



COS30018 – Intelligent Systems

REPORT

TASK B1 – SETUP

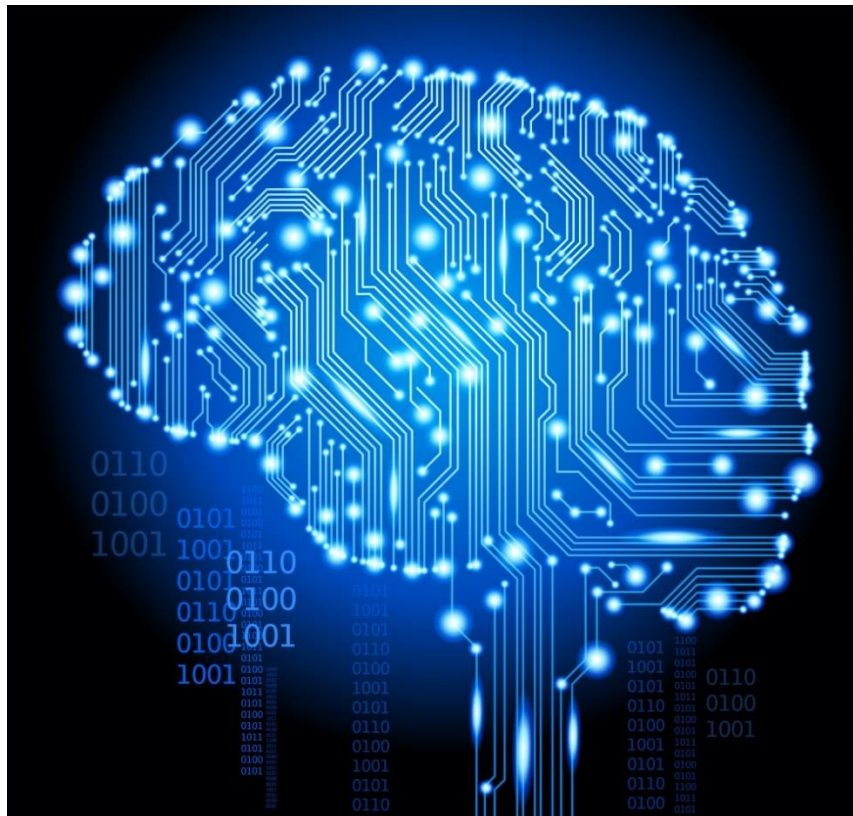


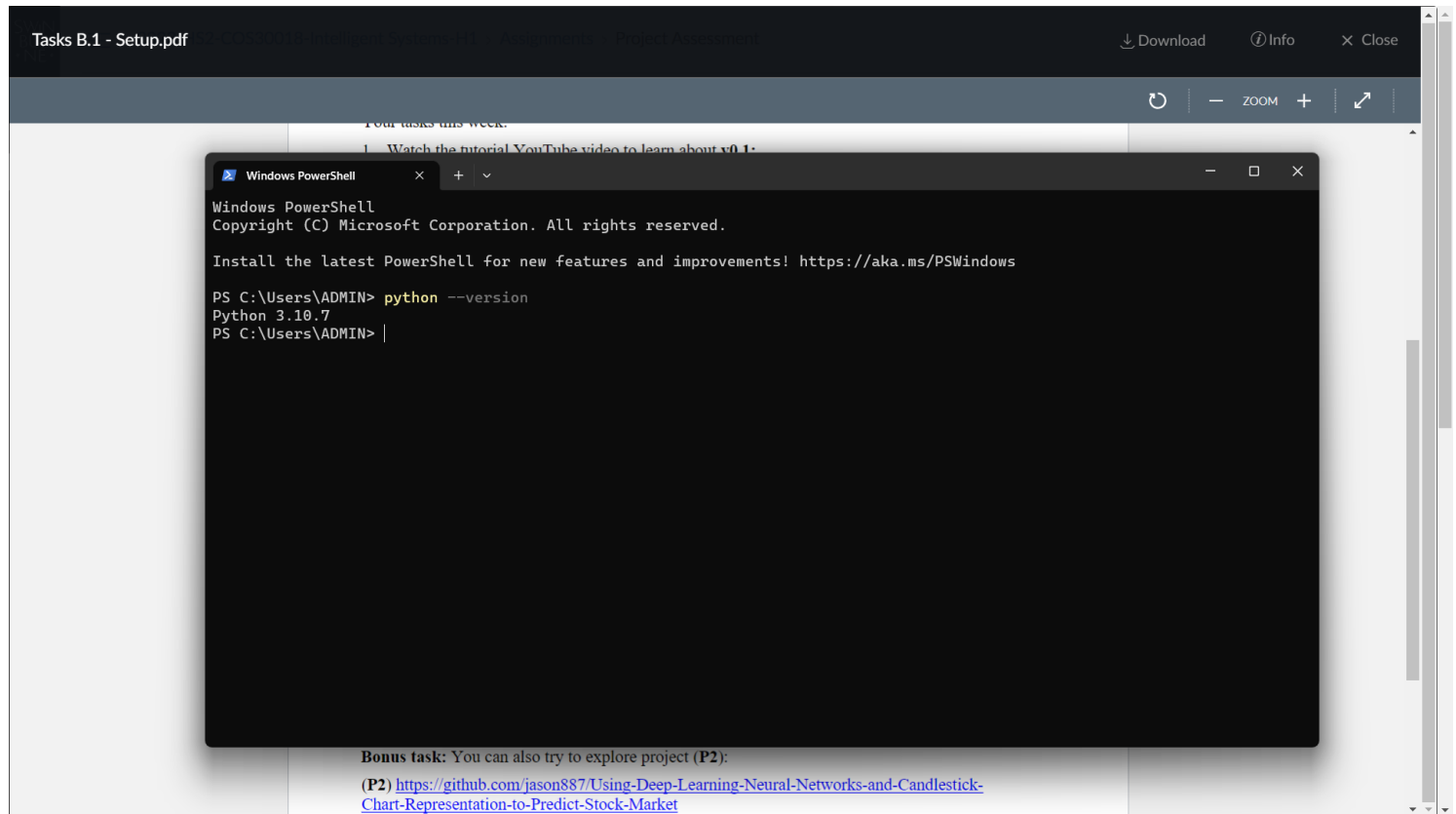
TABLE OF CONTENTS

<i>Table of contents</i>	2
<i>I. Setup</i>	3
1. <i>Setup environment on local machine</i>	3
2. <i>Setup virtual environment</i>	4
3. <i>Setup project</i>	5
<i>II. Testing</i>	7
1. <i>Test P1</i>	7
2. <i>Test v0.1</i>	10
3. <i>Test P2</i>	11
<i>III. Summary</i>	17

SETUP

1. Setup environment on local machine

First, I have installed Python, version 3.10.7, from <https://www.python.org/downloads/>



Then is the installation of some necessary libraries for the project, including *pandas*, *pandas-datareader*, *numpy*, *tensorflow*, *yfinance* and *scikit-learn* using *pip*:

```
PS C:\Users\ADMIN> pip show pandas
Name: pandas
Version: 2.0.3
Summary: Powerful data structures for data analysis, time series, and statistics
```

```
PS C:\Users\ADMIN> pip show pandas-datareader
Name: pandas-datareader
Version: 0.10.0
Summary: Data readers extracted from the pandas codebase, should be compatible with recent pandas versions
```

```
PS D:\> pip show numpy
Name: numpy
Version: 1.24.3
Summary: Fundamental package for array computing in Python
```

```
PS D:\> pip show tensorflow
Name: tensorflow
Version: 2.13.0
Summary: TensorFlow is an open source machine learning framework for everyone.
```

