

## **NATIONAL OPEN UNIVERSITY OF NIGERIA** 14-16 AHMADU BELLO WAY, VICTORIA ISLAND LAGOS SCHOOL OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY **MAY/IUNE 2012 EXAMINATION**

MTH 312 GROUPS AND RINGS

TIME: 3 HOURS

TITLE: TOTAL: 70 MARKS

INSTRUCTION: ANSWER ANY 5 QUESTIONS

- 1.(a) Prove that every subgroup of Z is normal in Z -4 marks
- (b) Let H be a subgroup of a group G. Show that following statement are equivalent
  - (i) H is normal in G

(ii) 
$$g^{-1}Hg \subseteq H \forall g \in G$$

(iii) 
$$g^{-1}Hg=H \forall g \in G$$
 - 10 marks

- (ii)  $g^{-1}Hg \subseteq H \ \forall \ g \in G$ (iii)  $g^{-1}Hg = H \ \forall \ g \in G$  10 marks 2.(a)(i) Show that  $A_3 \Delta S_3$  -4 marks
- (b) Write out the cayley tables for addition in Z6, the set of non-zero elements of Z6. -8 marks

$$= \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ -b & a \end{bmatrix} a, b \in R \right\}$$

3. (a) Consider the set G addition. Show that

 $= \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ -b & a \end{bmatrix}_{a,b \in R} \right\}$ Ten g is a group with respect to matrix

$$f: G \to C: f\left(\begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ b & a \end{bmatrix}\right) = a + ib$$

is an isomorphism -7 marks

(b).(i) Write out the cayley tables for multiplication in Z6, the set of non-zero elements of Z6. -8 marks

$$M_2(R) = \begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} \end{bmatrix} | a_{11}, a_{12}, a_{21}, a_{22}$$

4.(a) Consider the set

are real numbers. Show that

M2 (R) is a ring with respect to

Addition -10 marks

$$S = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} a & 0 \\ 0 & b \end{bmatrix} | a, b \in Z \right\}$$
is a subring of
$$R = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} a & 0 \\ 0 & b \end{bmatrix} | a, b \in R \right\}$$
- 4 mark

(b) Show that  $S_n, \circ$  is a subring of  $S_n \circ S_n \circ S$ 

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 123 \\ 231 \end{pmatrix}, B = \begin{pmatrix} 123 \\ 321 \end{pmatrix}$$

-7 marks

- (b) Find the principal ideals of Z10 generated by 3 and 5 -6 marks
- 6.(a) Let X be a non-empty set  $\rho(X)$  be the collection of all subset of X and denote the symmetric difference operation.

Show that  $(\rho(x), \Delta, \cap)$  is a ring.-8 marks

(b) Consider the ring  $\rho(x)$  and Let Y be a non-empty subset of x . f is defined  $\rho(x)$   $\rho(y)$  by  $f(A) = A \cap Y \ \forall \ A$ 

in  $\rho(x)$  .Show that f is a hormorphism. -6 marks

7.(a) Let A and B be two rings. Show that the projection map

$$P: A \times B \rightarrow A: P(x, y) = X$$

is homorphism.what are ker P

And Im P?-8 marks

(b) Show that map  $\varphi:C[0,1]R\times R:\varphi$  if f(1)=(f(0),f(1)) is a homomorphism -6 marks