

# eExam Question Bank

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<input type="checkbox"/>	Question Type	Question	A	B	C	D	Answer	Remark
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The most outstanding limitation against wars in pre-colonial Africa was <input type="text"/> conditions	climatic					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The most prominent example of the Muslim 'holy wars' from the 17th century on 'infidels' and 'unbelievers' was led by <input type="text"/>	Usman Dan Fodio	Uthman Dan Fodio				eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Mansa <input type="text"/> was one of the most remarkable Malian kings of all times who expanded the Mali influence over the Niger city-states of Timbuktu/ Gao and Djenne	Musa					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	In precolonial Oyo Kingdom military power was exercised by the <input type="text"/>	Oyo Mesi					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> power can be defined broadly as the capacity to influence other states through economic means.	Economic					eExam

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<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The three commonly utilized main styles of negotiation are Problem-Solving (or Integrative); Cooperative and <input type="text"/>	Competitive					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The doctrine of non-recognition of illegal or immoral factual situations is called the <input type="text"/> Doctrine	Stimson					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	De jure" recognition is a mutual <input type="text"/> between two States	treaty					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	A "de facto" recognition is derived from actions and contacts between two <input type="text"/> if they enter into a relationship on a political level	States					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The <input type="text"/> in conciliation functions differently from the mediator.	conciliator					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> style of negotiation has the advantage of producing fewer breakdowns in bargaining and recourse to litigation	Cooperative					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The invaluable contribution of Richard Zouche to the development of international law can be gleaned from his distinction between the law of <input type="text"/> as well as his perception of law as an abnormal relationship between states	peace					eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>								
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The destruction of the native social and political systems and of the imposition of artificial constructs, concerning boundaries, population, and governmental institutions led to the formation of the <input type="text"/> system in Africa	state					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Because there is no sovereign supranational body to enforce international law; some older theorists such as Samuel Pufendorf/ John Austin and Thomas Hobbes have denied that it is law; true or false? <input type="text"/>	True					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	How many elements must be in existence before international treaties and conventions are seen as agreements between subjects of international law? <input type="text"/>	four	4				eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	International law finds its origin from three sources: international conventions of general or particular nature; international custom as evidence of a general practice accepted as law and general principles of law recognised by civilised the <input type="text"/>	states					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> international law is derived from the consistent practice of States accompanied by opinion juris	Customary					eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>								
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Formal agreements/obligations between states are referred to as <input type="text"/>	Treaties					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	States have the right to employ <input type="text"/> in self-defense against an offending state that has used force to attack its territory or political independence.	force					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Traditionally, <input type="text"/> were the sole subjects of international law	States					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The abbreviation GATT refers to <input type="text"/>	General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The formation of the United Nations created a means for the world community to enforce international <input type="text"/> and sanction members that violate its charter	law					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The number of International treaties which were necessitated by environmental issues covered <input type="text"/> (1958); Endangered species (1973); and Global Warming and bio-diversity (1992)	Fisheries					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The Nuclear Nonproliferation Treaty (1968) attempted to limit the spread of <input type="text"/>	Nuclear weapons					eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>								
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The 1963 Limited Test Ban Treaty prohibited nuclear tests in the atmosphere in Outer space and <input type="text"/>	Underwater					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The inadequacy of the League of Nations and of idealistic renunciations of war led to the formation of the <input type="text"/> as a body capable of compelling obedience to international law and maintaining peace	United Nations	United Nations Organisations				eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	By the end of hostilities after the end of the <input type="text"/> in 1945 the world again was faced with grave international problems	Second World War	2nd World War				eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The <input type="text"/> Convention of 1864 provided for more humane treatment of the wounded	Geneva					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The Declaration of <input type="text"/> abolished privateering and drew up rules of contraband and stipulated rules of blockade	Paris					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The country that contributed much to the laws of neutrality and aided in securing recognition of the doctrine of freedom of the seas was the <input type="text"/>	United States	United States of America				eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The most significant principle Hugo Grotius enunciated was the notion of <input type="text"/> and the legal equality of all states	sovereignty					eExam