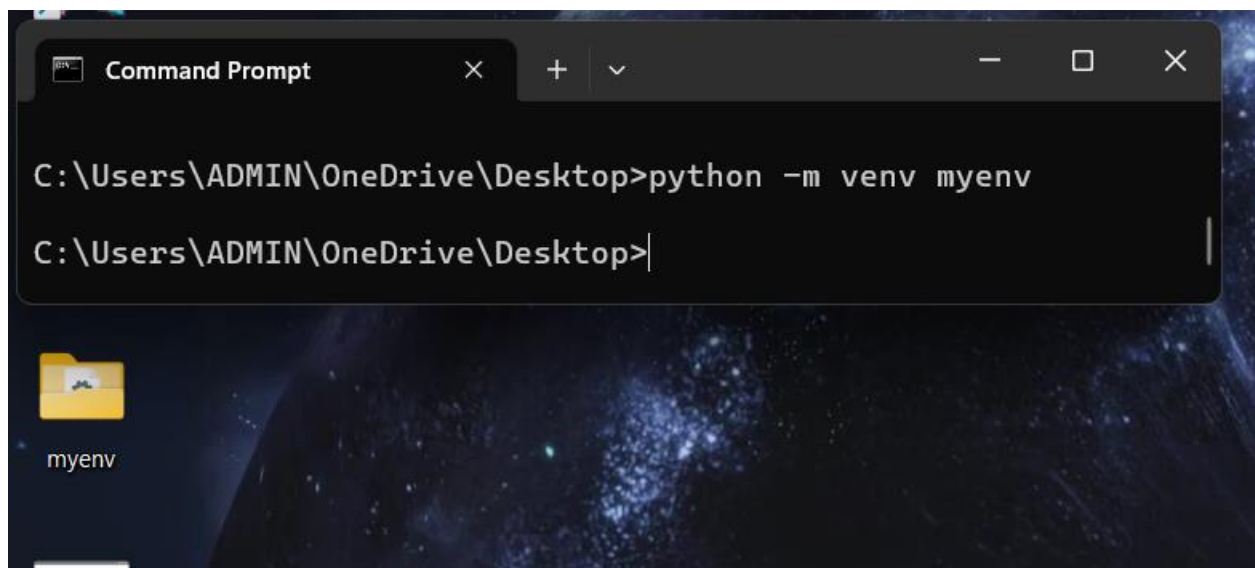
```
PS D:\> pip show yfinance
Name: yfinance
Version: 0.2.26
Summary: Download market data from Yahoo! Finance API
```

```
PS D:\> pip show scikit-learn
Name: scikit-learn
Version: 1.3.0
Summary: A set of python modules for machine learning and data mining
```

2. Setup virtual environment

To create a Python virtual environment, I have used the library of *venv* as a common virtual environment library for Python.

I have created a new virtual environment, and named it “myenv”:



To activate the virtual environment, I change the directory into “myenv\Scripts”, and run the “activate.bat” file:

```
Command Prompt
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.22621.2070]
(c) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\Users\ADMIN>cd OneDrive\Desktop\myenv\Scripts

C:\Users\ADMIN\OneDrive\Desktop\myenv\Scripts>activate.bat

(myenv) C:\Users\ADMIN\OneDrive\Desktop\myenv\Scripts>pip list
Package      Version
-----
pip          22.2.2
setuptools   63.2.0

[notice] A new release of pip available: 22.2.2 -> 23.2.1
[notice] To update, run: python.exe -m pip install --upgrade pip

(myenv) C:\Users\ADMIN\OneDrive\Desktop\myenv\Scripts>
```

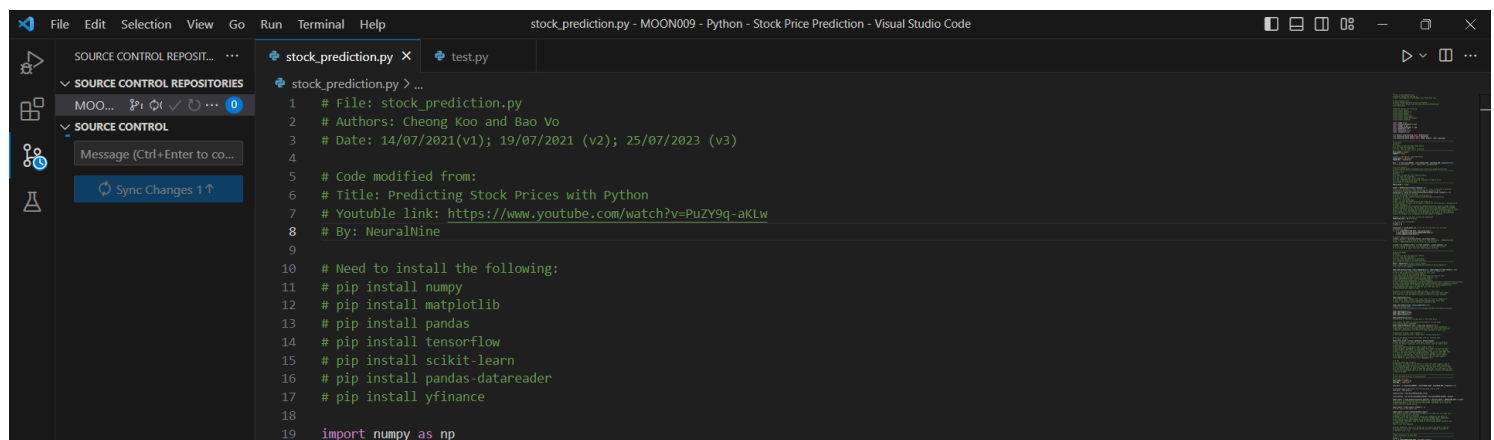
Now, It is possible to install Python packages or libraries without affecting the system-wide Python installation on my local machine.

To deactivate it, I run the deactivate.bat instead.

```
(myenv) C:\Users\ADMIN\OneDrive\Desktop\myenv\Scripts>deactivate.bat
C:\Users\ADMIN\OneDrive\Desktop\myenv\Scripts>
```

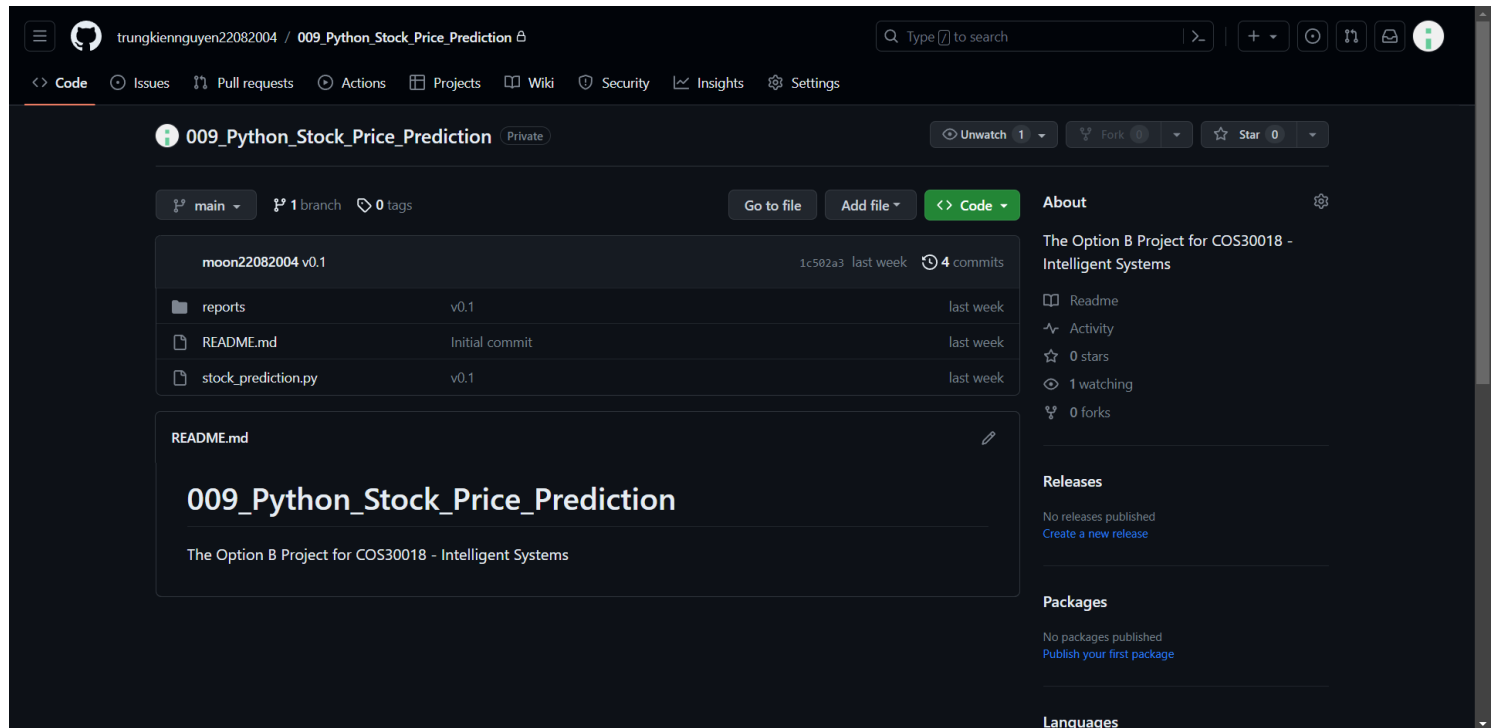
3. Setup project

I have setup the GitHub repository for the unit project, clone it to my device, adding “README.md” and “stock_prediction.py” files to the folder, then commit and push to my repository, through the use of “SOURCE CONTROL REPOSITORIES” tool in Visual Studio Code.

