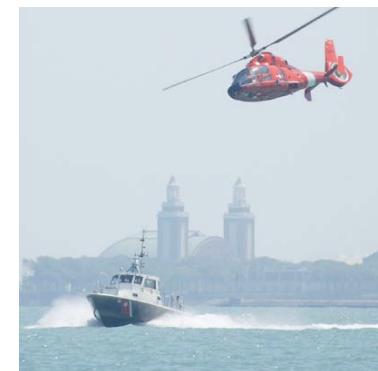




# Linking IOOS and Marine Transportation System

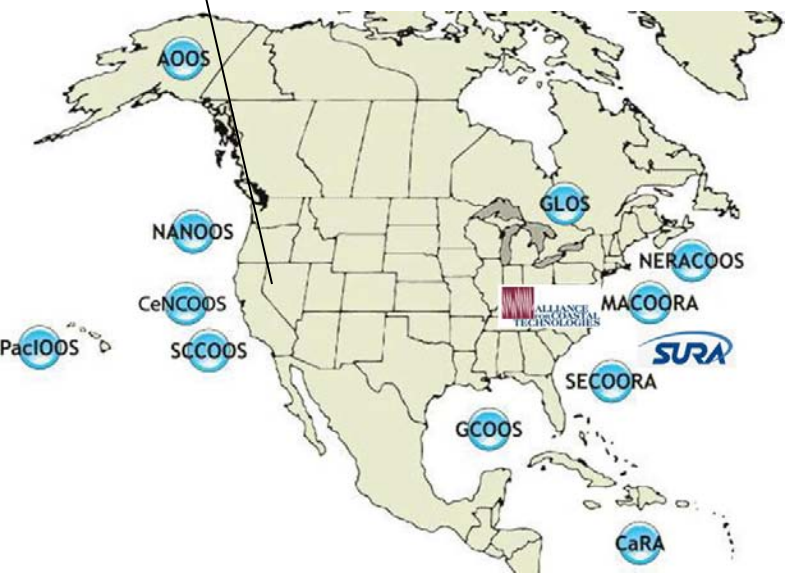
Josie Quintrell



# U.S. Integrated Ocean Observing System

Two interlinked components:

Coastal ————— Global



## 7 Goals - 1 System

- Improve predictions of climate change and weather
- **Improve the safety and efficiency of maritime operations**
- Improve forecasts of natural hazards
- Improve homeland security
- Minimize public health risks
- Protect and restore healthy coastal ecosystems
- Sustain living marine resources

# Coastal Component



- Geographic extent: EEZ to the head of the tide
- Regional/Federal Partnership
- Data Management and Communications (DMAC) connects regional and national scales

## Why Regional Approach?

Connection to users

Tailored products

Ties to regional experts

Facilitate regional needs

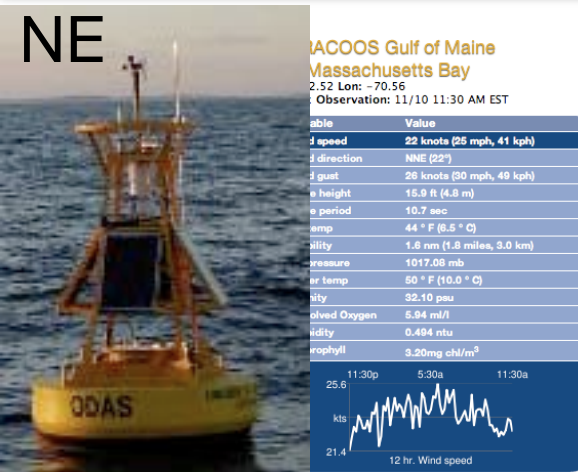
Testbeds for new technologies

Flexibility





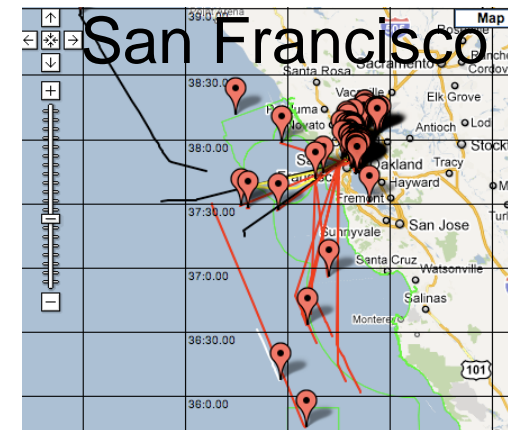
# Regional Association Activities Supporting Marine Operations: Multiple Responses - Navigation, Safety and Efficiency



