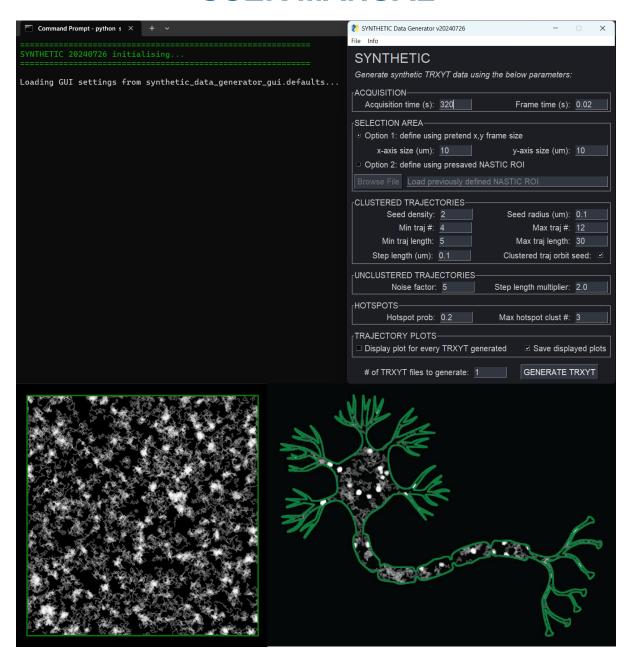
SYNTHETIC DATA GENERATOR (GUI) USER MANUAL



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Introduction

The purpose of the Synthetic Data Generator GUI is to take parameters input by the user to generate synthetic trajectory files in the TRXYT format for use in NASTIC, segNASTIC and BOOSH (spatiotemporal clustering software).

Parameters that can be defined by the user in the Synthetic Data generator GUI are:

Parameter	Description	Options / user input			
AQUISITION					
Acquisition time (s)	Pretend length of time (in seconds) to 'acquire' all frames	Any whole number (integer) larger than 0			
Frame time (s)	Pretend length of time (in seconds) to 'acquire' a single frame	Any decimal number (float) larger than 0			
	SELECTION AREA				
	Option 1: define using pretend x,y frame s	ize			
x-axis size (um)	Determine selection area of using a pretend frame size (x-axis length in microns)	Any whole number (integer) larger than 0			
y-axis size (um)	Determine selection area of using a pretend frame size (y-axis length in microns)	Any whole number (integer) larger than 0			
Option 2: o	define using pre-saved NASTIC region of i	nterest (ROI)			
Browse File	Determine the selection area using a previously generated NASTIC ROI file	roi_coordinates.tsv			
CLUSTERED TRAJECTORIES					
Seed density	Number of spawn points (seeds) per um2 of the selection area from which a single cluster will occur	Any whole number (integer) larger than 0			
Seed radius (um)	Radius around each seed to make trajectories (in microns)	Any decimal number (float) larger than 0			
Min traj #	Minimum number of trajectories around each seed	Any whole number (integer) larger than 4			
Max traj #	Maximum number of trajectories around each seed	Any whole number (integer) larger than			

		the min traj # and smaller than 10000				
Min traj length	Minimum number of trajectory steps	Any whole number (integer) larger than 5				
Max traj length	Maximum number of trajectory steps	Any whole number (integer) larger than the min traj length				
Step length (um)	Maximum step length within a trajectory (in microns)	Any decimal number (float) larger than 0				
Clustered traj orbit seed	Clustered trajectories orbit their spawn point rather than random walking	True / False				
	UNCLUSTERED TRAJECTORIES					
Noise factor	Noice factor multiplier used to calculate the number of unclustered trajectories per seed	Any whole number (integer) larger than 0				
Step length multiplier	Step length multiplier used to calculate unclustered trajectory step length	Any decimal number (float) larger than 0				
HOTSPOTS						
Hotspot prob	Chance of a given seed point generating multiple spatially overlapping but temporally distinct clusters	Any decimal (float) larger than 0				
Max hotspot clust #	Maximum number of temporal clusters at a given hotspot	Any whole number (integer) larger than 1				

Computer requirements

The NASTIC suite (which includes the Synthetic Data Generator GUI) consists of Python scripts that require Python 3.8 or later, and a number of Python modules to run. Python is available for most computer platforms so you can run it on Windows, Linux and Mac. It will not run on the older version of Python 2.7 which is still lingering on a lot of computer systems. You are strongly encouraged to either visit https://www.python.org and download and install the latest version. You will also need to install a number of Python modules, which is simple to do from a command line.

