

	Dogo: Page:
	if K-1>=0 and a[i][K-1]=1
-	dus -> Union (i * (m) + K,
- Marie Carlo	(i) * (m) + (-1)
	if i+1 < n and Kal
	0-[i +1][Kei] = 1
-	dus → Union (i +(m)+K,
	(i+1)'*(m) + K + 1)
	if j-1>=0 and K+1 <m and<="" th=""></m>
	a[i-1][K+1] = 1
	dus → Union (i + m+k,
	(j-1)+(m)+(k+1)
	if j-1>=0 and K-1>=0 and
	0[i-1](K-1]=1
	deug -> Union (i+m+K,
	(j-1) # m + K-1)
	proceduse)-
->	We initialize the count of '0'
->	Traverse each index in 2D array
\rightarrow	The walse of index is 1, we will look
	le ma reldibolers of neighbour is all
	equal to 1, we will take the union of
	Index l its neighbours.
<u>→</u>	create array of size ROWX Column to
	store trequencies of all seas
->	Now, traverse sur matrix again.
->	If the frequency is o', then increment
	64 J
	O2 Y. Truing