ALA BLATTNR. **ABGABEDATUM**

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- 1. TODO
- 2. TODO
- **3.** a)

Umformen:

$$f(x) = (x + 1)^{x+2} = e^{\ln(x+1)^{x+2}} = e^{\ln(x+1)(x+2)}$$

Differenzieren:

$$f'(x) = \left(e^{\ln(x+1)(x+2)}\right)'$$

$$= e^{\ln(x+1)(x+2)} \cdot ((x+2) \cdot \ln(x+1))'$$

$$= e^{\ln(x+1)(x+2)} \cdot \left(x \cdot \ln(x+1) + (x+2) \cdot \frac{1}{(x+1)}\right)$$

$$= (x+1)^{x+2} \cdot \left(x \cdot \ln(x+1) + \frac{x+2}{(x+1)}\right)$$

b) (i)

Umformen:

$$g(x) = (x^2 + 5)^{x^4 + 3} = e^{\ln(x^2 + 5)^{x^4 + 3}} = e^{(x^4 + 3) \cdot \ln(x^2 + 5)}$$

 ${\bf Differenzieren:}$

$$g'(x) = \left(e^{(x^4+3)\cdot ln(x^2+5)}\right)'$$

$$= e^{(x^4+3)\cdot ln(x^2+5)} \cdot \left((x^4+3)\cdot ln(x^2+5)\right)$$

$$= e^{(x^4+3)\cdot ln(x^2+5)} \cdot \left(4x^3\cdot ln(x^2+5) + (x^4+3)\cdot \frac{2x}{x^2+5}\right)$$

$$= (x^2+5)^{x^4+3} \cdot \left(4x^3\cdot ln(x^2+5) + \frac{2x^5+6x}{x^2+5}\right)$$

(ii)

Umformen:

$$h(x) = (x^4 + 3)^{\sqrt{3x+1}} = e^{\ln(x^4 + 3)^{\sqrt{3x+1}}} = e^{\sqrt{3x+1} \cdot \ln(x^4 + 3)}$$

Differenzieren:

$$h'(x) = e^{\sqrt{3x+1} \cdot \ln(x^4+3)}$$

$$h'(x) = e^{\sqrt{3x+1} \cdot \ln(x^4+3)} \cdot \left(\sqrt{3x+1} \cdot \ln(x^4+3)\right)$$

$$= e^{\sqrt{3x+1} \cdot \ln(x^4+3)} \cdot \left((\sqrt{3x+1})' \cdot \ln(x^4+3) + \sqrt{3x+1} \cdot \frac{4x^3}{x^4+3}\right)$$

$$= (x^4+3)^{\sqrt{3x+1}} \cdot \left((\sqrt{3x+1})' \cdot \ln(x^4+3) + \frac{4x^3\sqrt{3x+1}}{x^4+3}\right)$$

c)

Umformen:

$$f(x) = 3^x = e^{\ln(3^x)} = e^{x \cdot \ln 3}$$

Differenzieren:

$$f'(x) = \left(e^{x \cdot ln3}\right)'$$

$$= e^{x \cdot ln3} \cdot (x \cdot ln3)'$$

$$= e^{x \cdot ln3} \cdot \left(1 * ln3 + x \cdot \frac{0}{3}\right)$$

$$= 3^{x} \cdot (ln3)$$

Umformen:

$$f(x) = x^{\frac{1}{3}} = e^{\ln(x^{\frac{1}{3}})} = e^{\frac{1}{3} \cdot \ln x}$$

Differenzieren:

$$f'(x) = \left(e^{\frac{1}{3} \cdot lnx}\right)'$$

$$f'(x) = e^{\frac{1}{3} \cdot ln \ x} \cdot \left(\frac{1}{3} \cdot lnx\right)'$$

$$= e^{\frac{1}{3} \cdot lnx} \cdot \left(lnx + \frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{x}\right)$$

$$= x^{\frac{1}{3}} \cdot \left(lnx + \frac{\frac{1}{3}x}{x}\right)$$

- **4.** (ii) $f'(x) = cos(x^2) \cdot 2x$
 - (iii) $f'(x) = 2 \cdot sin(x) \cdot cos(x)$
 - (iv) f'(x) = cos(2x)
 - (v) $f'(x) = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{-(-1+x)x}}$
 - (vi) $f'(x) = (x^3 1)^{arctan(x)} \cdot \frac{1}{1+x^2} \cdot ln(x^3 1) + arctan(x) \cdot \left(\frac{1}{x^3 1} \cdot 3x^2\right)$
- **5. TODO**
- **6. TODO**