



Enabling global identity
Protecting digital trust

verifiable LEI (vLEI) Ecosystem Governance Framework v1.0

Legal Entity vLEI Credential Governance Framework

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Change History

This section records the history of all changes to this document.

EGF Version	Document Version	Date	Description of Change
1.0	1.1	August 30, 2023	Updated section 6.3 Legal Entity Identification to include Identity Assurance requirements for DARs, requirements for the appointment of LARS and for multi-sig and thresholds for signing of the Legal Entity vLEI Credential by LARs; corrected 'AVR' to 'LAR' in section 6.3.2.c.i.; added section 6.4 for Addition or Replacement of DARs and LARS



1 Introduction

This is a Controlled Document of the verifiable LEI (vLEI) Ecosystem Governance Framework (vLEI Ecosystem Governance Framework). It is the authoritative Governance Framework for the Legal Entity vLEI Credential. It specifies the purpose, principles, policies, and specifications that apply to the use of this Credential in the vLEI Ecosystem.

2 Terminology

All terms in First Letter Capitals are defined in the vLEI Glossary.

3 Purpose

The purpose of the Legal Entity vLEI Credential is to enable the simple, safe, secure identification of a Legal Entity vLEI Credential Holder to any Verifier that accepts a Legal Entity vLEI Credential.

4 Scope

The scope of this Credential Governance Framework is limited to Issuers, Holders, and Verifiers of the vLEI Legal Entity Credential.

5 Principles

The following principles guide the development of policies in this Credential Governance Framework. Note that they apply **in addition to** the Core Policies defined in the vLEI Ecosystem Governance Framework.

5.1 Binding to Holder

The Legal Entity vLEI Credential shall be designed to provide a strong enough binding to the Legal Entity vLEI Credential Holder that a Proof Request for the Legal Entity vLEI Credential can be satisfied only by the Legal Entity vLEI Credential Holder.

5.2 Context Independence

The Legal Entity vLEI Credential shall be designed to fulfil a Proof Request for the legal identity of the Legal Entity vLEI Credential Holder regardless of context, including in-person, online, or over the phone.

6 Issuer Policies

6.1 Qualifications

The Issuer MUST:

1. be a Qualified vLEI Issuer (QVI) in the vLEI Ecosystem with Qualification up to date.
2. follow all of the requirements specified in the vLEI Issuer Qualification Agreement.
3. use the vLEI software for hosting Witnesses, Watchers and for Key Management.
4. The Issuer MUST be a Qualified vLEI Issuer (QVI) that has been contracted by a Legal Entity for the issuance of a Legal Entity vLEI Credential.

6.2 Credential

The Issuer MUST:

1. use the Legal Entity vLEI Credential schema defined in section 9.1.
2. include the Claims marked as Required in section 9.1.

6.3 Legal Entity Identity Verification

1. Identity Assurance of the Legal Entity's Designated Authorized Representative (DAR)
 - a. A QVI Authorized Representative (QAR) MUST perform identity assurance of a person serving in the role of a Legal Entity Designated Authorized Representative (DAR) that will designate the Legal Entity Authorized Representatives (LARs) to at least Identity Assurance Level 2 (IAL2) as defined in NIST 800-63A (<https://pages.nist.gov/800-63-3/sp800-63a.html>).
 - b. As an alternative to a., the QVI MAY use Third-Party Services to perform identity assurance on the DAR.
 - i. Proper security access controls MUST be put in place between the QVI and the third-party provider so that the QAR can view the results of identity assurance to ensure that the third-party provider follows the requirements of the vLEI Ecosystem Governance Framework.
 - c. The QAR MUST verify the signing authority of the DAR. Examples of authorization documentation that can be provided are a certified copy of documentation from a business registry, or a notarized copy of statutes or certificate of incumbency.
 - d. A QAR MUST verify that the LEI supplied for the Credential by the DAR is the LEI of the Legal Entity for which the issuance request for the Credential has been made.
 - e. A QAR MUST verify the Legal Entity Identifier (LEI) of the Legal Entity has a LEI Entity Status of Active and a LEI Registration Status of Issued, Pending Transfer or Pending Archival in the Global LEI System.