Customized Products

Integrating observations and model forecasts

Real Time Sea  
State Conditions

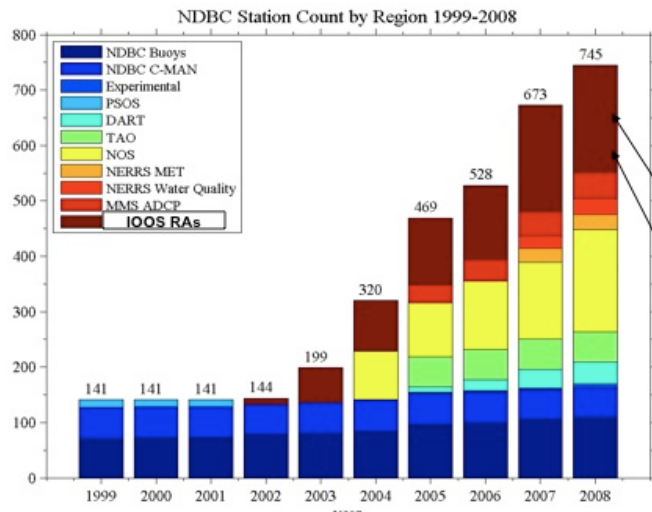


Beach Safety

Ship Tracking

Emergency Response

# Operational Partnerships Integrating IOOS Data: Multiple Delivery Methods



NDBC Station Count by Region



## National Data Buoy Center

- Serving non-federal data from RAs
- Over 50% of data served by NDBC is from external partners, enabled by IOOS DMAC

## Integrating IOOS data into NOAA's PORTS

- Waves: Chesapeake, San Francisco, Long Beach/Los Angeles and Mouth of Columbia River (through MOU with USACE/CDIP & PORTS)
- Currents: underway for NY/NJ Harbor
- Methodology established that allows for other sites to be incorporated



# Commonalities Across Regions: Waves and Surface Currents

An Integrated Ocean Observing System  
high quality surface-wave monitor  
which addresses the requirements

Prepared for the Interagency Working

March 2009



## A Plan to Meet the Nation's Needs for Surface Current Mapping

September 2009



Prepared for the  
Interagency Working  
Group on Ocean  
Observations

- Developed with community support from academia, regions, and federal agencies (ACT facilitated plans)
- Identified critical gaps, technical needs and data management requirements
- Includes estimated cost based on decades of experience
- Framework to facilitate leveraging

# Regional Build Out Plans: Common Marine Op Products

## **Safe and efficient operations**

- Wind, wave, current conditions, nowcasts and forecasts
- Integrated visualizations
- High resolution observations and models for ports, harbors, passages

## **Search and Rescue**

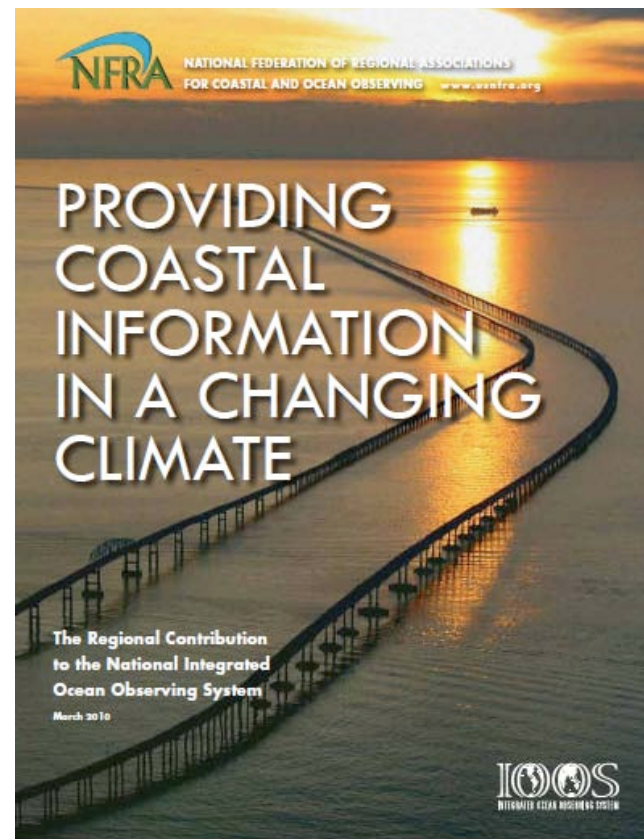
- Wind, wave, current nowcasts and forecasts for SAR

## **Spill Response**

- RT winds, waves, currents and forecasts/hindcasts for responders
- Surface and subsurface conditions