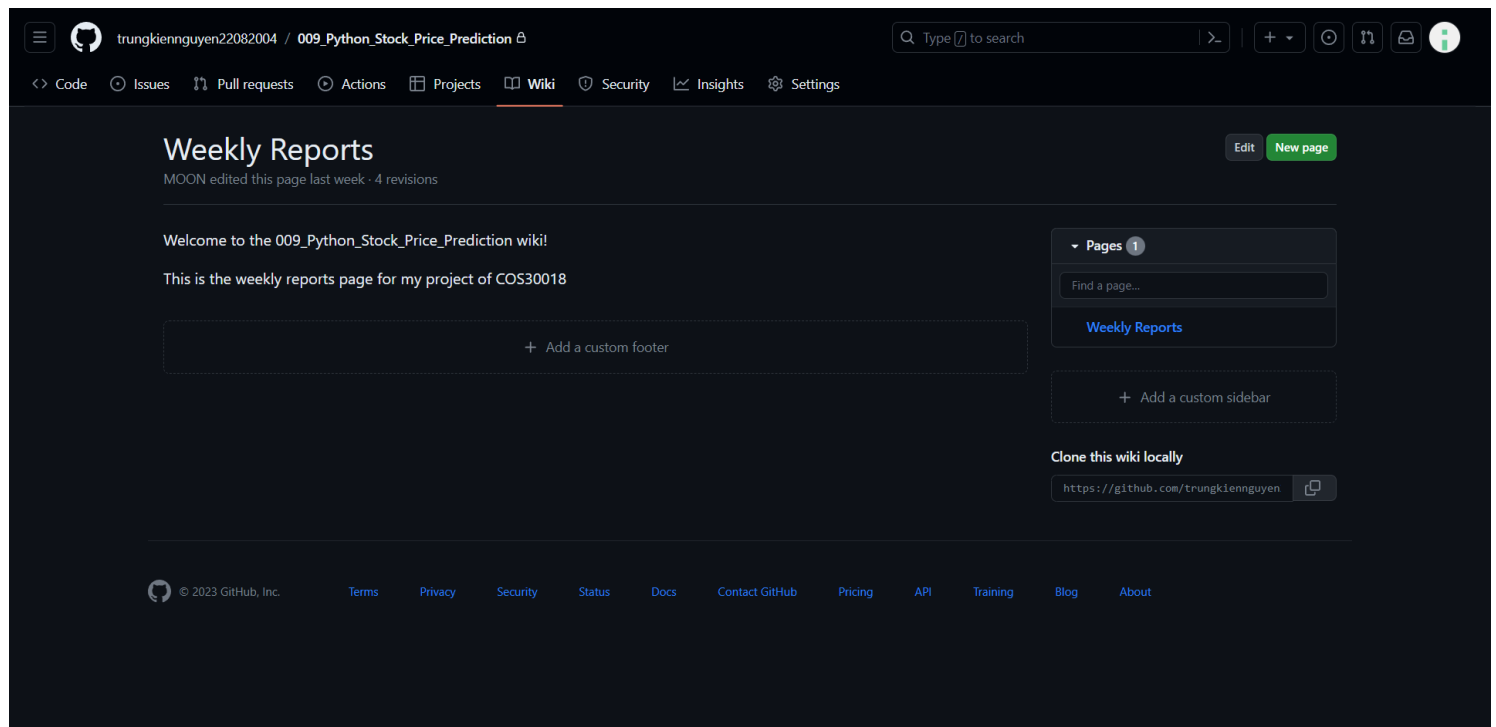


```
stock_prediction.py
1 # File: stock_prediction.py
2 # Authors: Cheong Koo and Bao Vo
3 # Date: 14/07/2021(v1); 19/07/2021 (v2); 25/07/2023 (v3)
4
5 # Code modified from:
6 # Title: Predicting Stock Prices with Python
7 # Youtube link: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=PuZY9q-aKLw
8 # By: NeuralNine
9
10 # Need to install the following:
11 # pip install numpy
12 # pip install matplotlib
13 # pip install pandas
14 # pip install tensorflow
15 # pip install scikit-learn
16 # pip install pandas-datareader
17 # pip install yfinance
18
19 import numpy as np
```

My GitHub account’s username is “trungkiennguyen22082004”, and the project repository names “009_Python_Stock_Price_Prediction”:



GitHub repository for the project



And its Wiki page for weekly reports

TESTING

To make sure that the Python packages and libraries used for my main project do not conflict with those used in **P1** and **P2**, I test the **P1** and **P2** in two separated virtual environments, while running **v0.1** in my local machine's environment.

1. Test P1

First, I have cloned the project <https://github.com/x4nth055/pythoncode-tutorials>, and open the folder “machine-learning\stock-prediction” (P1):

```

1 import tensorflow as tf
2 from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential
3 from tensorflow.keras.layers import LSTM, Dense, Dropout, Bidirectional
4 from sklearn import preprocessing
5 from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
6 from yahoo_fin import stock_info as si
7 from collections import deque
8
9 import numpy as np
10 import pandas as pd
11 import random
12
13 # set seed, so we can get the same results after rerunning several times
14 np.random.seed(314)
15 tf.random.set_seed(314)
16 random.seed(314)
17
18
19 def shuffle_in_unison(a, b):
20     # shuffle two arrays in the same way
21     state = np.random.get_state()
22     np.random.shuffle(a)
23     np.random.set_state(state)
24     np.random.shuffle(b)
25
26
27 def load_data(ticker, n_steps=50, scale=True, shuffle=True, lookup_step=1, split_by_date=True,
28             test_size=0.2, feature_columns=['adjclose', 'volume', 'open', 'high', 'low']):
29     """
30     Loads data from Yahoo Finance source, as well as scaling, shuffling, normalizing and splitting.
31     Params:
32         ticker (str/pd.DataFrame): the ticker you want to load, examples include AAPL, TESL, etc.
33         n_steps (int): the historical sequence length (i.e window size) used to predict, default is 50
34         scale (bool): whether to scale prices from 0 to 1, default is True
35         shuffle (bool): whether to shuffle the dataset (both training & testing), default is True
36         lookup_step (int): the future lookup step to predict, default is 1 (e.g next day)
37         split_by_date (bool): whether we split the dataset into training/testing by date, setting it
38             to False will split datasets in a random way
39         test_size (float): ratio for test data, default is 0.2 (20% testing data)
40         feature columns (list): the list of features to use to feed into the model. default is everything grabbed from yahoo fin

```

Using Command Prompt, I have activate my created virtual environment “myenv”, then install libraries used for the project as shown in the “requirements.txt” file, including *pandas*, *numpy*, *tensorflow*, *scikit-learn*, *yahoo-fin* and *matplotlib*.

After that, I have read the tutorial in <https://www.thepythoncode.com/article/stock-price-prediction-in-python-using-tensorflow-2-and-keras> as mentioned in the “README.md” file of the project.

By running “train.py” file, the training has been started using the parameters specified in “parameters.py” file:

The image displays a Windows development environment with Visual Studio Code. The left sidebar shows the Explorer view with a project structure for 'PYTHONCODE-TUTORIALS'. The main editor window shows a Python script named 'train.py' with the following code:

```
1 from stock_prediction import create_model, load_data
2 from tensorflow.keras.layers import LSTM
3 from tensorflow.keras.callbacks import ModelCheckpoint, TensorBoard
4 import os
5 import pandas as pd
6 from parameters import parameters

7
8
9 # create tensorflow model
10 if not os.path.exists('model.h5'):
11     os.makedirs('model')
12
13 if not os.path.exists('results'):
14     os.makedirs('results')
15
16 if not os.path.exists('logs'):
17     os.makedirs('logs')
18
19 # load the data
20 data = load_data(parameters['data_path'])
21
22 # stable diffusion models
23
24 # save the model
25 data['df'].to_csv('results/stock_prediction.csv')
26
27 # construct the model
28 model = create_model(parameters['model_name'], parameters['epochs'], parameters['batch_size'], parameters['validation_split'], parameters['callbacks'])
29
30 # some tensorflow callbacks
31 checkpoint = ModelCheckpoint('model/stock_prediction.h5', save_best_only=True)
32 tensorboard = TensorBoard(log_dir='logs/stock_prediction', write_images=True, write_graph=True, write_grads=True)
33
34 # train the model
35 # a new optimizer
36 history = model.fit(data['train'], data['test'], validation_data=(data['val'], data['test']), callbacks=[checkpoint, tensorboard])
```

