

Figure 9.21 One to many association between the Customer and Hire classes

make, model and size, the start date of the hire, the number of days' hire, the deposit and the hire fee paid.

- 9.3 Using fictitious data, show how the Hire class from the Wheels system can be implemented in a relational database. Hint: remember to add a field to uniquely identify individual hires.
- 9.4 Figure 9.21 shows a one to many relationship between the Customer and the Hire class. List two ways in which this could be implemented in a relational database.