

Question MCQ1 : The two possible values of each in a Bernoulli process
Xi are often called?

Answer: "success" and "failure"

Question MCQ2 : The negative Binomial variables may be interpreted as what?

Answer: Random waiting times

<pr/>Question MCQ3 : The probability tossing a coin once and get a head is?

Question MCQ4 : The total probability for any event is?

Answer: 1

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 Question MCQ5 : If a random variable X takes only integral values it can be called?

Answer: Discrete probability distribution.

Question MCQ6 : The normal distribution was first discovered by English Mathematician____?
Answer: De-voire

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 Question MCQ7 : The following are properties of normal distribution curve except

shr/>Answer: The curve is not symmetric about a vertical axis

 $\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{ohr/}}}\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{ohr}}}\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{Ouestion}}}$ A random variable X has normal Distribution, and it is referred to as ____

Answer: a normal random variable

 Question MCQ9 : Using normal tables, find the values of the following probabilities: P(-1.50 < z < 2.50)

Answer: 0.9270

cbr/>Question MCQ10 : Given a normal distribution with mean of 230 and standard deviation of 20, what is the probability that an observation from this population is: Greater than 280

Answer: 2.50

Question MCQ12 : Poisson distribution was derived in what year?

Answer: 1837

 $\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\sc case}}}$ of which distribution?

Answer: Binomial probability distribution

Question MCQ14 : The mean number of misprints per page in a book is 1.2. What is the probability of finding on a particular page no misprints?

Answer: 0.301

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 $\$ Chr/>Question MCQ15 : A statistical hypothesis test is a method of making decisions using ____?

Answer: Data from a scientific study.

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 Question MCQ17 : One out of the following is assumption for F-test for equality of variances.

Answer: The samples are simple random samples

<pr/>Question MCQ18 : Chi-square distribution test one among the following:

Answer: Goodness of fit

cbr/>Question MCQ19 : ANOVA can be how many ways?

Answer: One-way or two-way

Question MCQ20 : Statistics that do not assume the data or population

have any characteristic structure or parameters is called?

Answer: Non-parametric statistics

Question MCQ21 : In statistics, the term non-parametric statistics has

at least how many different meanings?

Answer: Two

Question MCQ22 : Price and supply of a commodity is example what

correlation?

Answer: Positive correlation

<pr/>Question MCQ23 : Rainfall and Farm yield is example what

correlation?

Answer: Positive correlation

Question MCQ24 : Tax rate and consumption demand is example what

correlation?

Answer: Negative correlation

cbr/>Question MCQ25 : Karl Pearson's coefficient of correlation is...

Answer: Non-Parametric statistic

obr/>Question MCQ26 : Spearman's Rank Correlation Coefficient, usually

denoted by?

br/>Answer: ρ (Rho)

Question MCQ27 : A more accurate way of finding the line of best fit

is through the use of...

Answer: Least square method

Question MCQ28 : A simple regression model comprise of how may

variables?

Answer: 2

Question MCQ29 : In simple regression model how many independent

variable do we have?

Answer: 1

Answer: Simple regression model

Question MCQ31 : In probability theory central limit theorem states

that given a certain conditions the mean of a sufficiently ____ of

iterates.

Answer: large number

Question MCQ32 : By the law of large numbers, the sample averages

converge in probability and almost surely to the expected value...

Answer: μ as n → ∞.

Question MCQ33 : Ten unbiased coins are tossed simultaneously. Find

the probability of obtaining: Exactly six heads

Answer: 0.2051

Question MCQ34 : All these are types of Index Numbers except

Answer: Value added tax index number
or/>Question MCQ35 : Below are not problems in the construction of Index Numbers except
Answer: Choice of formula
Question MCQ36 : Below ate methods of constructing index numbers except
Answer: Simple aggregate
Question MCQ37 : One of these is not a weighted Aggregate method
Answer: Karl Pearson's Price Index

Question MCQ38 : Below are Uses of Index Number except
Answer: Use to measure sick people
<pr/>Question MCQ39 : Data can be classified into two major sources from which they are obtained
Answer: Primary and Secondary data
>Question MCQ40 : The following are disadvantages of primary data except
Answer: Less accurate
obr/>Question MCQ41 : The following are advantages secondary data except
Answer: Accurate and Reliable
or/>Ouestion MC042 : Data are also classified based on the form except
Answer: Primary Data
<pr/>>Question MCQ43 : _____ combine the features of cross-sectional and time-series data.
Answer: Panel Data
>Question MCQ44 : The Sources of Secondary data are as follows except
Answer: Household Survey
or/>Question MCQ45 : Below are some publications in Nigeria except
Answer: Daily Consumption of Beans
<pr/>Question MCQ46 : Researchers collect data in order to test _____ and to provide empirical support for explanations and predictions.
Answer: Hypotheses

>or/>>or/>Question MCQ47 : Sub-set of population is called?
Answer: Sample
Question MCQ48 : A particular value of the population, such as the mean income or the level of formal education, is called
Answer: A parameter
or/>Question MCQ49 : Below are the functions of money except
Answer: Portability
or/>Question MCQ50 : To accurately estimate unknown parameters from known statistics, researchers have to effectively deal with one of these problems:
Answer: The size of the sample
<pr/>Question FBQ1 : A _____ random variable is the simplest random variable.
Answer: Bernoulli
<pr/>>Question FBQ2 : A Bernoulli process is a _____ or infinite sequence of binary random variable

>or/>Ouestion FB03 : Several random variables and probability distributions __ itself may be derived from the Bernoulli process
Answer: Bernoulli
Question FBQ4 : The negative Binomial variables may be interpreted as __ waiting times
Answer: random
Question FBQ5 : A Bernoulli random variable is one which has only __ and 1 as possible values.