The right sidebar shows the Output view with the command prompt output for the command 'python train.py'. The output indicates that the TensorFlow binary is optimized to use available CPU instructions in performance-critical operations. It also shows the training progress for the LSTM model, including the loss and mean absolute error (MAE) for each epoch.

```
(myenv) C:\Users\ADMIN\OneDrive\Desktop\pythoncode-tutorials\machine-learning\stock-prediction>python train.py
2023-08-04 14:09:21.936340: I tensorflow/core/platform/cpu_feature_guard.cc:182] This TensorFlow binary is optimized to use available CPU instructions in performance-critical operations.
To enable the following instructions: SSE SSE2 SSE3 SSE4.1 SSE4.2 AVX AVX2 FMA, in other operations, rebuild TensorFlow with the appropriate compiler flags.
Epoch 1/500
82/82 [=====] - ETA: 0s - loss: 0.0027 - mean_absolute_error: 0.0294
Epoch 1: val_loss improved from inf to 0.00050, saving model to results\2023-08-04_AMZN-sh-1-sc-1-sbd-0-huber_l
oss-adam-LSTM-seq-50-step-15-layers-2-units-256.h5
82/82 [=====] - 21s 233ms/step - loss: 0.0027 - mean_absolute_error: 0.0294 - val_loss
: 0.49695e-04 - val_mean_absolute_error: 0.0163
Epoch 2/500
82/82 [=====] - ETA: 0s - loss: 6.4357e-04 - mean_absolute_error: 0.0176
Epoch 2: val_loss improved from 0.00050 to 0.00037, saving model to results\2023-08-04_AMZN-sh-1-sc-1-sbd-0-hub
er_loss-adam-LSTM-seq-50-step-15-layers-2-units-256.h5
82/82 [=====] - 20s 243ms/step - loss: 6.4357e-04 - mean_absolute_error: 0.0176 - val_
loss: 3.6980e-04 - val_mean_absolute_error: 0.0127
Epoch 3/500
82/82 [=====] - ETA: 0s - loss: 7.5373e-04 - mean_absolute_error: 0.0188
Epoch 3: val_loss improved from 0.00037 to 0.00035, saving model to results\2023-08-04_AMZN-sh-1-sc-1-sbd-0-hub
er_loss-adam-LSTM-seq-50-step-15-layers-2-units-256.h5
82/82 [=====] - 22s 274ms/step - loss: 7.5373e-04 - mean_absolute_error: 0.0188 - val_
loss: 3.4934e-04 - val_mean_absolute_error: 0.0124
Epoch 4/500
82/82 [=====] - ETA: 0s - loss: 7.1239e-04 - mean_absolute_error: 0.0186
Epoch 4: val_loss did not improve from 0.00035
82/82 [=====] - 22s 264ms/step - loss: 7.1239e-04 - mean_absolute_error: 0.0186 - val_
loss: 6.5228e-04 - val_mean_absolute_error: 0.0208
Epoch 5/500
82/82 [=====] - ETA: 0s - loss: 6.7696e-04 - mean_absolute_error: 0.0180
Validation data: (data['val_test'], data['val_test'])
callbacks: [checkpoint, tensorboard]
```

The image shows a Python IDE interface with a file explorer on the left and a terminal window on the right. The file explorer lists various files and folders related to a machine learning project, including 'machine-learning', 'stock-prediction', 'train.py', 'create_model', 'image-segmentation-trans...', 'image-transformation', 'imbalance-learning', 'k-fold-cross-validation-sk...', 'kmeans-image-segmentati...', 'logistic-regression-in-pyto...', 'malaria-classification', 'nlp', 'object-detection', 'optical-character-recogniti...', 'plotly-visualization', 'recommender-system-usin...', 'satellite-image-classificati...', 'shape-detection', 'sift', 'skin-cancer-detection', 'speech-emotion-recogniti...', 'speech-recognition', 'stable-diffusion-models', 'stable-diffusion-upscaler', 'stock-prediction', 'pycache', 'csv-results', 'data', 'logs', 'results', 'parameters.py', 'README.md', 'requirements.txt', 'stock_prediction.py', 'test.py', and 'train.py'. The terminal window shows the output of the training process, including the command prompt, the training script, and the training results. The results show the loss and mean absolute error (MAE) for each epoch, with the training process completing 500 epochs.

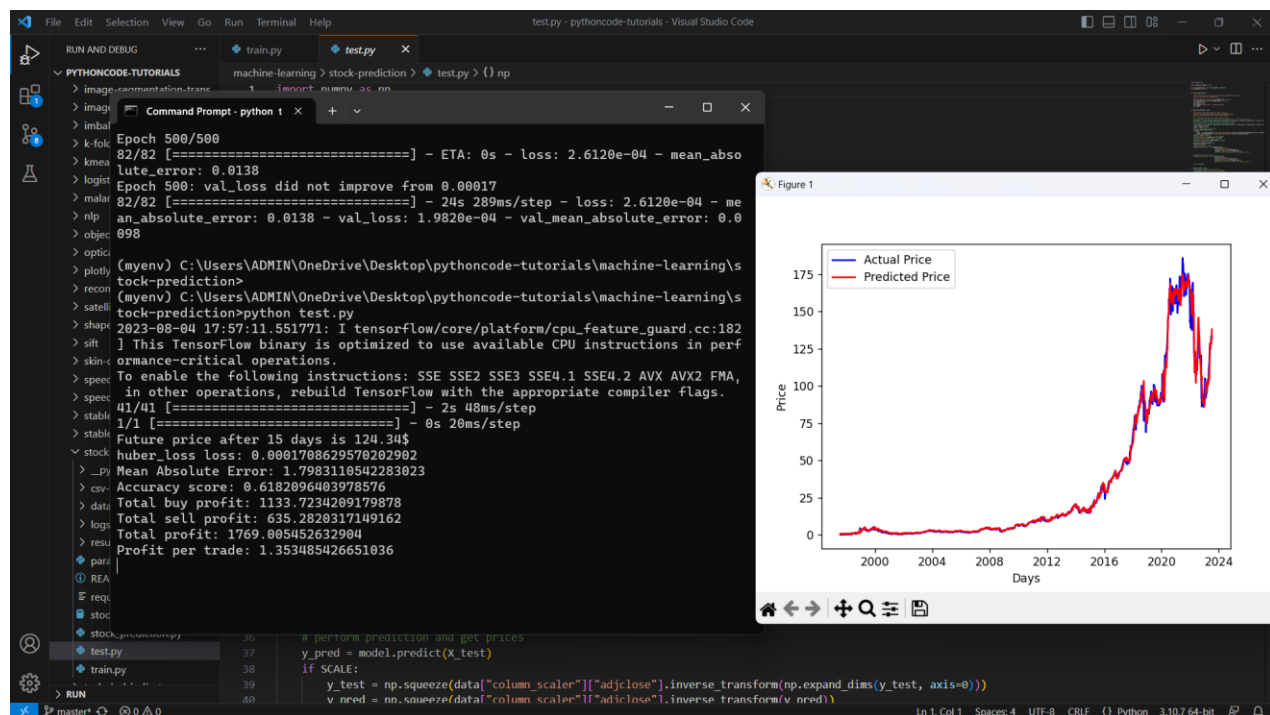
```
File Edit Selection View Go Run Terminal Help
train.py - pythoncode-tutorials - Visual Studio Code

RUN AND DEBUG
...
PYTHONCODE-TUTORIALS
machine-learning > stock-prediction > train.py > create_model
1 from stock_prediction import create_model, load_data
2 from tensorflow.keras.layers import LSTM
3 from tensorflow.keras.callbacks import ModelCheckpoint, TensorBoard
4 import os
5 import pandas as pd
6 from parameters import params

7
8
9 # create the model
10 if not os.path.exists('models'):
11     os.mkdir('models')
12 Epoch 496/500
13 82/82 [=====] - ETA: 0s - loss: 2.9061e-04 - mean_absolute_error: 0.0143
14 82/82 [=====] - 275s 329ms/step - loss: 2.9061e-04 - mean_absolute_error: 0.0143 - val_
15 loss: 1.8036e-04 - val_mean_absolute_error: 0.0095
16 Epoch 497/500
17 82/82 [=====] - ETA: 0s - loss: 2.4678e-04 - mean_absolute_error: 0.0137
18 Epoch 497: val_loss improved from 0.00018 to 0.00017, saving model to results\2023-08-04_AMZN-sh-1-sc-1-sbd-0-h
19 uber_loss-adam-LSTM-seq-50-step-15-layers-2-units-256-h5
20 82/82 [=====] - 25s 308ms/step - loss: 2.4678e-04 - mean_absolute_error: 0.0137 - val_
21 loss: 1.8058e-04 - val_mean_absolute_error: 0.0093
22 Epoch 498/500
23 82/82 [=====] - ETA: 0s - loss: 2.7330e-04 - mean_absolute_error: 0.0142
24 Epoch 498: val_loss improved from 0.00018 to 0.00017, saving model to results\2023-08-04_AMZN-sh-1-sc-1-sbd-0-h
25 uber_loss-adam-LSTM-seq-50-step-15-layers-2-units-256-h5
26 82/82 [=====] - 22s 273ms/step - loss: 2.7330e-04 - mean_absolute_error: 0.0142 - val_
27 loss: 1.7086e-04 - val_mean_absolute_error: 0.0093
28 Epoch 499/500
29 82/82 [=====] - ETA: 0s - loss: 2.7177e-04 - mean_absolute_error: 0.0141
30 Epoch 499: val_loss did not improve from 0.00017
31 82/82 [=====] - 24s 292ms/step - loss: 2.7177e-04 - mean_absolute_error: 0.0141 - val_
32 loss: 1.7595e-04 - val_mean_absolute_error: 0.0093
33 Epoch 500/500
34 82/82 [=====] - ETA: 0s - loss: 2.6120e-04 - mean_absolute_error: 0.0138
35 Epoch 500: val_loss did not improve from 0.00017
36 82/82 [=====] - 24s 289ms/step - loss: 2.6120e-04 - mean_absolute_error: 0.0138 - val_
37 loss: 1.9820e-04 - val_mean_absolute_error: 0.0098
38 history = History({'loss': 1.982e-04, 'val_loss': 1.982e-04, 'mean_absolute_error': 0.0098, 'val_mean_absolute_error': 0.0098})
39
40 (myenv) C:\Users\ADMIN\OneDrive\Desktop\pythoncode-tutorials\machine-learning\stock-prediction>
41
42 validation_data=(data['X_test'], data['y_test']),
43 callbacks=[checkpoint, tensorboard])
```

