CONTENTPROVIDER

TODAY'S TOPICS

CONTENTPROVIDER & CONTENTRESOLVER

CONTENTRESOLVER METHODS

CURSORLOADER

IMPLEMENTING CONTENTPROVIDERS

CONTENTPROVIDER

REPRESENTS A REPOSITORY OF STRUCTURED DATA

ENCAPSULATES DATA SETS

ENFORCES DATA ACCESS PERMISSIONS

CONTENTPROVIDER

INTENDED FOR INTER-APPLICATION DATA
SHARING

CLIENTS ACCESS CONTENTPROVIDERS THROUGH A CONTENTRESOLVER

CONTENTRESOLVER

PRESENTS A DATABASE-STYLE INTERFACE FOR READING & WRITING DATA

QUERY, INSERT, UPDATE, DELETE, ETC.

PROVIDES ADDITIONAL SERVICES SUCH AS CHANGE NOTIFICATION

CONTENTRESOLVER

GET REFERENCE TO CONTENTRESOLVER BY CALLING Context.getContentResolver()

CONTENTPROVIDER & CONTENTRESOLVER

TOGETHER THESE CLASSES LET CODE RUNNING
IN ONE PROCESS ACCESS DATA MANAGED BY
ANOTHER PROCESS

ANDROID CONTENTPROVIDERS

BROWSER - BOOKMARKS, HISTORY

CALL LOG- TELEPHONE USAGE

CONTACTS - CONTACT DATA

MEDIA - MEDIA DATABASE

USERDICTIONARY - DATABASE FOR PREDICTIVE SPELLING

MANY MORE

CONTENTPROVIDER DATA MODEL

DATA REPRESENTED LOGICALLY AS DATABASE TABLES

_ID	artist
13	Lady Gaga
44	Frank Sinatra
45	Elvis Presley
53	Barbara Streisand

URI

CONTENT PROVIDERS REFERENCED BY URIS

THE FORMAT OF THE URI IDENTIFIES SPECIFIC DATA SETS MANAGED BY SPECIFIC CONTENTPROVIDERS

FORMAT

CONTENT://AUTHORITY/PATH/ID

CONTENT - SCHEME INDICATING DATA THAT IS MANAGED BY A CONTENT PROVIDER

AUTHORITY - ID FOR THE CONTENT PROVIDER

PATH - 0 OR MORE SEGMENTS INDICATING THE TYPE OF DATA TO BE ACCESSED

ID - A SPECIFIC RECORD BEING REQUESTED

EXAMPLE: CONTACTS URI

ContactsContract.Contacts.CONTENT_URI =

"content://com.android.contacts/contacts/"

authority

path

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CONTENTRESOLVER.QUERY()

RETURNS A CURSOR FOR ITERATING OVER THE SET OF RESULTS

EXTRACTS CONTACT INFORMATION FROM
THE ANDROID CONTACTS CONTENTPROVIDER
DISPLAYS EACH CONTACT'S NAME AND
PHOTO, IF AVAILABLE



```
if (null != photoContentUri) {
    InputStream input = null;
    try {
        // Read thumbnail data from input stream
        input = context.getContentResolver().openInputStream(
                Uri.parse(photoContentUri));
        if (input != null) {
            photoBitmap = new BitmapDrawable(
                    mApplicationContext.getResources(), input);
            photoBitmap.setBounds(0, 0, mBitmapSize, mBitmapSize);
    } catch (FileNotFoundException e) {
        Log.i(TAG, "FileNotFoundException");
// Set thumbnail image
textView.setCompoundDrawables(photoBitmap, null, null, null);
```

}

CURSORLOADER

CONDUCTING INTENSIVE OPERATIONS ON THE MAIN THREAD CAN AFFECT APPLICATION RESPONSIVENESS

CURSORLOADER USES AN ASYNCTASK TO PERFORM QUERIES ON A BACKGROUND THREAD

USING A CURSORLOADER

IMPLEMENT LOADERMANAGER'S LOADERCALLBACKS INTERFACE

CREATE AND INITIALIZE A CURSOR LOADER

initLoader()

INITIALIZE AND ACTIVATE A LOADER

```
Loader<D> initLoader(
    int id,
    Bundle args,
    LoaderCallbacks<D> callback)
```

