

# Controlling parallel simulations in Julia from C/C++/Fortran programs with libtrixi

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# Programming languages in HPC

- ▶ What is HPC?
- ▶ Mostly C/C++/Fortran codes (>90% of programs, >99% of SLOC)
- ▶ Past decade: Python/Lua used as glue code
- ▶ Most large software packages with Python interface
- ▶ But what about [the other way around?](#)



## Enter Julia

- ▶ Modern language for high-performance scientific computing
- ▶ Combine [ease-of-use](#), [interoperability](#), and [performance](#)
- ▶ Dynamic typing and JIT compilation
- ▶ Goal: [solve two-language problem](#)



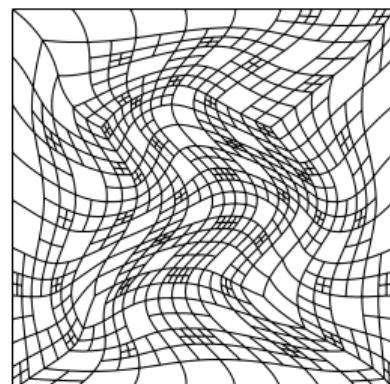
## Well-established approach: Julia → C/Fortran

- ▶ Re-use of existing software straightforward
- ▶ Examples C libraries: MPI, HDF5, p4est, t8code
- ▶ Seamless installation and reproducibility through Pkg.jl, Yggdrasil

### Example: adaptive meshes with p4est

- ▶ Wrapper package P4est.jl
- ▶ Auto-installs binaries with MPI support
- ▶ Works on Linux, macOS, Windows

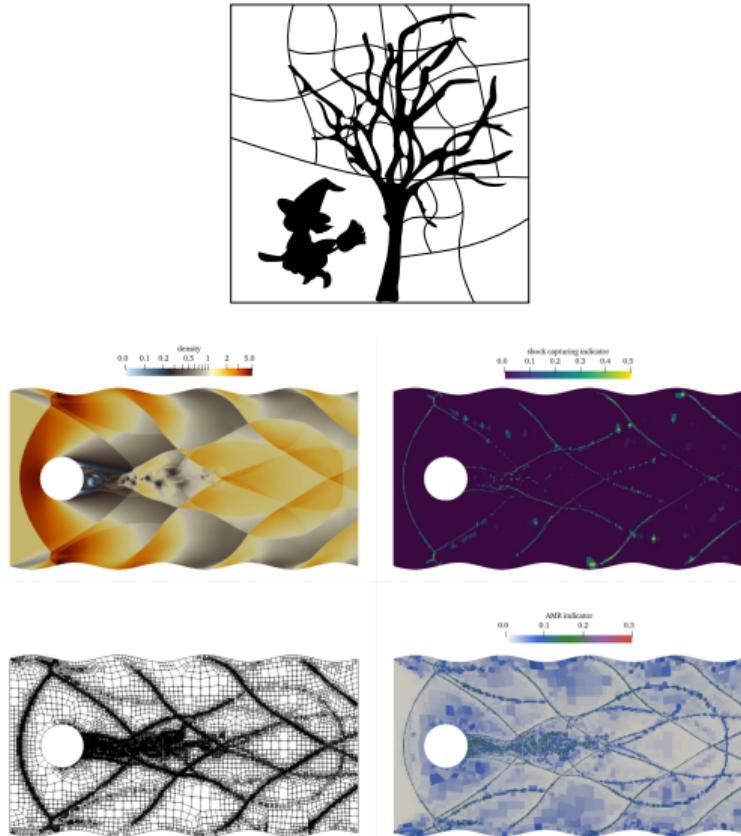
<https://github.com/trixi-framework/P4est.jl>



