

## NATIONAL OPEN UNIVERSITY OF NIGERIA 14-16 AHMADU BELLO WAY, VICTORIA ISLAND LAGOS SCHOOL OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY MAY/JUNE 2012 EXAMINATION

MTH 305 COMPLEX ANALYSIS II TIME ALLOWED: 3 HOURS

TOTAL: 70 MARKS

INSTRUCTION: ANSWER ANY 5 QUESTIONS

1. (a) Evaluate each of the following using theorems on limits (i)  $\lim_{z-i \cdot 1+i} (z^2-5z+10)$ 

$$\lim_{z \to i-2i} \frac{(2z+3)(z-1)}{(z^2-2z+4)}$$

-8 marks

 $\lim \frac{Z}{}$ 

(b) Prove that z-i0 Z

-6 marks

- 2. (a) Prove that the function U = 2x(1-y) is harmonic -6 marks
- (b) Find a function V such that f(z) = u + i v and express f(z) in terms of z -8 marks
- 3. (a)Prove that  $f(z)=z^2$  is uniformly continous in the region |z|<1 -6marks
- (b) Using the definition,find the derivative of  $w=f(z)=z^3-2z$  at the point where (a)  $z=z_0$  (b) z=-1 -8 marks
- 4. (a) Expand  $f(z) = \frac{1}{z-3}$  is a Laurent series valid for (i) |z| < 3 (ii) |z| > 3

6marks

(b) Find the value of the integral  $I_1 = \int_c z^2 dz$ , where  $c_1$  is the line segment from z = 0 to z = 2 + i -8 marks

5. (a) Expand  $f(z) = \cos z$  in Taylor series about of convergence -6 marks

$$z = \frac{\pi}{4}$$
 and determine its region

$$\oint \frac{\sin^6}{\left(z - \frac{\pi}{6}\right)^3} dz$$
, where C is a circle  $|z| = 1$ 
-8 marks

6. (a) Find the Laurent series for the function Also state that type of singularity

$$f(z) = (z-3)\sin\frac{1}{z+1}$$
 about  $z = -2$ .

and the region of convergence for the series.-6 marks

(b) Evaluate 
$$\int_{c} \frac{5z-2}{z(z-1)} dz$$

7. (a) Verify that the real and imaginary parts of the function  $f(z) = z^2 + 5iz + 3 = 1$ i satisfy Cauchy-Riemann equation

and deduce the analyticity of the function.-6 marks

(b) For each of the following functions, determine the poles and residuces at the poles

(i) 
$$\frac{2z+1}{z^2-z-2}$$
 (ii)  $\left(\frac{z+1}{z-1}\right)^2$ 

-8 marks