

Interview Questions on Cloudwatch

1. What is AWS CloudWatch?

Answer: AWS CloudWatch is a monitoring and observability service provided by Amazon Web Services for monitoring AWS resources and applications.

2. What types of data can CloudWatch monitor?

Answer: CloudWatch can monitor various types of data, including metrics, logs, events, and alarms.

3. What are CloudWatch metrics?

Answer: CloudWatch metrics are data points that represent the behavior of AWS resources and services over time.

4. How do you collect custom metrics in CloudWatch?

Answer: Custom metrics can be collected in CloudWatch using the CloudWatch SDK or CLI.

5. What is a CloudWatch alarm?

Answer: A CloudWatch alarm is a mechanism that triggers actions based on predefined conditions on CloudWatch metrics.

6. How do you create a CloudWatch alarm?

Answer: You can create a CloudWatch alarm using the AWS Management Console, CLI, or SDK by specifying the metric, threshold, and actions to trigger.

7. What is CloudWatch Logs?

Answer: CloudWatch Logs is a service that allows you to collect, monitor, and analyze log data from AWS resources and applications.

8. How do you stream logs to CloudWatch Logs?

Answer: Logs can be streamed to CloudWatch Logs using the CloudWatch agent, AWS SDK, or CLI.

9. What is CloudWatch Events?

Answer: CloudWatch Events is a service that delivers a near real-time stream of system events that describe changes in AWS resources.

10. How do you create a CloudWatch Events rule?

Answer: You can create a CloudWatch Events rule to match events based on predefined patterns and trigger actions using targets.

11. What is the retention period for CloudWatch Logs?

Answer: By default, CloudWatch Logs retains log data indefinitely, but you can configure retention periods to archive or delete logs after a specific duration.

12. What is CloudWatch Container Insights?

Answer: CloudWatch Container Insights is a feature that provides monitoring and observability for containerized applications running on Amazon ECS and EKS.

13. What is CloudWatch Contributor Insights?

Answer: CloudWatch Contributor Insights is a feature that provides analysis and visualization of high-cardinality data to identify the top contributors to changes in system behavior.

14. What is CloudWatch Synthetics?

Answer: CloudWatch Synthetics is a feature that allows you to create canaries to monitor the availability and performance of your web applications and APIs.

15. What is CloudWatch Dashboard?

Answer: CloudWatch Dashboard is a customizable dashboard that allows you to create visualizations and metrics widgets to monitor your AWS resources and applications.

16. What is CloudWatch Logs Insights?

Answer: CloudWatch Logs Insights is a feature that allows you to interactively search and analyze log data stored in CloudWatch Logs using query language commands.

17. What is CloudWatch Anomaly Detection?

Answer: CloudWatch Anomaly Detection is a feature that automatically detects abnormal behavior in metric data and generates alarms when anomalies are detected.

18. What is CloudWatch ServiceLens?

Answer: CloudWatch ServiceLens is a feature that provides a unified view of your application's health and performance by visualizing dependencies between AWS resources and services.

19. What is CloudWatch Metric Math?

Answer: CloudWatch Metric Math is a feature that allows you to perform mathematical operations on multiple metrics to derive new metrics for analysis and visualization.

20. What is CloudWatch Logs Insights query language?

Answer: CloudWatch Logs Insights query language is a powerful query language that allows you to search, filter, and analyze log data using expressions and functions

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Interview Questions on route53

1. What is Route 53?

Answer: Route 53 is Amazon Web Services' scalable and highly available Domain Name System (DNS) web service.

2. What are the main functions of Route 53?

Answer: Route 53 primarily handles domain registration, DNS routing, and health checking for AWS resources.

3. How does Route 53 help in domain registration?

Answer: Route 53 allows you to register domain names with popular top-level domains (TLDs) such as .com, .net, and .org.

4. What is a hosted zone in Route 53?

Answer: A hosted zone is a container for DNS records that defines how traffic is routed for a domain and its subdomains in Route 53.

5. What are DNS record sets in Route 53?

Answer: DNS record sets in Route 53 are collections of DNS records that specify the mapping between domain names and IP addresses or other resources.

6. How does Route 53 route traffic to AWS resources?

Answer: Route 53 routes traffic to AWS resources by resolving domain names to IP addresses using DNS resolution.

7. What is a routing policy in Route 53?

Answer: A routing policy in Route 53 defines how traffic is routed to different endpoints based on routing rules configured by the user.

8. How does latency-based routing work in Route 53?

Answer: Latency-based routing in Route 53 routes traffic to the endpoint with the lowest network latency from the user's location.

9. What is a health check in Route 53?

Answer: A health check in Route 53 monitors the health and availability of endpoints and automatically adjusts DNS routing based on health check results.

10. What are the benefits of using Route 53?

Answer: Route 53 offers benefits such as high availability, scalability, flexibility in routing policies, and seamless integration with other AWS services

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Interview Questions on Autoscaling

1. What is Auto Scaling?

Answer: Auto Scaling is an AWS service that automatically adjusts the number of resources in response to changes in demand.

2. What types of resources can Auto Scaling manage?

Answer: Auto Scaling can manage resources such as Amazon EC2 instances, ECS tasks, DynamoDB tables, and RDS instances.

3. How does Auto Scaling determine when to scale resources?

Answer: Auto Scaling uses CloudWatch alarms to monitor metrics and triggers scaling actions based on predefined thresholds.

4. What is a scaling group in Auto Scaling?

Answer: A scaling group is a logical grouping of resources with shared scaling policies and configuration settings.

5. What is a launch configuration in Auto Scaling?

Answer: A launch configuration defines the configuration settings for instances launched by the scaling group.

6. What is a scaling policy in Auto Scaling?

Answer: A scaling policy defines the scaling actions to be taken in response to CloudWatch alarms.

7. How do you create a scaling group in Auto Scaling?

Answer: You can create a scaling group by specifying the resource type, desired capacity, and scaling policies.

8. What is the benefit of using Auto Scaling?

Answer: Auto Scaling helps ensure application availability, optimize costs, and maintain performance during varying workloads.

9. How do you enable Auto Scaling for an EC2 instance?

Answer: You can enable Auto Scaling for an EC2 instance by associating it with a scaling group.

10. How do you monitor Auto Scaling activity?

Answer: You can monitor Auto Scaling activity through the AWS Management Console, CLI, or CloudWatch metrics.

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