
TROPIC01

ODN_TR01_app_005

First Pairing Key Application Note

Version: 1.1

Abstract

This application note explains usage of the first Pairing Key in TROPIC01.

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Glossary

- **CPU** – Central Processing Unit
- **SDK** – Software development kit

1 Introduction

This application note describes:

1. Meaning and Usage of Pairing Keys in TROPIC01.
2. Options Tropic Square provides when it comes to the key in the first Pairing Key slot (S_{H0PRIV} , S_{H0PUB}).
3. Best practices when it comes to handling of keys in Pairing Key slots.

1.1 Target Audience

This document is intended for Embedded Engineers, Product Managers and System Architects developing devices with TROPIC01.

1.2 Theoretical Background

TROPIC01 connects with Host MCU via asymmetric key exchange mechanism. The key exchange establishes a Secure Channel. Secure Channel is a connection that is private between TROPIC01 and a remote party. For more details on Secure Channel, see [1].

This Secure Channel connection is diversified by a Pairing Key pair (S_{Hi}). Different Pairing Keys allows TROPIC01 to connect securely with different remote parties. The Pairing Key pair consists of:

- Public Key (S_{HiPUB}) - Stored in TROPIC01
- Private Key (S_{HiPRIV}) - Known by a remote party

There can be up to 4 Public Pairing Keys in TROPIC01. TROPIC01 has a single Pairing Key slot for each Pairing Key.

Once a Secure Channel is established, the remote party can:

- Write new Pairing Keys to TROPIC01 (**Pairing Key Write**, see [2]).
- Invalidate Pairing Keys in TROPIC01 (**Pairing Key Invalidate**, see [2]).

The Host MCU can write a Pairing Key to each Pairing Key slot only once. Once written, the Host MCU can use the Pairing Key to establish a Secure Channel. Once a Pairing Key is invalidated, it is not possible to establish Secure Channel on such Pairing Key slot anymore.

1.3 First Pairing Key

To allow the very first Secure Channel to be established:

- Public part of the first Pairing Key (S_{H0PUB}) must be present in TROPIC01.
- Private part of the first Pairing Key (S_{H0PRIV}) must be known by the remote party.

Tropic Square stores the public part of the first Pairing Key to TROPIC01 during manufacturing.

2 Use Cases

Tropic Square provides following options of writing the first Pairing Key to TROPIC01:

- Default first Pairing Key.
- Customer specific first Pairing Key.

2.1 Default first Pairing Key

Tropic Square generates the first Pairing Key pair, and programs its public part to TROPIC01. The private Pairing Key is publicly available in the TROPIC01 SDK – Libtropic [3].

Pros:

- Simple setup – the device works out of the box with Libtropic (see the *Get Started → Default Pairing Keys for a Secure Channel Handshake* section in the Libtropic documentation [3] for more information on how to use the default Pairing Keys).
- No special arrangement needed with Tropic Square.

Cons:

- Common first Pairing Key for many customers.
- One less Pairing Key slot for Keys that are private only to the customer.

! Warning!

When customer uses this option, they shall only use the Secure Channel on the first Pairing Key slot to store their own generated Pairing Key to the next slot. Then customers shall invalidate the first Pairing Key.

2.2 Customer specific first Pairing Key

With this option, the customer generates his own first Pairing Key, and delivers its public part to Tropic Square. Tropic Square writes this key to TROPIC01 during manufacturing. Customer does not need to reveal the first Pairing Key to anyone.

Tropic Square assigns custom Part Number to devices with this key. Such Part Number is available only to the customer who generated the Pairing Key pair. As the customer is the only party who knows the private key of the first Pairing Key Pair, they are the only party able to ever use such device.

Pros:

- Ultimate security.
- Devices with this Pairing Key will only ever establish Secure Channel with single customer.
- All Pairing Key slots can be used by the customer.
- No need to invalidate the key in the first Pairing Key slot.

Cons:

- Custom agreement needed with Tropic Square.