# Trixi.jl: parallel adaptive simulations in Julia

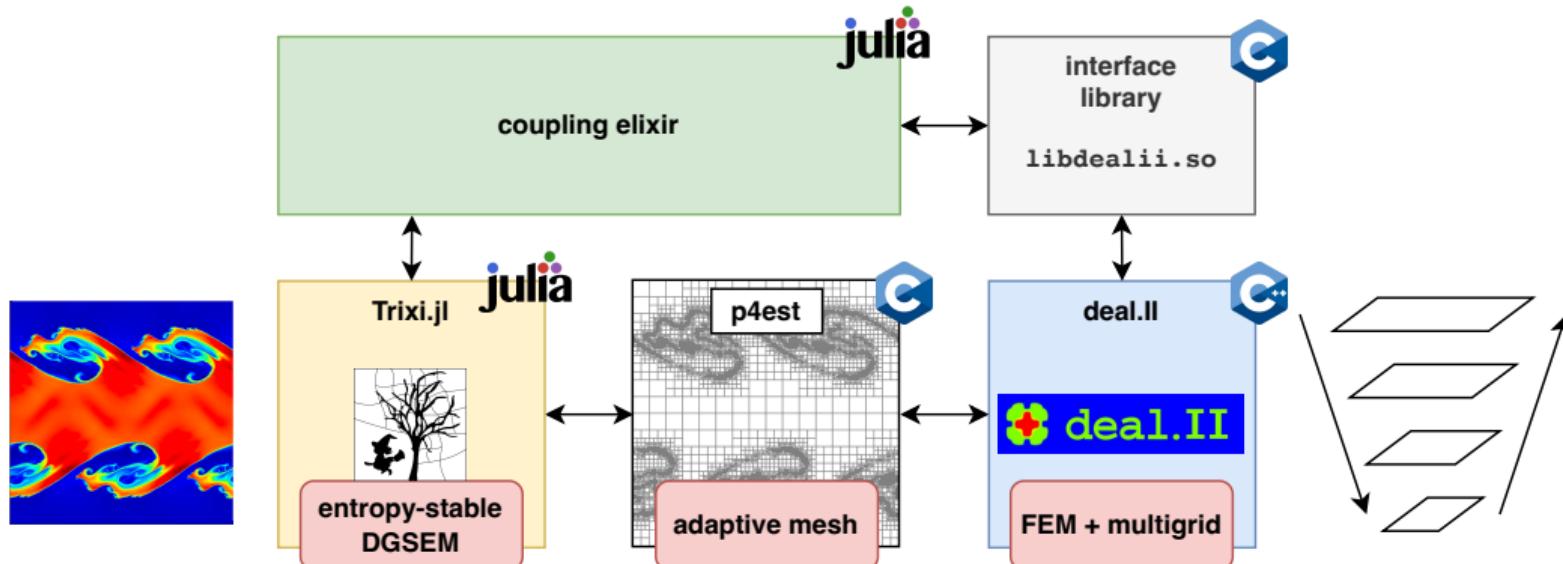
- ▶ Adaptive high-order simulation framework for conservation laws (MIT license)
- ▶ Developed in [Julia](#) programming language
- ▶ Single-command [reproducibility](#)
- ▶ ~20 main developers   ,  
15+ papers, 20+ BSc/MSc/PhD theses
- ▶ Focus: [extensibility](#), [usability](#), performance

<https://github.com/trixi-framework/Trixi.jl>



# Example for interoperability in HPC: calling deal.II from Trixi.jl

- ▶ Couple state-of-the-art solvers with parallel mesh adaptivity (proof of concept)
- ▶ Accessibility through single-command setup (multi-language workflow)
- ▶ Works in parallel (MPI) and with adaptivity



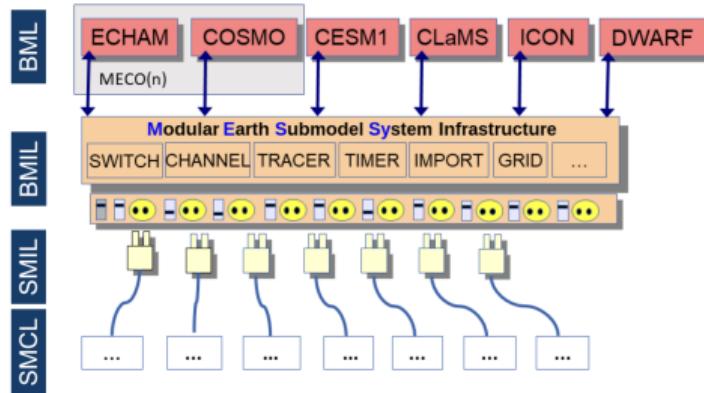
## What about the other way around?

Our goal: Upgrade [legacy code](#) with new applications

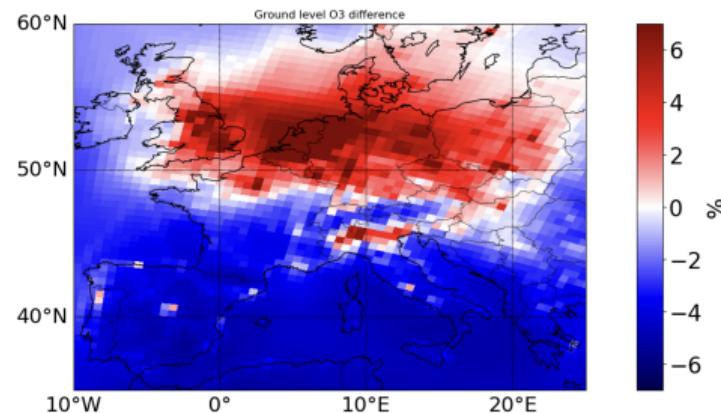
- ▶ Keep original C/C++/Fortran applications
- ▶ Extend with new features written in more accessible, user-friendly language
- ▶ Do not restrict performance or parallelizability

