



NATIONAL OPEN UNIVERSITY OF NIGERIA
14-16 AHMADU BELLO WAY, VICTORIA ISLAND, LAGOS
SCHOOL OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY
JANUARY/FEBRUARY 2013 EXAMINATION

CODE: MTH 423
3 HOURS
TITLE: INTEGRAL EQUATION
70%
CREDIT UNIT: 3

TIME:
TOTAL:

INSTRUCTION: COMPLETE ANSWERS TO ANY FIVE (5) QUESTIONS BEAR FULL MARKS

1(a) Find an integral formulation for the problem defined by

$$y'' + 4y = f(x), \quad 0 \leq x \leq \frac{\pi}{4}, \quad y = 0 \text{ at } x = 0 \text{ and } y = 0 \text{ at } x = \frac{\pi}{4}$$

-7marks

1(b) Transform the problem defined through $y'' + \lambda y = 0$ when $y = 0$ at $x = 0$ and

$$y' = 0 \text{ at } x = 1 \text{ into integral equation form.}$$

-7marks

2(a) Solve the integral equation

$$Q(x) = x^3 + \int_0^x e^{3(x-y)} Q(y) dy$$

-

5marks

2(b) Solve the integral equation

$$\varphi(x) = \lambda \int_0^1 (1+xt) \varphi(t) dt \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1$$

-9marks

3 Find the eigenvalues and eigenfunction of the system defined by

$$\varphi(x) = \lambda \int_0^1 (1+xt) \varphi(t) dt + f(x)$$

-

14marks

4(a) With proper integration and differentiation, convert the understated differential equation into integral equation.
 $y''(x) + b_1(x) + b_2(x)y(x) = f(x)$ with the initial condition $y(0) = 0$;
 $y(0) = y_1$ -7marks

4(b) Using appropriate method, form the integral equation corresponding to
 $Y''' + 2xy' + y = 0$, $y(0) = 1$, $y'(0) = 0$.
 -- 7marks

5 Solve the integral equation

$$Q(x) = x + 1 + \int_0^x (1 + 2(x-y)) d(y) dy$$

-14marks

6(a) Solve the integral equation $\int_0^x Q(x-y)[Q(y) - 2 \sin ay] dy = x \cos ax$ -
 7marks

6(b) Solve the integral equation $3 \sin x + 2 \cos x = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \sin(x+y) Q(y) dy$
 - 7marks

7 Let $\{\varphi_n\}$ be an orthogonal system, and let f be continuous.
 Set $\alpha_n = \int_I f(x) \varphi_n(x) dx$. Show that, $\sum \alpha_n^2 \leq \int_I f^2(x) dx$
 and $\alpha_n^{1/s}$ are known as the Fourier's coefficient.
 -14marks