- 62 f. The DAR SHOULD designate at least three (3) LARs if the Legal Entity has 3 or more
63 authorized signers or authorized employees that can be designated for signing
64 credentials in order to use the greater security of KERI multi-sig protocols.
65 i. The Legal Entity MAY appoint less than three (3) LARs if less than 3
66 authorized signers exist or less than 3 employees can be designated for
67 signing credentials on behalf of the Legal Entity.
68 ii. If 2 or more LARs have been designated, the signing threshold MUST
69 require at least 2 LARs to sign the Legal Entity vLEI Credential.
70 iii. Only one LAR signature is required for a Legal Entity with a sole employee
71 or authorized signatory.
72 iv. Using a threshold of all of the LARs would require all usages of the Legal
73 Entity vLEI Credential to be multi-signed by all of the LARs.
74

75 2. Identity Assurance of the Legal Entity Authorized Representative(s) (LAR(s))
76

- 77 a. A QAR MUST perform identity assurance of a person serving in the role of a Legal
78 Entity Authorized Representative (LAR) to at least Identity Assurance Level 2 (IAL2)
79 as defined in NIST 800-63A (<https://pages.nist.gov/800-63-3/sp800-63a.html>).
80 Even when IAL2 is used for Identity Assurance, a real-time OOB session is required
81 as specified in 3.b (essentially including the IAL3 requirement for a Supervised
82 Remote In-person session).
83 b. As an alternative to a., the QVI MAY use Third-Party Services to perform identity
84 assurance on the LARs.
85 i. Proper security access controls MUST be put in place between the QVI and
86 the third-party provider so that the QAR can view the results of identity
87 assurance and confirm that the persons that have been identity assured
88 are the LARs that join the real-time OOB session specified in 3. b.), as well
89 as to ensure that the third-party provider follows the requirements of the
90 vLEI Ecosystem Governance Framework.
91

92 3. Identity Authentication
93

- 94 a. A credential wallet MUST be set up for the Legal Entity and for each LAR.
95 b. A QAR and the LARs MUST establish a real-time OOB session in which the QAR
96 and all LARs are present. An example is a continuous web meeting attended by all
97 parties on both audio and video.
98 c. The following steps MUST be performed in this completed during this OOB
99 session.
100 i. The QAR MUST perform manual verification of each LAR's legal identity for
101 which the QAR has already performed identity Assurance. An example is
102 each LAR visually presenting one or more legal identity credentials and the
QAR compares the credentials verified during Identity Assurance to the
LAR Person.



- ii. The QAR MUST use an OOB protocol (such as a QR code or live chat) to share the QVI Autonomic Identifier (AID) with the LARs.
 - iii. Each LAR MUST use an OOB protocol (such as a QR code or live chat) to share the Legal Entity AID with the QAR.
 - iv. The QAR MUST send a Challenge Message to the Legal Entity AID as defined in the Technical Requirements Part 1 for the purposes of cryptographic authentication of the Legal Entity AID. The Challenge Message MUST be unique to the OOB session.
 - v. Each LAR MUST use its Private Key Store to sign and return the response to the Challenge Message, after which the LAR MUST acknowledge that this action has been completed.
 - vi. The QAR MUST verify in real time that a response to the Challenge Message was received from each LAR.
 - vii. When all responses to the Challenge Messages sufficient to satisfy the multi-sig threshold have been received, the QAR MUST verify the complete set of signatures.
4. Addition or Replacement of DARs and LARs
- a. When new DARs are appointed to replace or add LARs, a QAR MUST perform identity assurance of a person serving in the role of a new DAR as specified in 6.3.1a and 6.3.1.b.
 - b. When DARs replace or add LARs after the issuance of the Legal Entity vLEI Credential, the steps within 1. Identity Assurance and Identity Authentication MUST be followed, beginning with 6.3.2.a.