Answer: 0
Question FBQ6 : A Bernoulli random variable is the simplest random variable. It models an experiment in which there are only two outcomes. Generically, we say that X=1 is a success and X=0 is a failure. We say that p is the _____ probability.
Answer: Success
<pr/>Question FBQ7 : ____ the probability of success is constant for each trial. Then q = 1-p, is the probability of failure in any trial.

Answer: p
0uestion FB08 : P(r) = P(X =)
Answer: r
or/>Question FBQ9 : Since these probabilities are the successive terms in the Binomial expansion (q + p)n, it is called the _____ distribution
Answer: Binomial

Question FBQ10 : Total probability is _____

Answer: 1
cbr/>Question FBQ11 : The normal distribution with <imq</pre> src="@@PLUGINFILE@@/Picture1.png" alt=""/>is referred to as the standard _____ distribution.
Answer: normal
<pr/>Question FBQ12 : If X has a normal distribution with the __ and the deviation , then is the standard normal distribution,
Answer: mean
obr/>Question FBQ13 : Poisson distribution may be obtained as a limiting case of _____probability distribution under the following conditions
Answer: binomial
Question FBQ14 : The critical region of a hypothesis test is the set of all outcomes which cause the null hypothesis to be rejected in favour of the _____ hypothesis.
Answer: alternative
>Question FBQ15 : Statistical hypothesis testing is sometimes called data analysis
Answer: confirmatory
question FBQ16 : Common test Statistics are; t-test, z-test, chisquare test and f-test which is sometimes referred to as analysis of
Answer: variance

Answer: finite

population variance being unknown. True or False? Answer: True
<pre> Question FBQ18 : One of the assumptions for Student's test: The parent population from which the sample is drawn is not normal. True or False Answer: False</pre>
<pre> Question FBQ19 : The sampling distribution of F-statistics does not involve any population parameters and depends only on the degrees of freedom n1 and n2. True or False Answer: True</pre>
<pre> Question FBQ20 : of of fit and is used to test if the deviation between observation Answer: goodness</pre>
<pre> <pr>> Question FBQ21 : Under the null hypothesis that there is no significant difference between the observed and the values. Answer: hypothetical</pr></pre>
 Question FBQ22 : Karl proved that the statistic Answer: Pearson
<pre> Question FBQ23 : In statistics, the term non-parametric statistics refers to statistics that do not assume the data or population have any characteristic structure or Answer: parameters</pre>
<pre> Question FBQ24 : Non-parametric models differ from parametric models in that the model structure is not specified a but is instead determined from data. Answer: priori</pre>
<pre> <pr></pr>Question FBQ25 : The most frequently used tests include Kruskal- one-way analysis of variance by ranks Answer: Wallis</pre>
<pre> <pre> Question FBQ26 : Spearman's correlation coefficient: measures statistical dependence between two variables using a monotonic function Answer: Rank</br></pre></pre>
<pre> <pre> Question FBQ27 : signed-rank test: tests whether matched pair samples are drawn from populations with different mean ranks Answer: Wilcoxon</pre></pre>
 Question FBQ28 : Suppose we are interested in testing Ho: $P(+) = P(-) + P(+) \neq P(-)$ Answer: $P(-)$
<pre> Question FBQ29 : Correlation provides an estimate of the relationship between measurements, without any assumption of whether one comes before the other. Answer: Two</pre>
<pre> <pr></pr>Question FBQ30 : Correlation coefficients have a value between and +1. Answer: -1</br></pre>
<pre> <pre> Question FBQ31 : The correlation measures only the of linear association between two variables while regression analysis is a statistical process for estimating the relationships among variables.</br></pre></pre>

Question FBQ17 : t-test for the significance of single mean,

<pre> Question FBQ32 : Correlation is said to be positive when the values of two variables deviate in the opposite direction. True or False Answer: False</pre>
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<pre> Question FBQ36 : One of the assumptions order to use the Pearson product-moment correlation: The measures are approximately normally distributed True or False? Answer: True</br></pre>
<pre> Question FBQ37 : In regression analysis there are types of variable Answer: two</pre>
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<pre> Question FBQ39 : Independent Variable is the variable which influences the value of thevariable or which is used for prediction. Answer: dependent</pre>
<pre> Question FBQ40 : A more accurate way of finding the line of best fit is the least square method. True OR False? Answer: True</pre>
<pre> Question FBQ41 : Central limit theorem states that given a sufficiently large sample size from a population with a finite level of variance, the mean of all samples from the same population will be approximately equal to the mean of the population. True OR False?</pre> Answer: True
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<pre> Question FBQ43 : The CLT can tell us about the distribution of large sums of random variables even if the distribution of the random variables is almost Answer: Unknown</pre>
<pre> Question FBQ44 : The central limit theorem applies in particular to sums of independent anddistributed discrete random variables. Answer: identically</pre>
<pre> Question FBQ45 : A random orthogonal matrix is said to be distributed uniformly, if its distribution is the not normalized Haar measure on the orthogonal group O(n, R). True or False?</pre>

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<pre> <pre> Question FBQ47 : Laspeyre's Price Index or Base year method is a Weighted Aggregate Method. True or False? Answer: True</pre></pre>
<pre> Question FBQ48 : Fisher's Price Index - Irving Fisher advocated the geometric cross of Laspeyre's andPrice index numbers. Answer: Paasche's</pre>
<pre> Question FBQ49 : Data can be classified base on the sources from which they are obtained into primary and Answer: Secondary</pre>
<pre> Question FBQ50 : A sample is any subset of sampling units from a population. True or False? Answer: True</pre>