The Python module versions used in the most recent version of the Synthetic Data Generator GUI are:

FreeSimpleGUI	v5.2.0.post1
colorama	v0.4.6
scipy	v1.13.1
numpy	v1.23.2
scikit-learn	v1.1.2

To install these specific Python module versions, open a new instance of the command line and copy-paste in the following:

python -m pip install FreeSimpleGUI==5.2.0.post1 colorama==0.4.6 scipy==1.13.1 numpy==1.23.2 scikit-learn==1.1.2

C:\Users\uqamcc11>python -m pip install FreeSimpleGUI==5.2.0.post1 colorama==0.4.6 scipy==1.13 .1 numpy==1.23.2 scikit-learn==1.1.2

Updates

The Synthetic Data Generator GUI along with other NASTIC family members is periodically updated with new functionalities.

Check the GitHub for updates using this link:

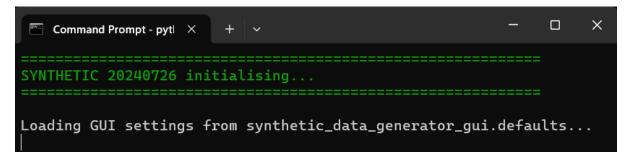
https://github.com/tristanwallis/smlm_clustering/releases

Running the Synthetic Data Generator GUI

Step 1 - run the script

If all is installed properly then double clicking the synthetic_data_generator_GUI.py icon will launch a console, followed shortly after by the GUI.

Console:



Graphical user interface (GUI):



ACQUISITION



Step 2 - define the acquisition time

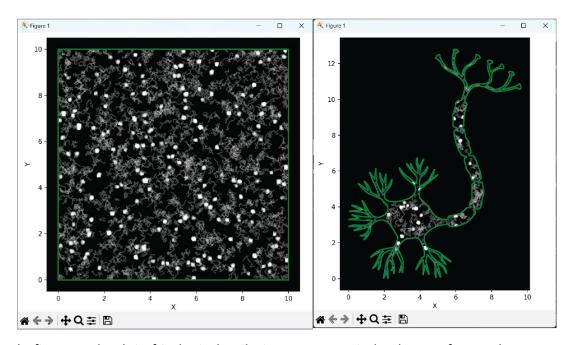
Click on the text box next to 'Acquisition time (s):' and type in the total amount of time (in seconds) taken to 'acquire' all of the pretend frames that will make up the synthetic data acquisition. The value must be a whole number greater than 0.

Step 3 - define the frame time

Click on the text box next to 'Frame time (s):' and type in the amount of time (in seconds) taken to 'acquire' a single frame in the pretend time series. The value must be a decimal number greater than 0.

SELECTION AREA

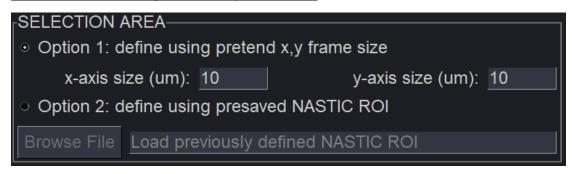
Step 4 - choose the method used to define the selection area



Left: example plot of trajectories that were generated using x,y frame size (Option 1).

Right: example plot of trajectories that were generated using a pre-saved NASTIC ROI file (Option 2).

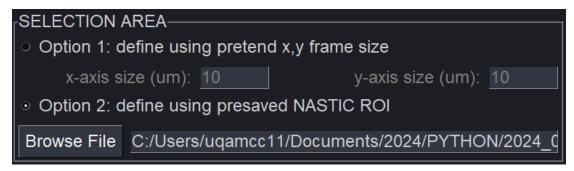
Option 1: define using pretend x,y frame size



To define the selection area (region of interest; ROI) using pretend x and y-axis lengths, click on the radio option on the left of 'Option 1: define using pretend x,y frame size'.

