DB Assignment 2

Date: 30 Sept 2025

GitHub Repo:

Problem 1 – Average Price of Foods at Each Restaurant

SQL Query:

SELECT restaurants.name, AVG(foods.price)
FROM restaurants, serves, foods
WHERE restaurants.restID = serves.restID
AND serves.foodID = foods.foodID
GROUP BY restaurants.name;



Explanation: This groups foods by restaurant and uses AVG(price) to get the average price per restaurant.

Problem 2 – Maximum Food Price at Each Restaurant SQL Query:

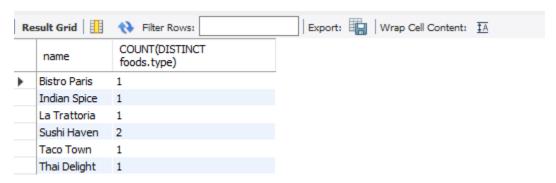
SELECT restaurants.name, MAX(foods.price)
FROM restaurants, serves, foods
WHERE restaurants.restID = serves.restID
AND serves.foodID = foods.foodID
GROUP BY restaurants.name;



Explanation: This groups foods by restaurant and uses MAX(price) to get the highest food price sold at each restaurant.

Problem 3 – Count of Different Food Types Served at Each Restaurant SQL Query:

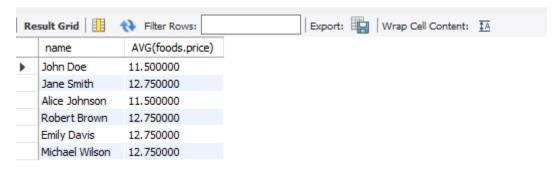
SELECT restaurants.name, COUNT(DISTINCT foods.type)
FROM restaurants, serves, foods
WHERE restaurants.restID = serves.restID
AND serves.foodID = foods.foodID
GROUP BY restaurants.name;



Explanation: This query counts the distinct food types per restaurant using COUNT(DISTINCT type).

Problem 4 – Average Price of Foods Served by Each Chef SQL Query:

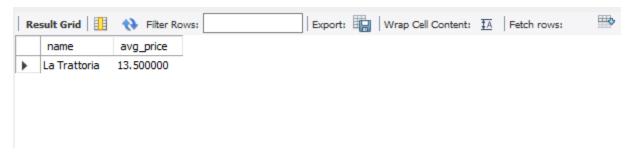
SELECT chefs.name, AVG(foods.price)
FROM chefs, works, serves, foods
WHERE chefs.chefID = works.chefID
AND works.restID = serves.restID
AND serves.foodID = foods.foodID
GROUP BY chefs.name:



Explanation: This query connects chefs to their restaurants (via works) and then to foods (via serves) to calculate each chef's average food price.

Problem 5 – Restaurant with the Highest Average Food Price SQL Query:

SELECT restaurants.name, AVG(foods.price) AS avg_price FROM restaurants, serves, foods WHERE restaurants.restID = serves.restID AND serves.foodID = foods.foodID GROUP BY restaurants.name ORDER BY avg_price DESC LIMIT 1;



Explanation: This query calculates average price per restaurant and orders them so the highest is first. LIMIT 1 keeps only the top restaurant.