# Interoperability in extreme-scale HPC: calling Trixi.jl from MESSy

- ▶ “Adaptive Earth system modelling with strongly reduced computation time for exascale-supercomputers” (**ADAPTEX**; BMBF call “SCALEXA”; 2023–2026)
- ▶ Trixi.jl as dynamical core in **MESSy** (Modular Earth Submodel System)



Kerkweg et al. (2010)



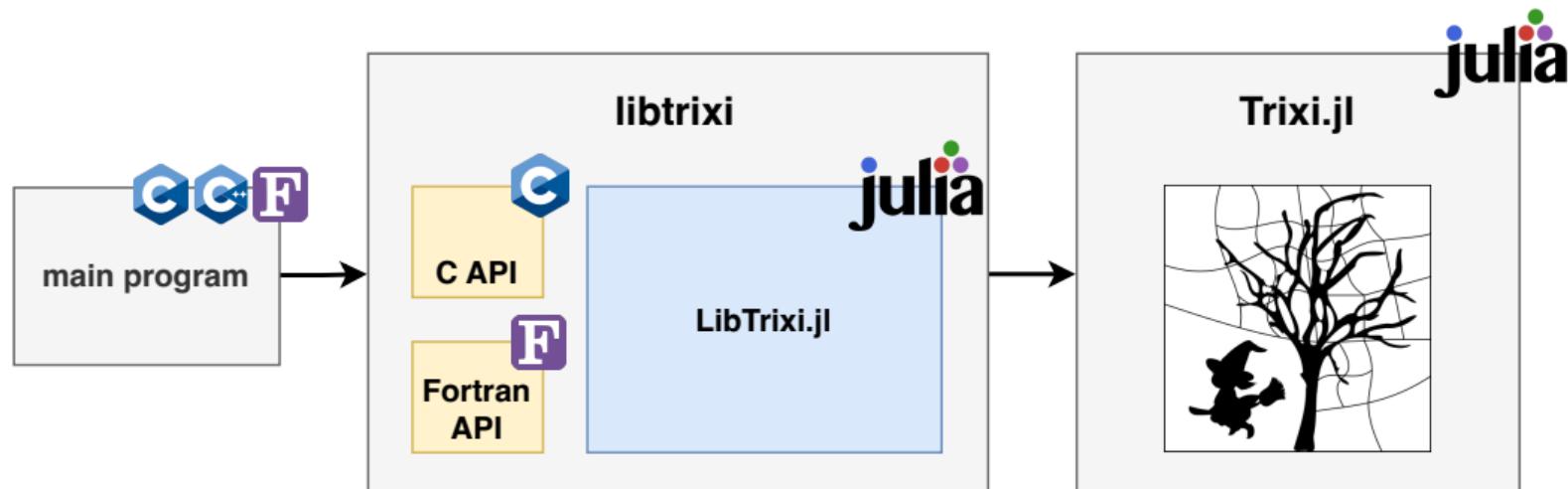
Mertens et al. (2021)

## Main challenges for the project

- ▶ How to shoehorn Julia's flexibility to a static C/Fortran API?
- ▶ Does it work with MPI?
- ▶ Is there a performance impact?
- ▶ Are there other restrictions?

# Overall setup

- ▶ main program (written in any language able to use C/Fortran interface)
- ▶ libtrixi: interface layer (written in C/Fortran and Julia)
- ▶ Trixi.jl: numerical simulation framework (written in Julia)



## Example: get element count (part 1: main program)

- ▶ Initialization: load libelixir and store simulation state
- ▶ Handle: integer value to address multiple simulation states

---

```
1 handle = trixi_initialize_simulation("path/to/libelixir.jl")
2 ...
3 trixi_nelements(handle)
```

---

## Combine components for simulation setup in an “libelixir”

---

```
1  using Trixi, LibTrixi
2
3  function init_simstate()
4      equations = CompressibleEulerEquations2D(1.4)
5      solver = DGSEM(polydeg = 3, surface_flux = flux_lax_friedrichs)
6      mesh = P4estMesh((8, 8), (-1.0, -1.0), (1.0, 1.0), polydeg = 3,
7                         initial_refinement_level = 1)
8
9      my_init(x, t, equations) = ...
10     semi = SemidiscretizationHyperbolic(mesh, equations, my_init, solver)
11
12     ...
13
14     return SimulationState(semi, integrator)
15 end
```

---

## Example: get element count (part 2: libtrixi, Fortran API)

- ▶ Fortran API only thin wrapper around C code (interface block)

---

```
1 interface
2     integer(c_int) function trixi_nelements(handle) bind(c)
3         integer(c_int), value, intent(in) :: handle
4     end function
5 end interface
```