LOADERCALLBACKS

CALLED TO INSTANTIATE AND RETURN A NEW LOADER FOR THE SPECIFIED ID

```
Loader<D> onCreateLoader (
int id,
Bundle args)
```

LOADERCALLBACKS

CALLED WHEN A PREVIOUSLY CREATED LOADER HAS FINISHED LOADING

void <u>onLoadFinished</u>(Loader<D> loader, D data)

LOADERCALLBACKS

CALLED WHEN A PREVIOUSLY CREATED LOADER IS RESET

void <u>onLoaderReset</u> (Loader<D> loader)

EXTRACTS CONTACT INFORMATION FROM THE ANDROID CONTACTS CONTENTPROVIDER

DISPLAYS EACH CONTACT'S NAME AND PHOTO, IF AVAILABLE

BUT IT USES A CURSORLOADER WHEN QUERYING THE CONTENTPROVIDER



```
@Override
public void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
    super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);

    // Create and set empty adapter
    mAdapter = new ContactInfoListAdapter(this, R.layout.list_item, null, 0);
    setListAdapter(mAdapter);

    // Initialize the loader
    getLoaderManager().initLoader(0, null, this);
}
```

```
// Called when a new Loader should be created
// Returns a new CursorLoader
@Override
public Loader<Cursor> onCreateLoader(int id, Bundle args) {
  // String used to filter contacts with empty or missing names or are unstarred
  String select = "((" + Contacts. DISPLAY_NAME + " NOTNULL) AND ("
       + Contacts. DISPLAY_NAME + " != " ) AND (" + Contacts. STARRED
       + "== 1))":
  // String used for defining the sort order
  String sortOrder = Contacts._ID + "ASC";
  return new CursorLoader(this, Contacts. CONTENT_URI, CONTACTS_ROWS,
       select, null, sortOrder);
```

```
// Called when the Loader has finished loading its data
@Override
public void onLoadFinished(Loader<Cursor> loader, Cursor data) {
  // Swap the new cursor into the List adapter
  mAdapter.swapCursor(data);
// Called when the last Cursor provided to onLoadFinished()
// is about to be closed
@Override
public void onLoaderReset(Loader < Cursor > loader) {
  // set List adapter's cursor to null
  mAdapter.swapCursor(null);
```

ContentResolver.delete()

RETURNS THE NUMBER OF ROWS
DELETED

ContentResolver.insert()

RETURNS THE URI OF THE INSERTED ROW

ContentResolver.update()

RETURNS THE NUMBER OF ROWS UPDATED

APPLICATION READS CONTACT
INFORMATION FROM THE ANDROID
CONTACTS CONTENTPROVIDER

INSERTS SEVERAL NEW CONTACTS INTO CONTACTS CONTENTPROVIDER

DISPLAYS OLD AND NEW CONTACTS

DELETES THESE NEW CONTACTS ON EXIT



```
@Override
public void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
    super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
    // Get Account information
    // Must have a Google account set up on your device
    mAccountList = AccountManager.get(this).getAccountsByType("com.google");
    mType = mAccountList[0].type;
    mName = mAccountList[0].name;
    // Insert new contacts
    insertAllNewContacts();
    // Create and set empty list adapter
    mAdapter = new SimpleCursorAdapter(this, R.layout. list layout, null,
            columnsToDisplay, resourceIds, 0);
    setListAdapter(mAdapter);
    // Initialize a CursorLoader
    getLoaderManager().initLoader(0, null, this);
```

```
// Insert named contact into Contacts ContentProvider
private void addRecordToBatchInsertOperation(String name,
        List<ContentProviderOperation> ops) {
    int position = ops.size();
    // First part of operation
    ops.add(ContentProviderOperation.newInsert(RawContacts.CONTENT URI)
            .withValue(RawContacts.ACCOUNT TYPE, mType)
            .withValue(RawContacts.ACCOUNT NAME, mName)
            .withValue(Contacts.STARRED, 1).build());
    // Second part of operation
    ops.add(ContentProviderOperation.newInsert(Data.CONTENT URI)
            .withValueBackReference(Data.RAW CONTACT ID, position)
            .withValue(Data.MIMETYPE, StructuredName.CONTENT ITEM TYPE)
            .withValue(StructuredName.DISPLAY NAME, name).build());
```

