combined_data.csv", low_memory=False)
# To display the top 5 rows
df.head(5)
```

Out[62]:

	Q1_HH	Q1_MM	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6	Q6A	Q6A_OT	Q6B	...	Q1314	Q1315	Q1400	Q1401	Q1402	Q1403	Q1404	Q1405		Q1406	Gender
0	14	40	23	1	1.0	NaN	3.0	2	NaN	13	...	2	2	1	2	2	2	NaN	NaN		NO	Female
1	13	24	16	1	1.0	NaN	3.0	2	NaN	13	...	2	2	1	2	2	2	NaN	NaN		NO	Female
2	16	2	13	1	1.0	NaN	3.0	2	NaN	13	...	2	2	1	2	2	2	NaN	NaN		NOTHING	Female
3	13	8	18	1	1.0	NaN	3.0	2	NaN	13	...	2	2	1	2	1	2	NaN	NaN		NOTHING	Female
4	12	26	24	1	2.0	3.0	NaN	2	NaN	13	...	2	2	1	2	2	2	NaN	NaN	GOVERNMENT SHOULD MAKE HEALTH PROVISIONS FOR US		Female

5 rows × 611 columns

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In [ ]: ▶
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In [63]: import pandas as pd

# Rename the columns
df = df.rename(columns={
    'Q2': 'Age',
    'Gender': 'Gender',
    'Q6B': 'Ethnicity',

    'Q39': 'PV_Witnessing_at_home',
    'Q43': 'PV_Witnessing_outside_home',
    'Q100A': 'PV1_punched_kicked_whipped_beat',
    'Q100B': 'PV1_choked_suffocated_drown_burned',
    'Q100C': 'PV1_threatened_knife_gun_otherweapon',
    'Q116A': 'PV2_PEER_VIOLENCE_punched_kicked_whipped_beat',
    'Q116B': 'PV2_choked_suffocated_drown_burned',
    'Q116C': 'PV2_threatened_knife_gun_otherweapon',
    'Q120': 'PV2_Relationshiptoyou',
    'Q128A': 'PV3_PARENTS_ADULTCAREGIVERS_OTHER_ADULT_RELATIVES_punched_kicked_whipped_beat',
    'Q128B': 'PV3_choked_suffocated_drown_burned',
    'Q128C': 'PV3_threatened_knife_gun_otherweapon',
    'Q138': 'PV3_Relationshiptoyou',
    'Q142A': 'PV4_ADULTS_IN_THE_NEIGHBORHOOD_punched_kicked_whipped_beat',
    'Q142B': 'PV4_choked_suffocated_drown_burned',
    'Q142C': 'PV4_threatened_knife_gun_otherweapon',
    'Q151': 'PV4_Relationshiptoyou',
    'Q155': 'Knowledge_of_Support_Resources_PV',
    'Q156': 'Tried_Seeking_Help_PV',
    'Q157': 'Main_Reason_for_Not_Seeking_Help_PV',
    'Q158': 'Did_you_receive_help_PV',
    'Q300A': 'EV1_EMOTIONAL_VIOLENCE_told_were_not_loved',
    'Q300B': 'EV1_said_wished_never_born_or_were_dead',
    'Q300C': 'EV1_ridiculed_you_or_put_you_down',

    'Q700': 'Touching_sexual_way_without_permission',

    'Q900': 'SV_Physically_forced_and_succeed',
    'Q920': 'SV_Relationshiptoyou',
    'Q1000': 'SV_Pressured_through_harassment_threats_tricks',
    'Q1101': 'Knowledge_of_Support_Resources_SV',
    'Q1102': 'Tried_Seeking_Help_SV',
    'Q1103': 'Main_Reason_for_Not_Seeking_Help_SV',
    'Q1104': 'Did_you_receive_help_SV',
    'Q1304': 'Intentionally_hurt_yourself',
    'Q1305': 'Thought_about_killing_yourself',
    'Q1306': 'Tried_to_kill_yourself'
})

renamed_columns = [
    'Age', 'Gender', 'Ethnicity', 'PV_Witnessing_at_home', 'PV_Witnessing_outside_home',
    'PV1_punched_kicked_whipped_beat', 'PV1_choked_suffocated_drown_burned', 'PV1_threatened_knife_gun_otherweapon',
    'PV2_PEER_VIOLENCE_punched_kicked_whipped_beat',
    'PV2_choked_suffocated_drown_burned', 'PV2_threatened_knife_gun_otherweapon',
    'PV2_Relationshiptoyou', 'PV3_PARENTS_ADULTCAREGIVERS_OTHER_ADULT_RELATIVES_punched_kicked_whipped_beat',
    'PV3_choked_suffocated_drown_burned', 'PV3_threatened_knife_gun_otherweapon', 'PV3_Relationshiptoyou',
    'PV4_ADULTS_IN_THE_NEIGHBORHOOD_punched_kicked_whipped_beat', 'PV4_choked_suffocated_drown_burned',
    'PV4_threatened_knife_gun_otherweapon', 'PV4_Relationshiptoyou',
    'Knowledge_of_Support_Resources_PV', 'Tried_Seeking_Help_PV', 'Main_Reason_for_Not_Seeking_Help_PV', 'Did_you_receive_hel
    'EV1_EMOTIONAL_VIOLENCE_told_were_not_loved', 'EV1_said_wished_never_born_or_were_dead', 'EV1_ridiculed_you_or_put_y
    'Touching_sexual_way_without_permission',
    'SV_Physically_forced_and_succeed', 'SV_Relationshiptoyou', 'SV_Pressured_through_harassment_threats_tricks',
    'Knowledge_of_Support_Resources_SV', 'Tried_Seeking_Help_SV', 'Main_Reason_for_Not_Seeking_Help_SV', 'Did_you_receive_hel
    'Intentionally_hurt_yourself', 'Thought_about_killing_yourself', 'Tried_to_kill_yourself'
]

# Drop columns that are not in the List of renamed columns
df = df.drop(columns=[col for col in df.columns if col not in renamed_columns])
# Save cleaned and renamed dataset to a new file
df

```

Out[63]:

	Age	Ethnicity	PV_Witnessing_at_home	PV_Witnessing_outside_home	PV1_punched_kicked_whipped_beat	PV1_choked_suffocated_drown_burned	PV
0	23	13	2	1	1.0	2.0	
1	16	13	1	2	NaN	NaN	
2	13	13	1	1	NaN	NaN	
3	18	13	1	4	2.0	2.0	
4	24	13	1	4	2.0	2.0	
...	
4198	22	10	1	2	NaN	NaN	
4199	20	10	1	1	2.0	2.0	
4200	19	10	1	1	NaN	NaN	
4201	24	10	1	1	NaN	NaN	
4202	24	10	1	1	NaN	NaN	

4203 rows × 38 columns

In [64]: df.dtypes

```

Out[64]: Age                                int64
          Ethnicity                          int64
          PV_Witnessing_at_home              int64
          PV_Witnessing_outside_home         int64
          PV1_punched_kicked_whipped_beat    float64
          PV1_choked_suffocated_drown_burned float64
          PV1_threatened_knife_gun_otherweapon float64
          PV2_PEER_VIOLENCE_punched_kicked_whipped_beat int64
          PV2_choked_suffocated_drown_burned int64
          PV2_threatened_knife_gun_otherweapon int64
          PV2_Relationshipstoyou             float64
          PV3_PARENTS_ADULTCAREGIVERS_OTHER_ADULT_RELATIVES_punched_kicked_whipped_beat int64
          PV3_choked_suffocated_drown_burned int64
          PV3_threatened_knife_gun_otherweapon int64
          PV3_Relationshipstoyou             float64
          PV4_ADULTS_IN_THE_NEIGHBORHOOD_punched_kicked_whipped_beat int64
          PV4_choked_suffocated_drown_burned int64
          PV4_threatened_knife_gun_otherweapon int64
          PV4_Relationshipstoyou             float64
          Knowledge_of_Support_Resources_PV float64
          Tried_Seeking_Help_PV             float64
          Main_Reason_for_Not_Seeking_Help_PV float64
          Did_you_receive_help_PV            float64
          EV1_EMOTIONAL_VIOLENCE_told_were_not_loved int64
          EV1_said_wished_never_born_or_were_dead int64
          EV1_ridiculed_you_or_put_you_down   int64
          Touching_sexual_way_without_permission int64
          SV_Physically_forced_and_succeed    int64
          SV_Pressured_through_harassment_threats_tricks int64
          SV_Relationshipstoyou             float64
          Knowledge_of_Support_Resources_SV float64
          Tried_Seeking_Help_SV             float64
          Main_Reason_for_Not_Seeking_Help_SV float64
          Did_you_receive_help_SV            float64
          Intentionally_hurt_yourself         int64
          Thought_about_killing_yourself      int64
          Tried_to_kill_yourself            float64
          Gender                             object
          dtype: object

