

Benchmarking of the Indicator-Based Evolutionary Algorithm using the Bi-Objective BBOB Test Suite

Final report *

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ABSTRACT

The objective of this project was to study, implement and benchmark the indicator-based evolutionary algorithm [9] (IBEA) using the Comparing Continuous Optimizer (COCO) platform. Firstly we provide a brief overview of the algorithm. Secondly, we describe our implementation and experimental setup. Finally, we discuss the obtained results and compare them to both baseline approaches and related work.

1. SETTING

In the context of a multi-objective optimization, the main goal is to find a good approximation of the set of Pareto-optimal solutions. An evolutionary algorithm is an exploration strategy of the domain space \mathbb{R}^n which seeks optimal solution vectors defined in the objective space \mathbb{R}^k (here $k = 2$) by promoting at each generation the fittest and/or the newest individuals from a population of decision vectors.

The performance measure used by IBEA for determining the relative quality of two solution sets in the objective space is a binary indicator function $I : \Omega \times \Omega \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$. In terms of two decision vectors \mathbf{x}^1 and \mathbf{x}^2 , the domination relation is defined as : $\mathbf{x}^1 > \mathbf{x}^2 \leftrightarrow (f_i(\mathbf{x}^1) \leq f_i(\mathbf{x}^2) \forall i \in \{1, \dots, k\} \text{ and } f_j(\mathbf{x}^1) < f_j(\mathbf{x}^2) \text{ for at least one objective})$. The epsilon indicator, which is compliant with this domination relationship, is defined for pairwise comparisons as:

$$I_{\epsilon^+}(\{\mathbf{x}^1\}, \{\mathbf{x}^2\}) = \min_{\epsilon} f_i(\mathbf{x}^1) - \epsilon \leq f_i(\mathbf{x}^2) \quad \forall i \in \{1, \dots, k\}$$

. Its focus is to summarize the minimum distance needed to improve on the Pareto set approximation to a single scalar. Intuitively, the reduction to a single scalar may incur a loss of information regarding some dimensions of objective space. Indeed, the fact that the indicator chooses the minimum improvement across all objectives implies *conservative* rather than more *optimistic* updates of the fitness estimate.

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Source code is available at <https://github.com/tritas/ibe>

Clearly, we may miss out on potential improvement on some of the targeted objectives. The fitness value is defined in the sequel as a measure of the usefulness of each individual with regards to the optimization goal. As such, the algorithm tries to maximize it.

$$F(\mathbf{x}^1) = \sum_{\mathbf{x}^2 \in P \setminus \{\mathbf{x}^1\}} -\exp \frac{I(\{\mathbf{x}^1\}, \{\mathbf{x}^2\})}{\kappa}$$

where P is the population set, and $\mathbf{x} \in \mathbb{R}^n$. The fitness function of an approximation set is defined as a *dominance preserving relation*.

Moreover, as the optimization functions are typically un-normalized, IBEA scales both the values taken by the objective function as well as the values taken by the indicator function. Consequently the need for parameter tuning in face of problem and indicator function diversity is decreased.

2. IMPLEMENTATION

The input of the algorithm is the size of the population (α), a maximum number of generations, a budget in function evaluations, and a fitness scaling factor (κ). The output of the algorithm is an approximation of the Pareto-set.

1. **Initialization:** generate an initial population P of given size uniformly between the lower and upper bound of the domain space.
2. **Fitness assignment:** compute and assign a fitness value to each individual in P .
3. **Environmental selection:** detect and remove individuals which have the smallest fitness values from the population until the current size of the population P does not exceed α . Update the fitness values for all remaining individuals.
4. **Termination:** after the environmental selection is performed, the termination criterion of the algorithm is checked; if the maximum number of generations is reached or another termination criterion is met, the algorithm returns the set of decision vectors A .
5. **Mating Selection:** consists in creating a temporary mating pool P' which is filled with individuals from P by performing binary tournament selection with replacement on P .
6. **Variation:** finally the variation step consists applying recombination and mutation operators to the previously created mating pool. The offspring resulting

from variation is added to P and the generation counter is incremented. The algorithm is then performed again from step 2, until a termination criterion is met.

Population-related data (i.e decision vectors, objective and fitness values) is stored in a hash table for timely access. All numerical computation is done with NumPy. The optimizer is an object which incurs some overhead in Python. Except for the recombination and mutation operators which were implemented in separate functions to achieve modularity during testing, the optimizer is essentially a single inlined function.

2.1 Recombination

At first, the crossover operators we experimented with were intermediate weighting and discrete recombination. Then we implemented the Simulated Binary Crossover [3],[1]. The results reported here used SBX-5 for recombination.

2.2 Variation

For the mutation step, we began by simply adding isotropic Gaussian noise with fixed variance to the produced offspring. It is well known that fixed variance results in a rather slow search for target vectors. For that reason we implemented derandomized step-size adaptation (Algorithm 2, [5]).

Budget pitfall

Before the intermediate report we used an irrelevant budget value. Thus the start of benchmarking was delayed.

3. EXPERIMENTAL SETUP

Our idea was to evaluate the influence of hyper-parameters on the performance achieved for different function groups and in different number of dimensions. For a reasonably low budget (10^3) and 10^6 to 10^9 number of runs, we tried the following ranges for hyper-parameters (best values in bold):

- Population size $\in \{50, 80, \mathbf{100}, 150, 200\}$
- Number of offspring $\in \{20, 30, 35, 40, \mathbf{50}\}$
- Mutation probability: **low (0.1)**, high (>0.7)
- Crossover probability $\in [0.5, 1.0]$ (best was **0.7**)
- Initial mutation step-size $\in \{1.0, 2.5, \mathbf{5.0}, 10, 15\}$
- Distribution index of the SBX operator: 2 and 5

Our focus was mostly on crossover and mutation probabilities, as well as population and offspring size. Naturally, the total runtime of an experiment depends on the size of the population, the dimension of the problem and the budget. Carrying out experiments with all their combinations would be time consuming. As such, we set for a grid search approach: we fixed all parameters except one to reasonable defaults and tuned the last one by picking values from a range of interest and comparing the output of the test suite.

4. CPU TIMING

In order to evaluate the CPU timing of the algorithm, we have run the IBEA with restarts on the entire bbo-biobj test suite [8]. The Python code was run on a Intel(R) Core(TM) i7 CPU. For a population size of 100, the time per function evaluation for $10D$ is $2.2ms$ and $6.5ms$ for isotropic and derandomized step-size adaptation mutation respectively.

5. RESULTS

Results of IBEA from experiments according to [7] and [2] on the benchmark functions given in [8] are presented in Figures 3, 4. The experiments were performed with COCO [6], version 15.4. We present here comparative ECDFs on $2D$ and $5D$ with Random Search and NSGA-II [4] as baselines. The comparison is also done with the implementation of IBEA- ϵ in C and the implementation of IBEA with Hypervolume indicator in Python.