## **Offshore energy**

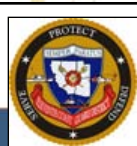
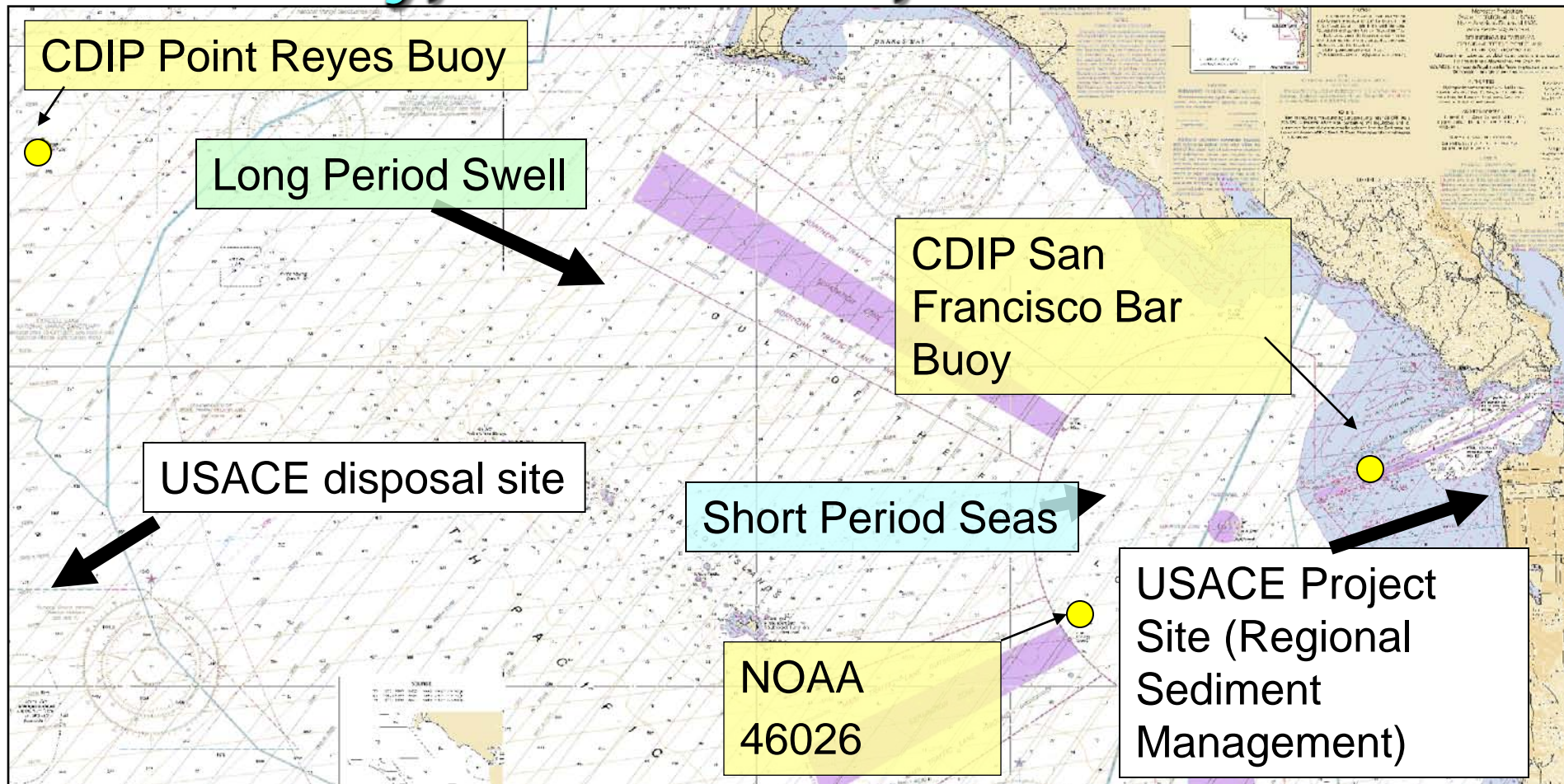
- Wind, wave, and current climatologies
- Maximize efficiency and safety of energy operations
- Real time and forecast winds, waves, currents





