## Math 199 CD2: Newton's Method

## October 21, 2021

1. Use Newton's Method to find the root of  $2x^2 + 5 = e^x$  accurate to six decimal places in the interval [3,4]

2. Approximate  $\sqrt{3}$ 

3. The function  $f(x) = x^3 - 3x^2 - 3x + 6$  has a root between 3 and 4 (why?). Using Newton's method to approximate the root upto 2 decimal points

4. Find a root of the function  $f(x) = \cos(x) + 2\sin(x) + x^2$ , starting  $x_0 = 0$ 

5. Find the root of  $e^{\cos(x)}$ 

6. Explain why Newton's method fails to find the root of  $x^{1/3}$  for initial guess x=1