Remark

In the aRT tables, IBEA corresponds to the following order: IBEA- ϵ in C, IBEA- ϵ in Python and IBEA-HV in Python (the last one is absent in $5D$)

5.1 Observations

In low dimension, we notice that the instances in which our algorithm performs moderately well is the **separable**, **moderate** and **weakly-structured** case. Examples of this are the separable Ellipsoid (Attractive Sector and Rosenbrock). It fails however in the face of multimodal and ill-conditioned functions.

Clearly, derandomized step-size adaptation performs better than isotropic mutation. Unsurprisingly, the algorithm reached a runtime of $1e-3$ iff the variance is adapted. Moreover, extreme values of variance for the isotropic mutation negatively impact the performance of the algorithm.

In higher dimensions, the trends are the same. The supplementary degrees of freedom clearly decreases the number of targets reached.

The fact that our implementation is inferior to random search, independently of problem conditioning, indicates that our evolution strategy either converges to local optima too often, or does not preserve diversity well enough (and that could be a reason why uniform search beats it given high enough budget).

5.2 Related Work

To some extent the comparison of the results achieved with those of the group studying IBEA-HV is quite revealing. Our intuition that the ϵ indicator may be overly simplistic for the wide range of optimization functions benchmarked is in some sense confirmed. Observing the impact of the indicator function on the aRT, overall IBEA-HV not only finds better targets more often, but it also finds them in much fewer evaluations (at least for the $2D$ results given).

Conclusion

For the implementation and benchmarking of a scientifically approved evolution strategy, we were confronted throughout this project with the scientific process in multi-objective black-box optimization algorithms. We had to autonomously develop and test diverse evolutionary approaches, and furthermore reason about their respective pertinence and effectiveness. Going forward, we could think of indicator functions that may be well-suited for a wide diversity of optimization problems. Of equal importance, we could think of step-size adaptation schemes (e.g CMA) to improve convergence to the global optimum.

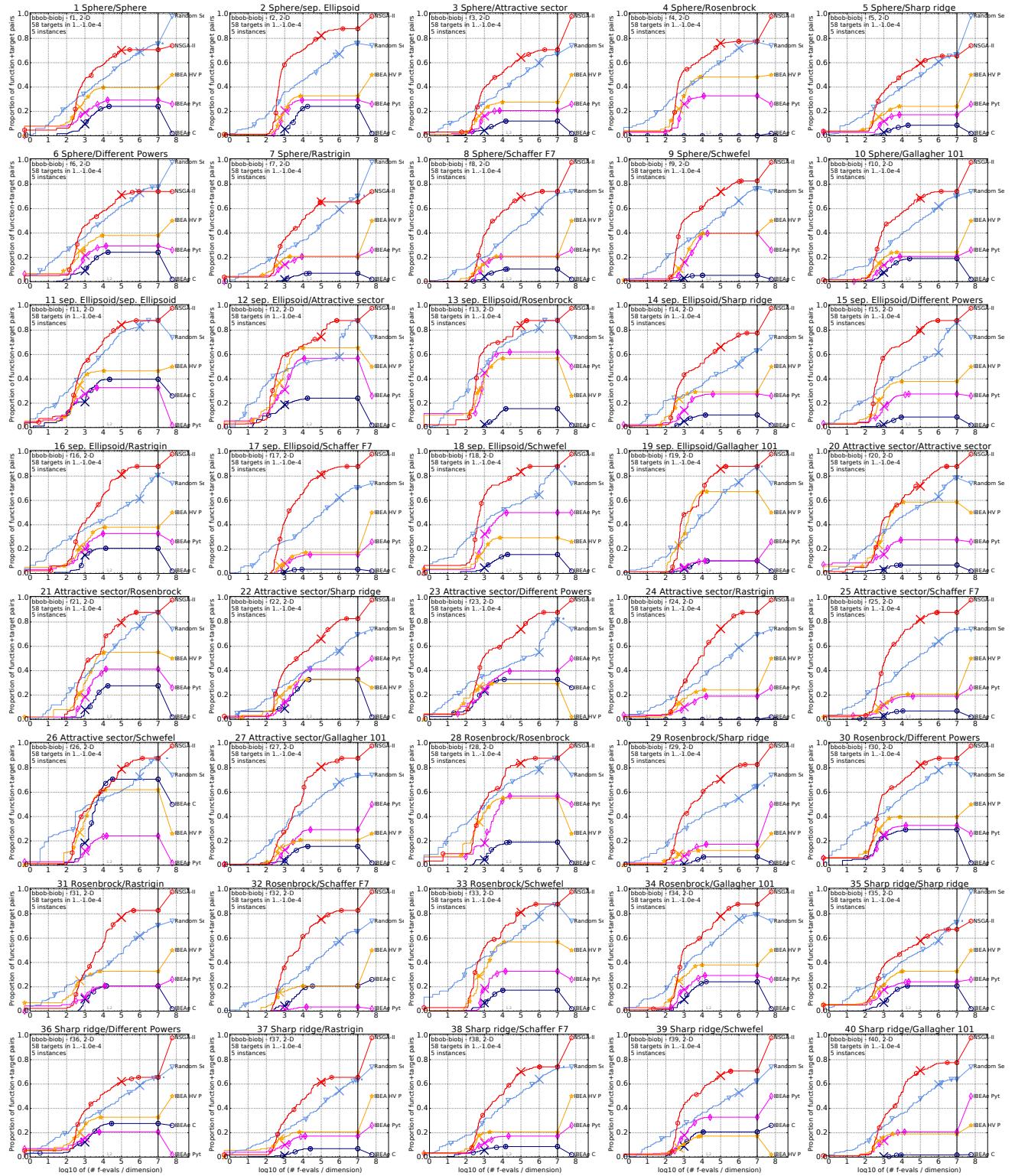


Figure 1: Bootstrapped empirical cumulative distribution of the number of objective function evaluations divided by dimension (FEvals/DIM) for 58 targets with target precision in $\{-10^{-4}, -10^{-4.2}, -10^{-4.4}, -10^{-4.6}, -10^{-4.8}, -10^{-5}, 0, 10^{-5}, 10^{-4.9}, 10^{-4.8}, \dots, 10^{-0.1}, 10^0\}$ for each single function f_1 to f_{40} in 2-D.

