New Caledonia

Local stock exchange AMF CAC 40 and SBF 120 http://www.amf-france.org/

Rules for listed filings

IFRS required or permitted for listed companies?

Required for consolidated financial statements

Version of IFRS

IFRS as adopted by the EU

Are subsidiaries of foreign companies or foreign companies listed on local exchanges subject to different rules?

Yes. The European Union has granted equivalence in relation to certain third country GAAPs under the Prospectus and Transparency Directives, granting issuers using US, Japanese, Chinese, Korean, Canadian, and Indian GAAP a permanent (US, Japan) or temporary (China, Korea, Canada, India) exemption from having to file IFRS financial statements, as long as the overseas parent whose subsidiary is listed on an EU exchange uses and publishes financial statements under one of the GAAPS mentioned above.

Rules for statutory filings

Is IFRS or IFRS for SMEs required, permitted or prohibited for statutory filings?

IFRS and IFRS for SMEs are prohibited.

Version of IFRS

Not applicable

In addition to local GAAP statutory financial statements, are there any other regulatory financial statement requirements that permit or require the use of IFRS?

IFRS is required for consolidated financial statements of listed companies. IFRS is permitted for consolidated financial statements of private companies.

IFRS conversion plans

Plans for converging

The local standard setting body has not announced any adoption or convergence plans to IFRS for SMEs.

Tax information

Type of tax regime

Quasi-dependent: Taxable profit is principally based on the legal entity statutory accounts, with a number of adjustments provided in the tax law.

Plans for IFRS converging as the basis of tax reporting

The local tax authorities have not announced any adoption or convergence plans of tax reporting to IFRS or IFRS for SMEs.