Model data from database tables



System and user requirements

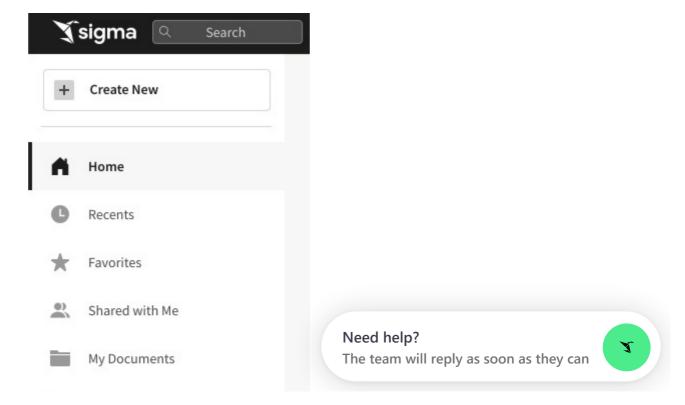
The ability to model data from database tables requires the following:

- Your organization must be connected to a data source (CDW or DBMS).
- You must be assigned an account types with the Manage connections permission enabled.
- You must be granted **Can use & annotate data permission** for the connection.

Annotate Tables

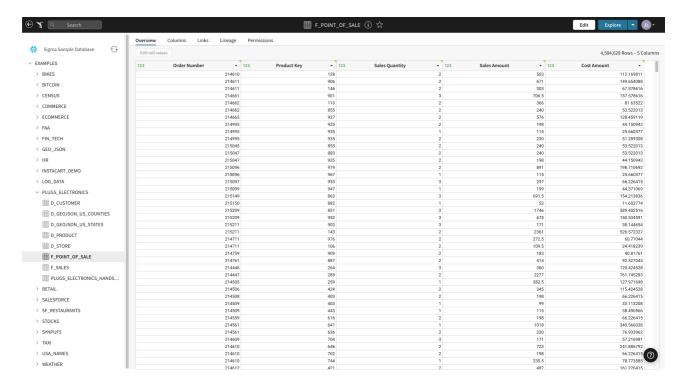
Find Relevant Tables

1. Locate the Data Catalog in Sigma's left hand navigation panel. Under Connections, click to select which data connection you would like to explore.



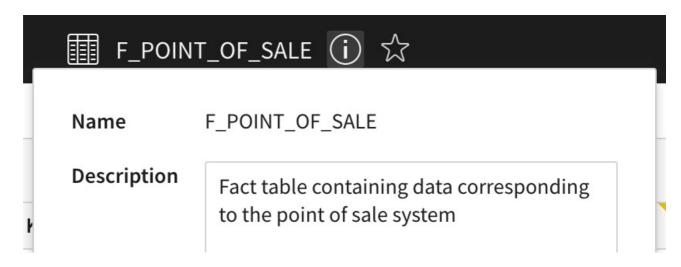


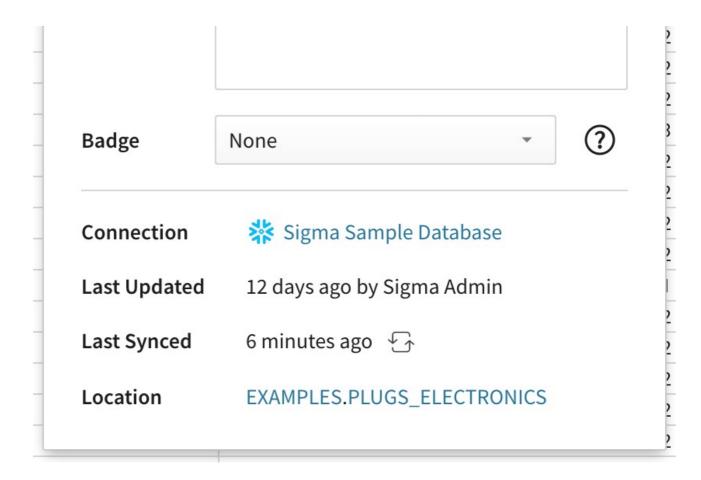
2. From the data catalog, click on the table you would like to annotate.