```

```
In [65]: # null counts
print("Remaining Null Counts for each column:")
print(df.isnull().sum())
```

```
Remaining Null Counts for each column:
Age                                                    0
Ethnicity                                              0
PV_Witnessing_at_home                                0
PV_Witnessing_outside_home                            0
PV1_punched_kicked_whipped_beat                      1884
PV1_choked_suffocated_drown_burned                   1884
PV1_threatened_knife_gun_otherweapon                 1884
PV2_PEER_VIOLENCE_punched_kicked_whipped_beat        0
PV2_choked_suffocated_drown_burned                   0
PV2_threatened_knife_gun_otherweapon                 0
PV2_Relationshiptoyou                                3432
PV3_PARENTS_ADULTCAREGIVERS_OTHER_ADULT_RELATIVES_punched_kicked_whipped_beat 0
PV3_choked_suffocated_drown_burned                   0
PV3_threatened_knife_gun_otherweapon                 0
PV3_Relationshiptoyou                                2483
PV4_ADULTS_IN_THE_NEIGHBORHOOD_punched_kicked_whipped_beat 0
PV4_choked_suffocated_drown_burned                   0
PV4_threatened_knife_gun_otherweapon                 0
PV4_Relationshiptoyou                                2846
Knowledge_of_Support_Resources_PV                    1666
Tried_Seeking_Help_PV                                3592
Main_Reason_for_Not_Seeking_Help_PV                  3691
Did_you_receive_help_PV                               4104
EV1_EMOTIONAL_VIOLENCE_told_were_not_loved           0
EV1_said_wished_never_been_born_or_were_dead         0
EV1_ridiculed_you_or_put_you_down                   0
Touching_sexual_way_without_permission               0
SV_Physically_forced_and_succeed                     0
SV_Pressured_through_harassment_threats_tricks       0
SV_Relationshiptoyou                                3943
Knowledge_of_Support_Resources_SV                    3110
Tried_Seeking_Help_SV                                3961
Main_Reason_for_Not_Seeking_Help_SV                  3999
Did_you_receive_help_SV                               4165
Intentionally_hurt_yourself                           0
Thought_about_killing_yourself                       0
Tried_to_kill_yourself                               4022
Gender                                                 0
dtype: int64
```

```
In [66]: #since there are many null values want to reduce and only remain with those of less null values
# Set a threshold for missing values
threshold = 0.4
# Drop rows with more than 20% missing values

# Calculate the percentage of missing values in each row
missing_percentages = df.isnull().mean(axis=1)

# Get the rows to drop
rows_to_drop = missing_percentages[missing_percentages > threshold].index

# Drop rows with high missing values
df = df.drop(index=rows_to_drop)

# Display remaining null counts for each column
print("Remaining Null Counts for each column:")
print(df.isnull().sum())
```

```
Remaining Null Counts for each column:
Age 0
Ethnicity 0
PV_Witnessing_at_home 0
PV_Witnessing_outside_home 0
PV1_punched_kicked_whipped_beat 1228
PV1_choked_suffocated_drown_burned 1228
PV1_threatened_knife_gun_otherweapon 1228
PV2_PEER_VIOLENCE_punched_kicked_whipped_beat 0
PV2_choked_suffocated_drown_burned 0
PV2_threatened_knife_gun_otherweapon 0
PV2_Relationshipto you 2776
PV3_PARENTS_ADULTCAREGIVERS_OTHER_ADULT_RELATIVES_punched_kicked_whipped_beat 0
PV3_choked_suffocated_drown_burned 0
PV3_threatened_knife_gun_otherweapon 0
PV3_Relationshipto you 1827
PV4_ADULTS_IN_THE_NEIGHBORHOOD_punched_kicked_whipped_beat 0
PV4_choked_suffocated_drown_burned 0
PV4_threatened_knife_gun_otherweapon 0
PV4_Relationshipto you 2190
Knowledge_of_Support_Resources_PV 1010
Tried_Seeking_Help_PV 2936
Main_Reason_for_Not_Seeking_Help_PV 3035
Did_you_receive_help_PV 3448
EV1_EMOTIONAL_VIOLENCE_told_were_not_loved 0
EV1_said_wished_never_been_born_or_were_dead 0
EV1_ridiculed_you_or_put_you_down 0
Touching_sexual_way_without_permission 0
SV_Physically_forced_and_succeed 0
SV_Pressured_through_harassment_threats_tricks 0
SV_Relationshipto you 3287
Knowledge_of_Support_Resources_SV 2454
Tried_Seeking_Help_SV 3305
Main_Reason_for_Not_Seeking_Help_SV 3343
Did_you_receive_help_SV 3509
Intentionally_hurt_yourself 0
Thought_about_killing_yourself 0
Tried_to_kill_yourself 3366
Gender 0
dtype: int64
```

```
In [67]: duplicate_rows_df = df[df.duplicated()]
print("number of duplicate rows: ", duplicate_rows_df.shape)
#getting the number of duplicate rows
# Dropping duplicate rows
df = df.drop_duplicates()

# Print the number of duplicate rows after dropping
print("Number of duplicate rows:", df.duplicated().sum())
```

```
number of duplicate rows: (302, 38)
Number of duplicate rows: 0
```

```
In [68]: # Replace missing values with 99 since 99
#in the questionarre meant dont know or declined instead of replcing with 0, or bfill ,ffill that would bring biased results
df.fillna(99, inplace=True)

# Display remaining null counts for each column
print("Remaining Null Counts for each column:")
print(df.isnull().sum())
```

Remaining Null Counts for each column:

Age	0
Ethnicity	0
PV_Witnessing_at_home	0
PV_Witnessing_outside_home	0
PV1_punched_kicked_whipped_beat	0
PV1_choked_suffocated_drown_burned	0
PV1_threatened_knife_gun_otherweapon	0
PV2_PEER_VIOLENCE_punched_kicked_whipped_beat	0
PV2_choked_suffocated_drown_burned	0
PV2_threatened_knife_gun_otherweapon	0
PV2_Relationshiptoyou	0
PV3_PARENTS_ADULTCAREGIVERS_OTHER_ADULT_RELATIVES_punched_kicked_whipped_beat	0
PV3_choked_suffocated_drown_burned	0
PV3_threatened_knife_gun_otherweapon	0
PV3_Relationshiptoyou	0
PV4_ADULTS_IN_THE_NEIGHBORHOOD_punched_kicked_whipped_beat	0
PV4_choked_suffocated_drown_burned	0
PV4_threatened_knife_gun_otherweapon	0
PV4_Relationshiptoyou	0
Knowledge_of_Support_Resources_PV	0
Tried_Seeking_Help_PV	0
Main_Reason_for_Not_Seeking_Help_PV	0
Did_you_receive_help_PV	0
EV1_EMOTIONAL_VIOLENCE_told_were_not_loved	0
EV1_said_wished_never_been_born_or_were_dead	0
EV1_ridiculed_you_or_put_you_down	0
Touching_sexual_way_without_permission	0
SV_Physically_forced_and_succeed	0
SV_Pressured_through_harassment_threats_tricks	0
SV_Relationshiptoyou	0
Knowledge_of_Support_Resources_SV	0
Tried_Seeking_Help_SV	0
Main_Reason_for_Not_Seeking_Help_SV	0
Did_you_receive_help_SV	0
Intentionally_hurt_yourself	0
Thought_about_killing_yourself	0
Tried_to_kill_yourself	0
Gender	0

dtype: int64

```
In [ ]:
```

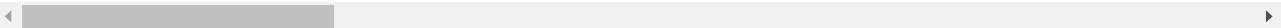
```
In [ ]:
```

```
In [69]: df
```

Out[69]:

	Age	Ethnicity	PV_Witnessing_at_home	PV_Witnessing_outside_home	PV1_punched_kicked_whipped_beat	PV1_choked_suffocated_drown_burned	PV
0	23	13	2	1	1.0	2.0	
1	16	13	1	2	99.0	99.0	
3	18	13	1	4	2.0	2.0	
4	24	13	1	4	2.0	2.0	
6	14	13	1	3	2.0	2.0	
...	
4195	20	10	1	4	2.0	2.0	
4196	21	8	1	1	99.0	99.0	
4197	15	10	1	1	99.0	99.0	
4198	22	10	1	2	99.0	99.0	
4200	19	10	1	1	99.0	99.0	

