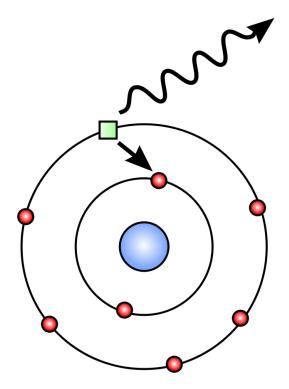
Down-Conversion and Photon Counting

Tristan Perry & Jaden Miller

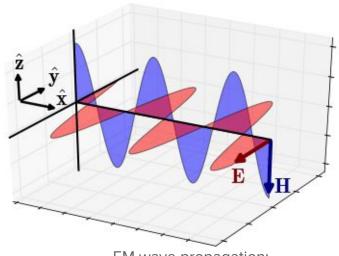
Potential Application

- Optimizing Photon counts
 - Speed of light through some medium
 - Laser testing
 - Detection of downconversion
- Testing downconversion
 - Entanglement experiments
 - Probability testing of photon location



Electromagnetism and the Photon

- Light as a wave and a particle
- Classical Period
 - Newton's "corpuscles"
 - Thomas Young's Double Slit
 - Malus's Law
 - Maxwell
- Modern Period
 - Planck's Quantum Energy & Frequency, E = hf
 - Einstein's Photoelectric theory
 - 2022 Nobel Prize



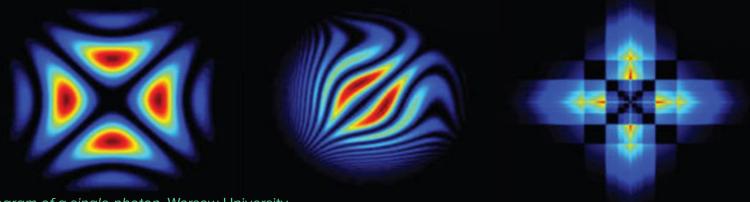
EM wave propagation:

- $= E = E_o e^{i(\omega t k \cdot t)}$
- $H = H_0^{o} e^{i(\omega t k \cdot r)}$

https://em.geosci.xyz/content/maxwell1_fundamentals/harmonic_planewaves_hom ogeneous/impedancephase.html

Photons as a Quantum Particle

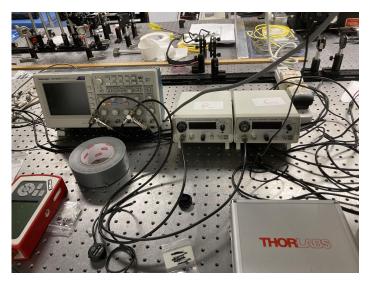
- A hands-on introduction to single photons and quantum mechanics for undergraduates, Dickinson College PA
 - o Brett J. Pearson and David P. Jackson



- Hologram of a single photon, Warsaw University
 - o Radosław Chrapkiewicz, Michał Jachura, Konrad Banaszek & Wojciech Wasilewski

Counting "Single" Down-converted Photons

Objective: Optimizing the count of single photons





Theory: Detecting Down-converted Photons

$$E = hf = hc/\lambda$$

$$E_1 = E/2 = hf/2 = hc/2\lambda$$

$$E_2 = E/2 = hf/2 = hc/2\lambda$$

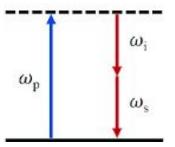
Desired λ to be detected is twice that of the StellarPro:

$$\lambda_{SP} = (514.5 + /- 1\%)$$
nm

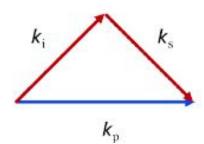
Stellar-Pro ML-150.pdf (modu-laser.com)