# San Francisco

## *Safety, Economics, Environment*







# San Francisco

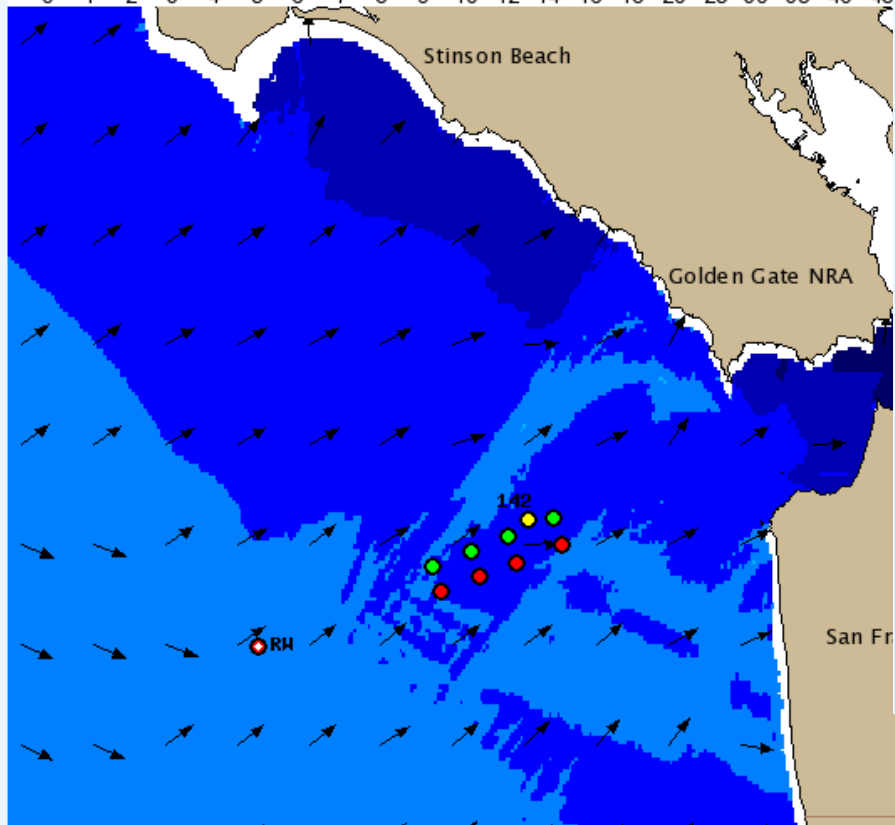
## Wave Map Browser

### *Safety, Efficiency*

#### CDIP Golden Gate Sea and Swell Model

Wave Height (ft) and peak dir

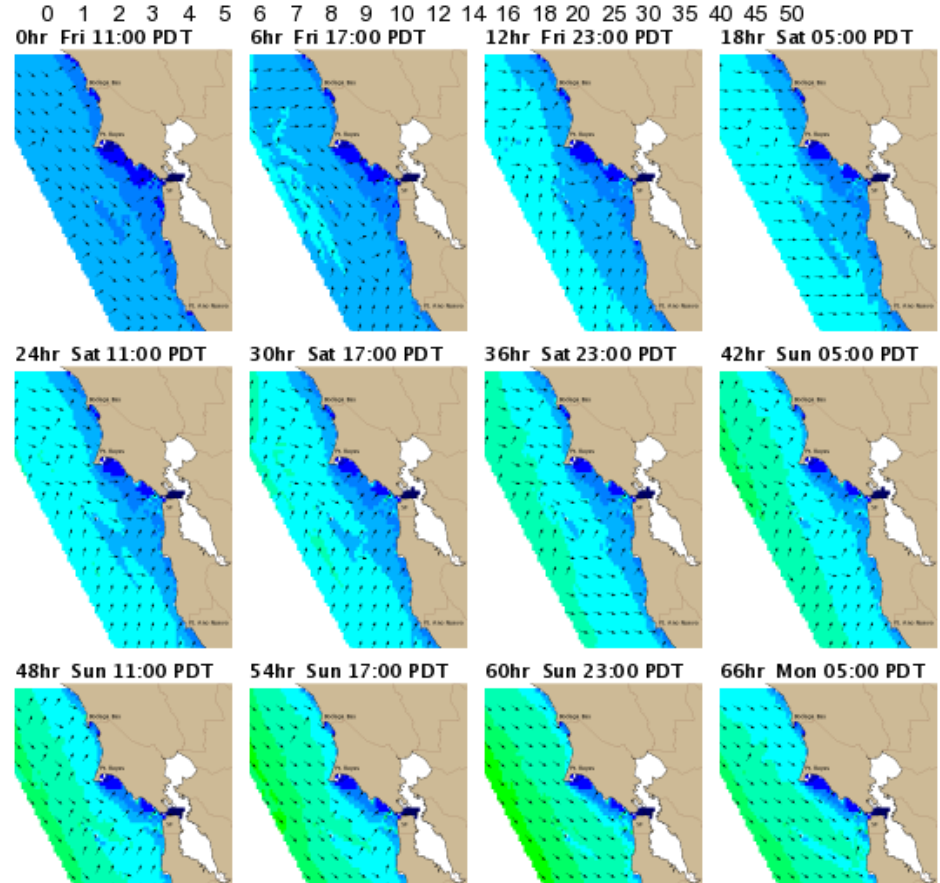
Fri 2010-08-20 10:



#### CDIP San Francisco Bay Swell Forecast Model

Wave Height (ft)

Run: 2010-08-20 11:00 PDT



*Understanding of  
Management Issues*

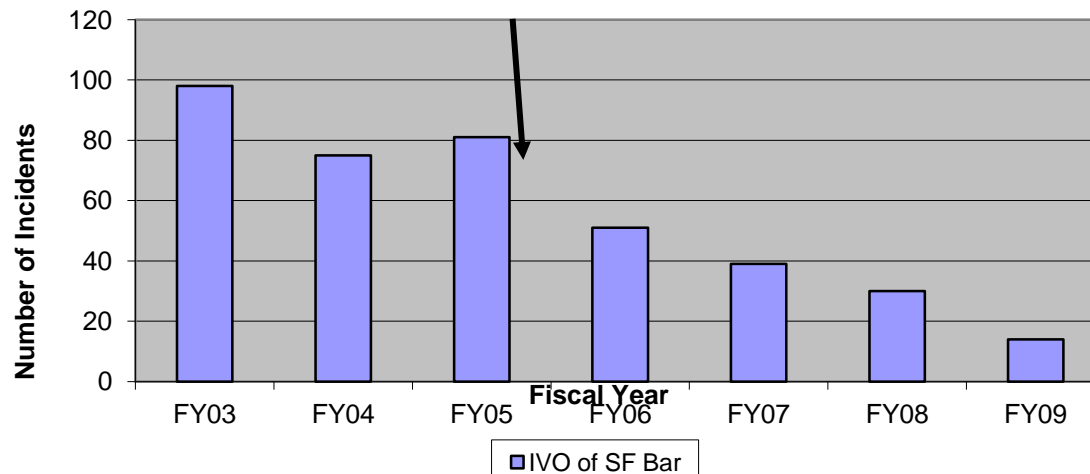
# San Francisco - *SAFETY*

Fiscal Year (FY)	Surf Cases	IVO of SF Bar	Total
FY03	32	98	130
FY04	28	75	103
FY05	29	81	110
FY06	18	51	69
FY07	20	39	59
FY08	19	30	49
FY09	11	14	25

## Marine Incidents (rescues) near SF Bar

Data supplied by the Coast Guard. Assimilated and Disseminated by the SF NWS Office.

