

Exercise 1

a)

The data type Strange is strange, because it lacks a base case.

b)

Provide an induction principle for Strange.

$$\frac{\forall n s. P s \rightarrow P(C_1 n s) \quad \forall b s. P s \rightarrow P(C_2 b s)}{P s}$$

c)

$$\frac{\forall n s. False \rightarrow False \quad \forall b s. False \rightarrow False}{False}$$

Assume S:Strange
 Prove False
 Proof by inductions on S
 Case C_1
 Assume IH C_1 : False hence False Case C_2
 Assume IH C_2 : False hence False

Exercise 2

$$\frac{\begin{array}{l} (S, s) \Rightarrow \gamma \\ \forall s P \text{ skip } s s \\ \forall b S s P(\text{while } b \text{ do } S) s \langle \text{if } b \text{ then } (S; \text{ while } b \text{ do } S \text{ else skip, } \cdot) s \rangle > \\ \forall a s. P(x := a) s (s[x \rightarrow \mathcal{A}[a]_s]) \\ \forall S_1 S_2 s s'. \langle S_1, s \rangle \Rightarrow s' \rightarrow P S_1 s s' \rightarrow P (S_1; S_2) s \langle S_2, s' \rangle \\ \forall S_1 S_2 s s'. \langle S_1, s \rangle \Rightarrow \langle S_1'', s' \rangle \rightarrow P S_1 s s' \rightarrow P (S_1; S_2) s \langle S_2, s' \rangle \\ \forall b s s' S_1 S_2. \mathcal{B}[b]_s = \text{tt} \rightarrow P (\text{if } b \text{ then } S_1 \text{ else } S_2) s \langle S_1, s \rangle \\ \forall b s s' S_1 S_2. \mathcal{B}[b]_s = \text{ff} \rightarrow P (\text{if } b \text{ then } S_1 \text{ else } S_2) s \langle S_2, s \rangle \end{array}}{P S s}$$

$$[\text{if}_{\text{sos}}^{\text{ff}}] \forall s s' b S_1 S_2. \mathcal{B}[b]_s = \text{ff} \Rightarrow \langle S_2, s \rangle \rightarrow s' \Rightarrow P S_2 s s' \Rightarrow P \langle \text{if } b \text{ then } S_1 \text{ else } S_2, s \rangle \rightarrow s'$$

$$[\text{while}_{\text{sos}}] \forall s s' s'' b S. \langle S, s \rangle \rightarrow s'' \Rightarrow \langle \text{while } b \text{ do } S, s'' \rangle \rightarrow s' \\ P S s s'' \Rightarrow P \langle \text{while } b \text{ do } S, s'' \rangle \rightarrow s' \Rightarrow P (\text{while } b \text{ do } S) s'' s' \Rightarrow \mathcal{B}[b]_s = \text{tt} \Rightarrow P (\text{while } b \text{ do } S) s s$$

$$[\text{while}_{\text{sos}}] \forall b S. \mathcal{B}[b]_s = \text{ff} \Rightarrow P (\text{while } b \text{ do } S) s s$$

Exercise 3

Prove that if $(S_1, s) \Rightarrow^k s'$ then $(S_1; S_2, s) \Rightarrow^k (S_2, s')$

We can assume A:

$$(S_1, s) \Rightarrow^k s'$$

Only two derivation rules can be used to derive B:

$$(S_1; S_2, s) \Rightarrow^k (S_2, s')$$

The first is C:

$$[\text{comp}_{\text{sos}}^1] \frac{(S_1, s) \Rightarrow (S'_1, s')}{(S_1; S_2, s) \Rightarrow (S'_1; S_2, s')}$$

and the second D:

$$[\text{comp}_{\text{sos}}^2] \frac{(S_1, s) \Rightarrow s'}{(S_1; S_2, s) \Rightarrow (S_2, s')}$$

Since we assume A, that S_1 terminates in s' in k steps, we have the assumptions needed to use D and therefore show that the execution of S_1 is not influence by the following statements.

Exercise 4