Add a Description

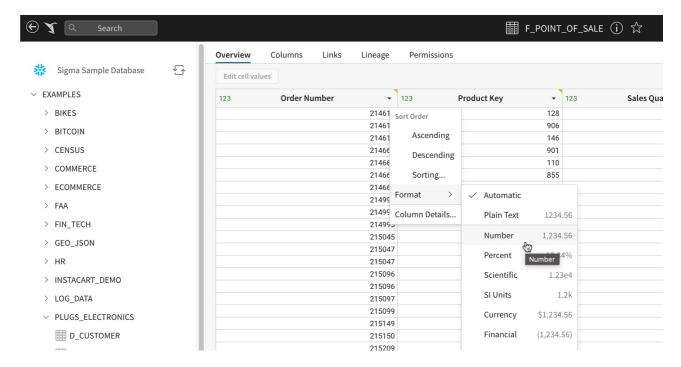
- 1. Open the Table.
- 2. Click the **Edit** button in the Table header.
- 3. Click the information icon (1) in the Table header.
- 4. Enter a description in the **Description** field of the Table details popup.





Format Columns

- 1. Open the Table.
- 2. Click the **Edit** button in the Table header.
- 3. Find the column that you would like to format, and click the arrow next to the column name to open the column menu.
- 4. Under **Format**, choose the formatting option that you would like to apply.

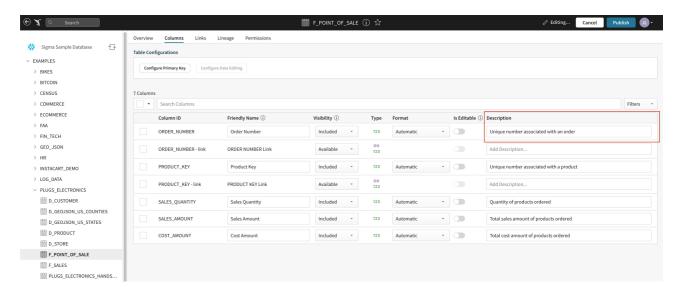




5. Click **Publish** to save your changes.

Add Column Descriptions

- 1. Open the Table.
- 2. Click the **Edit** button in the Table header.
- 3. Click to open the Column tab.
- 4. Enter a new description in the column's description input field.



5. Click Publish to save the changes

Create Datasets

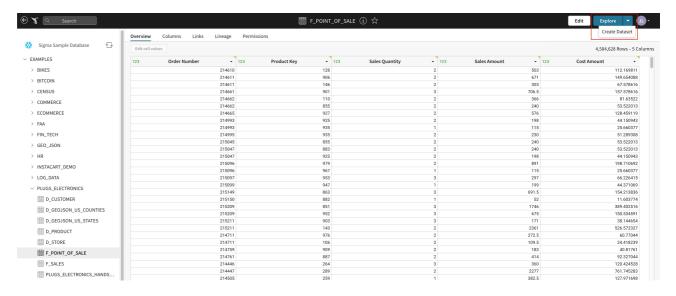
Create Datasets From Tables

Table based datasets allow you to bundle formulas, data transformations, filters, groupings and parameters into a rich data source that others can build on. Datasets can also be materialized back to your database, helping speed up analysis.

Locate Data

1. Locate the left-hand navigation panel.

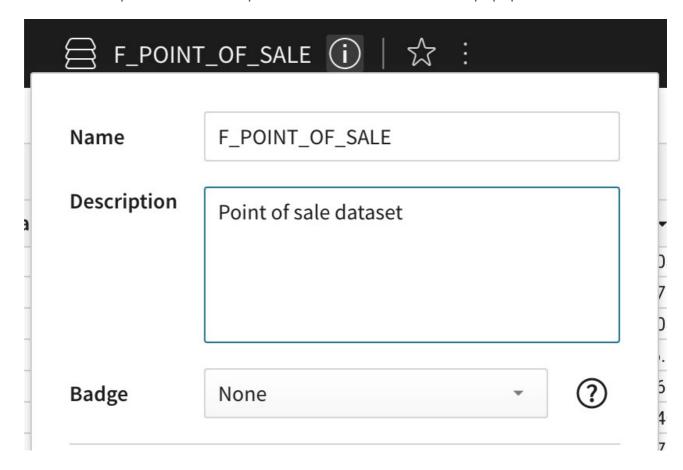
- 2. Click on Connections.
- 3. Find the warehouse table you would like to use as a data source.
- 4. Click the down arrow button to the right of the Explore button, in the page header.