This will enable the 'x-axis size (um)' and 'y-axis size (um)' parameters, and disable the 'Browse File' button that is used for browsing NASTIC ROI files.

Option 2: define using presaved NASTIC ROI



To define the selection area (region of interest; ROI) using an ROI that was previously saved in NASTIC, click on the radio option on the left of 'Option 2: define using presaved NASTIC ROI'.

This will enable the 'Browse File' button that is used for browsing NASTIC ROI files, and disable the 'x-axis size (um)' and 'y-axis size (um)' parameters.

Next, click on the now enabled 'Browse File' button to open a search window. Browse to a directory that contains a NASTIC 'roi_coordinates.tsv' file, click on the ROI file of interest, then click 'Open' to confirm.

The filename of the selected ROI file will be shown in the text box next to the 'Browse File' button.

CLUSTERED TRAJECTORIES

CLUSTERED TRAJECT	ORIES		
Seed density:	2	Seed radius (um):	0.1
Min traj #:	4	Max traj #:	12
Min traj length:	5	Max traj length:	30
Step length (um):	0.1	Clustered traj orbit s	seed: 🗹

Step 5 - define the seed density

To define the number of seeds (spawn points) per micron squared (um2) from which clustered trajectories will spawn, click on the text box next to 'Seed density:' and type in a whole number (integer) that is larger than 0.

Step 6 - define the seed radius

To define the radius (in microns) from the centre of the seed from which clustered trajectories will spawn, click on the text box next to 'Seed radius (um):' and type in a decimal number (float) larger than 0.

Step 7 - define the minimum number of clustered trajectories

To define the minimum number of clustered trajectories that will be generated (in total), click on the text box next to 'Min traj #' and type in a whole number (integer) larger than 4.

Step 8 – define the maximum number of clustered trajectories

To define the maximum number of clustered trajectories that will be generated (in total), click on the text box next to 'Max traj #' and type in a whole number (integer) than is larger than the minimum number of clustered trajectories, and smaller than 10000.

Step 9 - define the minimum number clustered trajectory steps

To define the minimum number steps for each clustered trajectory, click on the text box next to 'Min traj length' and type in a whole number (integer) that is larger than 5.

Step 10 – define the maximum number clustered trajectory steps

To define the maximum number of steps for each clustered trajectory, click on the text box next to 'Max traj length' and type in a whole number (integer) that is larger than the minimum trajectory length.

Step 11 – define the step length of clustered trajectories

To define the length of each step in clustered trajectories (in microns), click on the text box next to 'Step length (um):' and type in a decimal number (float) that is larger than 0.

Step 12 - choose whether clustered trajectories orbit seeds or walk randomly

Option 1: trajectories orbit seed

CLUSTERED TRAJECTO	ORIES	
Seed density: 2	Seed radius (um): 0.1	
Min traj #: 4	Max traj #: 12	
Min traj length: 5	Max traj length: 30	
Step length (um): 0.	.1 Clustered traj orbit seed: ⊻	2

To make clustered trajectories that stay close to their original spawn point, make sure that the checkbox next to 'Clustered traj orbit seed:' is ticked (click on the checkbox to change its status).

Option 2: trajectories walk randomly



To make clustered trajectories that move randomly after spawning at their seed point, make sure that the checkbox next to 'Clustered traj orbit seed:' is unticked (click on the checkbox to change its status).

UNCLUSTERED TRAJECTORIES

UNCLUSTERED TRAJECTORIES Noise factor: 5 Step length multiplier: 2.0

Step 13 - define the noise factor

To determine the number of unclustered trajectories using the noise factor (multiply noise factor by the number of clustered trajectories), click on the text box next to 'Noise factor:' and type in a whole number (integer) that is larger than 0.

Step 14 - define the step length multiplier

To determine the step lengths of unclustered trajectories (multiply step length multiplier by the step length of clustered trajectories), click on the text box next to 'Step length multiplier:' and type in a decimal number (float) larger than 0.