3245 rows × 38 columns



```
In [70]: # Change the data type of specific columns to integer
df['PV1_punched_kicked_whipped_beat'] = df['PV1_punched_kicked_whipped_beat'].astype(int)
df['PV2_choked_suffocated_drown_burned'] = df['PV2_choked_suffocated_drown_burned'].astype(int)
df['PV2_threatened_knife_gun_otherweapon'] = df['PV2_threatened_knife_gun_otherweapon'].astype(int)

# Print the DataFrame to verify the changes
print(df)
```

	Age	Ethnicity	PV_Witnessing_at_home	PV_Witnessing_outside_home	\
0	23	13	2	1	
1	16	13	1	2	
3	18	13	1	4	
4	24	13	1	4	
6	14	13	1	3	
...	
4195	20	10	1	4	
4196	21	8	1	1	
4197	15	10	1	1	
4198	22	10	1	2	
4200	19	10	1	1	

	PV1_punched_kicked_whipped_beat	PV1_choked_suffocated_drown_burned	\
0	1	2.0	
1	99	99.0	
3	2	2.0	
4	2	2.0	
6	2	2.0	

```
In [71]: #1 mean Yes
#2 means No
# Create columns for physical violence
# Create columns for physical violence by intimate partner
df['Physical_Violence_by_Intimate_Partner'] = df.apply(lambda row: 1 if any(row[col] == 1 for col in ['PV1_punched_kicked_whipped_beat', 'PV1_choked_suffocated_drown_burned', 'PV2_threatened_knife_gun_otherweapon']) else 0, axis=1)

# Add a new column for physical violence by peers
df['Physical_Violence_by_peer'] = df.apply(lambda row: 1 if any(row[col] == 1 for col in ['PV2_PEER_VIOLENCE_punched_kicked_whipped_beat', 'PV2_PEER_VIOLENCE_choked_suffocated_drown_burned', 'PV2_PEER_VIOLENCE_threatened_knife_gun_otherweapon']) else 0, axis=1)

# Add a new column for physical violence by parents, adult caregivers, or other adult relatives
df['Physical_Violence_by_Parents_Caregivers_Relatives'] = df.apply(lambda row: 1 if any(row[col] == 1 for col in ['PV3_PARENT_VIOLENCE_punched_kicked_whipped_beat', 'PV3_PARENT_VIOLENCE_choked_suffocated_drown_burned', 'PV3_PARENT_VIOLENCE_threatened_knife_gun_otherweapon']) else 0, axis=1)

# Add a new column for physical violence by adults in the neighborhood
df['Physical_Violence_by_Adults_in_Neighborhood'] = df.apply(lambda row: 1 if any(row[col] == 1 for col in ['PV4_ADULTS_IN_THREATENED_KNIFE_GUN_OTHERWEAPON_punched_kicked_whipped_beat', 'PV4_ADULTS_IN_THREATENED_KNIFE_GUN_OTHERWEAPON_choked_suffocated_drown_burned', 'PV4_ADULTS_IN_THREATENED_KNIFE_GUN_OTHERWEAPON_threatened_knife_gun_otherweapon']) else 0, axis=1)

# Create a new column indicating presence of any type of physical violence
df['Physical_Violence'] = df.apply(lambda row: 1 if any(row[col] == 1 for col in ['Physical_Violence_by_Intimate_Partner', 'Physical_Violence_by_peer', 'Physical_Violence_by_Parents_Caregivers_Relatives', 'Physical_Violence_by_Adults_in_Neighborhood']) else 0, axis=1)

# Create columns for emotional violence
df['Emotional_Violence'] = df.apply(lambda row: 1 if any(row[col] == 1 for col in ['EV1_EMOTIONAL_VIOLENCE_told_were_not_love', 'EV1_EMOTIONAL_VIOLENCE_threatened_knife_gun_otherweapon']) else 0, axis=1)

# Create columns for sexual violence
df['Sexual_Violence'] = df.apply(lambda row: 1 if any(row[col] == 1 for col in ['Touching_sexual_way_without_permission', 'SV1_SEXUAL_VIOLENCE_told_were_not_love', 'SV1_SEXUAL_VIOLENCE_threatened_knife_gun_otherweapon']) else 0, axis=1)
```

```
In [72]: df
```

Out[72]:

	Age	Ethnicity	PV_Witnessing_at_home	PV_Witnessing_outside_home	PV1_punched_kicked_whipped_beat	PV1_choked_suffocated_drown_burned	PV2_threatened_knife_gun_otherweapon
0	23	13	2	1	1	2.0	
1	16	13	1	2	99	99.0	
3	18	13	1	4	2	2.0	
4	24	13	1	4	2	2.0	
6	14	13	1	3	2	2.0	
...	
4195	20	10	1	4	2	2.0	
4196	21	8	1	1	99	99.0	
4197	15	10	1	1	99	99.0	
4198	22	10	1	2	99	99.0	
4200	19	10	1	1	99	99.0	

3245 rows × 45 columns

```
In [73]: #here 1.0 means Yes ,2.0 means No
# Add a new column named 'Knowledge_of_Support_Resources' based on the condition
df['Knowledge_of_Support_Resources'] = [1.0 if any(row[col] == 1.0 for col in ['Knowledge_of_Support_Resources_PV', 'Knowledg

# Add a new column named 'Tried_Seeking_Help' based on the condition
df['Tried_Seeking_Help'] = [1.0 if any(row[col] == 1.0 for col in ['Tried_Seeking_Help_PV', 'Tried_Seeking_Help_SV']) else 2.

# Add a new column named 'Did_you_receive_help' based on the condition
df['Did_you_receive_help'] = [1.0 if any(row[col] == 1.0 for col in ['Did_you_receive_help_PV', 'Did_you_receive_help_SV']) e
```

```
In [74]: df.head(90)
```

Out[74]:

	Age	Ethnicity	PV_Witnessing_at_home	PV_Witnessing_outside_home	PV1_punched_kicked_whipped_beat	PV1_choked_suffocated_drown_burned	PV1_
0	23	13	2	1	1		2.0
1	16	13	1	2	99		99.0
3	18	13	1	4	2		2.0
4	24	13	1	4	2		2.0
6	14	13	1	3	2		2.0
...
90	18	2	1	4	2		2.0
91	20	6	1	1	1		2.0
92	20	6	3	1	2		2.0
93	24	2	1	99	2		2.0
94	24	2	1	99	1		2.0

90 rows × 48 columns

```
In [ ]:
```

```
In [ ]:
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```
In [75]: # Define a function to map the values for witnessing violence at home
def map_home_witnessing_value(value):
    if value in [2, 3, 4]: # Witnessed violence at home
        return 1
    elif value == 1 or value == 99: # Never witnessed or Don't know
        return 0
    else:
        return None # Handle other cases if necessary

# Define a function to map the values for witnessing violence in the neighborhood
def map_neighborhood_witnessing_value(value):
    if value in [2, 3, 4]: # Witnessed violence in the neighborhood
        return 1
    elif value == 1 or value == 99: # Never witnessed or Don't know
        return 0
    else:
        return None # Handle other cases if necessary

# Create new columns by applying the mapping functions row-wise
df['Witnessed_Violence_At_Home'] = [map_home_witnessing_value(row['PV_Witnessing_at_home']) for _, row in df.iterrows()]
df['Witnessed_Violence_In_Neighborhood'] = [map_neighborhood_witnessing_value(row['PV_Witnessing_outside_home']) for _, row in df.iterrows()]

df.head(14)
```

Out[75]:

	Age	Ethnicity	PV_Witnessing_at_home	PV_Witnessing_outside_home	PV1_punched_kicked_whipped_beat	PV1_choked_suffocated_drown_burned	PV1_
0	23	13	2	1	1	2.0	
1	16	13	1	2	99	99.0	
3	18	13	1	4	2	2.0	
4	24	13	1	4	2	2.0	
6	14	13	1	3	2	2.0	
7	24	13	1	1	2	2.0	
8	21	13	1	1	2	2.0	
9	24	13	1	99	2	2.0	
10	19	13	1	1	99	99.0	
11	24	13	1	1	1	2.0	
12	18	2	1	1	2	2.0	
13	17	13	3	3	99	99.0	
14	17	13	1	3	1	1.0	
15	17	13	3	4	99	99.0	

14 rows × 50 columns

```
In [76]: #ideas on the eda documataion
#Percent of females and males who reported experiencing types of sexual abuse
#Touching_sexual_way_without_permission
#SV_Physically_forced_and_succeed',#
#SV_Pressured_through_harassment_threats_tricks'

#grapgh showing percent distribution of different pyhsaicl violence across
#Physical_Violence_by_Intimate_Partner', 'Physical_Violence_by_peer',
#'Physical_Violence_by_Parents_Caregivers_Relatives', 'Physical_Violence_by_Adults_in_Neighborhood'

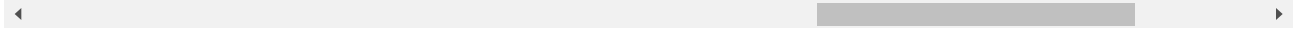
#gapgh showing distribution btw sexual violence,emotional,and pysical
# it coould also be filltered by female/male ,like a clustered grapgh

#Percent of females and males with grapgh having Knowledge_of_Support_Resources,Tried_Seeking_Help,Did_you_receive_help colu
```