It takes a total of 190 minutes to finish the training process

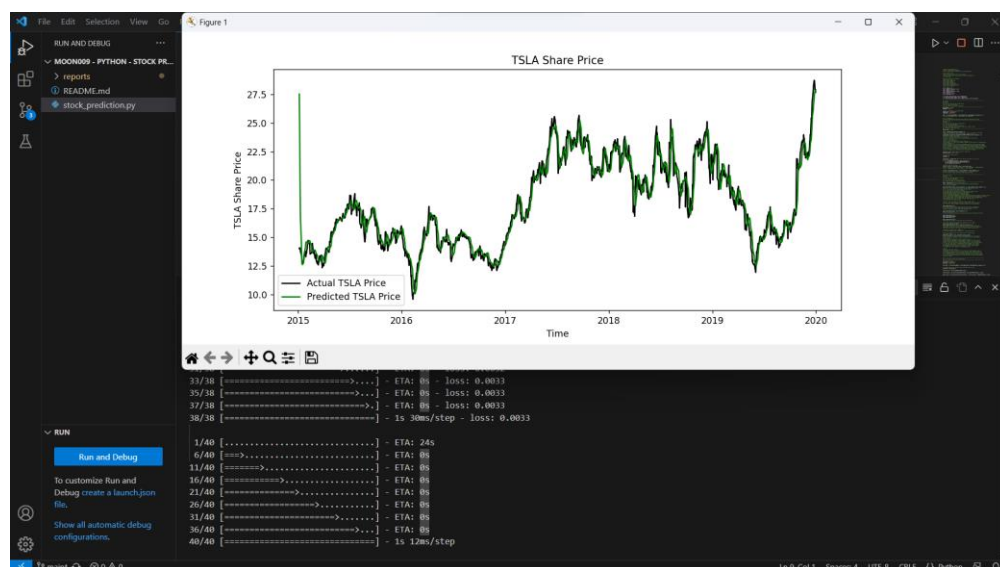
Following that, I use the file “test.py” to evaluate and test the model:



The result is a line graph showing of Amazon (AMZN)’s stock price in terms of prediction based on the actual one, from 2000 to 2024, using the data from Yahoo Finance.

2. Test v0.1

With the project that I have setup, I have run the project by running the file “stock_prediction.py” in the local Python environment on my device:



```
1/1 [=====] - ETA: 0s
1/1 [=====] - 0s 22ms/step
Prediction: [[27.531145]]

[Done] exited with code=0 in 383.596 seconds
```

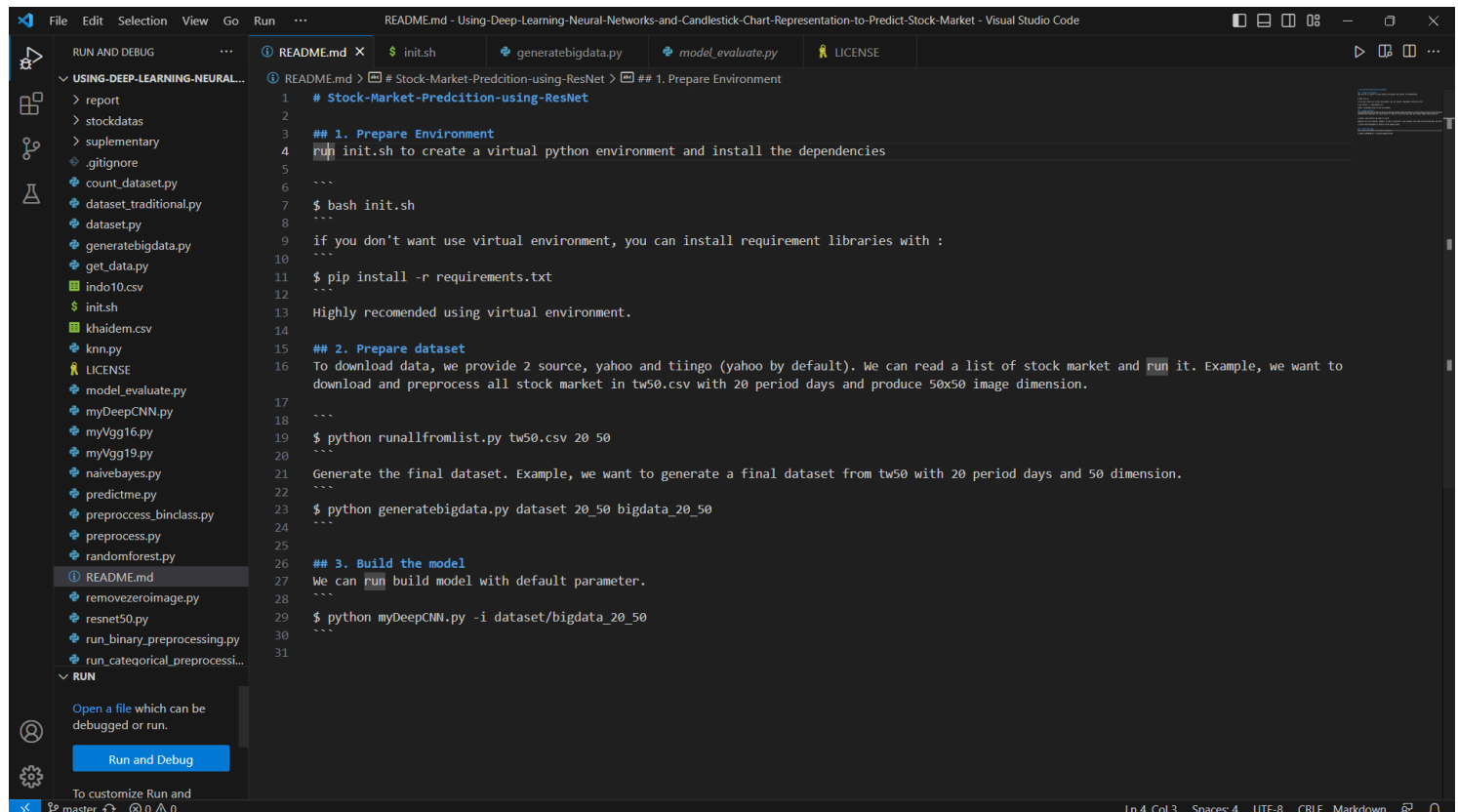
It takes less than 1 minutes to finish the training process and give the output

From the data from Yahoo Finance, the output is the line chart of actual and predicted stock price of Tesla (TSLA) between 2015 and 2020.