HOTSPOTS



Step 15 – define the hotspot probability

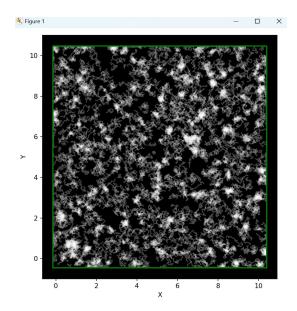
To define the chance of a given seed point generating multiple clusters that overlap in time and space (hotspots), click on the text box next to 'Hotspot prob:' and type in a decimal number that is larger than 0.

Step 16 – define the maximum number of clusters per hotspot

To define the maximum number of temporal clusters that occur at a given hotspot, click on the text box next to 'Max hotspot clust #:', and type in a whole number that is larger than 1.

TRAJECTORY PLOTS





Example plot of generated trajectories with selection area outlined in green.

Step 17 – select whether to display single or multiple TRXYT plots

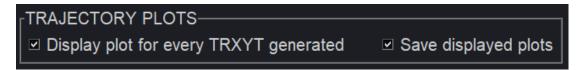
Option 1: display a single representative TRXYT plot



To display a single representative TRXYT plot, make sure that the 'Display plot for every TRXYT generated' checkbox is unticked (click on the checkbox to change its status).

Note: selecting this option means that only the representative trajectory plot can be saved.

Option 2: display every TRXYT plot



To display a plot for every TRXYT file that is generated, make sure that the 'Display plot for every TRXYT generated' checkbox is ticked (click on the checkbox to change its status).

Step 18 - select whether the displayed plots will be saved

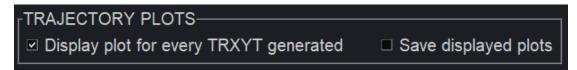
Option 1: save all displayed plots

TRAJECTORY PLOTS ☑ Display plot for every TRXYT generated ☑ Save displayed plots

To save all displayed plots, make sure that the 'Save displayed plots' checkbox is ticked (click on the checkbox to change its status).

Note: if the 'Display plot for every TRXYT generated' checkbox is unticked, only the single representative TRXYT plot will be saved.

Option 2: don't save any plots



To prevent plots from being saved, make sure that the 'Save displayed plots' checkbox is unticked (click on the checkbox to change its status).

Step 19 - Select the number of TRXYT files to generate



To select the number of synthetic TRXYT files to generate, click on the text box next to '# of TRXYT files to generate:' and type in a whole number that is larger than 0.

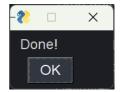
Step 20 – Generate the TRXYT file(s)

To generate the TRXYT file(s) using the selected parameters, click on the 'GENERATE TRXYT' button.

The metrics generated by using the selected parameters will be shown in the terminal:

```
Command Prompt - python s ×
Generating trxyt file # 1
Generating 200 spatiotemporal cluster seeds (2 seeds/um2)...
Generating trajectories around cluster seeds...
Generating unclustered trajectory seeds...
Generating 1000 unclustered trajectories with higher mobility (5x number of cluster seeds)...
Total traj: 3061
Clustered traj: 2061
Total clusters: 260
Avg traj per cluster: 7.926923076923077
Avg cluster radius: 0.07336383526946079
Writing trxyt...
Writing metrics...
Generating trxyt file # 2
Generating 200 spatiotemporal cluster seeds (2 seeds/um2)...
Generating trajectories around cluster seeds...
Generating unclustered trajectory seeds...
Generating 1000 unclustered trajectories with higher mobility (5x number of cluster seeds)...
Total traj: 3030
Clustered traj: 2030
Total clusters: 248
Avg traj per cluster: 8.15
Avg cluster radius: 0.0735254788824443
Writing trxyt...
Writing metrics...
Plotting trajectories...
Plotting selection area...
DONE!
```

A 'Done!' popup will show once the GUI has finished generating the files:



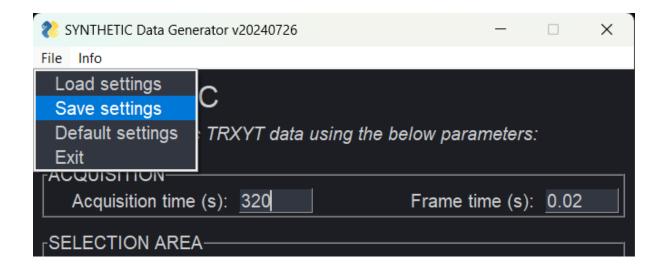
A date-stamped folder will be generated in the same location as the super_res_data_wrangler_gui.py script (synthetic_data_output_YYYYMMDD-hhmmss). This folder contains:

- Each TRXYT file generated (date-stamped and numbered; synthetic_data_YYYYMMDD-hhmmss_#.trxyt)
- A metrics file for each TRXYT file generated (synthetic_data_YYYYMMDD-hhmmss_#_metrics.tsv)
- If applicable: trajectory plot(s) with the selection area outlined in green (synthetic_data_YYYYMMDD-hhmmss_#.png)

Save settings

The default values for each of the parameters is saved in a defaults file called 'synthetic_data_generator_gui.defaults'.

To save the selected parameters to the defaults file for use next time the GUI is opened, click on the 'File >> Save settings' option in the Menu bar (top left hand corner of the GUI).

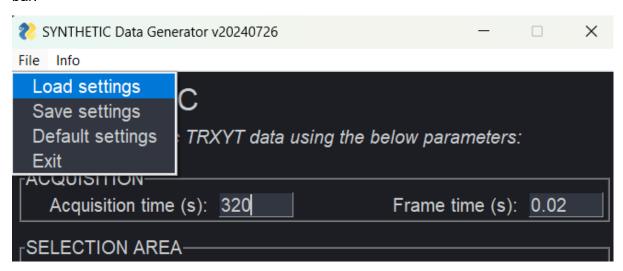


The following message will be displayed in the console:

Saving GUI settings to synthetic_data_generator_gui.defaults...

Load settings

If you wish to load the previously saved settings, click 'File >> Load settings' in the menu bar.

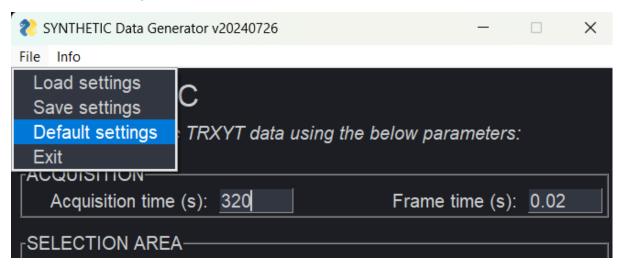


The following message will be displayed in the console:

Loading GUI settings from synthetic_data_generator_gui.defaults...

Default settings

If you wish to restore values to the original default values, click 'File >> Default settings' in the menu bar. Subsequently click 'File >> Save settings' to save the original default values as the default settings.



The following message will be displayed in the console:

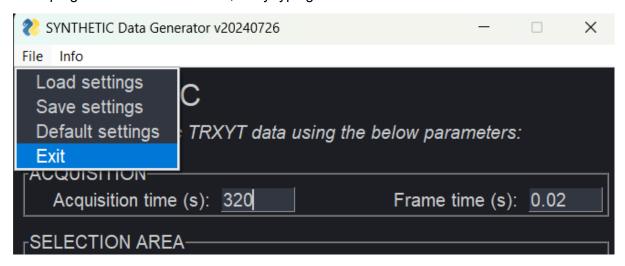
```
Using default GUI settings...

Saving GUI settings to synthetic_data_generator_gui.defaults...
```

IMPORTANT NOTE: Periodically the Synthetic Data Generator GUI is updated with new functionality that requires a new synthetic_data_generator.defaults file. Newer versions of the Synthetic Data Generator GUI may crash if loading an older defaults file. You are encouraged to delete your existing defaults file and run the new version of the Synthetic Data Generator GUI to recreate the correct file with default settings.

Exiting the program

The program can be exited either by clicking 'File >> Exit' in the menu bar, clicking the 'x' in the top right corner of the window, or by typing Ctr + C in the terminal.