In [77]: `df.head(5)`

Out[77]:

olence_by_Adults_in_Neighborhood	Physical_Violence	Emotional_Violence	Sexual_Violence	Knowledge_of_Support_Resources	Tried_Seeking_Help	Did_you_receive_help	Wit
1	1	0	1	2.0	2.0	2.0	
1	1	0	0	2.0	2.0	2.0	
0	1	0	1	2.0	2.0	2.0	
0	0	1	1	1.0	2.0	2.0	
0	1	1	1	1.0	1.0	1.0	



In []:

In [78]: `df["Touching_sexual_way_without_permission"].value_counts()`

Out[78]: Touching_sexual_way_without_permission
2 2478
1 715
99 52
Name: count, dtype: int64

In [79]: `df["Sexual_Violence"].value_counts()`

Out[79]: Sexual_Violence
0 2326
1 919
Name: count, dtype: int64

```

In [80]:
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

# Assuming df is your DataFrame

# Filter data for females and males
female_df = df[df['Gender'] == 'Female']
male_df = df[df['Gender'] == 'Male']

# Define the types of violence
violence_types = ["Physical_Violence", "Emotional_Violence", "Sexual_Violence"]

# Calculate total counts for females and males
female_counts = [female_df[violation_type].value_counts().loc[1] for violation_type in violence_types]
male_counts = [male_df[violation_type].value_counts().loc[1] for violation_type in violence_types]

# Create subplots for pie charts
fig, axs = plt.subplots(1, 2, figsize=(12, 6))

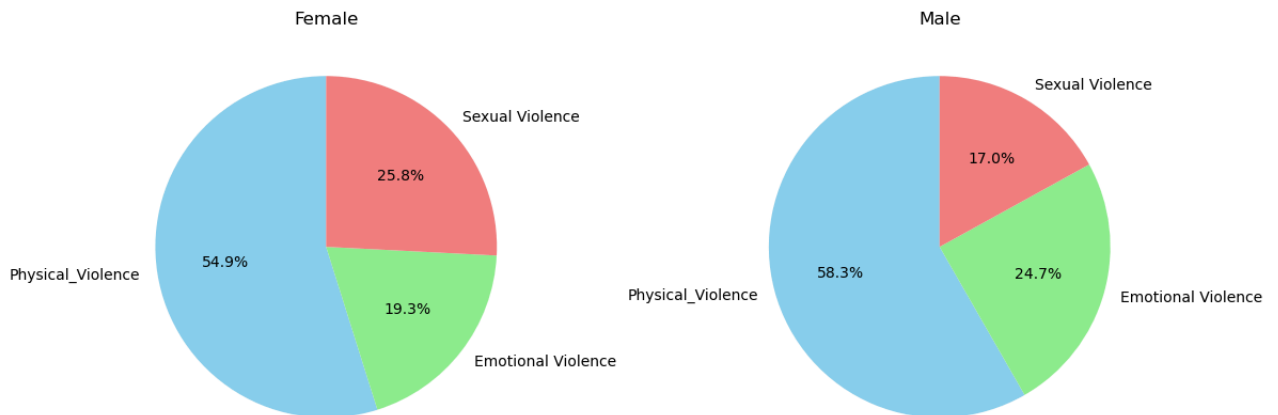
# Plot pie chart for females
axs[0].pie(female_counts, labels=violence_types, autopct='%1.1f%%', startangle=90, colors=['skyblue', 'lightgreen', 'lightcoral'])
axs[0].set_title('Female')

# Plot pie chart for males
axs[1].pie(male_counts, labels=violence_types, autopct='%1.1f%%', startangle=90, colors=['skyblue', 'lightgreen', 'lightcoral'])
axs[1].set_title('Male')

# Adjust layout
plt.tight_layout()

# Show plot
plt.show()

```



```
In [81]: import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

# Assuming df is your DataFrame

# Define the types of violence
violence_types = ["Physical_Violence", "Emotional_Violence", "Sexual_Violence"]

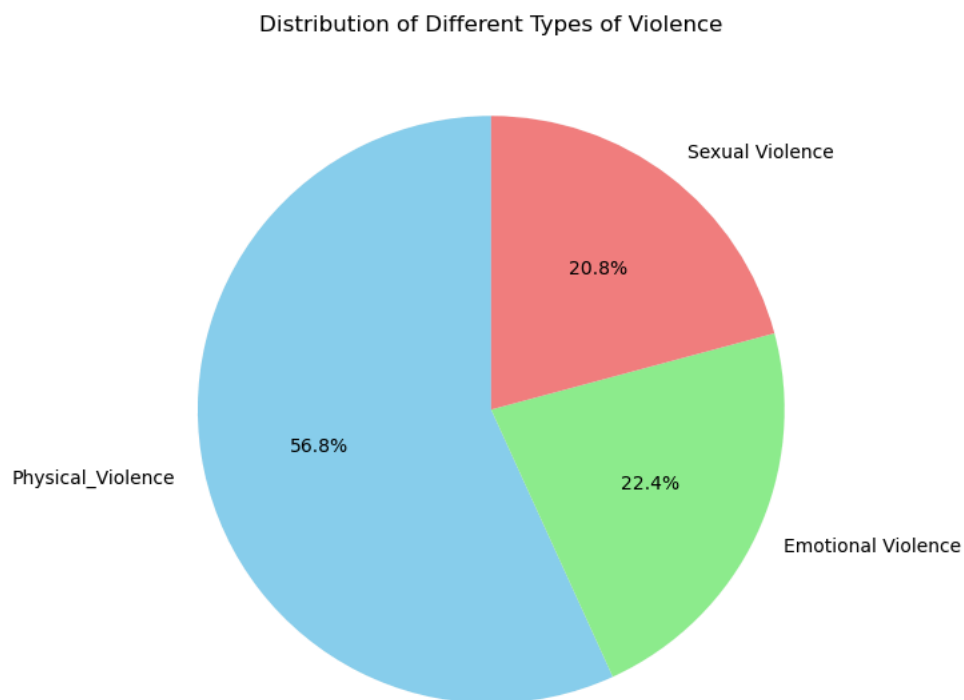
# Calculate total counts for all genders
total_counts = [df[violation_type].value_counts().loc[1] for violation_type in violence_types]

# Create a pie chart
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))

# Plot pie chart
plt.pie(total_counts, labels=violence_types, autopct='%1.1f%%', startangle=90, colors=['skyblue', 'lightgreen', 'lightcoral'],

# Add title
plt.title('Distribution of Different Types of Violence')

# Show plot
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



```

In [82]: import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

# Assuming df is your DataFrame

# Filter data for females and males
female_df = df[df['Gender'] == 'Female']
male_df = df[df['Gender'] == 'Male']

# Define the types of violence
violence_types = ["Physical_Violence_by_Intimate_Partner", "Physical_Violence_by_peer",
                  "Physical_Violence_by_Parents_Caregivers_Relatives", "Physical_Violence_by_Adults_in_Neighborhood"]

# Set the width of the bars
bar_width = 0.35

# Create a figure and axes
fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(10, 6))

# Define the positions of the bars on the x-axis
x = range(len(violence_types))

# Calculate total counts
total_females = len(female_df)
total_males = len(male_df)

# Plot bars for females with percentages
female_counts = [female_df[violation_type].value_counts().loc[1] for violation_type in violence_types]
female_percentages = [round((count / total_females) * 100, 1) for count in female_counts]
ax.bar(x, female_percentages, bar_width, label='Female', color='skyblue', edgecolor='grey')

# Plot bars for males with percentages on top (clustered)
male_counts = [male_df[violation_type].value_counts().loc[1] for violation_type in violence_types]
male_percentages = [round((count / total_males) * 100, 1) for count in male_counts]
ax.bar([p + bar_width for p in x], male_percentages, bar_width, label='Male ', color='lightgreen', edgecolor='grey')

for i, perc in enumerate(female_percentages):
    plt.text(i - 0.15, perc + 2, str(perc) + '%', color='black', fontweight='bold')