3. Test P2 (Attempt)

3.1 Prepare Environment

To start, I have cloned the project (P2) “Stock-Market-Predcition-using-ResNet” by the user “jason887” from <https://github.com/jason887/Using-Deep-Learning-Neural-Networks-and-Candlestick-Chart-Representation-to-Predict-Stock-Market>:



```
README.md - Using-Deep-Learning-Neural-Networks-and-Candlestick-Chart-Representation-to-Predict-Stock-Market - Visual Studio Code
1 # Stock-Market-Predcition-using-ResNet
2
3 ## 1. Prepare Environment
4 run init.sh to create a virtual python environment and install the dependencies
5
6 ---
7 $ bash init.sh
8
9 if you don't want use virtual environment, you can install requirement libraries with :
10 ---
11 $ pip install -r requirements.txt
12 ---
13 Highly recommended using virtual environment.
14
15 ## 2. Prepare dataset
16 To download data, we provide 2 source, yahoo and tiingo (yahoo by default). We can read a list of stock market and run it. Example, we want to
17 download and preprocess all stock market in tw50.csv with 20 period days and produce 50x50 image dimension.
18 ---
19 $ python runallfromlist.py tw50.csv 20 50
20 ---
21 Generate the final dataset. Example, we want to generate a final dataset from tw50 with 20 period days and 50 dimension.
22 ---
23 $ python generatebigdata.py dataset 20_50 bigdata_20_50
24 ---
25
26 ## 3. Build the model
27 We can run build model with default parameter.
28 ---
29 $ python myDeepCNN.py -i dataset/bigdata_20_50
30 ---
31
```

As the setup instructions seem to aim to Linux OS, as well as I can't find the "requirements.txt" file for the project, I have to create a new Python virtual environment directly and install the necessary libraries for the project, instead of trying to run the "init.sh" file:

```

C:\Users\ADMIN\OneDrive\Desktop>python -m venv myenv2
C:\Users\ADMIN\OneDrive\Desktop>cd myenv2
C:\Users\ADMIN\OneDrive\Desktop\myenv2>"Scripts\activate.bat"

(myenv2) C:\Users\ADMIN\OneDrive\Desktop\myenv2>pip install tensorflow numpy pandas pandas-datareader matplotlib scikit-learn arrow mpl-finance fix-yahoo-finance
Collecting tensorflow
  Using cached tensorflow-2.13.0-cp310-cp310-win_amd64.whl (1.9 kB)
Collecting numpy
  Using cached numpy-1.25.2-cp310-cp310-win_amd64.whl (15.6 MB)
Collecting pandas
  Using cached pandas-2.0.3-cp310-cp310-win_amd64.whl (10.7 MB)
Collecting pandas-datareader
  Using cached pandas_datareader-0.10.0-py3-none-any.whl (109 kB)
Collecting matplotlib
  Using cached matplotlib-3.7.2-cp310-cp310-win_amd64.whl (7.5 MB)
Collecting scikit-learn
  Using cached scikit_learn-1.3.0-cp310-cp310-win_amd64.whl (9.2 MB)
Collecting arrow
  Using cached arrow-1.2.3-py3-none-any.whl (66 kB)
Collecting mpl-finance
  Using cached mpl_finance-0.10.1-py3-none-any.whl (8.4 kB)
Collecting fix-yahoo-finance
  Using cached fix_yahoo_finance-0.1.37-py3-none-any.whl
Collecting tensorflow-intel==2.13.0
  Using cached tensorflow_intel-2.13.0-cp310-cp310-win_amd64.whl (276.5 MB)
Collecting numpy

```

Create and setup a new virtual environment of "myenv2" for the project

3.2 Prepare dataset

First, I followed the "README.md" instruction, running the file "runallfromlist.py", downloading and preprocessing all stock market in "tw50.csv" with 20 period days and produce 50x50 image dimension by this command: "python runallfromlist.py tw50.csv 20 50". There are some problems shown up:

- Deprecation Warning

```

(myenv2) C:\Users\ADMIN\OneDrive\Desktop\Using-Deep-Learning-Neural-Networks-and-Candlestick-Chart-Representation-to-Predict-Stock-Market>python runallfromlist.py tw50.csv 20 50

Get Testing Data
C:\Users\ADMIN\OneDrive\Desktop\myenv2\lib\site-packages\fix_yahoo_finance\__init__.py:0: DeprecationWarning:

*** 'fix_yahoo_finance' was renamed to 'yfinance'. ***
Please install and use 'yfinance' directly using 'pip install yfinance -U'
More information: https://github.com/ranaroussi/yfinance

```

"fix_yahoo_finance" was renamed to "yfinance"

Fix:

- Install “yfinance”:

```
(myenv2) C:\Users\ADMIN\OneDrive\Desktop\Using-Deep-Learning-Neural-Networks-and-Candlestick-Chart-Representation-to-Predict-Stock-Market>pip install yfinance
```

- Change the importing code (from “import fix_yahoo_finance as yf” to “import yfinance as yf”) in the files “get_data.py” and “predictme.py”.

- Deprecation Warning

```
Create Label Training Data
C:\Users\ADMIN\OneDrive\Desktop\Using-Deep-Learning-Neural-Networks-and-Candlestick-Chart-Representation-to-Predict-Stock-Market\preprocess_binclass.py:64:
SyntaxWarning: "is not" with a literal. Did you mean "!="?
  if filename is not '':
C:\Users\ADMIN\OneDrive\Desktop\Using-Deep-Learning-Neural-Networks-and-Candlestick-Chart-Representation-to-Predict-Stock-Market\preprocess_binclass.py:81:
SyntaxWarning: "is not" with a literal. Did you mean "!="?
  if filename is not '':
C:\Users\ADMIN\OneDrive\Desktop\myenv2\lib\site-packages\mpl_finance.py:16: DeprecationWarning:

=====
WARNING: 'mpl_finance' is deprecated:

Please use 'mplfinance' instead (no hyphen, no underscore).

To install: 'pip install --upgrade mplfinance'

For more information, see: https://pypi.org/project/mplfinance/

=====
__warnings.warn('\n\n ====='+
Creating label . . .
Create label finished.
Create Label Training Data Done
```

“mpl_finance” is deprecated

Fix:

- Install “mplfinance” using “pip”, then, change the importing code (from “from mpl_finance import ...” to “from mplfinance import ...”) in the files “predictme.py”, “preprocess_binclass.py”, “preprocess.py”.
 - “preprocess_binclass.py”: from “from mpl_finance import candlestick2_ochl, volume_overlay” to “from mpl_finance import volume_overlay” and “from mpl_finance.original_flavor import candlestick2_ochl”.

- Attribute Error:

```
Traceback (most recent call last):
  File "C:\Users\ADMIN\OneDrive\Desktop\Using-Deep-Learning-Neural-Networks-and-Candlestick-Chart-Representation-to-Predict-Stock-Market\preprocess_binclass.py", line 188, in <module>
    main()
  File "C:\Users\ADMIN\OneDrive\Desktop\Using-Deep-Learning-Neural-Networks-and-Candlestick-Chart-Representation-to-Predict-Stock-Market\preprocess_binclass.py", line 49, in main
    createLabel(args.input, args.seq_len)
  File "C:\Users\ADMIN\OneDrive\Desktop\Using-Deep-Learning-Neural-Networks-and-Candlestick-Chart-Representation-to-Predict-Stock-Market\preprocess_binclass.py", line 101, in createLabel
    c = df.ix[i:i + int(seq_len), :]
  File "C:\Users\ADMIN\OneDrive\Desktop\myenv2\lib\site-packages\pandas\core\generic.py", line 5989, in __getattr__
    return object.__getattr__(self, name)
AttributeError: 'DataFrame' object has no attribute 'ix'
Create Label Training Data Done
!
```

“DataFrame” object has no attribute “ix”

Fix:

- In “preprocess_binclass.py” file, line 101 and 147, change from “df.ix[...]” to “df.loc[...]”

```

Command Prompt
SyntaxWarning: "is not" with a literal. Did you mean "!="?
  if filename is not '':
Converting olhc to candlestick
2885.TW
Converting olhc to candlestick finished.
Convert Training Data to Candlestick Done

Convert Testing Data to Candlestick
C:\Users\ADMIN\OneDrive\Desktop\Using-Deep-Learning-Neural-Networks-and-Candlestick-Chart-Representation-to-Predict-Stock-Market\preprocess_binclass.py:64:
SyntaxWarning: "is not" with a literal. Did you mean "!="?
  if filename is not '':
C:\Users\ADMIN\OneDrive\Desktop\Using-Deep-Learning-Neural-Networks-and-Candlestick-Chart-Representation-to-Predict-Stock-Market\preprocess_binclass.py:81:
SyntaxWarning: "is not" with a literal. Did you mean "!="?
  if filename is not '':
Converting olhc to candlestick
2885.TW
Converting olhc to candlestick finished.
Convert Testing Data to Candlestick Done

Labelling Training Data
C:\Users\ADMIN\OneDrive\Desktop\Using-Deep-Learning-Neural-Networks-and-Candlestick-Chart-Representation-to-Predict-Stock-Market\preprocess_binclass.py:64:
SyntaxWarning: "is not" with a literal. Did you mean "!="?
  if filename is not '':
C:\Users\ADMIN\OneDrive\Desktop\Using-Deep-Learning-Neural-Networks-and-Candlestick-Chart-Representation-to-Predict-Stock-Market\preprocess_binclass.py:81:
SyntaxWarning: "is not" with a literal. Did you mean "!="?
  if filename is not '':
Labelling Training Data Done

Labelling Testing Data
C:\Users\ADMIN\OneDrive\Desktop\Using-Deep-Learning-Neural-Networks-and-Candlestick-Chart-Representation-to-Predict-Stock-Market\preprocess_binclass.py:64:
SyntaxWarning: "is not" with a literal. Did you mean "!="?
  if filename is not '':
C:\Users\ADMIN\OneDrive\Desktop\Using-Deep-Learning-Neural-Networks-and-Candlestick-Chart-Representation-to-Predict-Stock-Market\preprocess_binclass.py:81:
SyntaxWarning: "is not" with a literal. Did you mean "!="?
  if filename is not '':
Labelling Testing Data Done

(myenv2) C:\Users\ADMIN\OneDrive\Desktop\Using-Deep-Learning-Neural-Networks-and-Candlestick-Chart-Representation-to-Predict-Stock-Market>

```

The process now finishes in 9 minutes.

