

Programming Merit Badge

Troop 613



outline

I only have ~15 minutes!

- Introduction: Why study programming?
 - What counts as “computer literacy”
- What types of computer programming languages & technologies are there?
- Where does Python fit?
- What makes Python cool?

Introduction

"A human being should be able to change a diaper, plan an invasion, butcher a hog, conn a ship, design a building, write a sonnet, balance accounts, build a wall, set a bone, comfort the dying, take orders, give orders, cooperate, act alone, solve equations, analyze a new problem, pitch manure, **program a computer**, cook a tasty meal, fight efficiently, die gallantly. Specialization is for insects."

— Robert Heinlein, Time Enough for Love, (1973)

Why Study Programming

- I don't really care if all or none or some of you learn to truly program a computer. It is simultaneously fun and hard, frustrating and rewarding. It is not for everybody.
- I do care that all of you learn to be “computer literate”

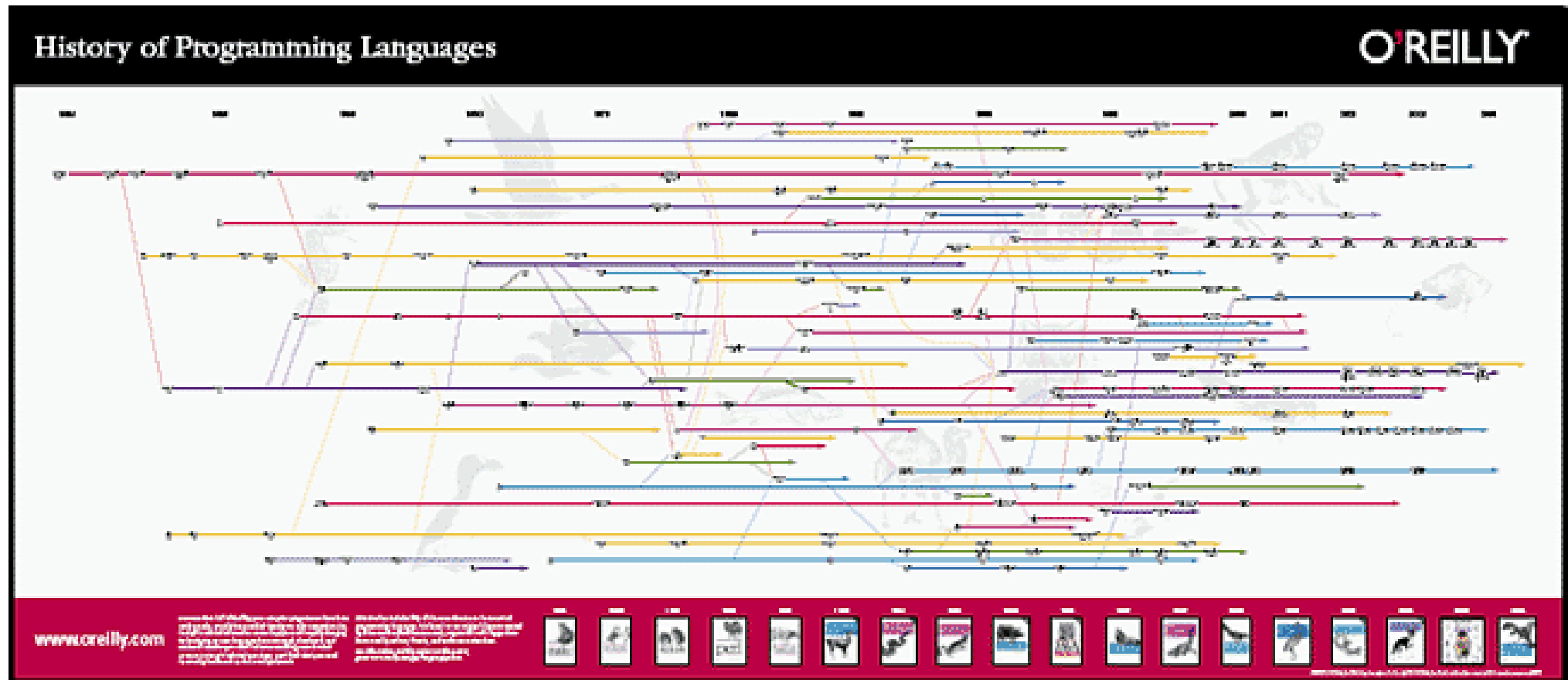
What counts as computer literacy

- computer literacy *is not* knowing how to use MS Word
- computer literacy *is not* blindly accepting Facebook, Google, Windows, etc.
- computer literacy *is* understanding what is going on underneath the hood
- computer literacy *is* recognizing patterns of activity/functionality
- computer literacy means not panicking when things go wrong