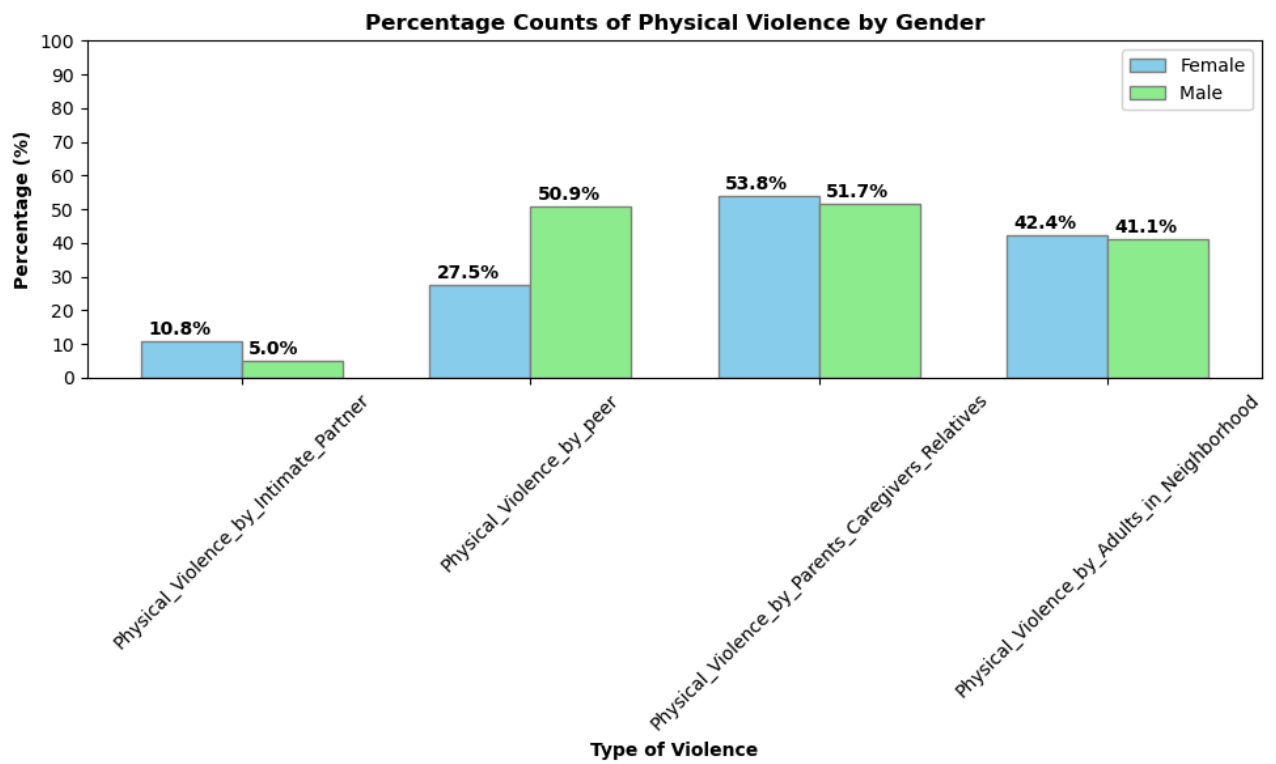
for i, perc in enumerate(male_percentages):
    plt.text(i + 0.2, perc + 2, str(perc) + '%', color='black', fontweight='bold')

# Customize the plot
ax.set_xlabel('Type of Violence', fontweight='bold')
ax.set_ylabel('Percentage (%)', fontweight='bold') # Updated Label for percentages
ax.set_title('Percentage Counts of Physical Violence by Gender', fontweight='bold')
ax.set_xticks([p + (bar_width / 2) for p in x]) # Center the x-axis Labels between bars
ax.set_xticklabels(violence_types, rotation=45)
ax.legend()

# Set y-axis Limits and ticks (adjust based on percentage values)
plt.ylim(0, 100) # Assuming percentages are all within 0-100 range
plt.yticks(range(0, 101, 10))

# Show plot
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()

```



```

In [83]: import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

# Assuming df is your DataFrame

# Filter data for females and males
female_df = df[df['Gender'] == 'Female']
male_df = df[df['Gender'] == 'Male']

# Define the types of violence
violence_types = ["Witnessed_Violence_At_Home", "Witnessed_Violence_In_Neighborhood"]

# Set the width of the bars
bar_width = 0.35

# Create a figure and axes
fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(10, 6))

# Define the positions of the bars on the x-axis
x = range(len(violence_types))

# Calculate total counts
total_females = len(female_df)
total_males = len(male_df)

# Plot bars for females with percentages
female_counts = [female_df[violation_type].value_counts().loc[1] for violation_type in violence_types]
female_percentages = [round((count / total_females) * 100, 1) for count in female_counts]
ax.bar(x, female_percentages, bar_width, label='Female', color='skyblue', edgecolor='grey')

# Plot bars for males with percentages on top (clustered)
male_counts = [male_df[violation_type].value_counts().loc[1] for violation_type in violence_types]
male_percentages = [round((count / total_males) * 100, 1) for count in male_counts]
ax.bar([p + bar_width for p in x], male_percentages, bar_width, label='Male', color='lightgreen', edgecolor='grey')

for i, perc in enumerate(female_percentages):
    plt.text(i - 0.15, perc + 2, str(perc) + '%', color='black', fontweight='bold')

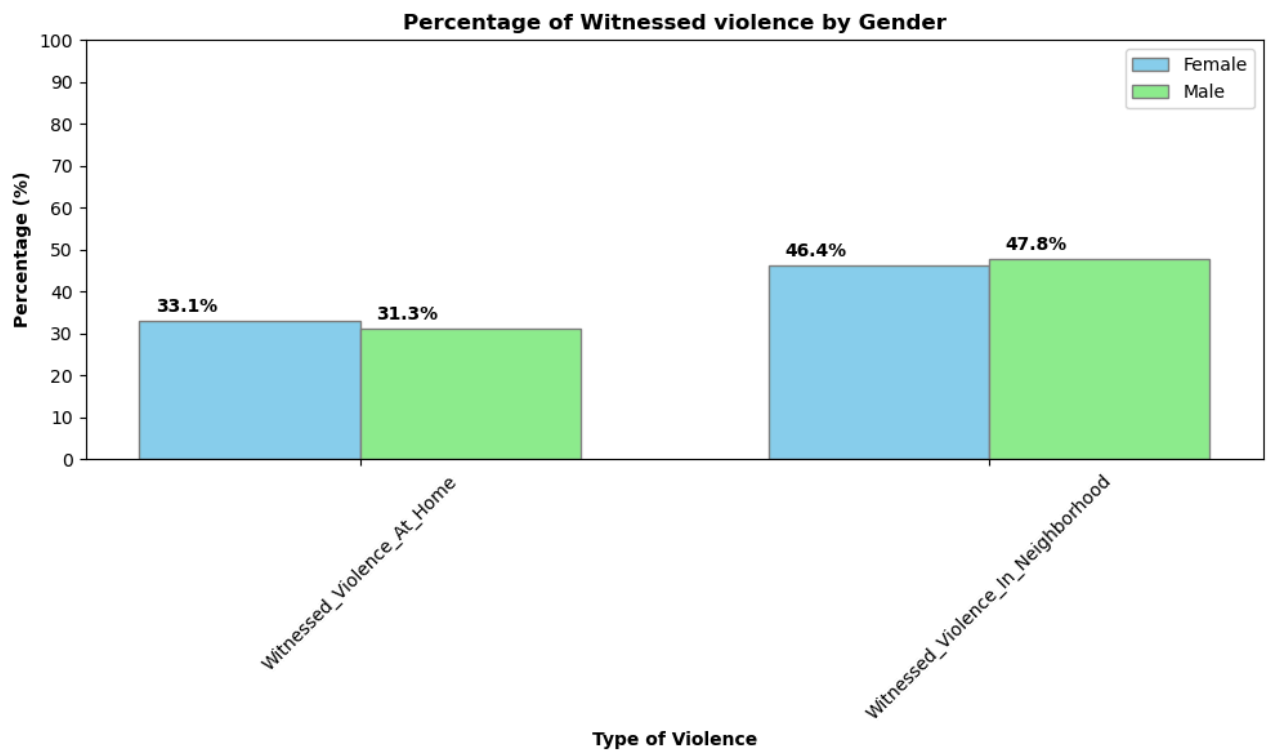
for i, perc in enumerate(male_percentages):
    plt.text(i + 0.2, perc + 2, str(perc) + '%', color='black', fontweight='bold')

# Customize the plot
ax.set_xlabel('Type of Violence', fontweight='bold')
ax.set_ylabel('Percentage (%)', fontweight='bold') # Updated label for percentages
ax.set_title('Percentage of Witnessed violence by Gender', fontweight='bold')
ax.set_xticks([p + (bar_width / 2) for p in x]) # Center the x-axis labels between bars
ax.set_xticklabels(violence_types, rotation=45)
ax.legend()