### Bar Forecast Begun by MTR



Incidents in the Vicinity of SF Bar (IVO)



# Making a Difference

## *Safety & Efficiency*



SF NWS



*"This buoy allows for safer transits, safer pilot boat operations, and efficiency for the shippers that call at San Francisco Bay."*

Captain Bill Greig

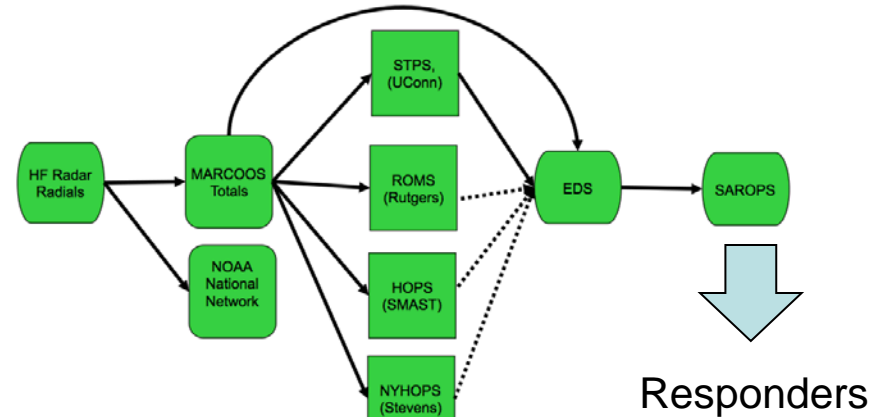
*"The valuable information available from this weather buoy plays a very crucial roll in my decision that relates to safe navigation of ships across the bar." Captain Carl Martin, Jr.*

*"This station has been a great benefit to me as a San Francisco Bar Pilot in route planning and risk assessment." Captain H.W. Kenyon*

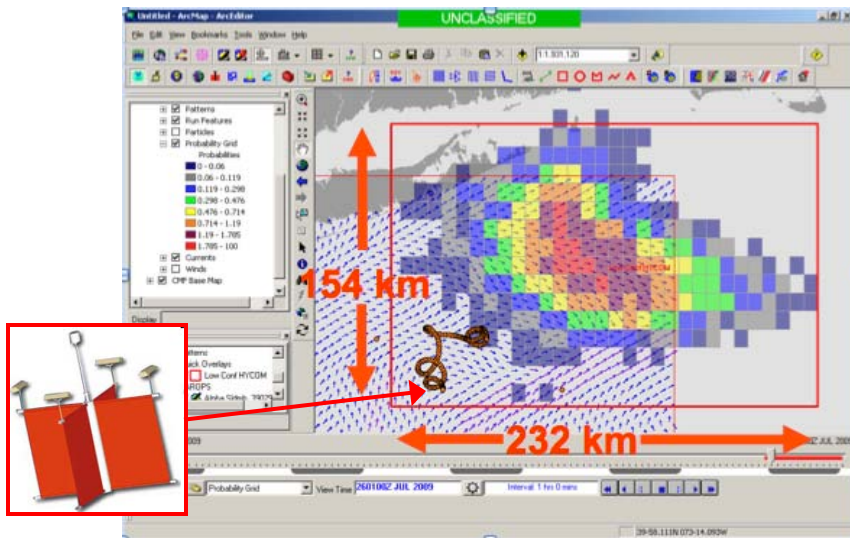
# U.S. Coast Guard: Search And Rescue Optimal Planning System