Types of Programming Technologies

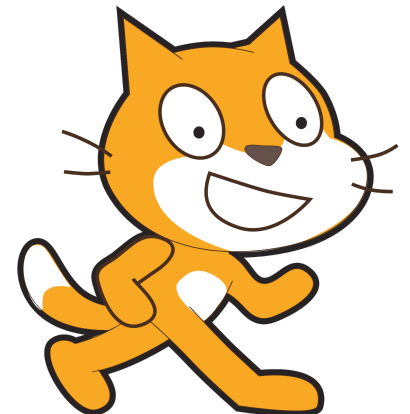
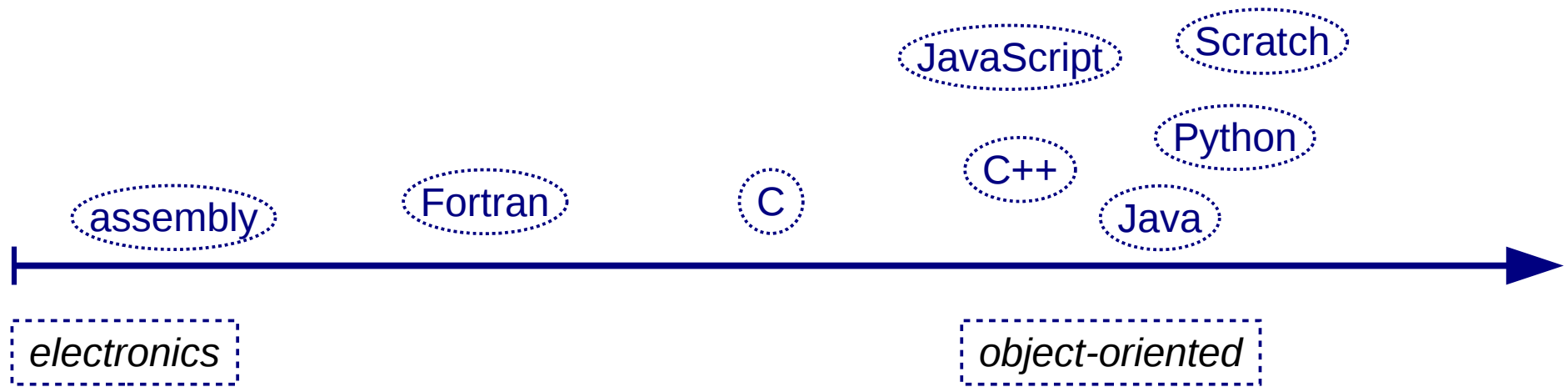
- there are **a lot** of different programming languages and technologies
 - list of “Hello World” programs
- each has similarities & differences
- each has pros & cons

Types of Programming Technologies



http://cdn.oreillystatic.com/news/graphics/prog_lang_poster.pdf

types of programming technologies



Types of Programming Technologies

- interpreted vs. compiled languages
- strongly vs. weakly typed
- memory management
- object oriented
 - advantages:
 - dealing w/ set of related variables rather than individually
 - makes more sense to human programmers
 - “polymorphism”

Where does Python fit?

- Python is a high-level object-oriented weakly-typed language
- Python is very pretty
 - `>> import this`

What makes it cool?

- code blocks are identified by indentation rather than explicit brackets (*this makes it pretty*)
- automatic memory management (*this makes it simple*)
- packages / libraries / namespaces (*this makes it extensible*)
- “duck typing” (*sometimes this makes things easy, sometimes not*)

What makes it cool?

- I will go over some basic python code and maybe try to demonstrate...
 - variables
 - lists & dictionaries
 - loops
 - control flow
 - modules & packages
 - functions
 - classes