# Set y-axis limits and ticks (adjust based on percentage values)
plt.ylim(0, 100) # Assuming percentages are all within 0-100 range
plt.yticks(range(0, 101, 10))

# Show plot
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()

```




```

In [84]: import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

# Assuming df is your DataFrame

# Filter data for females and males
female_df = df[df['Gender'] == 'Female']
male_df = df[df['Gender'] == 'Male']

# Define the types of violence
violence_types = ["SV_Physically_forced_and_succeed", "SV_Pressured_through_harassment_threats_tricks"]

# Set the width of the bars
bar_width = 0.35

# Create a figure and axes
fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(10, 6))

# Define the positions of the bars on the x-axis
x = range(len(violence_types))

# Calculate total counts
total_females = len(female_df)
total_males = len(male_df)

# Plot bars for females with percentages
female_counts = [female_df[violation_type].value_counts().loc[1] for violation_type in violence_types]
female_percentages = [round((count / total_females) * 100, 1) for count in female_counts]
ax.bar(x, female_percentages, bar_width, label='Female', color='skyblue', edgecolor='grey')

# Plot bars for males with percentages on top (clustered)
male_counts = [male_df[violation_type].value_counts().loc[1] for violation_type in violence_types]
male_percentages = [round((count / total_males) * 100, 1) for count in male_counts]
ax.bar([p + bar_width for p in x], male_percentages, bar_width, label='Male', color='lightgreen', edgecolor='grey')

for i, perc in enumerate(female_percentages):
    plt.text(i - 0.15, perc + 2, str(perc) + '%', color='black', fontweight='bold')

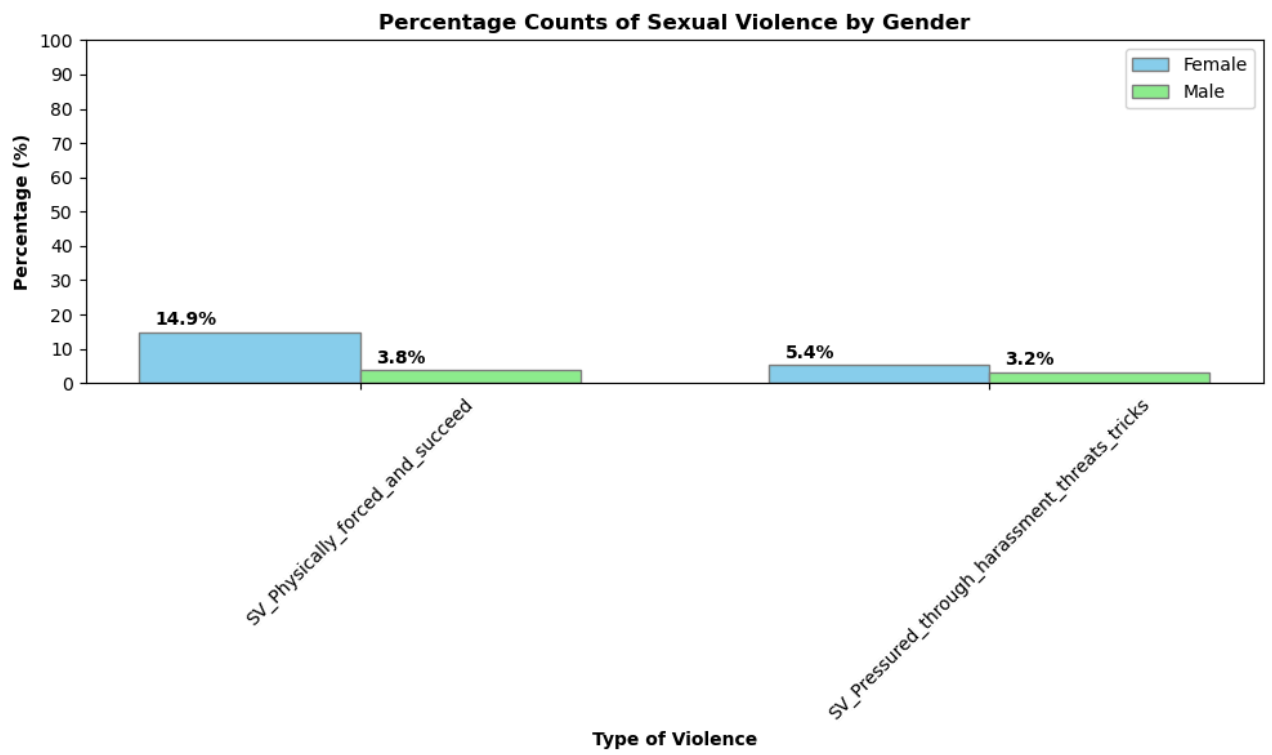
for i, perc in enumerate(male_percentages):
    plt.text(i + 0.2, perc + 2, str(perc) + '%', color='black', fontweight='bold')

# Customize the plot
ax.set_xlabel('Type of Violence', fontweight='bold')
ax.set_ylabel('Percentage (%)', fontweight='bold') # Updated label for percentages
ax.set_title('Percentage Counts of Sexual Violence by Gender', fontweight='bold')
ax.set_xticks([p + (bar_width / 2) for p in x]) # Center the x-axis labels between bars
ax.set_xticklabels(violence_types, rotation=45)
ax.legend()

# Set y-axis limits and ticks (adjust based on percentage values)
plt.ylim(0, 100) # Assuming percentages are all within 0-100 range
plt.yticks(range(0, 101, 10))

# Show plot
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()

```



```

In [85]: import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

# Assuming df is your DataFrame

# Filter data for females and males
female_df = df[df['Gender'] == 'Female']
male_df = df[df['Gender'] == 'Male']

# Define the types of services
services = ["Knowledge_of_Support_Resources", "Tried_Seeking_Help", "Did_you_receive_help"]

# Set the width of the bars
bar_width = 0.35

# Create a figure and axes
fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(10, 6))

# Define the positions of the bars on the x-axis
x = range(len(services))

# Calculate total counts
total_females = len(female_df)
total_males = len(male_df)

# Plot bars for females with percentages
female_counts = [female_df[service].value_counts().loc[1] for service in services]
female_percentages = [round((count / total_females) * 100, 1) for count in female_counts]
ax.bar(x, female_percentages, bar_width, label='Female', color='skyblue', edgecolor='grey')

# Plot bars for males with percentages on top (clustered)
male_counts = [male_df[service].value_counts().loc[1] for service in services]
male_percentages = [round((count / total_males) * 100, 1) for count in male_counts]
ax.bar([p + bar_width for p in x], male_percentages, bar_width, label='Male', color='lightgreen', edgecolor='grey')

# Annotate each bar with its corresponding percentage
for i, perc in enumerate(female_percentages):
    plt.text(i - 0.15, perc + 2, str(perc) + '%', color='black', fontweight='bold')

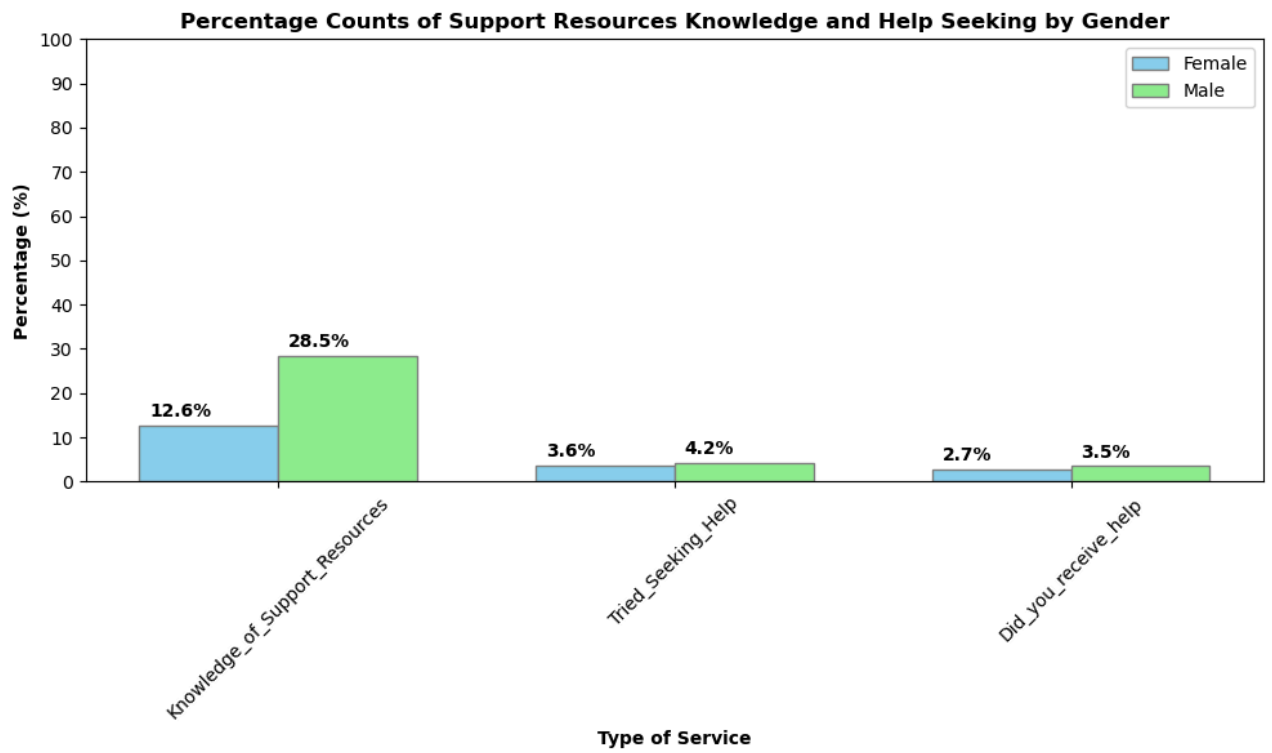
for i, perc in enumerate(male_percentages):
    plt.text(i + 0.2, perc + 2, str(perc) + '%', color='black', fontweight='bold')