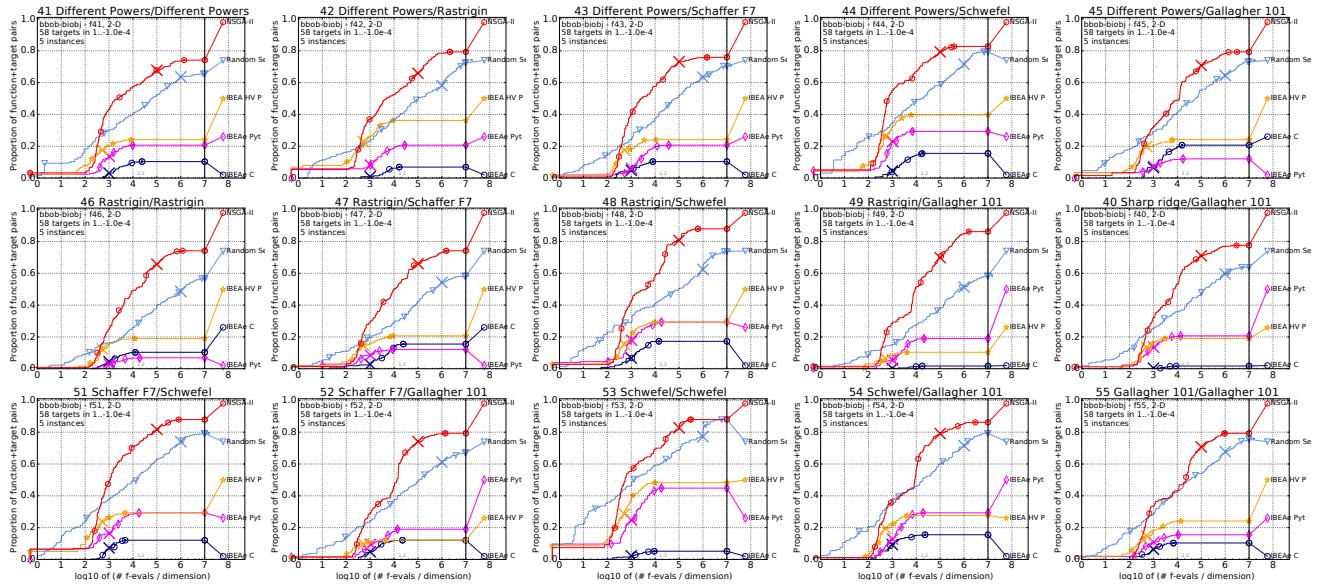


Figure 2: Bootstrapped empirical cumulative distribution of the number of objective function evaluations divided by dimension (Fevals/DIM) as in Fig. 3 but for functions f_{41} to f_{55} in 2-D.

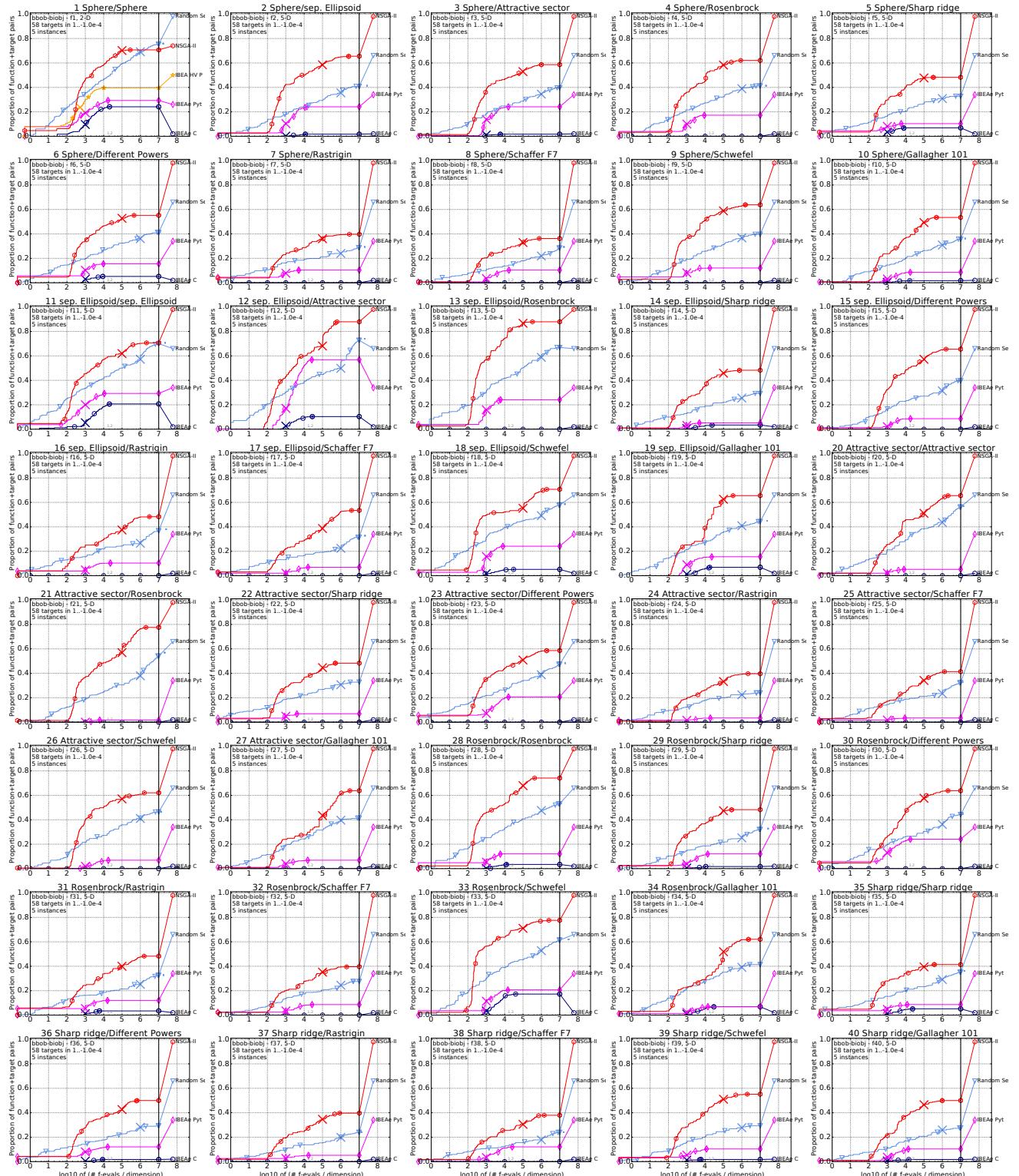


Figure 3: Bootstrapped empirical cumulative distribution of the number of objective function evaluations divided by dimension (FEvals/DIM) for 58 targets with target precision in $\{-10^{-4}, -10^{-4.2}, -10^{-4.4}, -10^{-4.6}, -10^{-4.8}, -10^{-5}, 0, 10^{-5}, 10^{-4.9}, 10^{-4.8}, \dots, 10^{-0.1}, 10^0\}$ for each single function f_1 to f_{40} in 2-D.