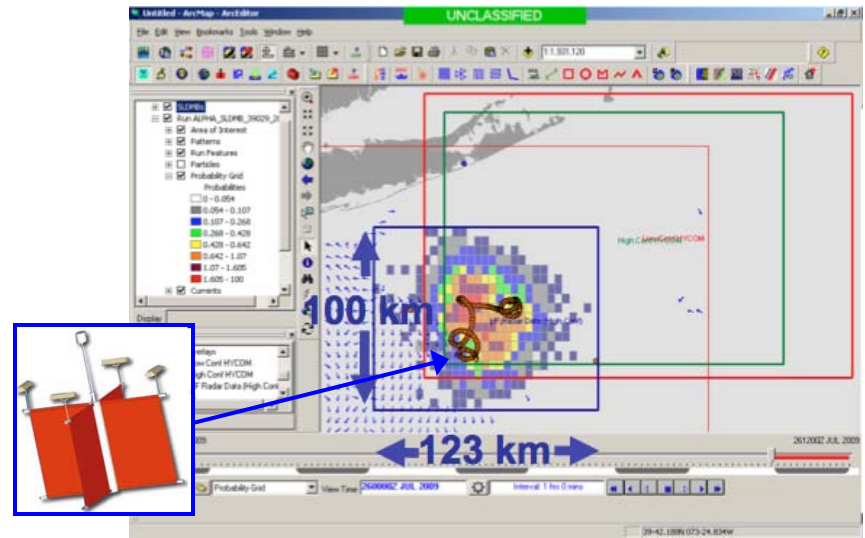
National HF Radar Network – 151 Sites



Mid-Atlantic Operational Data Flow to SAROPS



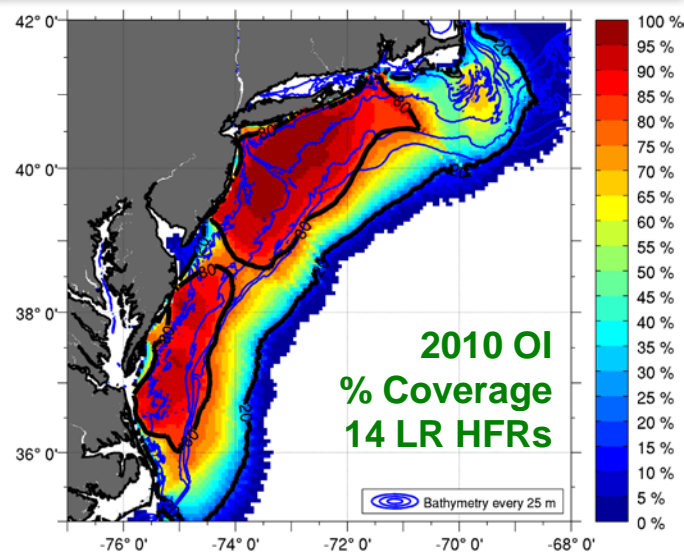
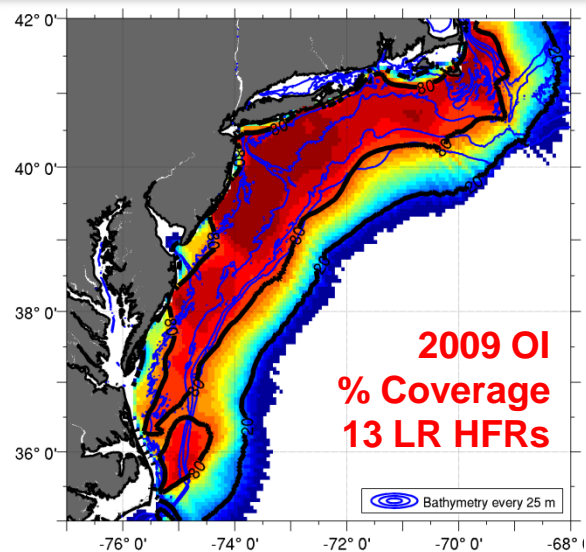
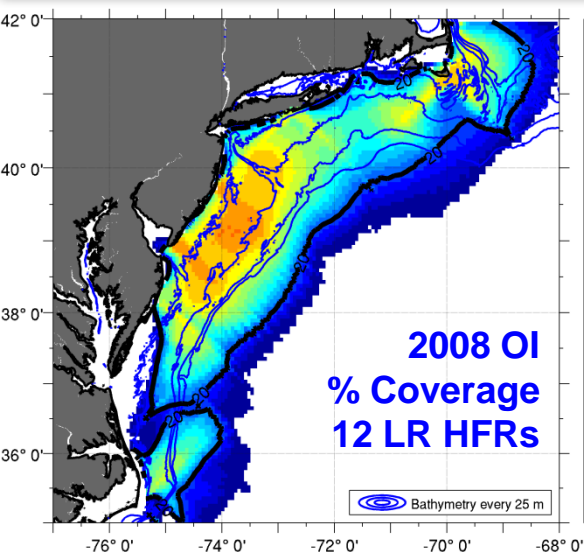
SAROPS 96-Hour Search Area: **HYCOM = 36,000 km<sup>2</sup>**