CREATING A CONTENTPROVIDER

IMPLEMENT A STORAGE SYSTEM FOR THE DATA

DEFINE A CONTRACT CLASS TO SUPPORT USERS OF YOUR CONTENTPROVIDER

IMPLEMENT A CONTENTPROVIDER
SUBCLASS

DECLARE AND CONFIGURE CONTENT PROVIDER IN ANDROIDMANIFEST.XML

APPLICATION DEFINES A CONTENTPROVIDER FOR ID/STRING PAIRS

```
// Delete some or all data items
@Override
public synchronized int delete(Uri uri, String selection,
       String[] selectionArgs) {
   int numRecordsRemoved = 0;
   // If last segment is the table name, delete all data items
   if (isTableUri(uri)) {
       numRecordsRemoved = db.size();
       db.clear();
   // If last segment is the digit, delete data item with that ID
   } else if (isItemUri(uri)) {
       Integer requestId = Integer.parseInt(uri.getLastPathSegment());
       if (null != db.get(requestId)) {
            db.remove(requestId);
            numRecordsRemoved++;
    //return number of items deleted
   return numRecordsRemoved;
```

```
// Return MIME type for given uri
@Override
public synchronized String getType(Uri uri) {
    String contentType = DataContract.CONTENT ITEM TYPE;
    if (isTableUri(uri)) {
        contentType = DataContract.CONTENT_DIR_TYPE;
    }
    return contentType;
// Insert specified value into ContentProvider
@Override
public synchronized Uri insert(Uri uri, ContentValues value) {
    if (value.containsKey(DataContract.DATA)) {
       DataRecord dataRecord = new DataRecord(value.getAsString(DataContract.DATA));
       db.put(dataRecord.getID(), dataRecord);
        // return Uri associated with newly-added data item
        return Uri.withAppendedPath(DataContract.CONTENT URI,
                String.valueOf(dataRecord.getID()));
    return null;
```

```
// return all or some rows from ContentProvider based on specified Uri
// all other parameters are ignored
@Override
public synchronized Cursor query(Uri uri, String[] projection,
       String selection, String[] selectionArgs, String sortOrder) {
   // Create simple cursor
   MatrixCursor cursor = new MatrixCursor(DataContract.ALL COLUMNS);
   if (isTableUri(uri)) {
       // Add all rows to cursor
       for (int idx = 0; idx < db.size(); idx++) {
            DataRecord dataRecord = db.get(db.keyAt(idx));
            cursor.addRow(new Object[] { dataRecord.getID(),
                    dataRecord.getData() });
   } else if (isItemUri(uri)){
       // Add single row to cursor
       Integer requestId = Integer.parseInt(uri.getLastPathSegment());
       if (null != db.get(requestId)) {
           DataRecord dr = db.get(requestId);
           cursor.addRow(new Object[] { dr.getID(), dr.getData() });
   return cursor:
```

READS ID/STRING PAIRS FROM THE CONTENTPROVIDER WE JUST EXAMINED DISPLAYS THE DATA IN A LISTVIEW



```
@Override
public void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
    super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
    ContentResolver contentResolver = getContentResolver();
   ContentValues values = new ContentValues();
   // Insert first record
   values.put(DataContract.DATA, "Record1");
   Uri firstRecordUri = contentResolver.insert(DataContract.CONTENT URI, values);
   values.clear();
   // Insert second record
   values.put(DataContract.DATA, "Record2");
    contentResolver.insert(DataContract.CONTENT URI, values);
   values.clear();
   // Insert third record
   values.put(DataContract.DATA, "Record3");
    contentResolver.insert(DataContract.CONTENT URI, values);
   // Delete first record
   contentResolver.delete(firstRecordUri, null, null);
   // Create and set cursor and list adapter
   Cursor c = contentResolver.query(DataContract.CONTENT URI, null, null, null,
            null);
    setListAdapter(new SimpleCursorAdapter(this, R.layout.list layout, c,
            DataContract.ALL_COLUMNS, new int[] { R.id.idString,
                    R.id.data }, 0));
```

NEXT TIME

SERVICE