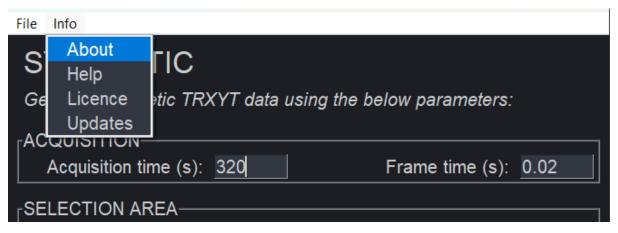


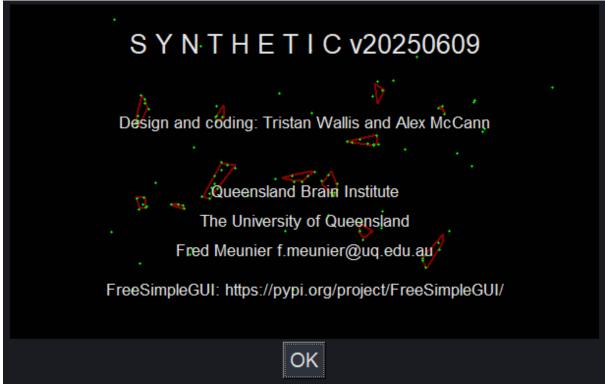
The GUI will close, and the console will display the following message:

Exiting...

About

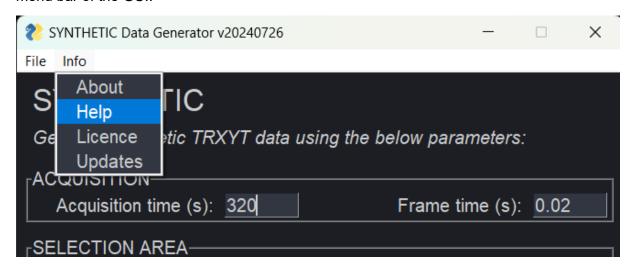
Clicking 'Info >> About' in the menu bar brings up a splash screen showing the about information for the GUI.

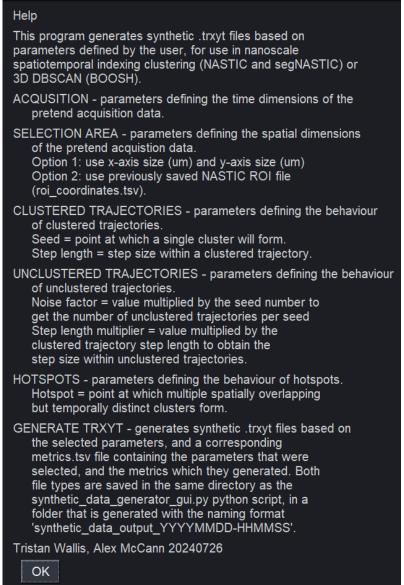




Help

Detailed information about each parameter can be viewed by clicking 'Info >> Help' in the menu bar of the GUI.

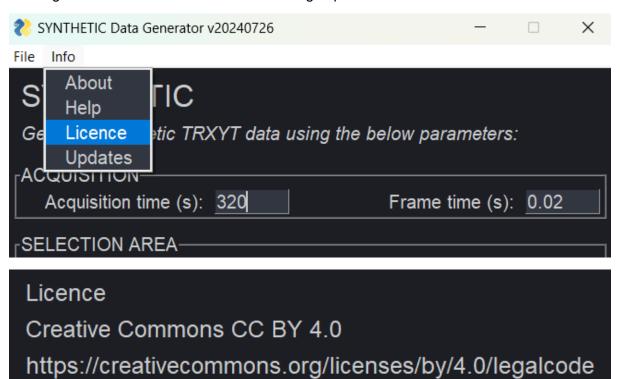




License

OK

Clicking 'Info >> Licence' in the menu bar brings up the license information.



Updates

The Synthetic Data Generator GUI along with other NASTIC family members is periodically updated with new functionalities.

Clicking 'Info >> Updates' will open a webpage for the GitHub.