$$\lambda_{DC} = 2(514.5 + /- 1\%)$$
nm = (1029 + /- 2%)nm

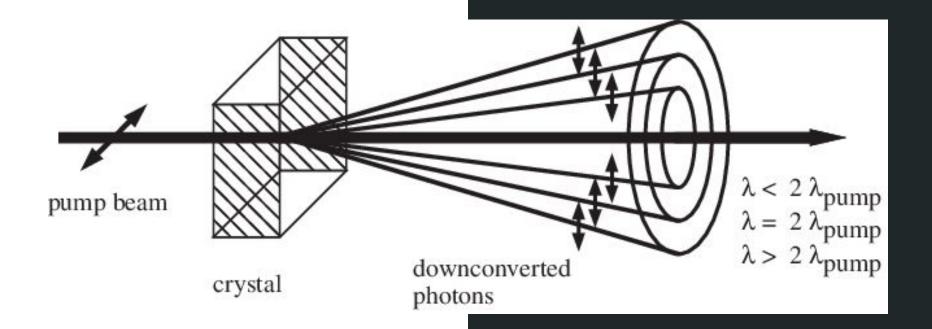
Conservation of Energy



Conservation of Momentum

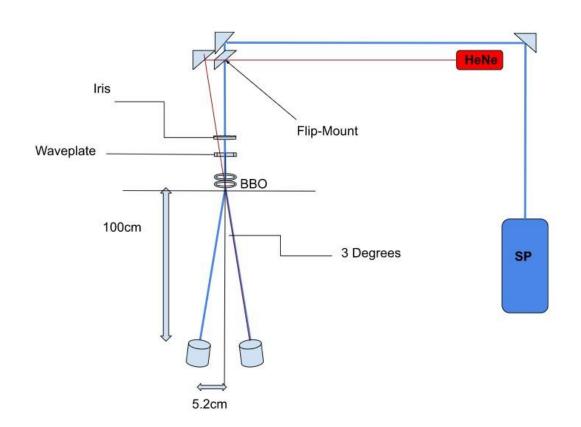


Theory: BBO Downconversion



Setup & Alignment

- ModuLaser StellarPro
 ML/150 Ar laser
 (λ=514.5nm)
- UniPhase Helium Neon
 Gas Laser 1508P-0
- EKSMA Optics BBO 6x6x1 th29.2 ph0 (Beta Barium Borate)
- Photon Detectors (IDQ-id100)



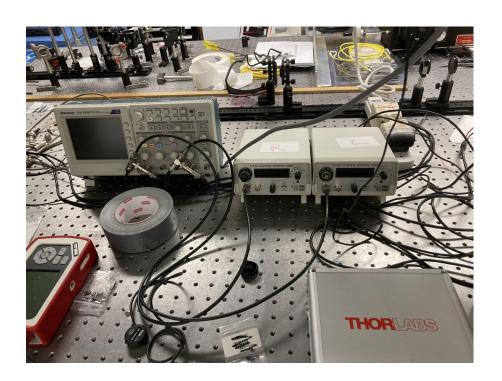
Setup & Procedure

- Oscilloscope (Tektronix TDS 2024C)
- TeachSpin Pulse Counters/Interval Timers

ThorLabs waveplate and iris

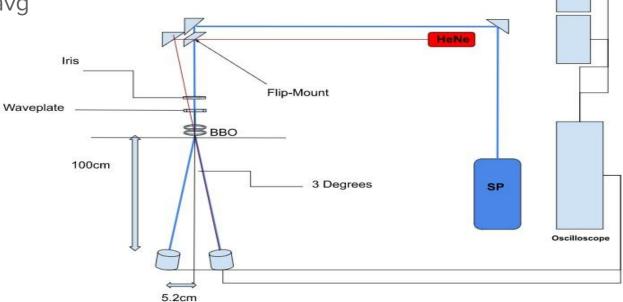
• IDQ-id100/150 UN single Photon detectors

$$V_{out} = (3.3 + /- 1\%)V$$
 per pulse



Procedure

- 1. Filters to prevent overload
- 2. Count data taken with and without BBO crystals
- 3. 30 trials to give avg

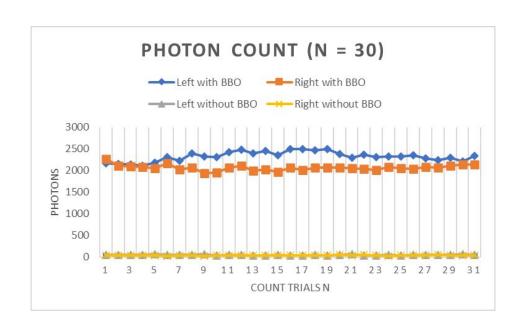


Counters

Data & Results

• For N = 30

Detector	W _{AVG} Photon count with BBO	δW_{AVG}
Left	2318.7	8.7
Right	2059.3	8.2
Both	2138.3	6.0
	W _{AVG} Photon count No BBO	
Left	48.7	1.3
Right	37.7	1.1



Errors, Improvements

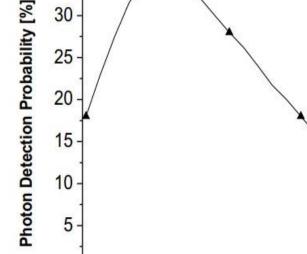
35 -

30 -

400

- **Photon Detection**
- Probability versus λ

- Laser Variance
- False Counts from Signal Noise -20 photons background S:N
 - **Equipment & Environment**
- Visual Setup Alignment / Detector Alignment / Realignment
- **Detector limitations**



