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Effects of Hearing Loss on Cognition

1. Methods

- a. Determine baseline neuron activity in auditory cortex in mice (2P)
- b. Continue long-term monitoring of specific cell groups before, during, and following noise-induced hearing loss
- c. Behavioral testing to determine degree of hearing loss (sound box)
- d. EXTRA: since noise-induced hearing loss has been shown to have deleterious effects on the hippocampus, we will test the ability of rats to perform a memory-guided task that has been previously learned and determine any changes in performance

2. Intro/background

- a. Issue of noise-induced hearing loss in the human population
- b. Studies showing hearing loss is associated with cognitive decline and memory impairment
- c. Mechanism of hearing loss:
 - i. Loud sounds --> excessive vibration leading to damage of cochlear hair cells --> auditory signals not properly converted to neural signals
 - ii. How does damage to cochlear hair cells affect CNS function by interrupting how auditory cortex interacts with cortex and hippocampus, leading to impaired memory/cognition? (this is what we want to study)
- d. Inner ear
- e. Auditory cortex
- f. Hippocampus
- g. Relevant pathways connecting them