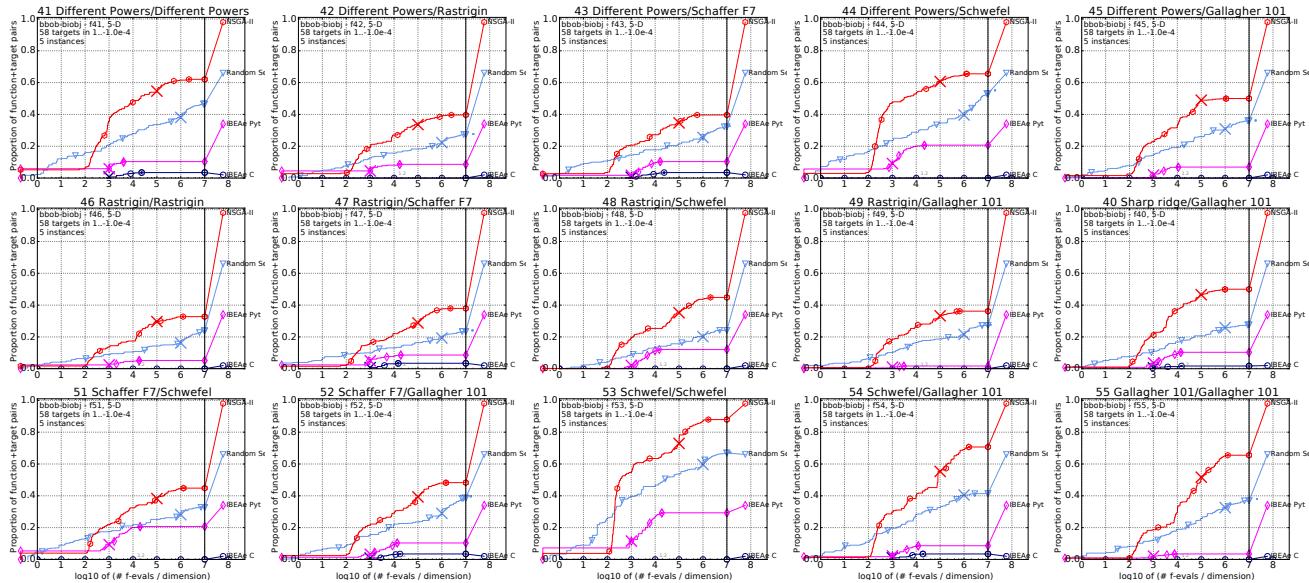


Figure 4: Bootstrapped empirical cumulative distribution of the number of objective function evaluations divided by dimension (FEvals/DIM) as in Fig. 3 but for functions f_{41} to f_{55} in 2-D.

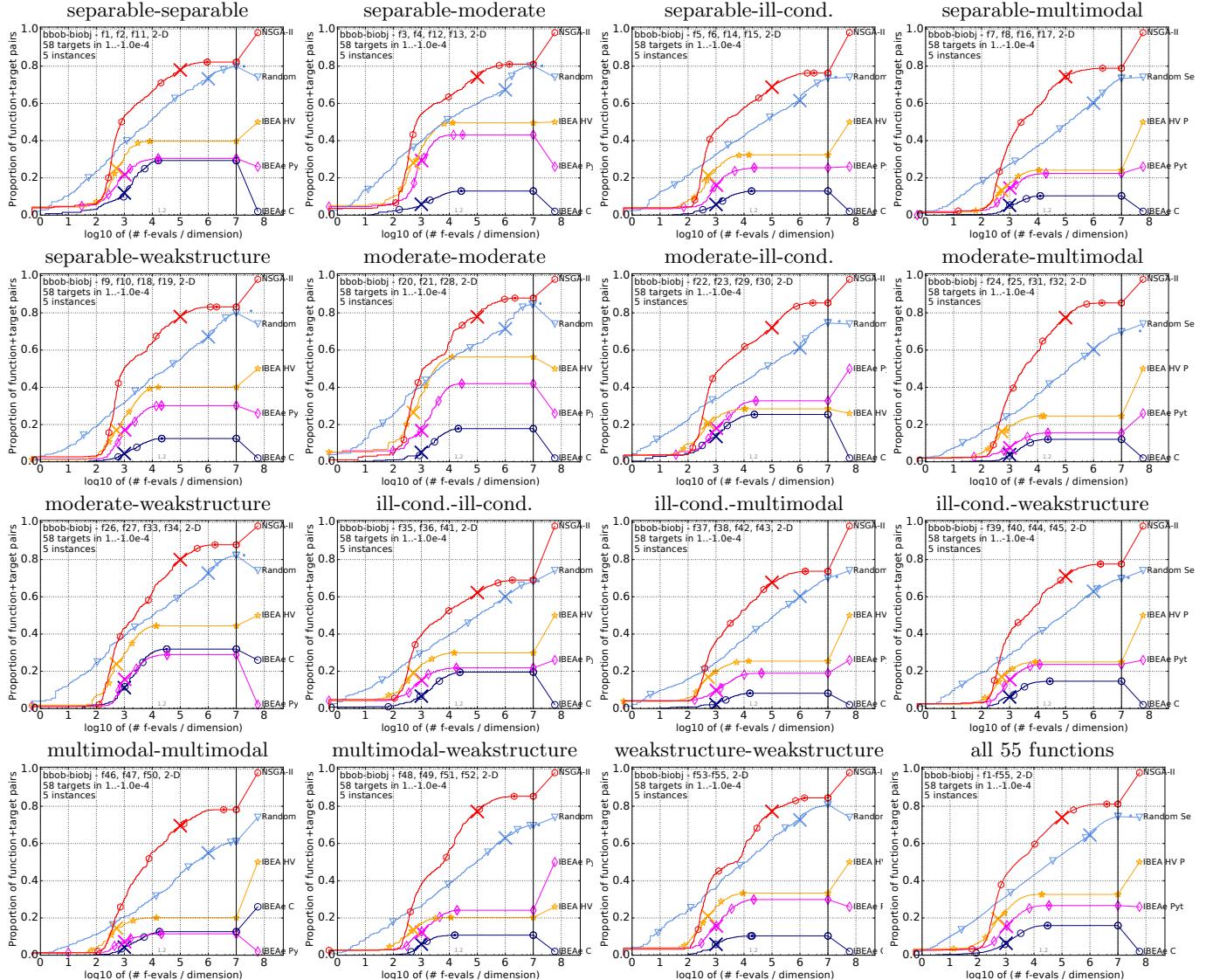


Figure 5: Bootstrapped empirical cumulative distribution of the number of objective function evaluations divided by dimension (FEvals/DIM) for 58 targets with target precision in $\{-10^{-4}, -10^{-4.2}, -10^{-4.4}, -10^{-4.6}, -10^{-4.8}, -10^{-5}, 0, 10^{-5}, 10^{-4.9}, 10^{-4.8}, \dots, 10^{-0.1}, 10^0\}$ for all functions and subgroups in 4-D.