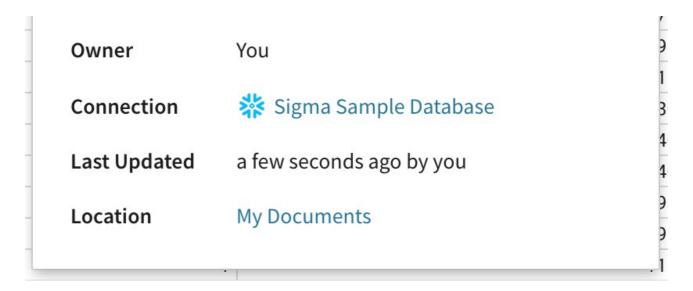


5. Give the dataset a name and select the location to save it in.

Add a Description

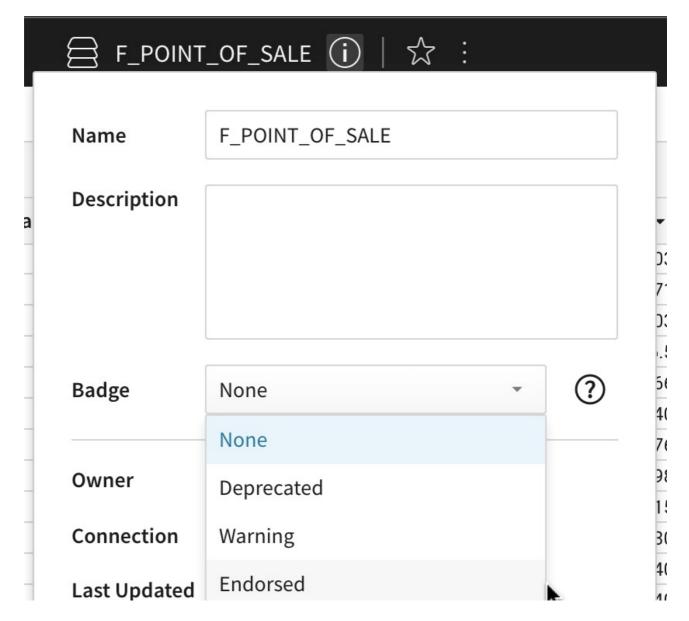
- 1. Open the dataset.
- 2. Click the information icon (1) in the page header. This will open the page's info popup.
- 3. Enter a description in the Description field of the dataset details popup.





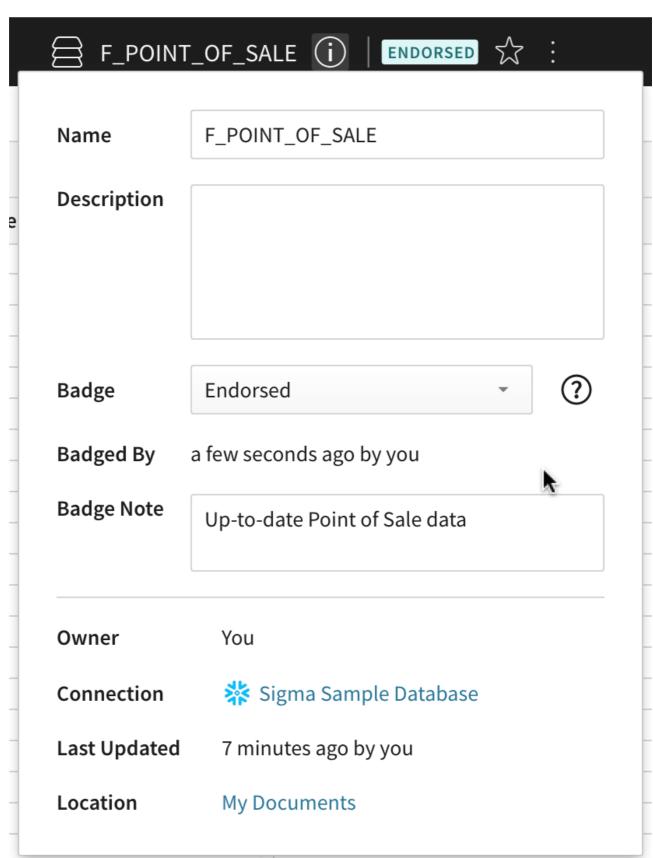
Add or Update a Badge

- 1. Open the dataset.
- 2. Click the information icon (i) in the page header. This will open the page's info popup.
- 3. Select a badge type from the Badge dropdown list.