Second, I have generated the final dataset from “tw50” with 20 period days and 50 dimension:

```

(myenv2) C:\Users\ADMIN\OneDrive\Desktop\Using-Deep-Learning-Neural-Networks-and-Candlestick-Chart-Representation-to-Predict-Stock-Market>python generatebig
data.py dataset 20_50 bigdata_20_50
0
714
(myenv2) C:\Users\ADMIN\OneDrive\Desktop\Using-Deep-Learning-Neural-Networks-and-Candlestick-Chart-Representation-to-Predict-Stock-Market>

```

3.3. Build the model

In this stage, I have run “myDeepCNN.py” with default parameters to build the model. There are some problems have shown up:

- Attribute Error

```

(myenv2) C:\Users\ADMIN\OneDrive\Desktop\Using-Deep-Learning-Neural-Networks-and-Candlestick-Chart-Representation-to-Predict-Stock-Market>python myDeepCNN.p
y -i dataset/bigdata_20_50
Traceback (most recent call last):
  File "C:\Users\ADMIN\OneDrive\Desktop\Using-Deep-Learning-Neural-Networks-and-Candlestick-Chart-Representation-to-Predict-Stock-Market\myDeepCNN.py", line
  5, in <module>
    config = tf.ConfigProto()
AttributeError: module 'tensorflow' has no attribute 'ConfigProto'

```

“tensorflow” has no attribute “ConfigProto”

Fix: “ConfigProto” is disappeared in “tensorflow” 2.0, so I change the code in the file “myDeepCNN.py”, line 5, from “config = tf.ConfigProto()” to “config = tf.compat.v1.ConfigProto()”.

- Attribute Error

```
(myenv2) C:\Users\ADMIN\OneDrive\Desktop\Using-Deep-Learning-Neural-Networks-and-Candlestick-Chart-Representation-to-Predict-Stock-Market>python myDeepCNN.py -i dataset/bigdata_20_50
Traceback (most recent call last):
  File "C:\Users\ADMIN\OneDrive\Desktop\Using-Deep-Learning-Neural-Networks-and-Candlestick-Chart-Representation-to-Predict-Stock-Market\myDeepCNN.py", line 7, in <module>
    sess = tf.Session(config=config)
AttributeError: module 'tensorflow' has no attribute 'Session'. Did you mean: 'version'?
```

“tensorflow” has no attribute “Session”

Fix: “Session” is disappeared in “tensorflow” 2.0, so I change the code in the file “myDeepCNN.py”, line 7, from “sess = tf.Session(config=config)” to “sess = tf.compat.v1.Session(config=config)”.

- Module Not Found Error:

```
(myenv2) C:\Users\ADMIN\OneDrive\Desktop\Using-Deep-Learning-Neural-Networks-and-Candlestick-Chart-Representation-to-Predict-Stock-Market>python myDeepCNN.py -i dataset/bigdata_20_50
2023-08-14 18:46:35.435149: I tensorflow/core/platform/cpu_feature_guard.cc:182] This TensorFlow binary is optimized to use available CPU instructions in performance-critical operations.
To enable the following instructions: SSE SSE2 SSE3 SSE4.1 SSE4.2 AVX AVX2 FMA, in other operations, rebuild TensorFlow with the appropriate compiler flags.
Traceback (most recent call last):
  File "C:\Users\ADMIN\OneDrive\Desktop\Using-Deep-Learning-Neural-Networks-and-Candlestick-Chart-Representation-to-Predict-Stock-Market\myDeepCNN.py", line 16, in <module>
    from keras.layers.normalization import BatchNormalization
ModuleNotFoundError: No module named 'keras.layers.normalization'
```

No module named “keras.layers.normalization”

Fix: Change the code in the file “myDeepCNN.py”, line 16, from “from keras.layers.normalization import BatchNormalization” to “from keras.layers import BatchNormalization”.

- Module Not Found Error:

```
(myenv2) C:\Users\ADMIN\OneDrive\Desktop\Using-Deep-Learning-Neural-Networks-and-Candlestick-Chart-Representation-to-Predict-Stock-Market>python myDeepCNN.py -i dataset/bigdata_20_50
2023-08-14 18:53:31.019660: I tensorflow/core/platform/cpu_feature_guard.cc:182] This TensorFlow binary is optimized to use available CPU instructions in performance-critical operations.
To enable the following instructions: SSE SSE2 SSE3 SSE4.1 SSE4.2 AVX AVX2 FMA, in other operations, rebuild TensorFlow with the appropriate compiler flags.
Traceback (most recent call last):
  File "C:\Users\ADMIN\OneDrive\Desktop\Using-Deep-Learning-Neural-Networks-and-Candlestick-Chart-Representation-to-Predict-Stock-Market\myDeepCNN.py", line 19, in <module>
    from keras.engine import Layer, InputSpec
ModuleNotFoundError: No module named 'keras.engine'
```

No module named “keras.engine”

Fix: Change the code in the file “myDeepCNN.py”, line 19, from “from keras.engine import Layer, InputSpec” to “from keras.layers import Layer, InputSpec”.

- Import Error:

```
(myenv2) C:\Users\ADMIN\OneDrive\Desktop\Using-Deep-Learning-Neural-Networks-and-Candlestick-Chart-Representation-to-Predict-Stock-Market>python myDeepCNN.py -i dataset/bigdata_20_50
2023-08-14 18:57:30.592017: I tensorflow/core/platform/cpu_feature_guard.cc:182] This TensorFlow binary is optimized to use available CPU instructions in performance-critical operations.
To enable the following instructions: SSE SSE2 SSE3 SSE4.1 SSE4.2 AVX AVX2 FMA, in other operations, rebuild TensorFlow with the appropriate compiler flags.
Traceback (most recent call last):
  File "C:\Users\ADMIN\OneDrive\Desktop\Using-Deep-Learning-Neural-Networks-and-Candlestick-Chart-Representation-to-Predict-Stock-Market\myDeepCNN.py", line 21, in <module>
    from keras.utils import np_utils
ImportError: cannot import name 'np_utils' from 'keras.utils' (C:\Users\ADMIN\OneDrive\Desktop\myenv2\lib\site-packages\keras\utils\__init__.py)
```

Cannot import name “np_utils” from “keras.utils”

Fix: Change the code in the file “myDeepCNN.py”, line 21, from “from keras.utils import np_utils” to “from keras.src.utils import np_utils”.

- Attribute Error:

```
(myenv2) C:\Users\ADMIN\OneDrive\Desktop\Using-Deep-Learning-Neural-Networks-and-Candlestick-Chart-Representation-to-Predict-Stock-Market>python myDeepCNN.py -i dataset/bigdata_20_50
2023-08-14 20:53:33.549412: I tensorflow/core/platform/cpu_feature_guard.cc:182] This TensorFlow binary is optimized to use available CPU instructions in performance-critical operations.
To enable the following instructions: SSE SSE2 SSE3 SSE4.1 SSE4.2 AVX AVX2 FMA, in other operations, rebuild TensorFlow with the appropriate compiler flags.
Traceback (most recent call last):
  File "C:\Users\ADMIN\OneDrive\Desktop\Using-Deep-Learning-Neural-Networks-and-Candlestick-Chart-Representation-to-Predict-Stock-Market\myDeepCNN.py", line 194, in <module>
    main()
  File "C:\Users\ADMIN\OneDrive\Desktop\Using-Deep-Learning-Neural-Networks-and-Candlestick-Chart-Representation-to-Predict-Stock-Market\myDeepCNN.py", line 119, in main
    bn_axis = 3 if K.image_dim_ordering() == 'tf' else 1
AttributeError: module 'keras.backend' has no attribute 'image_dim_ordering'
```

module “keras.backend” has no attribute “image_dim_ordering”

Fix: In line 119, I have change the code of the file “myDeepCNN.py”, from “K.image_dim_ordering()” to “K.image_data_format()”.