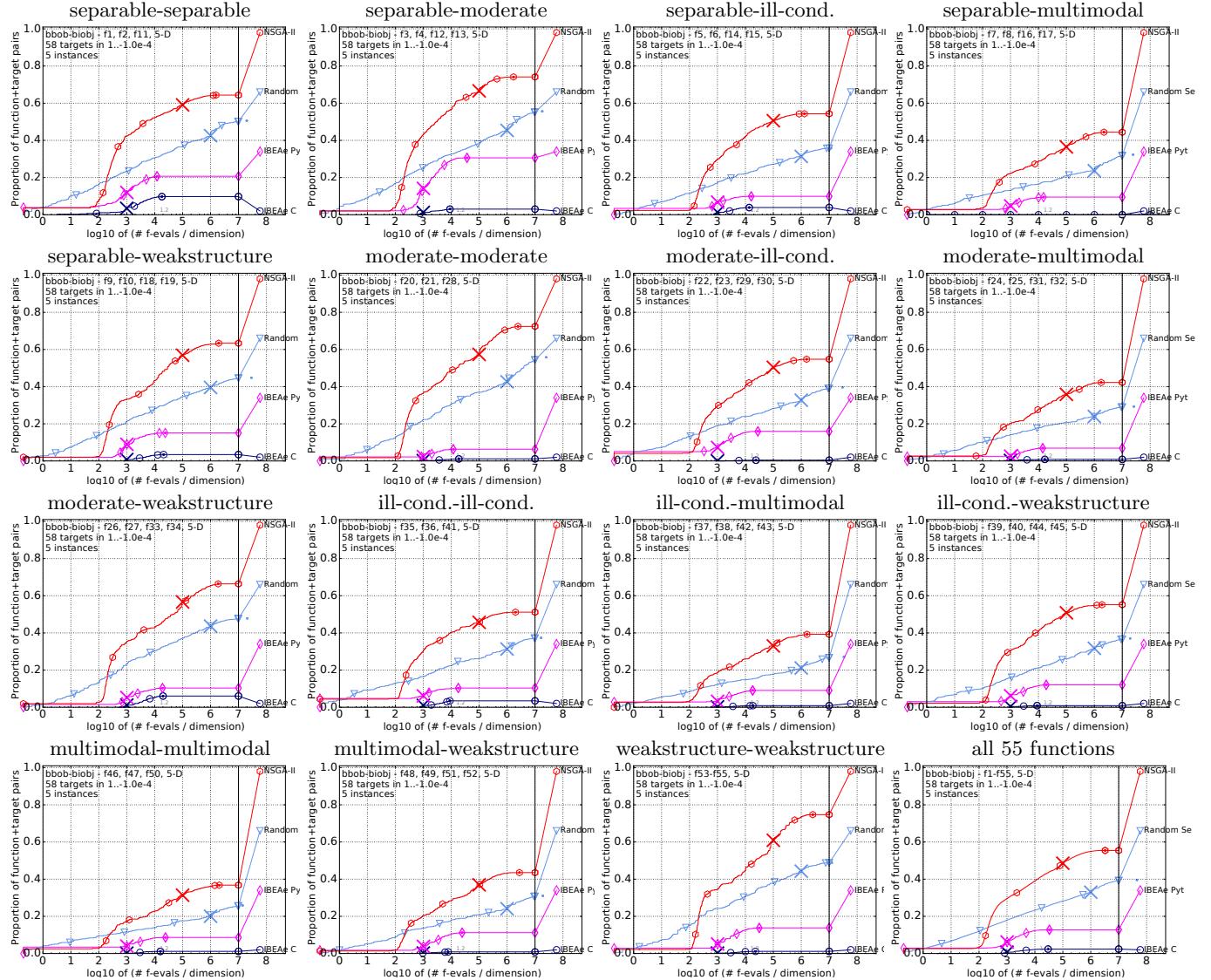


Figure 6: Bootstrapped empirical cumulative distribution of the number of objective function evaluations divided by dimension (FEvals/DIM) for 58 targets with target precision in $\{-10^{-4}, -10^{-4.2}, -10^{-4.4}, -10^{-4.6}, -10^{-4.8}, -10^{-5}, 0, 10^{-5}, 10^{-4.9}, 10^{-4.8}, \dots, 10^{-0.1}, 10^0\}$ for all functions and subgroups in 20-D.

