Scarcity of finite orbits for rational functions over a number fields.

Sebastian Troncoso

 $Birming ham\text{-}Southern\ College$

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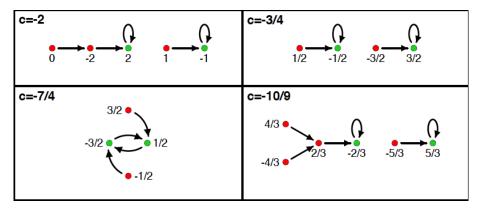
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Tail point: A point that is preperiodic but not periodic.

Examples:

We can view $\mathbb{P}^1(K)$ as $K \cup \infty$ and endomorphism of \mathbb{P}^1 as rational functions.



 \mathbb{Q} -rational tail points (red) and \mathbb{Q} -rational periodic points (green) of $\phi_c(z)=z^2+c$.

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Let $\phi: \mathbb{P}^n \to \mathbb{P}^n$ be an endomorphism of degree ≥ 2 defined over a number field K. Then ϕ has only finitely many preperiodic points in $\mathbb{P}^n(K)$.

- How large is the set $PrePer(\phi, K)$?
- Can we give an explicit bound?
- How is the bound depending on ϕ ?

We can deduce from the original proof of Northcott's theorem a bound for $|\operatorname{PrePer}(\phi,K)|$ depending on

- $D = [K : \mathbb{Q}]$
- ullet The dimension n of the projective space
- The degree d of ϕ .
- ullet height of the coefficients of ϕ

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Conjecture (Uniform Boundedness Conjecture - Morton-Silverman 1994)

There exists a bound B = B(D, n, d) such that if K/\mathbb{Q} is a number field of degree D, and $\phi : \mathbb{P}^n \to \mathbb{P}^n$ is an endomorphism of degree $d \geq 2$ defined over K, then

$$|\mathsf{PrePer}(\phi, K)| \leq B$$
.

Goal:

• Give an explicit bound for $|\operatorname{PrePer}(\phi, K)|$.

• To do so we need an extra parameter.

• Instead of the height of ϕ we use a weaker and more natural parameter.

ullet This parameter is the number of places of bad reduction of ϕ

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- Write ϕ in normal form:

$$\phi([x:y]) = [F(x,y): G(x,y)],$$

where F(x, y) and G(x, y) are coprime homogeneous polynomials of the same degree, with coefficients in $\mathcal{O}_{\mathfrak{p}}$ and at least one a \mathfrak{p} -unit.

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• We say ϕ has **good reduction** at \mathfrak{p} if F and G do not have a common zero module \mathfrak{p} in \mathbb{P}^1 .

Theorem

Let $\phi: \mathbb{P}^1 \to \mathbb{P}^1$ be a rational map of degree $d \geq 2$ defined over a number field K and $[K:\mathbb{Q}] = D$. Suppose ϕ has good reduction outside a finite set of places S, including all archimedean ones. Let s = |S|. Then

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- $|\mathit{PrePer}(K, \phi)| \leq \alpha d^2 + \beta d + \gamma$ where α , β and γ are roughly 2^{78s} .

 J.K. Canci, S. Troncoso and S. Vishkautsan (submitted).

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Get a bound for the set of preperiodic point under a mild hypothesis



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We use big theorems to lift the mild hypothesis and get the theorem.
 (Riemann-Hurwitz, Baker's Theorem, Kisaka's analysis on Baker's Theorem)

THANK YOU