---

## Example: get element count (part 3: libtrixi, C API)

- ▶ C API obtains and calls function pointers from Julia
- ▶ For performance: store function pointers during initialization

---

```
1 int trixi_nelements(int handle) {
2     const char* command = "@cfunction(trixi_nelements, Cint, (Cint,))";
3     jl_value_t* res = jl_eval_string(command);
4
5     int (*nelements)(int) = (void *)jl_unbox_voidpointer(res);
6
7     return nelements(handle);
8 }
```

---

## Example: get element count (part 4: LibTrixi.jl, external API)

- ▶ Julia function retrieves simulation state and calls internal API

---

```
1 Base.@ccallable function trixi_nelements(simstate_handle::Cint)::Cint
2     simstate = load_simstate(simstate_handle)
3     return trixi_nelements_jl(simstate)
4 end
```

---

## Example: get element count (part 5: LibTrixi.jl, internal API)

- ▶ Internal API function unpacks data wrappers and calls Trixi.jl function (`nelements`)

---

```
1 function trixi_nelements_jl(simstate)
2     _, _, solver, cache = mesh_equations_solver_cache(simstate.semi)
3     return nelements(solver, cache)
4 end
```

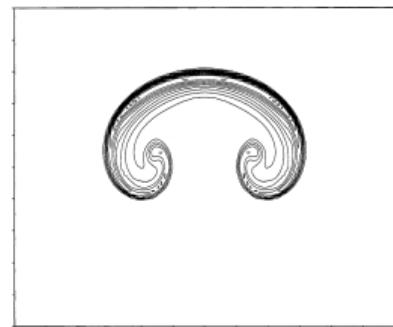
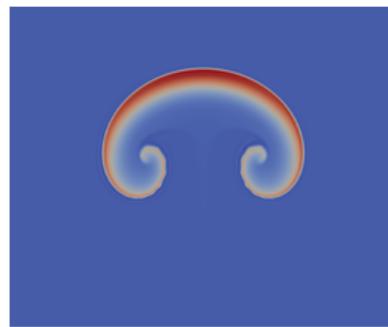
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## How to actually call Julia from C/Fortran?

- ▶ Default: use [C interface of Julia runtime](#) ([shown here](#))
- ▶ Advanced: use [PackageCompiler.jl](#) to skip C API of libtrixi ([long compilation](#))
- ▶ Extreme: use [StaticCompiler.jl](#) to skip Julia runtime ([not possible here](#))

## Rising thermal perturbation

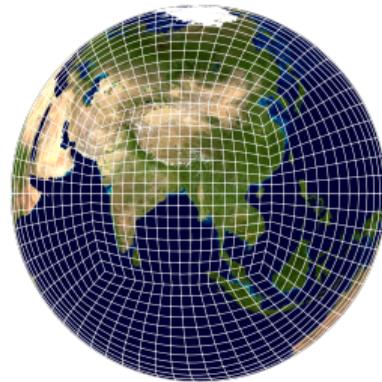
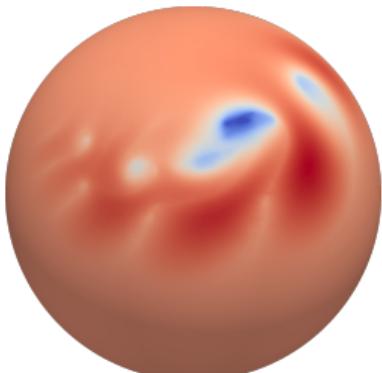
- ▶ Standard benchmark test case<sup>1</sup>
- ▶ 2D atmosphere in hydrostatic balance, initial circular perturbation in potential temperature
- ▶ Simulated using libtrixi from Fortran main program on 4 MPI ranks



Potential temperature and contour lines with libtrixi compared to result by Bryan and Frisch.

<sup>1</sup>Bryan, G. H., and J. M. Fritsch, Mon. Wea. Rev., 130, 2002, doi:10.1175/1520-0493(2002)130<2917:ABSMN>2.0.CO;2

# Baroclinic instability on cubed sphere (16 MPI ranks, 2.5 mio. cells)



Ground pressure with libtrxi and cubed-sphere mesh projected on a picture of the Earth.



Surface pressure with libtrxi (left) and reference solution<sup>2</sup> (MCore; right). Credit: Erik Faulhaber.

<sup>2</sup>Ullrich, Melvin et al., QJ Roy Meteor Soc 140.682, 2014, doi:10.1002/qj.2241

# Conclusions

- ▶ Controlling Julia code from C/C++/Fortran [works](#)
- ▶ No apparent [limitations](#) regarding performance or parallelism
- ▶ Advanced Julia constructs require [interface layer](#)
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**Thank you for your attention!**

Repro repo: <https://github.com/trixi-framework/talk-2024-deRSE-libtrixi>