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Δf	1e0	1e-1	1e-2	1e-3	#succ	Δf	1e0	1e-1	1e-2	1e-3	#succ	Δf	1e0	1e-1	1e-2	1e-3	#succ
f1						f20						f38					
IBEA	1226(457)	8440(5000)	∞	∞ 2000	0/5	IBEA	3025(4508)	∞	∞	∞ 2000	0/5	IBEA	1382(1515)	∞	∞	∞ 2000	0/5
IBEA	1(0)	1650(554)	∞	∞ 2063	0/5	IBEA	517(516)	3435(4812)	∞	∞ 2063	0/5	IBEA	182(234)	∞	∞	∞ 2063	0/5
IBEA	1(0)	1097(1126)	4827(2602)	∞ 1041	0/5	IBEA	404(520)	1688(3060)	4305(4164)	4777(8328) 0/5		IBEA	287(781)	1403(1401)	∞	∞ 1041	0/5
Rand	4.4(6)	76 (44)	2202(1709)	6.9e4(5e4)	0/5	Rand	134 (140)	1837(2225)	1.2e5(3e5)	8.9e5(1e6)	0/5	Rand	1.6 (0.5)	379 (394)	8465(6593)	3.3e5(3e5)	0/5
NSGA	90(28)	547(58)	847 (156)	5343 (363)	0/5	NSGA	371(431)	693 (537)	1228 (311)	1.1e4(1e4)	1/5	NSGA	93(122)	676(22)	1668 (378)	2.1e4 (1e4)	0/5
f2						f21						f39					
IBEA	4518(2000)	9879(6000)	∞	∞ 2000	0/5	IBEA	3694(5588)	9894(9500)	∞	∞ 2000	0/5	IBEA	1808(1207)	3972(3244)	∞	∞ 2000	0/5
IBEA	653(172)	2509(4674)	∞	∞ 2063	0/5	IBEA	1713(3094)	2505(2047)	9554(2e4)	∞ 2063	0/5	IBEA	837(1119)	2397(1762)	∞	∞ 2063	0/5
IBEA	781(642)	1475(1301)	∞	∞ 1041	0/5	IBEA	309(190)	1988(1822)	4752 (9109)	4969 (3644)	0/5	IBEA	805(603)	∞	∞	∞ 1041	0/5
Rand	18(28)	409 (572)	5282(5659)	1.6e5(3e5)	0/5	Rand	8.6 (6)	227 (112)	7747(8586)	1.8e5(2e5)	2/5	Rand	18 (28)	420 (299)	2.9e4(2e4)	3.8e6(4e6)	0/5
NSGA	191(180)	596(56)	882 (155)	1526 (616)	2/5	NSGA	338(214)	5220(1e4)	5763(1e4)	1.5e4(3e4)	2/5	NSGA	264(268)	690(78)	1431 (702)	2.5e4 (3e4)	0/5
f3						f22						f40					
IBEA	3128(4042)	∞	∞	∞ 2000	0/5	IBEA	1738(1064)	8006(1e4)	∞	∞ 2000	0/5	IBEA	8877(7000)	∞	∞	∞ 2000	0/5
IBEA	620(1755)	2880(2668)	∞	∞ 2063	0/5	IBEA	424(756)	9508(9799)	9881(1e4)	∞ 2063	0/5	IBEA	677(454)	8943(7736)	∞	∞ 2063	0/5
IBEA	314(312)	1311(2358)	∞	∞ 1041	0/5	IBEA	89(80)	2262(2181)	∞	∞ 1041	0/5	IBEA	177(61)	2406(2042)	∞	∞ 1041	0/5
Rand	663(826)	1.1e4(3e4)	3.8e5(1683)	6.8e5(2e5)	0/5	Rand	3.6 (2)	660 (431)	3.0e4(3e4)	3.2e6(4e6)	0/5	Rand	2.0 (0.5)	761 (539)	1.8e4(2e4)	5.6e5(6e5)	0/5
NSGA	191(214)	704(202)	1365 (345)	2.2e4 (7e3)	0/5	NSGA	242(189)	670(145)	1697 (1170)	3.6e4(4e4)	0/5	NSGA	279(245)	906(378)	6671 (1e4)	1.9e4 (1e4)	0/5
f4						f23						f41					
IBEA	∞	∞	∞	∞ 2000	0/5	IBEA	556(1994)	1328(858)	∞	∞ 2000	0/5	IBEA	4424(3606)	∞	∞	∞ 2000	0/5
IBEA	367(411)	1326(295)	∞	∞ 2063	0/5	IBEA	29(36)	1046(617)	9641(1e4)	∞ 2063	0/5	IBEA	522(930)	4158(4658)	∞	∞ 2063	0/5
IBEA	312(520)	1160(1404)	2119(1590)	∞ 1041	0/5	IBEA	40(48)	310(386)	∞	∞ 1041	0/5	IBEA	198(298)	852(643)	∞	∞ 1041	0/5
Rand	31(0)	194 (420)	1490(1372)	5.2e4(7e4)	0/5	Rand	2.6 (2)	57 (88)	1.3e6(2e6)	1.4e6(4e6)	0/5	Rand	3.0 (0.5)	219 (248)	6677(2794)	2.4e5(1e5)	0/5
NSGA	152(189)	562(132)	808 (113)	1795 (1003)	0/5	NSGA	50(61)	423(160)	857 (268)	7093 (7127)	1/5	NSGA	246(208)	598(39)	1090 (57)	8817 (5514)	0/5
f5						f24						f42					
IBEA	2483(3144)	∞	∞	∞ 2000	0/5	IBEA	∞	∞	∞	∞ 2000	0/5	IBEA	8755(7000)	∞	∞	∞ 2000	0/5
IBEA	378(628)	∞	∞	∞ 2063	0/5	IBEA	615(1032)	9773(7736)	∞	∞ 2063	0/5	IBEA	517(1547)	9776(2e4)	∞	∞ 2063	0/5
IBEA	36(44)	4774(4945)	∞	∞ 1041	0/5	IBEA	136(195)	5079(4164)	∞	∞ 1041	0/5	IBEA	68(166)	1140(1272)	5135(6506)	∞ 1041	0/5