# Customize the plot
ax.set_xlabel('Type of Service', fontweight='bold')
ax.set_ylabel('Percentage (%)', fontweight='bold') # Updated label for percentages
ax.set_title('Percentage Counts of Support Resources Knowledge and Help Seeking by Gender', fontweight='bold')
ax.set_xticks([p + (bar_width / 2) for p in x]) # Center the x-axis labels between bars
ax.set_xticklabels(services, rotation=45)
ax.legend()

# Set y-axis limits and ticks (adjust based on percentage values)
plt.ylim(0, 100) # Assuming percentages are all within 0-100 range
plt.yticks(range(0, 101, 10))

# Show plot
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()

```



```

In [96]: import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

# Mapping dictionary for relationships
relationship_mapping = {
    1: 'Father/Stepfather',
    2: 'Father/Stepfather',
    3: 'Brother/Stepbrother',
    4: 'Brother/Stepbrother',
    5: 'Uncle/Aunt',
    6: 'Mother/Stepmother',
    7: 'Mother/Stepmother',
    8: 'Sister/Stepsister',
    9: 'Sister/Stepsister',
    10: 'Uncle/Aunt',
    77: 'Other Relative/Caregiver',
    88: 'Other Relative/Caregiver'
}

# Assuming df is your DataFrame

# Filter data for females and males excluding the value 99.0
female_pv_counts = df[(df['Gender'] == 'Female') & (df['PV3_Relationship'] != 99.0)]['PV3_Relationship'].map(relationship_mapping)
male_pv_counts = df[(df['Gender'] == 'Male') & (df['PV3_Relationship'] != 99.0)]['PV3_Relationship'].map(relationship_mapping)

# Combine counts for related categories
combined_female_counts = female_pv_counts.groupby(level=0).sum()
combined_male_counts = male_pv_counts.groupby(level=0).sum()

# Calculate total counts for females and males
total_female_count = combined_female_counts.sum()
total_male_count = combined_male_counts.sum()

# Calculate percentages for females and males, rounded to one decimal place
female_pv_percentages = (combined_female_counts / total_female_count * 100).round(1)
male_pv_percentages = (combined_male_counts / total_male_count * 100).round(1)

# Combine percentages into a single DataFrame
combined_percentages = pd.concat([female_pv_percentages, male_pv_percentages], axis=1)
combined_percentages.columns = ['Female', 'Male']

# Plot clustered bar graph
ax = combined_percentages.plot(kind='bar', figsize=(10, 6))

# Annotate each bar with its corresponding percentage
for p in ax.patches:
    ax.annotate('{:.1f}%'.format(p.get_height()),
                (p.get_x() + p.get_width() / 2, p.get_height()),
                ha='center', va='bottom')

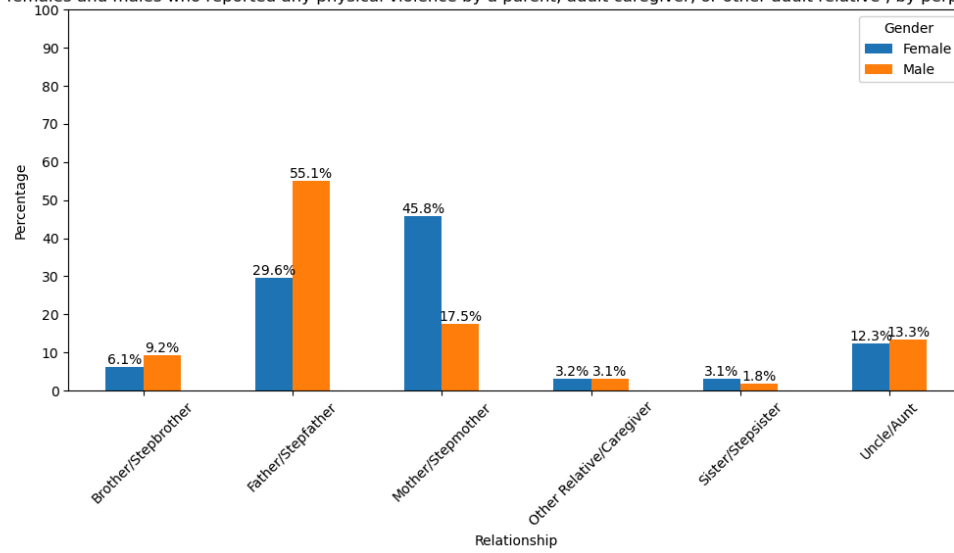
# Customize the plot
plt.xlabel('Relationship')
plt.ylabel('Percentage')
plt.title('Percentage of females and males who reported any physical violence by a parent, adult caregiver, or other adult relative')
plt.legend(title='Gender')

# Set y-axis limits and ticks
plt.ylim(0, 100) # Setting y-axis limits from 0 to 100
plt.yticks(range(0, 101, 10)) # Setting y-axis ticks every 10 units

# Show plot
plt.xticks(rotation=45)
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()

```

Percentage of females and males who reported any physical violence by a parent, adult caregiver, or other adult relative , by perpetrator of first incident



```

In [97]: import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

# Mapping dictionary for relationships
relationship_mapping = {
    1: 'Male teacher',
    2: 'Authority Figure',
    3: 'Authority Figure',
    4: 'Authority Figure',
    5: 'Authority Figure',
    6: 'Adult neighbor',
    7: 'Female teacher',
    8: 'Authority Figure',
    9: 'Authority Figure',
    10: 'Authority Figure',
    11: 'Authority Figure',
    12: 'Adult neighbor',
    77: 'Other Neighborhood Adult/Stranger',
    88: 'Other Neighborhood Adult/Stranger'
}

# Assuming df is your DataFrame

# Filter data for females and males excluding the value 99.0
female_pv_counts = df[(df['Gender'] == 'Female') & (df['PV4_Relationshipyou'] != 99.0)]['PV4_Relationshipyou'].map(relationship_mapping)
male_pv_counts = df[(df['Gender'] == 'Male') & (df['PV4_Relationshipyou'] != 99.0)]['PV4_Relationshipyou'].map(relationship_mapping)

# Combine counts for related categories
combined_female_counts = female_pv_counts.groupby(level=0).sum()
combined_male_counts = male_pv_counts.groupby(level=0).sum()

# Calculate total counts for females and males
total_female_count = combined_female_counts.sum()
total_male_count = combined_male_counts.sum()

# Calculate percentages for females and males, rounded to one decimal place
female_pv_percentages = (combined_female_counts / total_female_count * 100).round(1)
male_pv_percentages = (combined_male_counts / total_male_count * 100).round(1)

# Combine percentages into a single DataFrame
combined_percentages = pd.concat([female_pv_percentages, male_pv_percentages], axis=1)
combined_percentages.columns = ['Female', 'Male']

