FBQ1: A is a series of step-by-step instructions that provides asolution to a particular problem and directs the computer on what to doexactly Answer: PROGRAM
FBQ2: Ansystem is a collection of system programs that jointlycontrols the operations of a computer system and its resources Answer: Operating
FBQ3: Errors in programs are usually called Answer: Bugs
FBQ4: Language is generally called the lowest- level language Answer: Machine
FBQ5: An is a prescribed set of well-defined rules or instructions for the solution of a problem in a finite number of steps Answer: Algorithm
FBQ6: The two major types of programming are <code>system Programming and</code> programming Answer: Application
FBQ7: The statement is simply a comment statement thatprovides information about the program or any of its segments to theprogrammer. Answer: REM
FBQ8: The Programming is also called Backtracking programming Answer: Path
FBQ9: A macro is the flowchart that outlines the general flow andmajor segments of a program Answer: Flowchart
FBQ10: Programming by level is also called programming technique Answer: Top-down
FBQ11: A is the name given to the programming statements you associate with the controls on your form. Answer: Code
FBQ12: The two types Of programs that make up the Operating System are <code>□ControlPrograms</code> and programs Answer: <code>□↑Processing</code>
FBQ13:testing involves testing the separate components or modules as they are being developed Answer: Unit
FBQ14: testing involves testing the program as separate modules are put together Answer: Integration
FBQ15: testing occurs when the whole program is beingtested in its final form to be ready for use Answer: System
FBQ16: The next in the hierarchy of languages that is closer to the MachineLanguage is the Language Answer: Assembly
FBQ17: The binary code of the Machine Language is called Answer: Symbolic names
FBQ18: A translates an entire program into machine language before the

execution of the program Answer: Compiler
FBQ19: A Compiler usually translates the SOURCE program into another program called the program which is the machine language version of the source code Answer: Object
FBQ20: The first high- level language is Answer: Fortran
FBQ21: is the most popular programming language. Answer: Beginner's All-purpose Symbolic Instruction Code
FBQ22: The programming language was developed in 1960 and suitable for business applications Answer: COBOL
FBQ23: A is a logical representation of an algorithm using thirdgeneration language (3 GL) style such as DO, WHILE, IF-then -else Answer: Pseudocode
FBQ24: The full meaning of the acronym DFD is Answer: Data Flow Diagrams
FBQ25: The full meaning of the acronym ANSI is Answer: American National Standards Institute
FBQ26: The programming language has been fundamentally derived from original C language Answer: C++
FBQ27: The programming language was designed by B. Stroustrup Answer: C++
FBQ28: The tag in HTML for setting up a paragraph is the tag Answer:
FBQ29: The tag in HTML for horizontal rule is the tag Answer:
FBQ30: are question and answer dialog boxes that automate tasks Answer: Wizards
FBQ31: An software is any program that is designed for the end user Answer: Application
FBQ32: In computer networks, to is to send data to a remote system such as a server or another client Answer: Upload
FBQ33: In computer Networks, to download is to receive data from asystem server Answer: Remote
FBQ34: A sequence of instructions that is continually repeated until a certain condition is reached is called a Answer: Loop
FBQ35: The physical part of a computer system is known as a Answer: Hardware
MCQ1: Which of the following is / are a processing programs existing in Operating system?

Answer: All of the options MCQ2: Programmer who works with high level languages and have better understanding with applications are considered as _ Answer: application programmer MCQ3: Which of the following is not one of the demerits of Machine Language (ML)? Answer: Fast execution speed MCQ4: In high level programming language Pascal, each program statement ends with a Answer: semicolon MCQ5: Which of the programming languages can be used to teach structured programming? Answer: FORTRAN MCQ6: Pascal programming language was developed in ___ Answer: 1960s MCQ7: Pascal is based on Answer: structural language MCQ8: Pascal is a Answer: High - level language MCQ9: The following are PASCAL type, Except Answer: Float MCQ10: Which of the following is NOT one of the pillars of object-oriented development Answer: HTML MCQ11: In flow chart, diamond shaped symbol is used to represent ______ Answer: decision box MCQ12: Symbol used in flowchart such as rectangle with the horizontal lines on two sides is used for Answer: predefined process MCQ13: Program link with other parts of the program or connectors in flowchart are represented by ____ Answer: circle MCQ14: Part of algorithm which is repeated for the fixed number of times is classified as Answer: iteration MCQ15: Method which uses a list of well - defined instructions to complete a task starting from a given initial state from a given initial state to end state is called Answer: Algorithm MCQ16: The chart that contains only function flow and no code is called as Answer: Structure chart MCQ17: Which of the following is a computer program structure? Answer: None of the options MCQ18: Execution of two or more programs by a single CPU is known as

Answer: Multiprocessing

MCQ19: Flowcharts and Algorithms are used for Answer: All of the options
MCQ20: An Algorithm represented in the form of programming languages is a Answer: Program
MCQ21: Which of the following is NOT a basic control structure ? Answer: The process
MCQ22: GUI stands for Answer: Graphical User Interface
MCQ23: Terminal symbol in a flowchart indicates Answer: End
MCQ24: Pseudocode is used for Answer: To write program steps
MCQ25: Which of the following is a pictorial representation of an algorithm? Answer: Flowchart
MCQ26: Which of the following symbol in a flowchart is used to indicate all arithmetic processes of adding, subtracting, multiplying and dividing ? Answer: Processing
MCQ27: Pseudo code is also known as Answer: Program Design Language
MCQ28: Which of the following program planning tool allows the programmers to plan program logic by writing program instruction in an ordinary language? Answer: Pseudo code
MCQ29: HTML stands for Answer: Hypertext Markup language
MCQ30: All HTML tags are enclosed in Answer: < and >
MCQ31: The BODY tag is usually used after Answer: HEAD tag
MCQ32: The acronym MATLAB stand for Answer: Matrix Laboratory
MCQ33: Which of the following is NOT a pre-defined variable in MATLAB? Answer: gravity
MCQ34: What is the tag responsible to make text italic in HTML ? Answer: <i><i></i></i>
MCQ35: Which of the following is a string variable ? Answer: J\$