6.4 Issuance

1. The Legal Entity Identity Verification process outlined in section 6.3 MUST be completed before Legal Entity vLEI Credential issuance can begin.
2. A workflow MUST be implemented in the operations of the QVI which requires two QARs to be involved in the issuance and signing a Legal Entity vLEI Credential. The first QAR will perform the required above-mentioned Identity Assurance, or confirm if a third-party provider is used), Identity Authentication and out-of-band validations and then will sign the credential. Another QAR then approves the issuance and signs the Legal Entity vLEI Credential.
3. A QAR MUST call the vLEI Reporting API for each issuance event of Legal Entity vLEI Credentials.
4. GLEIF MUST update the list of vLEI Credentials on the LEI page of the Legal Entity to reflect OOR vLEI credential issuances that have been reported by QVIs.



6.5 Revocation

1. Voluntary revocation
 - a. A QAR MUST revoke a Legal Entity vLEI Credential upon receipt of a Fully Signed revocation request by the LAR(s) of the Legal Entity, e.g., if the Legal Entity chooses to no longer be the Holder of this Credential.
 - b. A QAR MUST perform the revocation within the timeframe specified in Appendix 5, Service Level Agreement (SLA).
2. Involuntary revocation of vLEI Credentials MUST follow the process specified in Appendix 5, Service Level Agreement (SLA).
3. A QAR MUST call the vLEI Reporting API for each revocation event of Legal Entity vLEI Credentials.
4. GLEIF MUST update the list of vLEI Credentials on the LEI page of the Legal Entity to reflect vLEI credential revocations that have been reported by QVIs.
5. The QAR SHOULD remove the LEI of the Legal Entity from the process to monitor the status of LEIs used within vLEIs.

6.6 Level of Assurance

The Legal Entity vLEI Credential SHOULD be issued with only a single Level of Assurance. Future versions of this credential governance framework MAY define multiple Levels of Assurance.

7 Holder Policies

There are no restrictions on the Holders of vLEI Credentials specified in the vLEI Ecosystem. Restrictions may be introduced in other Ecosystems that use the vLEI Ecosystem.

8 Verifier Policies

There are no restrictions on the Verifiers of vLEI Credentials specified in the vLEI Ecosystem. Restrictions may be introduced in other Ecosystems that use the vLEI Ecosystem.

9 Credential Definition

9.1 Schema

1. The Legal Entity vLEI Credential MUST be an Authentic Chained Data Container (ACDC) that MUST use for its schema at the time of issuance, the JSON Schema found in:

<https://github.com/WebOfTrust/vLEI/blob/dev/schema/acdc/legal-entity-vLEI-credential.json>



- 171 2. **The field values in the credential MUST be as follows:**
- 172 a. "LEI" field value MUST be the LEI of Legal Entity Holder.
- 173 b. Additional data elements can be specified about the Legal Entity through
- 174 issuance of another ACDC credential containing these additional elements
- 175 by using the chaining capabilities of ACDC credentials to chain this
- 176 additional ACDC credential to the related Legal Entity vLEI Credential.
- 177 3. The Sources section MUST contain a source reference to the Qualified vLEI Issuer
- 178 vLEI Credential of the QVI that issued this Legal Entity vLEI Credential.

179 The elements in this type of credential can be returned in response to a presentation

180 request as defined in the IPEX protocol (see below).

181 The ACDC specification is covered in the ACDC protocol specification which can be

182 found in: <https://github.com/WebOfTrust/ietf-keri>

183 The issuance and presentation exchange protocols are covered in the Issuance and

184 Presentation Exchange (IPEX) protocol specification, which can be found in:

185 <https://github.com/WebOfTrust/IETF-IPEX>