# Plot clustered bar graph
ax = combined_percentages.plot(kind='bar', figsize=(10, 6))

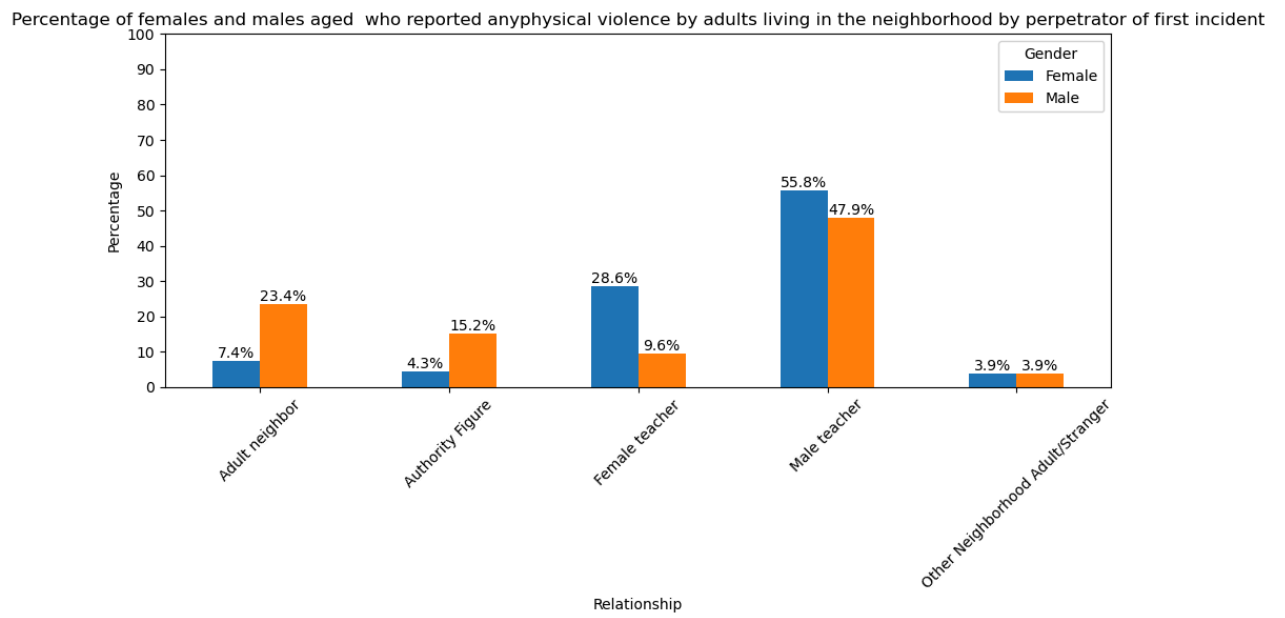
# Annotate each bar with its corresponding percentage
for p in ax.patches:
    ax.annotate('{:.1f}%'.format(p.get_height()),
                (p.get_x() + p.get_width() / 2, p.get_height()),
                ha='center', va='bottom')

# Customize the plot
plt.xlabel('Relationship')
plt.ylabel('Percentage')
plt.title('Percentage of females and males aged who reported any physical violence by adults living in the neighborhood by perpetrator')
plt.legend(title='Gender')

# Set y-axis limits and ticks
plt.ylim(0, 100) # Setting y-axis limits from 0 to 100
plt.yticks(range(0, 101, 10)) # Setting y-axis ticks every 10 units

# Show plot
plt.xticks(rotation=45)
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()

```




```

In [94]: import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

# Mapping dictionary for relationships
relationship_mapping = {

    1: 'Spouse/Romantic Partner',
    2: 'Spouse/Romantic Partner',
    3: 'Family Member',
    4: 'Family Member',
    5: 'Family Member',
    6: 'Family Member',
    7: 'Classmate/Schoolmate',
    8: 'Authority Figure',
    9: 'Authority Figure',
    10: 'Authority Figure',
    11: 'Neighbor',
    12: 'Authority Figure',
    13: 'Friend',
    14: 'Stranger',
    15: 'Spouse/Romantic Partner',
    16: 'Spouse/Romantic Partner',
    17: 'Family Member',
    18: 'Family Member',
    19: 'Family Member',
    20: 'Family Member',
    21: 'Classmate/Schoolmate',
    22: 'Authority Figure',
    23: 'Authority Figure',
    24: 'Authority Figure',
    25: 'Neighbor',
    26: 'Authority Figure',
    27: 'Friend',
    28: 'Stranger',
    77: 'Other',
    88: 'Other',

}

# Assuming df is your DataFrame

# Filter data for females and males excluding the value 99.0
female_pv_counts = df[(df['Gender'] == 'Female') & (df['SV_Relationshipyou'] != 99.0)]['SV_Relationshipyou'].map(relationship_mapping)
male_pv_counts = df[(df['Gender'] == 'Male') & (df['SV_Relationshipyou'] != 99.0)]['SV_Relationshipyou'].map(relationship_mapping)

# Combine counts for related categories
combined_female_counts = female_pv_counts.groupby(level=0).sum()
combined_male_counts = male_pv_counts.groupby(level=0).sum()

# Calculate total counts for females and males
total_female_count = combined_female_counts.sum()
total_male_count = combined_male_counts.sum()

# Calculate percentages for females and males, rounded to one decimal place
female_pv_percentages = (combined_female_counts / total_female_count * 100).round(1)
male_pv_percentages = (combined_male_counts / total_male_count * 100).round(1)

# Combine percentages into a single DataFrame
combined_percentages = pd.concat([female_pv_percentages, male_pv_percentages], axis=1)
combined_percentages.columns = ['Female', 'Male']

# Plot clustered bar graph
ax = combined_percentages.plot(kind='bar', figsize=(10, 6))

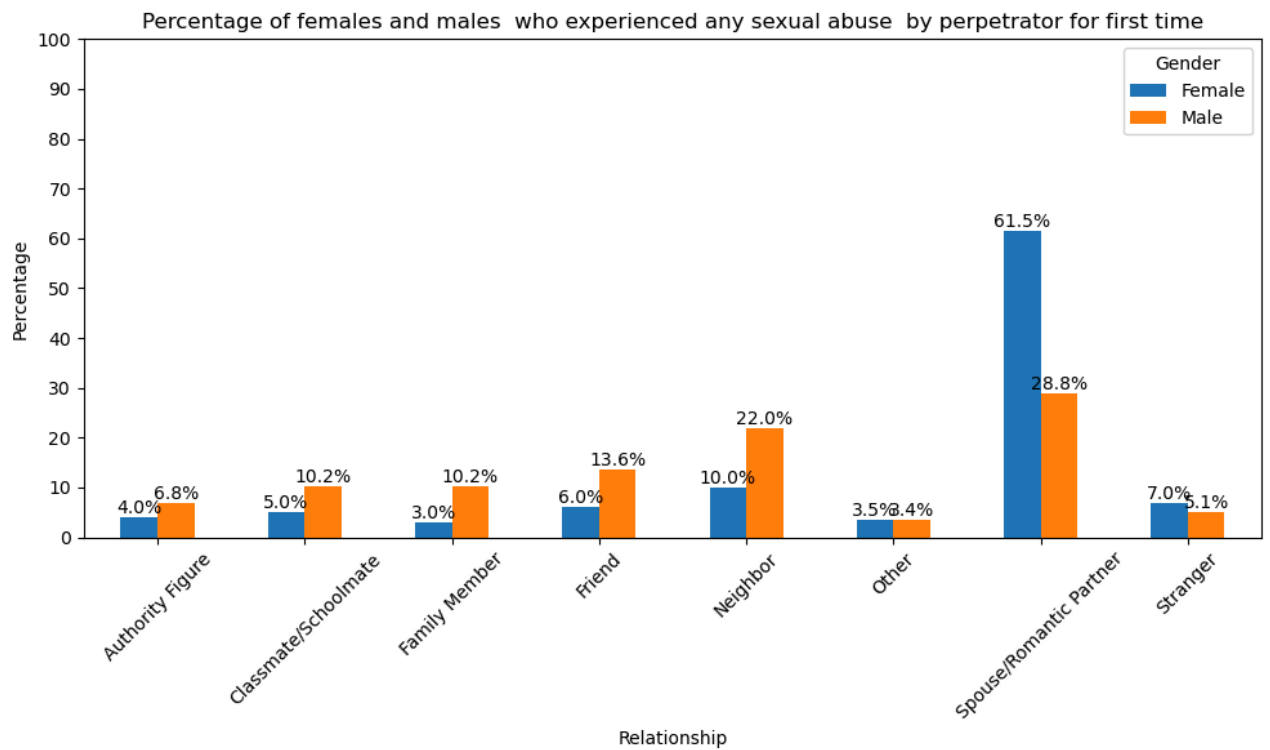
# Annotate each bar with its corresponding percentage
for p in ax.patches:
    ax.annotate('{:.1f}%'.format(p.get_height()),
                (p.get_x() + p.get_width() / 2, p.get_height()),
                ha='center', va='bottom')

# Customize the plot
plt.xlabel('Relationship')
plt.ylabel('Percentage')
plt.title()
plt.legend(title='Gender')

# Set y-axis limits and ticks
plt.ylim(0, 100) # Setting y-axis limits from 0 to 100
plt.yticks(range(0, 101, 10)) # Setting y-axis ticks every 10 units

# Show plot
plt.xticks(rotation=45)
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()

```



In []: ▶

In []: ▶