FBQ1: Prose fiction treats personal subject matter which is open to various interpretations by the Answer: *Reader*
FBQ2: Poetics is associated with Answer: *Aristotle*
FBQ3: Much of the terms used in theatre today originated from the period. Answer: *Classical*
FBQ4: Aesthetically, adds colour and grandeur to dramatic performances. Answer: *Scenery*
FBQ5: drama evolved from Catholic liturgy or the Mass Answer: *Medieval*
FBQ6: The first step in play production is Answer: *Casting*
FBQ7: The earliest form of literary presentation was in Answer: *Verse*
FBQ8: The Grecian god of vegetation and wine that is associated with the origin of drama is $___$. Answer: *Dionysus*
FBQ9: The period of artistic integration of all elements of play production is called Answer: *Rehearsal*
FBQ10: The act of harmonising a dramatic performance is known as Answer: *Directing*
FBQ11: In a Roman theatre the Patricians favoured Answer: *Pantomime*
FBQ12: The movement of thinking towards the upgrading of human dignity is called
Answer: *Renaissance*
FBQ13: Plautus and Terence were the famous comic writers of the classical theatre. Answer: *Roman*
FBQ14: A three-dimensional solid structure indicating how the stage would look like is called Answer: *Model*
FBQ15: The stage is usually divided into acting areas. Answer: *Nine*
FBQ16: Prose fiction may exaggerate or distort Answer: *Facts*
FBQ17: The protagonist is also called the Answer: *Hero*
FBQ18: The Ramayana and Mahabharata are epics Answer: *Indian*
FBQ19: The novel has become the dominant form of prose fiction followed by the

Answer: *short story*
FBQ20: Style and are the hallmarks of prose fiction. Answer: *Suspense*
FBQ21: The epic of presents the adventures of a legendary hero, the King of Uruk. Answer: *Gilgamesh*
FBQ22: The branch of prose fiction that combines entertainment and scientific speculation is calledAnswer: *science fiction*
FBQ23: The signifies the way in which an author tells his/her story Answer: *point-of-view*
FBQ24: The point of view is rarely used by writers Answer: *second person*
FBQ25: The novel presents graphic representations of ordinary events and experiences with elements of fantasy and surrealism Answer: *Picaresque*
FBQ26: The novel explores the minds of characters rather than the physical aspects or the external reality in which the characters operate. Answer: *Psychological*
FBQ27: The novel deals with good and evil, justice and injustice, as the characters scheme and seek political positions. Answer: *Political*
FBQ28: The is an episodic recounting of the adventures of the central character. Answer: *Picaresque*
FBQ29: Some of the features of the novel include elements of horror and romance. Answer: *Gothic*
FBQ30: Modern prose fiction in its present form, particularly the, evolved from belles-lettres. Answer: *Novel*
FBQ31: Non-human characters that are employed and manipulated by the writer to convey a double meaning of the subject matter are called characters. Answer: *Allegorical*
FBQ32: Many regard Sir Walter Scott as the first novelist to have used the form in his writings. Answer: *historical novel*
FBQ33: Belles-lettres (beautiful letters) was associated with elegance and
Answer: *Style*
FBQ34: The Sumerian gods are characters associated with the epic of Answer: *Gilgamesh*
FBQ35: Prose that is based on actual events, real names of the participants, actual dates and places is Answer: *History*
Multiple Choice Questions: MCQ1: In Prose fiction, is used to describe the presentation of the story

in a realistic manner. Answer: veresmultude
MCQ2: Some scholars refer to the as the forerunner of modern prose fiction. Answer: Missal
MCQ3: ;The Canterbury Tales contrasts with other literature of the period because of the of its narrative. Answer: prosaic
MCQ4: Some scholars regard the creation and fall of man in Genesis as the Hebrew of creation. Answer: fiction
MCQ5: The protagonist is also known as the character. Answer: point-of-view
MCQ6: The place and time in which a story takes place is called the Answer: state
MCQ7: The omniscient narrative is also popularly called the narrative. Answer: multiple
MCQ8: The monologic, dialogic and polylogic are the three types of the novel. Answer: epistolary
MCQ9: The Legend of Good Women is one of the earliest prose fiction written by
Answer: Malory
MCQ10: A long narrative poem which tells a story that involves a hero is called an $___$. Answer: epigram
MCQ11: In ;Canterbury Tales, Chaucer drew on real life for his cast of Answer: pilgrims
MCQ12: The second set of narratives in the Bible is centred on like Joseph, Job, Ruth Answer: prophets
MCQ13: The subject matter of the early romance was based on histories. Answer: Arthurian
MCQ14: The Epic of is regarded as the first great heroic narrative in the literary world. Answer: Gidash
MCQ15: Other popular romances with unexpected and peculiar adventures are Sir Gawain and Knight Answer: The Purple
MCQ16: Homer's two notable Epics are Iliad and Answer: Ozzidi
MCQ17: The author manipulates to suit his or her purpose/style and for the readers' appreciation. Answer: art
MCQ18: The rendering and ordering of the events and actions of a story is called

Answer: novella
MCQ19: The Spanish 'Prison of Love' (Cárcel de amor) (c.1485) by Diego de San Pedro is an example of a(n) novel Answer: bildungsroman
MCQ20: The term, '' is a German word meaning " novel of formation" or "novel of education" Answer: gothic
MCQ21: Virgil's notable epic is Answer: Ozzidi
MCQ22: The Gothic novel is believed to have been invented by the English author,
Answer: Daniel Defoe
MCQ23: Which of these English writers spent the last twenty years of his life in prison? Answer: Geoffrey Chaucer
MCQ24: The literary artist uses fictitious names to avoid Answer: friends
MCQ25: The epics of Virgil and Homer were read by scholars since the Middle Ages. Answer: Religious
MCQ26: An author may indicate that the names are fictitious and regrets to any known person. Answer: resemblance
MCQ27: In prose fiction, vivid and graphic representations of and incidents are used to tell an entertaining story. Answer: characters
MCQ28: Volume in prose fiction refers to the of the work. Answer: length
MCQ29: There are two major types of the novel: the industrial and the moral types. Answer: epistolary
MCQ30: The writer's attitude to the theme that is being explored is known as
Answer: subjectivity
MCQ31: History is factual documentation while prose fiction is a work of
Answer: textbook
MCQ32: The word, 'prose' is from the Latin language, which means Answer: Straight forward
MCQ33: The vehicle or channel of communication in all genres of literature is
Answer: point-of-view
MCQ34: The of the literary artist does not subsist on hard facts. Answer: language
MCQ35: A factual documentation with the sole aim of education and preservation for posterity is Answer: prose fiction