Rand	5.6 (4)	213 (182)	1.1e4(2714)	8.6e5(2e5)	0/5	Rand	9.0 (14)	1264 (1210)	2.5e4(2e4)	1.2e6(6e6)	0/5	Rand	6.2 (2)	249 (3062)	2.3e4(2e4)	8.8e5(3e5)	0/5
NSGA	148(216)	595(80)	1832 (1406)	5.3e4 (3e5)	0/5	NSGA	80(190)	856 (204)	4719 (4220)	2.0e4 (2e4)	0/5	NSGA	107(152)	677 (174)	1857 (1102)	2.5e4 (1e4)	0/5
f6						f25						f43					
IBEA	1135(1646)	8695(7500)	∞	∞ 2000	0/5	IBEA	1878(866)	∞	∞	∞ 2000	0/5	IBEA	3510(5968)	∞	∞	∞ 2000	0/5
IBEA	1(0)	2510(2162)	∞	∞ 2063	0/5	IBEA	742(1042)	9595(7736)	∞	∞ 2063	0/5	IBEA	1376(4642)	9800(6189)	∞	∞ 2063	0/5
IBEA	1(0)	853(449)	5086(7547)	∞ 1041	0/5	IBEA	281(380)	5197(6506)	∞	∞ 1041	0/5	IBEA	101(209)	4610(6766)	∞	∞ 1041	0/5
Rand	2.8(4)	62 (52)	1440(1233)	4.4e4(6e4)	0/5	Rand	6.0 (4)	403 (394)	2.8e4(3e4)	5.7e5(9e5)	0/5	Rand	2.8 (2)	573 (465)	1.6e4(1e4)	2.3e5(2e5)	0/5
NSGA	71(133)	493(180)	868 (308)	7131 (3863)	0/5	NSGA	190(220)	687(182)	1350 (322)	3026 (1604)	1/5	NSGA	185(154)	715(123)	1523 (440)	9809 (9991)	0/5
f7						f26						f44					
IBEA	3763(5362)	∞	∞	∞ 2000	0/5	IBEA	3287(5723)	3848(5500)	9136(1e4)	9136(6000)	0/5	IBEA	2168(3372)	∞	∞	∞ 2000	0/5
IBEA	178(442)	4024(2012)	∞	∞ 2063	0/5	IBEA	1979(754)	4832(4568)	∞	∞ 2063	0/5	IBEA	619(872)	2246(3249)	∞	∞ 2063	0/5
IBEA	261(520)	1422(1390)	∞	∞ 1041	0/5	IBEA	377(316)	1837(2478)	2162 (2478)	4729 (2863)	0/5	IBEA	239(339)	614(855)	2312(3676)	∞ 1041	0/5
Rand	5.2 (5)	990(159)	4.5e4(4e4)	9.5e5(2e5)	0/5	Rand	12 (8)	274 (329)	1.8e4(4e4)	3.0e5(4e5)	1/5	Rand	4.6 (3)	357 (834)	3447(5184)	2.3e5(4e5)	0/5
NSGA	170(274)	726 (317)	3942 (5600)	2.5e4 (1e4)	0/5	NSGA	327(252)	782(547)	6305(1e4)	1.3e4(3e4)	1/5	NSGA	195(268)	532(138)	849 (188)	1627 (690)	0/5
f8						f27						f45					
IBEA	3988(3500)	∞	∞	∞ 2000	0/5	IBEA	3084(3504)	∞	∞	∞ 2000	0/5	IBEA	1394(1215)	9132(1e4)	∞	∞ 2000	0/5
IBEA	583(572)	4764(2020)	∞	∞ 2063	0/5	IBEA	606(716)	4558(5244)	∞	∞ 2063	0/5	IBEA	245(360)	∞	∞	∞ 2063	0/5
IBEA	512(580)	2225(781)	∞	∞ 1041	0/5	IBEA	166(184)	4968(5465)	∞	∞ 1041	0/5	IBEA	52(78)	1371(1080)	∞	∞ 1041	0/5
Rand	50(96)	4980(8919)	9.4e4(1e5)	1.7e6(1e5)	0/5	Rand	18 (15)	299 (250)	5428 (6275)	1.2e5(9e4)	0/5	Rand	7.8 (5)	217 (151)	1.1e4(1e4)	3.3e5(4e5)	0/5
NSGA	382(228)	825 (173)	1648 (183)	9484 (3741)	0/5	NSGA	215(212)	1094(956)	7403(9920)	1.1e4 (1e4)	0/5	NSGA	152(171)	652(110)	4602 (4401)	2.1e4 (2e4)	0/5
f9						f29						f46					
IBEA	880(2118)	9578(6500)	∞	∞ 2000	0/5	IBEA	523(5500)	∞	∞	∞ 2000	0/5	IBEA	1996(4602)	∞	∞	∞ 2000	0/5
IBEA	347(359)	4266(5331)	∞	∞ 2063	0/5	IBEA	633(1724)	∞	∞	∞ 2063	0/5	IBEA	1643(2184)	∞	∞	∞ 2063	0/5
IBEA	375(110)	1539(521)	∞	∞ 1041	0/5	IBEA	191(426)	∞	∞	∞ 1041	0/5	IBEA	332(190)	5197(4424)	∞	∞ 1041	0/5
Rand	7.2 (10)	491 (452)	1.3e4(9389)	4.0e5(4e5)	0/5	Rand	34 (80)	219 (169)	1.5e4(2e4)	1.5e6(1e6)	0/5	Rand	22 (36)	3813 (8204)	7.8e4(9e4)	2.2e6(2e6)	0/5
NSGA	311(354)	678(192)	923 (126)	3555 (1952)	0/5	NSGA	291(154)	502(214)	851 (495)	4970(4814)	0/5	NSGA	248(225)	1072 (325)	6613 (4863)	5.9e4 (6e4)	0/5
f10						f30						f47					
IBEA	322(360)	3550(7500)	∞	∞ 2000	0/5	IBEA	1650(1271)	9945(1e4)	∞	∞ 2000	0/5	IBEA	3931(3892)	∞	∞	∞	