500

600

700

Wavelength [nm]

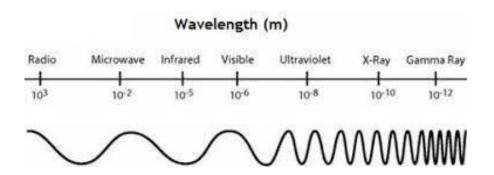
800

900

Improvements

Future experiments include:

- 1. IDQ IQ230 IR detector (900-1700nm)
- 2. Potential entanglement pair detection





References

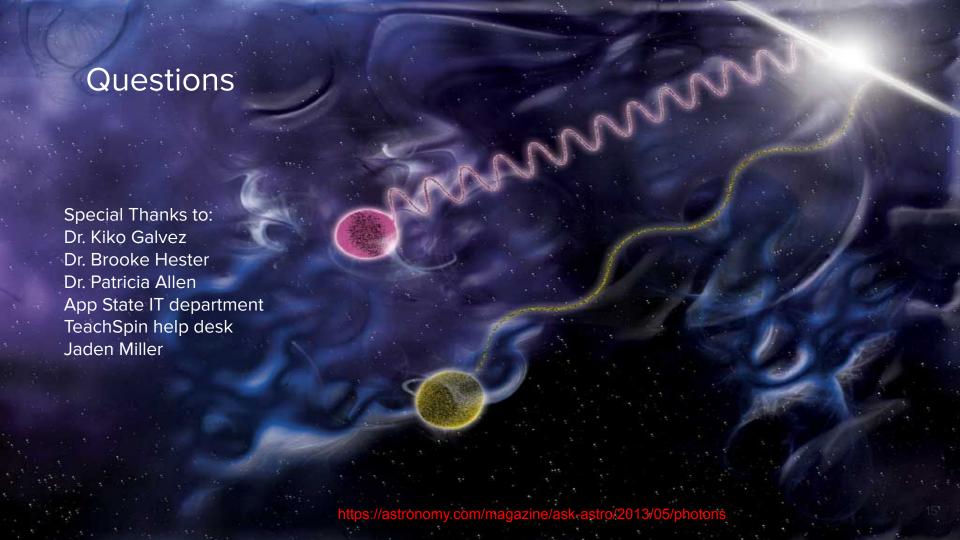
Hossieni, H., Fatah, J. M. A., Mohammad, S., & Naby, M. (2018). From Hyperion to photon, a brief survey in the timeline of photon. *Physics Essays*, *31*(3), 246–253. https://doi.org/10.4006/0836-1398-31.3.246

Geometry Matters. (2022, April 12). *Hologram of a single photon*. Geometry Matters. Retrieved November 30, 2022, from https://geometrymatters.com/hologram-of-a-single-photon/

Pearson, B. J., & Jackson, D. P. (2010, February 10). *A hands-on introduction to single photons and quantum mechanics for undergraduates*. https://www.aapt.org/. Retrieved November 20, 2022.

Dehlinger, D., & Mitchell, M. W. (1970, January 1). *Entangled photon apparatus for the Undergraduate Laboratory*. American Association of Physics Teachers. Retrieved December 2, 2022, from https://aapt.scitation.org/doi/10.1119/1.1498859

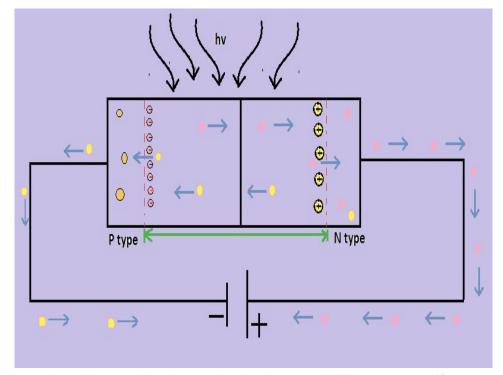
Galvez, K. (2022). *Alpha immersion – hands-on Activities*. Colgate University. Retrieved December 2, 2022, from http://egalvez.colgate.domains/pql/wp-content/uploads/2019/08/Activities19.pdf



Additional info: Photodiodes

- Photons incident on reverse biased PN junction
- Photons break bonds to create
 e⁻ hole pairs
- $hf > E_{bg}$
- Voltage produced relative to intensity

 $(h = 6.62607015 \times 10^{-34} \text{ m}^2 \text{ kg / s})$



Photodiode Basics, Working and Its Applications | EFY (electronicsforu.com)

Additional Info: Video of Photon from MIT

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=_QAPQO6EL8o