

# Cheat sheet: classes

Concept	How to define it	How to use it	Notes
Constructor	<pre>class MyClass:     def __init__(self):         ...</pre>	<pre>my_obj = MyClass()</pre>	Called when creating an instance of a class.
Instance attribute	<pre>class MyClass:     def __init__(self):         self.my_attribute = ...</pre>	<pre>my_obj.my_attribute</pre>	A variable that is bound to an object. Its value can be different across instances.
Class attribute	<pre>class MyClass:     my_attribute = ...</pre>	<pre>MyClass.my_attribute my_obj.my_attribute</pre>	A variable that is bound to a class. Its value is the same across all instances.
Instance method	<pre>class MyClass:     def my_method(self):         ...</pre>	<pre>my_obj.my_method()</pre>	A function that is bound to an object. Its implementation has access to the instance (self).
Class method	<pre>class MyClass:     @classmethod     def my_method(cls):         ...</pre>	<pre>MyClass.my_method() my_obj.my_method()</pre>	A function that is bound to a class.
Static method	<pre>class MyClass:     @staticmethod     def my_method():         ...</pre>	<pre>MyClass.my_method() my_obj.my_method()</pre>	A function that is bound to a class. Its implementation does not have access to the class or the instance.
Special method	<pre>class MyClass:     def __getitem__(self, idx):         ...</pre>	<pre>my_obj[42]</pre>	Reserved method name for implementing syntactic sugar. <a href="#">List of all special method names.</a>
“Private” attribute/method	<pre>class MyClass:     def _my_method(self):         self._my_attribute = ...</pre>	<pre>self._my_method() self._my_attribute</pre>	Indicates that the attribute/method should only be used from inside the class and is not part of the public interface.

## Cheat sheet: inheritance

Concept	Example	Notes
Superclass / parent class	<pre>class Parent:     def my_method(self):         ...</pre>	
Subclass / child class	<pre><b>class Child(Parent):</b>     pass</pre>	Inherits methods from parent class.
super()	<pre>class Child(Parent):     def my_method(self):         <b>super().my_method()</b>         ...</pre>	Delegates method calls to the parent class.
Abstract class Abstract method	<pre>from abc import ABC, abstractmethod  class AbstractParent(<b>ABC</b>):     <b>@abstractmethod</b>     def my_abstract_method(self):         pass</pre>	Cannot be instantiated (calling AbstractParent() raises an error). Requires child classes to implement all abstract methods.