



The Power Sum ☆

264 more points to get your next star!

Rank: 285552 | Points: 211/475



Your The Power Sum submission got 20.00 points.

Share

Tweet

You are now 264 points away from the 4th star for your problem solving badge.

Try the next challenge | Try a Random Challenge

Problem

Submissions

Leaderboard

Discussions

Editorial

Find the number of ways that a given integer, X , can be expressed as the sum of the N^{th} powers of unique, natural numbers.

For example, if $X = 13$ and $N = 2$, we have to find all combinations of unique squares adding up to 13 . The only solution is $2^2 + 3^2$.

Input Format

The first line contains an integer X .

The second line contains an integer N .

Constraints

- $1 \leq X \leq 1000$
- $2 \leq N \leq 10$

Output Format

Output a single integer, the number of possible combinations caclulated.

Sample Input 0

10
2

Sample Output 0

1

Explanation 0

If $X = 10$ and $N = 2$, we need to find the number of ways that 10 can be

Author PRASHANTB1984

Difficulty Medium

Max Score 20

Submitted By 19167

NEED HELP?

View discussions

View editorial

View top submissions

RATE THIS CHALLENGE



MORE DETAILS

Download problem statement

Download sample test cases

Suggest Edits



represented as the sum of squares of unique numbers.

$10 = 1^2 + 3^2$

This is the only way in which **10** can be expressed as the sum of unique squares.

Sample Input 1

100
2

Sample Output 1

3

Explanation 1

$100 = (10^2) = (6^2 + 8^2) = (1^2 + 3^2 + 4^2 + 5^2 + 7^2)$

Sample Input 2

100
3

Sample Output 2

1

Explanation 2

100 can be expressed as the sum of the cubes of **1, 2, 3, 4**.

(1 + 8 + 27 + 64 = 100). There is no other way to express **100** as the sum of cubes.


Java 8



```
1  import java.io.*;
2  import java.math.*;
3  import java.security.*;
4  import java.text.*;
5  import java.util.*;
6  import java.util.concurrent.*;
7  import java.util.regex.*;
8
9  public class Solution {
10
11      // Complete the powerSum function below.
```

```
12         private static int count=0;
13         static int powerSum(int x, int n, int num, double sum) {
14             if (sum == x) {
15                 return 1;
16             } else {
17                 int ans = 0;
18                 if (sum < x) {
19                     for (int i = num; i <= Math.pow(x, 1.0 / n); i++) {
20                         ans += powerSum(x, n, i + 1, sum + Math.pow(i, n));
21                     }
                }
            }
        }
    }
}
```

Line: 21 Col: 18

 Upload Code as File

☐ Test against custom input

Run Code

Submit Code



You have earned 20.00 points!

You are now 264 points away from the 4th star for your problem solving badge.

4%

211/475

Congratulations

You solved this challenge. Would you like to challenge your friends?   

Next Challenge

✔ Testcase 0

✔ Testcase 1

✔ Testcase 2

✔ Testcase 3

6 Testcases

Input (stdin)

[Download](#)

```
10
2
```

Expected Output

[Download](#)

```
1
```

Compiler Message

```
Success
```