3 Usage Examples

3.1 How to set-up custom First Pairing Key.

To set-up custom first Pairing Key:

1. Generate an X25519 Key Pair, e.g. via OpenSSL command in Linux terminal like so:

```
openssl genpkey -algorithm x25519 -out sh0-priv.pem  
openssl pkey -in sh0-priv.pem -pubout -out sh0-pub.pem
```

This will generate:

- *sh0-priv.pem* - Private Key
 - *sh0-pub.pem* - Public Key
2. Reach out to Tropic Square at support@tropicsquare.com, and query TROPIC01 manufacturing with customer specific First Pairing key. During the business process you will be asked to deliver the *sh0-pub.pem* - Public Part of the first Pairing Key.
 3. After you receive the TROPIC01 devices with your custom First Pairing Key, you can establish a Secure Channel Session with it – see the *Get Started → Default Pairing Keys for a Secure Channel Handshake* section in the Libtropic documentation [3] for more information.
 4. Proceed with compiling Libtropic as explained in its documentation [3].

3.2 How to write a Pairing Key

To Write Pairing Key to a Pairing Key slot, call the following Libtropic function:

```
/**  
 * @brief Writes pairing public key into TROPIC01's pairing key slot 0-3  
 * @warning The pairing keys reside in I-Memory, which has narrower operating temperature  
 range (-20 C to 85 C) than  
 * the rest of TROPIC01. New CPU firmware versions (v2.0.0 and newer) return error when the  
 operation is unsuccessful,  
 * but with older firmwares the operation fails silently. If you use CPU firmware older than  
 v2.0.0, make sure to  
 * manually check whether the pairing key was correctly written if operating outside this  
 range. Refer to datasheet for  
 * absolute maximum ratings.  
 *  
 * @param h          Handle for communication with TROPIC01  
 * @param pairing_pub 32B of pubkey  
 * @param slot       Pairing key lot SHOPUB - SH3PUB  
 *  
 * @retval           LT_OK Function executed successfully  
 * @retval           other Function did not execute successfully, you might use  
 lt_ret_verbose() to get verbose encoding  
 * of returned value  
 */  
lt_ret_t lt_pairing_key_write(lt_handle_t *h, const uint8_t *pairing_pub, const uint8_t slot  
 );
```

3.3 How to Invalidate a Pairing Key

To Invalidate Pairing Key in a Pairing Key slot, call the following Libtropic function:

```
/**  
 * @brief Invalidates pairing key in slot 0-3  
 * @warning The pairing keys reside in I-Memory, which has narrower operating temperature  
 range (-20 C to 85 C) than  
 * the rest of TROPIC01. New CPU firmware versions (v2.0.0 and newer) return error when the  
 operation is unsuccessful,  
 * but with older firmwares the operation fails silently. If you use CPU firmware older than  
 v2.0.0, make sure to  
 * manually check whether the pairing key was correctly invalidated if operating outside  
 this range. Refer to datasheet  
 * for absolute maximum ratings.  
 *  
 * @param h          Handle for communication with TROPIC01  
 * @param slot       Pairing key lot SHOPUB - SH3PUB  
 *  
 * @retval           LT_OK Function executed successfully  
 * @retval           other Function did not execute successfully, you might use  
 lt_ret_verbose() to get verbose encoding  
 * of returned value  
 */  
lt_ret_t lt_pairing_key_invalidate(lt_handle_t *h, const uint8_t slot);
```

Version history

Version	Date	Description
1.0	30.9.2025	Initial public release.
1.1	27.11.2025	Sync all Libtropic parts with release v3.0.0

References

- [1] ODD_TR01_datasheet, TROPIC01 Datasheet, Tropic Square
- [2] ODU_TR01_user_api – TROPIC01 User API, Tropic Square
- [3] TROPIC01 SDK – Libtropic,
Github: <https://github.com/tropicsquare/libtropic>
Documentation: <https://tropicsquare.github.io/libtropic/>



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