

| d) Obliczyć gęstość δ elementu mierzonego oraz jej niepewność pomiarową $u_c(p)$ -tuleja | | | |
|--|--|---------|--|
| Dane | | Wartość | Tabela 2.2- Dane do obliczenia gęstości tuleji i jej niepewności |
| m[g] | | 8.24 | |
| V[mm3] | | 1425 | |
| u(V)[mm3] | | 75 | |
| u(m)[g] | | 0.0058 | |
| Obliczanie Gęstości | | | |
| $\delta = \frac{m}{V} = \frac{8.24}{1425} = 0.00578245614035087719298245614035 \approx 0.0058 \approx 0.006$ | | | |
| Obliczanie Niepewności Gęstości | | | |
| $\frac{\partial \delta}{\partial m} = \frac{1}{V} = \frac{1}{1425} = 7.02E-04 \qquad \frac{\partial \delta}{\partial V} = -\frac{m}{V^2} = -\frac{8.24}{1425^2} = -4.05E-06$ | | | |
| $\delta = \delta(m, v)$ | | | |
| $u_c(\delta) = \sqrt{\left(\frac{\partial \delta}{\partial V} u(V)\right)^2 + \left(\frac{\partial \delta}{\partial m} u(m)\right)^2} =$ | | | |
| $\sqrt{(-4.05E-06 \cdot 35)^2 + (7.02E-04 \cdot 0.0058)^2} = \sqrt{(-1.42E-04)^2 + (4.07E-06)^2} =$ | | | |
| $\sqrt{2.01E-08 + 1.65779E-11} = \sqrt{2.01E-08} = 0.00014181 \approx 0.00015 \text{ g/mm3}$ | | | |