Δf	1e0	1e-1	1e-2	1e-3	#succ	Δf	1e0	1e-1	1e-2	1e-3	#succ	Δf	1e0	1e-1	1e-2	1e-3	#succ
f1						f20						f38					
IBEA	1.2e4(8624)	∞	∞	∞ 5000	0/5	IBEA	∞	∞	∞	∞ 5000	0/5	IBEA	∞	∞	∞	∞ 5000	0/5
IBEA	1267(1266)	∞	∞	∞ 5063	0/5	IBEA	7596(6329)	∞	∞	∞ 5063	0/5	IBEA	3376(8860)	∞	∞	∞ 5063	0/5
Rand	3.6(3)	4369(6162)	3.0e6(2e6)	∞ 5e6	0/5	Rand	24(46)	5694(6853)	1.6e6(2e6)	0e7(3e7)	0/5	Rand	13(15)	3.0e6(5e6)	∞	∞ 5e6	0/5
NSGA	76(188)	1023(124)	3465(2100)	1.4e5(7e5)	0/5	NSGA	5663(1e4)	7664(2e4)	1.3e4(2e2)	0e6(2e0)	0/5	NSGA	332(306)	1.1e4(9710)	2e6(2e6)	∞ 5e5	0/5
f2						f21						f39					
IBEA	2.3e4(2e4)	∞	∞	∞ 5000	0/5	IBEA	∞	∞	∞	∞ 5000	0/5	IBEA	8021(5146)	∞	∞	∞ 5000	0/5
IBEA	2120(3385)	1.1e4(2e4)	∞	∞ 5063	0/5	IBEA	7596(1e4)	∞	∞	∞ 5063	0/5	IBEA	460(574)	∞	∞	∞ 5063	0/5
Rand	25(30)	2.6e4(3e4)	3.8e6(8e6)	∞ 5e6	0/5	Rand	32(3)	1.4e4(3e4)	5.7e6(5e6)	1.1e7(2e7)	0/5	Rand	5.2(6)	1.5e4(1e4)	∞	∞ 5e6	0/5
NSGA	335(418)	1124(225)	2656(848)	2.0e5(3e5)	0/5	NSGA	428(382)	1348(247)	1.3e5(1e2)	2e5(6e6)	0/5	NSGA	150(186)	1.494(484)	2.2e4(1e4)	1e6(1e0)	0/5
f3						f22						f40					
IBEA	1.2e4(8801)	∞	∞	∞ 5000	0/5	IBEA	∞	∞	∞	∞ 5000	0/5	IBEA	2.5e4(2e4)	∞	∞	∞ 5000	0/5
IBEA	1728(1641)	2.3e4(1e4)	∞	∞ 5063	0/5	IBEA	842(2102)	∞	∞	∞ 5063	0/5	IBEA	2447(3056)	∞	∞	∞ 5063	0/5
Rand	19(3)	1.6e4(3e4)	5.1e6(3e6)	∞ 5e6	0/5	Rand	1.2(0.2)	5793(6446)	∞	∞ 5e6	0/5	Rand	7.6(10)	1.4e5(1e5)	∞	∞ 5e6	0/5
NSGA	397(364)	2101(1887)	1.4e4(2e4)	9e5(6e5)	0/5	NSGA	1(0)	1504(279)	3.8e4(3e4)	∞ 5e5	0/5	NSGA	245(305)	2382(542)	3.3e4(9287)	∞ 5e5	0/5
f4						f23						f41					
IBEA	∞	∞	∞	∞ 5000	0/5	IBEA	∞	∞	∞	∞ 5000	0/5	IBEA	2.5e4(1e4)	∞	∞	∞ 5000	0/5
IBEA	1(0)	∞	∞	∞ 5063	0/5	IBEA	1(0)	2.3e4(2e4)	∞	∞ 5063	0/5	IBEA	1267(2532)	∞	∞	∞ 5063	0/5
Rand	11(10)	3184(4877)	1.4e6(2e6)	∞ 5e6	0/5	Rand	2.8(2)	2888(1192)	3.8e6(5e6)	∞ 5e6	0/5	Rand	5.4(4)	9123(2e4)	3.6e6(4e6)	∞ 5e6	0/5
NSGA	143(354)	1005(135)	1.4e4(3e4)	7e4(1e0)	0/5	NSGA	276(160)	1318(246)	7494(7062)	9.6e5(2e0)	0/5	NSGA	297(372)	1454(834)	4646(2118)	4.3e5(7e5)	0/5
f5						f24						f42					
IBEA	1.1e4(8753)	∞	∞	∞ 5000	0/5	IBEA	∞	∞	∞	∞ 5000	0/5	IBEA	∞	∞	∞	∞ 5000	0/5
IBEA	1(0)	∞	∞	∞ 5063	0/5	IBEA	7596(5063)	∞	∞	∞ 5063	0/5	IBEA	1267(0)	∞	∞	∞ 5063	0/5
Rand	3.0(3)	9353(8932)	∞	∞ 5e6	0/5	Rand	24(44)	1.6e5(1e5)	∞	∞ 5e6	0/5	Rand	15(24)	1.9e6(4e6)	∞	∞ 5e6	0/5
NSGA	241(303)	1314(249)	2.4e4(2e4)	∞ 5e5	0/5	NSGA	486(421)	3617(2267)	1.0e6(1e0)	∞ 5e5	0/5	NSGA	416(554)	3986(3017)	2.0e6(1e0)	∞ 5e5	0/5
f6						f25						f43					
IBEA	7099(2548)	∞	∞	∞ 5000	0/5	IBEA	∞	∞	∞	∞ 5000	0/5	IBEA	2.3e4(2e4)	∞	∞	∞ 5000	0/5
IBEA	739(1844)	∞	∞	∞ 5063	0/5	IBEA	1267(2532)	∞	∞	∞ 5063	0/5	IBEA	7596(2e4)	∞	∞	∞ 5063	0/5
Rand	5.6(4)	2941(3185)	4.2e6(3e6)	∞ 5e6	0/5	Rand	14(30)	1.3e6(1e6)	∞	∞ 5e6	0/5	Rand	14(26)	7.9e5(2e6)	∞	∞ 5e6	0/5
NSGA	255(318)	1290(342)	7830(8228)	4.6e5(4e5)	0/5	NSGA	222(554)	1.6e4(3e4)	3.5e5(1e6)	∞ 5e5	0/5	NSGA	319(397)	7363(1e4)	4.6e5(5e5)	∞ 5e5	0/5
f7						f26						f44					
IBEA	∞	∞	∞	∞ 5000	0/5	IBEA	∞	∞	∞	∞ 5000	0/5	IBEA	∞	∞	∞	∞ 5000	0/5
IBEA	1(0)	∞	∞	∞ 5063	0/5	IBEA	9300(9713)	∞	∞	∞ 5063	0/5	IBEA	1(0)	2.4e4(2e4)	∞	∞ 5063	0/5
Rand	1.6(1)	4.8e5(1e6)	∞	∞ 5e6	0/5	Rand	34(58)	3706(2966)	1.7e6(4e5)	∞ 5e6	0/5	Rand	3.6(4)	5159(5837)	2.9e6(6e6)	2.1e7(4e7)	0/5
NSGA	130(323)	4286(7232)	3.2e5(4e5)	∞ 5e5	0/5	NSGA	529(530)	2668(3106)	4265(5182)	7.8e4(6e4)	0/5	NSGA	178(249)	914(205)	1586(348)	8.1e4(3e9)	0/5
f8						f27						f45					
IBEA	∞	∞	∞	∞ 5000	0/5	IBEA	∞	∞	∞	∞ 5000	0/5	IBEA	∞	∞	∞	∞ 5000	0/5
IBEA	4435(3326)	∞	∞	∞ 5063	0/5	IBEA	2953(7352)	∞	∞	∞ 5063	0/5	IBEA	7596(1e4)	∞	∞	∞ 5063	0/5
Rand	74(88)	1.5e6(2e6)	∞	∞ 5e6	0/5	Rand	7.0(6)	4181(2924)	1.7e6(2e6)	∞ 5e6	0/5	Rand	12(24)	6.1e4(1e5)	2.4e7(2e7)	∞ 5e6	0/5
NSGA	512(227)	2311(380)	1.2e6(7e5)	∞ 5e5	0/5	NSGA	336(320)	4138(6840)	3.5e5(2e2)	3e6(2e0)	0/5	NSGA	77(190)	1641(480)	5.2e4(2e4)	∞ 5e5	0/5
f9						f28						f46					
IBEA	∞	∞	∞	∞ 5000	0/5	IBEA	2.4e4(3e4)	∞	∞	∞ 5000	0/5	IBEA	∞	∞	∞	∞ 5000	0/5
IBEA	578(0)	∞	∞	∞ 5063	0/5	IBEA	3376(5063)	∞	∞	∞ 5063	0/5	IBEA	3376(3797)	∞	∞	∞ 5063	0/5
Rand	11(20)	7503(2e4)	2.4e6(4e6)	∞ 5e6	0/5	Rand	66(151)	4415(233)	7.4e5(3e4)	2.4e7(4e7)	0/5	Rand	3.4(2)	5.6e6(7e6)	∞	∞ 5e6	0/5
NSGA	255(356)	3767(6943)	6832(1e4)	8.2e4(9e4)	0/5	NSGA	256(385)	944(216)	1698(616)	4.2e4(4e4)	0/5	NSGA	327(454)	4.4e4(5e4)	∞ 5e5	∞ 5e5	0/5
f10						f29						f47					
IBEA	2.4e4(4e4)	∞	∞	∞ 5000	0/5	IBEA	2.4e4(1e4)	∞	∞	∞ 5000	0/5	IBEA	2.5e4(3e4)	∞	∞	∞ 5000	0/5
IBEA	4307(5063)	∞	∞	∞ 5063	0/5	IBEA	3376(7594)	∞	∞	∞ 5063	0/5	IBEA	2265(1996)	∞	∞	∞ 5063	0/5
Rand	20(27)	2.9e4(3e4)	2.3e7(4e7)	∞ 5e6	0/5	Rand	18(20)	1.3e6(3e6)	∞	∞ 5e6	0/5	Rand	14(30)	2.4e6(3e6)	∞	∞ 5e6	0/5
NSGA	409(362)	1712(477)	8.5e4(8e4)	5e5e5(3e5)	0/5	NSGA	425(452)	1405(188)	4.0e4(4e4)	∞ 5e5	0/5	NSGA	181(304)	4.7e4(1e4)	1e6(1e0)	∞ 5e5	0/5
f11						f30						f48					
IBEA	3657(4383)	2.3e4(4e4)	∞	∞ 5000	0/5	IBEA	∞	∞	∞	∞ 5000	0/5	IBEA	∞	∞	∞	∞ 5000	0/5
IBEA	691(1390)	3795(6265)	∞	∞ 5063	0/5	IBEA	582(726)	2.3e4(4e4)	∞	∞ 5063	0/5	IBEA	8838(1e4)	∞	∞	∞ 5063	0/5
Rand	7.4(4)	2301(2849)	4.5e5(5e5)	2.2e6(4e6)	0/5	Rand	23(26)	8334(5184)	3.8e6(1e7)	∞ 5e6	0/5	Rand	250(537)	2.2e6(3e6)	∞	∞ 5e6	0/5
NSGA	194(241)	632(308)	1682(1618)	7.5e4(2e5)	0/5	NSGA	167(415)	4890(300)	1.8e4(1e2)	2.3e5(2e5)	0/5	NSGA	625(452)	4.8e4(1e5)	2.5e5(2e6)	∞ 5e5	0/5
f13						f32						f50					
IBEA	∞	∞	∞	∞ 5000	0/5	IBEA	∞	∞	∞	∞ 5000	0/5	IBEA	∞	∞	∞	∞ 5000	0/5
IBEA	1766(3797)																