Location My Documents

4. [optional] Add a note to provide context for later reference or other teammates.



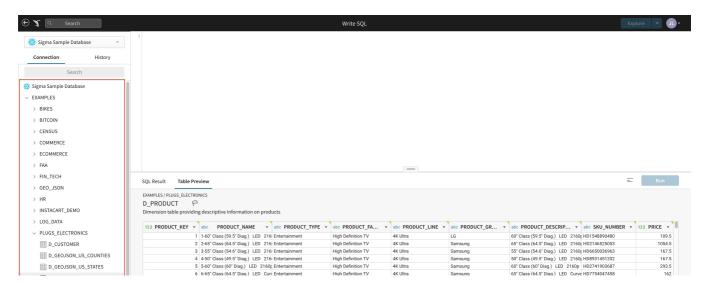
Create Datasets from SQL

SQL based datasets take SQL queries and turn them into reusable data sources that people can use as the basis for additional analysis. Datasets can also be materialized to your database, helping speed up queries. Any changes made to a dataset will be propagated forward to any downstream documents.

- 1. Click the **Create New** button in the left navigation panel.
- 2. Select **Dataset**. This will take you to the **Select a Data Source** page.
- 3. Under SQL, click Select.
- 4. Select your desired warehouse connection from the dropdown list.



- 5. The database object panel on the left side of the page will allow you to explore your connection.
- 6. [optional] Click on any table to preview its data.



D_PRODUCT						
	7 7-55" Class (54.6" Diag.) LED 216 Entertainment	High Definition TV	4K Ultra	Samsung	55" Class (54.6" Diag.) LED 2160; HD5471457577	419.5
D_STORE	8 8-55" Class (54.6" Diag.) LED Cur Entertainment	High Definition TV	4K Ultra	Samsung	55" Class (54.6" Diag.) LED Curve HD7350004591	172.5
F_POINT_OF_SALE	9 9-55" Class (54.6" Diag.) LED 216 Entertainment	High Definition TV	4K Ultra	Samsung	55" Class (54.6" Diag.) LED 2160(HD3763175147	109.5
	10 10-60" Class (60" Diag.) LED 2160 Entertainment	High Definition TV	4K Ultra	Samsung	60" Class (60" Diag.) LED 2160p HD1134786088	456
F_SALES	11 11-40" Class (40" Diag.) LED 2160 Entertainment	High Definition TV	4K Ultra	Samsung	40" Class (40" Diag.) LED 2160p HD3597731336	109.5
PLUGS_ELECTRONICS_HANDS	12 12-50" Class (49.5" Diag.) LED 21 Entertainment	High Definition TV	4K Ultra	Samsung	50" Class (49.5" Diag.) LED 2160(HD1537819291	1159.
	13 13-65" Class (64.5" Diag.) LED. Cu Entertainment	High Definition TV	4K Ultra	Samsung	65" Class (64.5" Diag.) LED. Curve HD4172546894	1002

- 7. To write SQL, begin typing keywords into the text box in the top half of the screen. Sigma will automatically provide a list of autocomplete options to guide you.
- 8. To run your SQL query, click the Run button in the center-right portion of the page. Keyboard shortcuts: CTRL-Enter on a PC or CMD-Enter on a Mac.
- 9. Click the caret () next to the Explore button in the dataset header.
- 10. Select Create Dataset.

Delete a dataset

To delete a dataset you must be the owner of the dataset, have **Can edit** access to it, or have the **Admin** account type.

- 1. Click the caret () next to the dataset name, then click **Delete...**.
- 2. On the Confirm Deletion modal, click Delete.

Recover a deleted dataset

To recover a dataset that has been deleted, you must be the owner of the dataset or have the **Admin** account type.

- 1. Go to your **Home** page.
- 2. In the navigation menu, select **Trash**.
- 3. In the **Trash** page, search the list of deleted documents and click the one you want to recover. You can sort the **Name**, **Deleted on**, or **Deleted by** columns to help identify the applicable document.
- 4. In the **Document has been deleted** modal, click **Recover**. Sigma immediately opens the recovered document.

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