SAROPS 96-Hour Search Area: **HF Radar = 12,000 km<sup>2</sup>**



# IOOS Mid-Atlantic Bight: *High Frequency Radar (HFR) Coverage*



## Annual Coverage Changes:

**2008 to 2009** – Increase due to a focus on resiliency

**2009 to 2010** – Decrease due to a lack of spares

## USCG Coverage Target:

**80% Spatial Coverage**

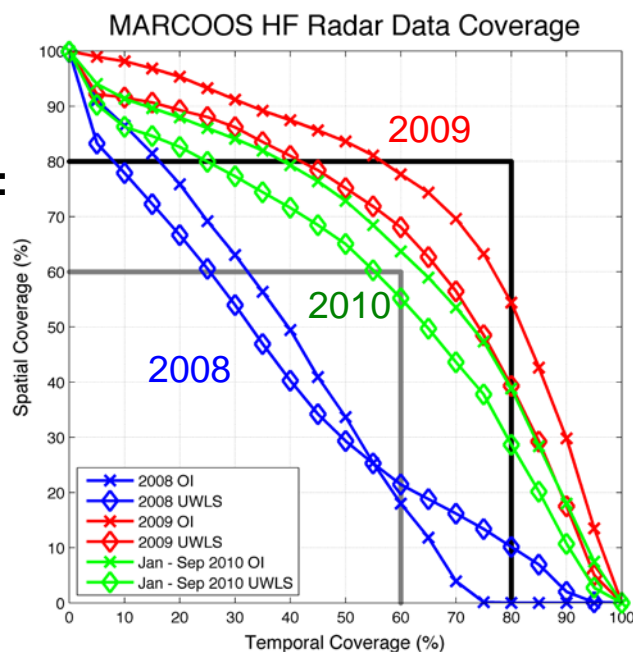
**80% of the Time**

## Staffing Requirements:

**MAB HFR Network = 14 LR HFRs + 14 SR HFRs.**

**National HFR Plan Recommends 8 Technicians.**

**IOOS Currently Supports 3 Technicians.**



# IOOS Coordinated Rapid Response: *Deepwater Horizon* Oil Spill

Contributed Assets:

## HF Radar Networks

*USF, USM*

## Gliders

*iRobot, Mote, Rutgers,*

*SIO/WHOI, UDeI, USF*

## Drifters & Profilers

*Horizon Marine, Navy*

## Satellite Imagery

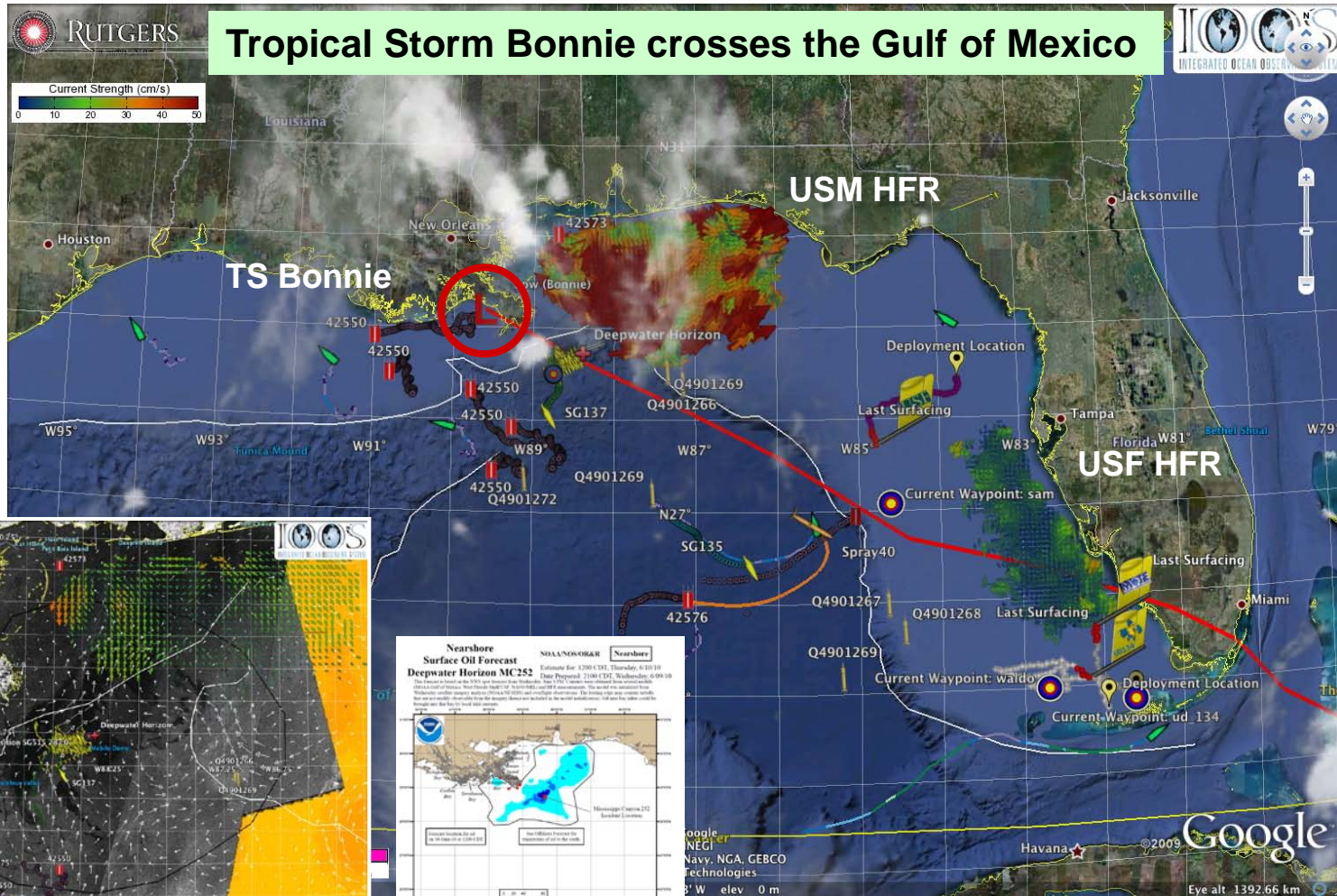
CSTARS, UDeI

## Ocean Forecasts

*Navy, NCSU*

## Data/Web Services

*ASA, Rutgers, SIO*



## USM HFR validation of SABGOM Forecast in region with satellite detected oil slicks

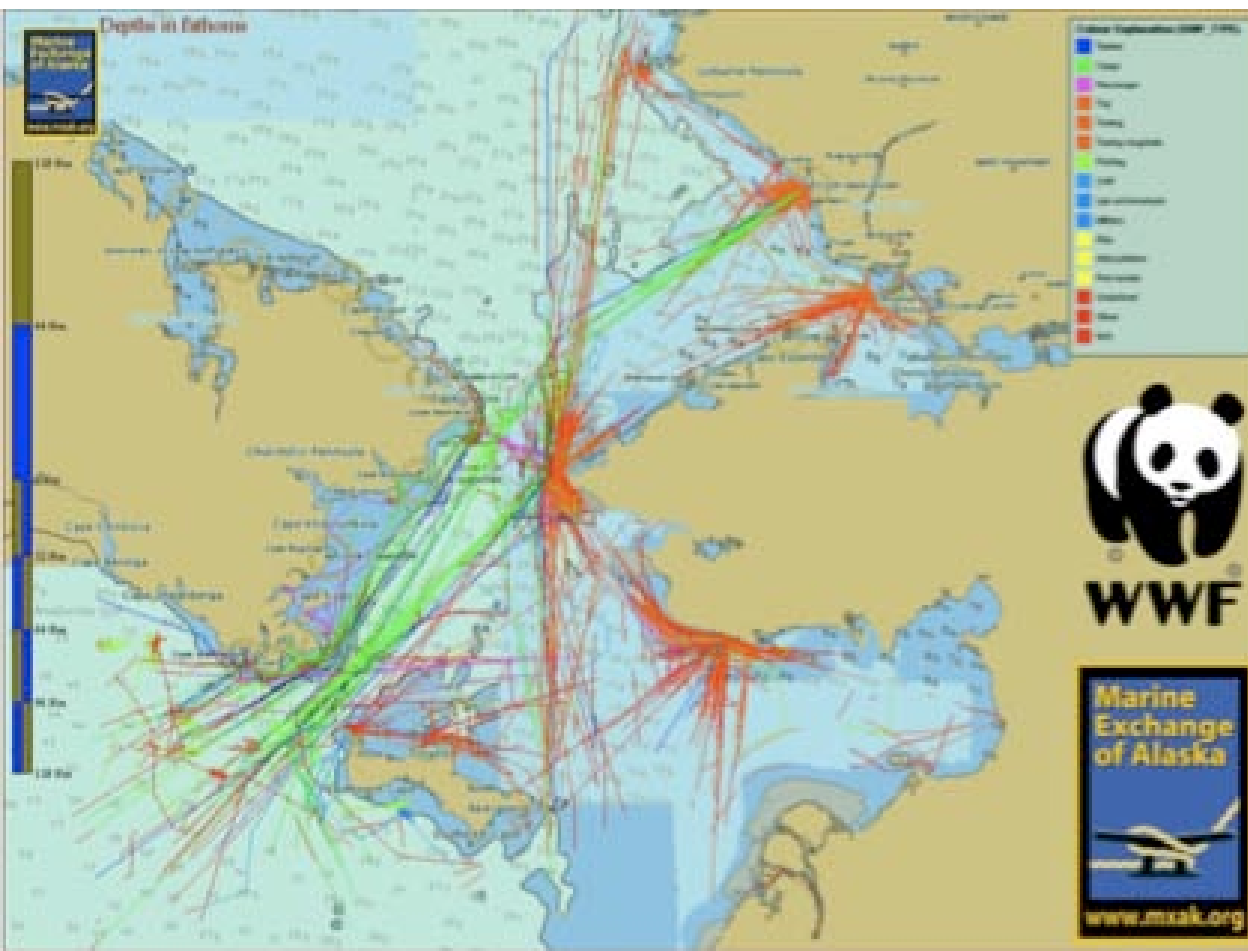
## HFR used for Oil Slick Forecasts by NOAA/NOS/OR&R



# Changing Arctic Conditions



# Bering Strait



- Marine Exchange and WWF using AIS to track vessels in Bering Strait
- AOOS received ocean planning funding from NOAA to develop data integration and visualization tool for shipping, oil and gas and commercial fisheries



# Disseminating Weather Info over AIS



## Current Situation

- Most vessels in AK receive real time weather data over VHF radio but coverage is limited and inefficient.
- AK has an existing network of 80+ AIS receiving stations.
- Many vessels have AIS transceivers already connected to this network.

## AOOS Plan:

- Develop pilot program to enhance existing AIS receiving stations to collect and broadcast real-time weather conditions and forecasts.
- Allow captains to see real-time ocean conditions on their AIS screens.
- Incrementally expand the number of AIS broadcast/WX stations.

# Next Steps

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- Regional Build Out Plans
  - 10 Year Vision and Needs
- IOOS Blue Print and Cost Estimate
- Build federal/regional partnerships
  - Build on relationships developed at regional level
  - Complete National Surface Current Mapping Plan
  - Continue to link and leverage assets