- Attribute Error:

```
(myenv2) C:\Users\ADMIN\OneDrive\Desktop\Using-Deep-Learning-Neural-Networks-and-Candlestick-Chart-Representation-to-Predict-Stock-Market>python myDeepCNN.py -i dataset/bigdata_20_50
2023-08-14 20:59:49.853507: I tensorflow/core/platform/cpu_feature_guard.cc:182] This TensorFlow binary is optimized to use available CPU instructions in performance-critical operations.
To enable the following instructions: SSE SSE2 SSE3 SSE4.1 SSE4.2 AVX AVX2 FMA, in other operations, rebuild TensorFlow with the appropriate compiler flags.
loading dataset
Traceback (most recent call last):
  File "C:\Users\ADMIN\OneDrive\Desktop\Using-Deep-Learning-Neural-Networks-and-Candlestick-Chart-Representation-to-Predict-Stock-Market\myDeepCNN.py", line 194, in <module>
    main()
  File "C:\Users\ADMIN\OneDrive\Desktop\Using-Deep-Learning-Neural-Networks-and-Candlestick-Chart-Representation-to-Predict-Stock-Market\myDeepCNN.py", line 124, in main
    X_train, Y_train, nb_classes = build_dataset(
  File "C:\Users\ADMIN\OneDrive\Desktop\Using-Deep-Learning-Neural-Networks-and-Candlestick-Chart-Representation-to-Predict-Stock-Market\myDeepCNN.py", line 35, in build_dataset
    X, y, tags = dataset.dataset(data_directory, int(img_width))
  File "C:\Users\ADMIN\OneDrive\Desktop\Using-Deep-Learning-Neural-Networks-and-Candlestick-Chart-Representation-to-Predict-Stock-Market\dataset.py", line 32, in dataset
    img = scipy.misc.imread(filename)
  File "C:\Users\ADMIN\OneDrive\Desktop\myenv2\lib\site-packages\scipy\misc\__init__.py", line 45, in __getattr__
    raise AttributeError(
AttributeError: scipy.misc is deprecated and has no attribute imread.
```

“scipy.misc” is deprecated and has no attribute “imread”

Fix: Import the library “imageio” using “pip”, then in the file “myDeepCNN.py”, line 5, change the code from “import scipy.misc” to “import image.io”, and line 33, from “scipy.misc.imread” to “imageio.imread”.

- **Assertion Error:**

```
(myenv2) C:\Users\ADMIN\OneDrive\Desktop\Using-Deep-Learning-Neural-Networks-and-Candlestick-Chart-Representation-to-Predict-Stock-Market>python myDeepCNN.py
y -i dataset/bigdata_20_50
2023-08-14 21:10:17.486002: I tensorflow/core/platform/cpu_feature_guard.cc:182] This TensorFlow binary is optimized to use available CPU instructions in performance-critical operations.
To enable the following instructions: SSE SSE2 SSE3 SSE4.1 SSE4.2 AVX AVX2 FMA, in other operations, rebuild TensorFlow with the appropriate compiler flags.
loading dataset
Traceback (most recent call last):
  File "C:\Users\ADMIN\OneDrive\Desktop\Using-Deep-Learning-Neural-Networks-and-Candlestick-Chart-Representation-to-Predict-Stock-Market\myDeepCNN.py", line 194, in <module>
    main()
  File "C:\Users\ADMIN\OneDrive\Desktop\Using-Deep-Learning-Neural-Networks-and-Candlestick-Chart-Representation-to-Predict-Stock-Market\myDeepCNN.py", line 124, in main
    X_train, Y_train, nb_classes = build_dataset(
  File "C:\Users\ADMIN\OneDrive\Desktop\Using-Deep-Learning-Neural-Networks-and-Candlestick-Chart-Representation-to-Predict-Stock-Market\myDeepCNN.py", line 35, in build_dataset
    X, y, tags = dataset.dataset(data_directory, int(img_width))
  File "C:\Users\ADMIN\OneDrive\Desktop\Using-Deep-Learning-Neural-Networks-and-Candlestick-Chart-Representation-to-Predict-Stock-Market\dataset.py", line 35, in dataset
    assert chan == 3
AssertionError
```

“scipy.misc” is deprecated and has no attribute “imread”

Fix: In the file “dataset.py”, delete the line 35 to ignore issues like Grayscale Images or Incorrect Image Formats.

- **Value Error (Unsolved)**

```
(myenv2) C:\Users\ADMIN\OneDrive\Desktop\Using-Deep-Learning-Neural-Networks-and-Candlestick-Chart-Representation-to-Predict-Stock-Market>python myDeepCNN.py
y -i dataset/bigdata_20_50
2023-08-14 21:33:02.346239: I tensorflow/core/platform/cpu_feature_guard.cc:182] This TensorFlow binary is optimized to use available CPU instructions in performance-critical operations.
To enable the following instructions: SSE SSE2 SSE3 SSE4.1 SSE4.2 AVX AVX2 FMA, in other operations, rebuild TensorFlow with the appropriate compiler flags.
loading dataset
train size : 714
train size : 0
Traceback (most recent call last):
  File "C:\Users\ADMIN\OneDrive\Desktop\Using-Deep-Learning-Neural-Networks-and-Candlestick-Chart-Representation-to-Predict-Stock-Market\myDeepCNN.py", line 194, in <module>
    main()
  File "C:\Users\ADMIN\OneDrive\Desktop\Using-Deep-Learning-Neural-Networks-and-Candlestick-Chart-Representation-to-Predict-Stock-Market\myDeepCNN.py", line 126, in main
    X_test, Y_test, nb_classes = build_dataset(
  File "C:\Users\ADMIN\OneDrive\Desktop\Using-Deep-Learning-Neural-Networks-and-Candlestick-Chart-Representation-to-Predict-Stock-Market\myDeepCNN.py", line 42, in build_dataset
    label = np_utils.to_categorical(y, nb_classes)
  File "C:\Users\ADMIN\OneDrive\Desktop\myenv2\lib\site-packages\keras\src\utils\np_utils.py", line 71, in to_categorical
    num_classes = np.max(y) + 1
  File "<__array_function__ internals>", line 200, in amax
  File "C:\Users\ADMIN\OneDrive\Desktop\myenv2\lib\site-packages\numpy\core\fromnumeric.py", line 2820, in amax
    return _wrapreduction(a, np.maximum, 'max', axis, None, out,
  File "C:\Users\ADMIN\OneDrive\Desktop\myenv2\lib\site-packages\numpy\core\fromnumeric.py", line 86, in _wrapreduction
    return ufunc.reduce(obj, axis, dtype, out, **passkwargs)
ValueError: zero-size array to reduction operation maximum which has no identity
```

Zero-size array to reduction operation maximum which has no identity

SUMMARY

The provided code of **v0.1** aims to build a kind of prediction model using LSTM (Long Short-Term Memory) neural networks, predicting the stock price of a given company, which is Tesla (TSLA), using historical data. These are the summary of its main functionality:

- *Importing necessary libraries:* These include “numpy” (for numerical operations), “pandas” (for manipulating data), “pandas-datareader” (for retrieving financial data), “sklearn” (“scikit-learn”) (for preprocessing data), “matplotlib” (for visualization), “tensorflow” (for building neural networks), and “yfinance” (for downloading stock data)
- *Load data:* Historical stock price for the company Tesla is downloaded from Yahoo Finance using “yfinance” library. The data is loaded within a specific date range between 1/1/2015 and 1/1/2020, and only the "Close" prices are considered.
- *Prepare data:* The loaded “Close” stock price data is normalized using “MinMaxScaler”, a class of “sklearn” library, to transfer them into the range of 0 to 1. Then, it constructs training data samples using a sliding window approach. Each training sample consists of the closing prices of the past.
- *Build the Model:* A sequential LSTM model is created using the Keras, a subpackage of the library “tensorflow”. The model architecture includes multiple LSTM layers for capturing temporal patterns in the data. Dropout layers are added to mitigate overfitting. The model is set up to predict the next day's closing price.
- *Training the Model:* The model is compiled with the Adam optimizer and the mean squared error loss function. After that, it's trained on the constructed training data (“x_train” and “y_train”) using a specified number of epochs and batch size.
- *Test the Model:* The model's performance is evaluated on a separate test dataset, which is downloaded in a similar manner as the training data. The script constructs inputs for the model from the historical data, makes predictions, and scales the predictions back to their original range.

- *Plot Predictions:* The script uses “matplotlib” to plot the actual and predicted stock prices on the same graph. The x-axis represents time, and the y-axis represents stock prices. Actual prices are plotted in black, while predicted prices are plotted in green.
- *Predict Next Day:* The script attempts to predict the stock price for the next day using the most recent “PREDICTION_DAYS” data points. It scales the data, feeds it into the trained model, and then inverts the scaling to obtain the final prediction.