## ALA BLATTNR. 09 26.06.2014

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**1.** (i)

$$f(x,y) = 2x^2y^2 - 3xy + 4x + 2$$

$$f_x = 4xy^2 - 3y + 4 \qquad f_y = 4x^2y - 3x$$

git

(ii)

$$f(x,y) = \cos(x^2y) \cdot e^{xy}$$

$$f_x = -\sin(x^2y) \cdot 2xy \cdot e^{xy} + \cos(x^2y) \cdot y \cdot e^{xy}$$

$$f_y = -\sin(x^2y) \cdot x^2 \cdot e^{xy} + \cos(x^2y) \cdot x \cdot e^{yx}$$

(iii)

$$f(x,y) = \frac{\sin x + \cos y}{x^2 + y^2}$$

$$f_x = \frac{\cos x \cdot x^2 y^2 - (\sin x + \cos y) \cdot 2x}{(x^2 + y^2)^2}$$

$$f_y = \frac{-\sin \cdot x^2 y^2 - (\sin x + \cos y) \cdot 2y}{(x^2 + y^2)^2}$$

(iv)

$$f(x,y) = \sqrt{1 - x^2 - y^2}$$

$$f_x = \frac{1}{2}(1 - 2x)^{-\frac{1}{2}}$$
  $f_y = \frac{1}{2}(1 - 2y)^{-\frac{1}{2}}$ 

2.

**3.** (i)

$$f(x,y) = -x^{2} - y^{2} + xy + x + 6$$

$$f_{x} = -2x + y + 1$$

$$f_{y} = -2y + x$$

$$f_{xx} = -2$$

$$f_{yy} = -2$$

$$f_{xy} = 1$$

$$f_{yx} = -2$$

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} -2 & 1 \\ -2 & -2 \end{pmatrix}$$

A ist negativ definit, da  $f_{xx} = -2$  und  $\Delta = 2$ .

(ii)

$$f(x,y) = 3x^{2} + 2y^{2} - xy - 4x + y + 1$$

$$f_{x} = 6x - y - 4$$

$$f_{y} = 4y - x + 1$$

$$f_{xx} = 6$$

$$f_{yy} = 4$$

$$f_{xy} = -1$$

$$f_{yx} = -1$$

$$B = \begin{pmatrix} 6 & -1 \\ -1 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

B ist positiv definit, da  $f_{xx} = 6$  und  $\Delta = 23$  (> 0).

(iii)

$$f(x,y) = 3x^{2} + y^{2} + 4xy - x + y + 2$$

$$f_{x} = 6x + 4y - 1$$

$$f_{y} = 2y + 4x + 1$$

$$f_{xx} = 6$$

$$f_{yy} = 2$$

$$f_{xy} = 4$$

$$f_{yx} = 4$$

$$C = \begin{pmatrix} 6 & 4 \\ 4 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

C ist indefinit, da  $f_{xx}=12$  also positiv ist, aber  $\Delta=-4~(<0)$ 

(iv)

$$f(x,y) = x^{3} + 4y^{3} - 9x - 48y + 7$$

$$f_{x} = 3x^{2} - 9$$

$$f_{y} = 12y^{2} - 48$$

$$f_{xx} = 6x$$

$$f_{yy} = 12y$$

$$f_{xy} = 0$$

$$f_{yx} = 0$$

4.