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<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The de jure belli ac pacis means the <input type="text"/> of war and peace	law					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> were needed to safeguard the individuality and inviolability of the new states/ the power of their rulers and the orderliness of their relations	Laws					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The feudalistic entities with their relatively uncertain borders gave way to states based upon sharply defined <input type="text"/>	territory					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The relationships of subordination and superordination under the Universalist reign of emperor and pope were replaced by a system of coordination among <input type="text"/> _rulers	sovereign					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The Treaty of Westphalia in 1648 opened the possibility of independent <input type="text"/>	statehood					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	International law is subdivided into public international law and <input type="text"/> international law	private					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	International law deals with the relationships between persons or between <input type="text"/> or entities in different states	states					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	International law is the body of rules considered legally binding in the relations between national states also known as the law of <input type="text"/>	nations					eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>								
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<p>The 1963 limited</p> <p><input type="text"/></p> <p>Ban Treaty prohibited nuclear tests in the atmosphere in outer space and underwater.</p>	Test					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<p>The Law of the Sea (1983) clarified the status of territorial waters and the exploitation of the</p> <p><input type="text"/></p>	sea-bed					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<p>The statement "A treaty shall be interpreted in good faith in accordance with the ordinary meaning to be given to the terms of the treaty in their context and in the light of its object and purpose" is credited to the Vienna Convention on the</p> <p><input type="text"/></p>	Law of Treaties					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<p><input type="text"/></p> <p>are not international legal persons "in their own right" but the "human agents" responsible for conducting the affairs of states on the international plane?</p>	Governments					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<p>The Oba of</p> <p><input type="text"/></p> <p>placed agents in peripheral parts of his territory such as the Yoruba town of Akure/ to collect the tribute.</p>	Benin					eExam
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		<p>The organ of the United Nations set up to resolve disputes between and among states is</p> <hr/>	ICJ					
		<p>The material colonial heritage left behind by the early man as a neccessity which complemented other physical aspects of human existence is</p> <hr/> <hr/> <hr/>	Artefacts					
		<p>In post colonial Africa ----- served as a guarantee for the payment of a debt</p> <hr/>	Payar ring					
		<p>Production in pre colonial Africa was essentially-----</p> <hr/> <hr/> <hr/>	Subisten ce					
		<p>The emergence of true humans beings emerged from a transition of -----</p>	Homo habilis and Homosa piens					

		<b>The prosecution of these leaders except -----shows that international law is committed to punish leaders who violates the laws and customs of war</b>	Ellen Johnson of Liberia					
		<b>In pre colonial Liberia and Sierraleone, the government is monarchical, however-----had significant roles to play in rules excution</b>  Nobles	Nobles					
		<b>The type of trade that affected the demography of African states is -----</b>	Slave					
		<b>The area of coverage of traditional/customary laws of pre colonial Africa does not include -----</b>	Slavery					
		<b>The scholar by name ----- proposed the theory of the state of nature where life was brutish, nasty and short</b>	Hobbes					

		<b>The assertion that issues prevailing throughout the christian world ,a licence in making war of which even barbarous nations should be ashamed was made by ----</b>	Samuel Pufendorf					
		<b>APC means</b>	Allis Pick Chris					
		<b>OBJ was Nigeria president ?</b>	true					
		<b>Who is the president of Nigeria</b>	PMB					
		<b>2*2</b>	4					

		<b>APC means</b>	All Progressi ve Congres s					
		<b>The palace coupdetat in Zimbabwe took place on-----</b>	15th Novemb er 2017					
		<b>The most recent coupdetat in Africa of 2017 is traced to-----</b>	Zimbanw e					
		<b>The factors that results to genocide include all but one of the following</b>	trade					
		<b>Which of these countries esperiened genocidal attack</b>	Rwanda					



		<b>A development is sustainable when it -----</b>	provides for the present, future needs through economic growth					
		<b>The type of criminal act that amounts to genocide is -----</b> --	killing of people on the basis of ethnicity, religion and politics					
		<b>The most recent airstrike in Syria is an example-----</b>	military interregnum					
		<b>The acronym ASEAN means --</b> -----	Association of south east Asian Nations					
		<b>The modern international system was shaped by ----- treaty</b>	Westphalia					

		<b>Emphasis of free trade apologists-----</b>	open up commodi ty market					
		<b>Which of these agency balances international trade</b>	WTO					
		<b>OPEC was formed in the year-- -----</b>	1975					
		<b>The acronym OPEC means ---- -----</b>	Organiza tion of petroleu m exporting countries					
		<b>Another name for state is -----</b>	Persona moralis					

		<b>The Kalambo cave is found at which of these cities</b>	Zambia					
		<b>The analysis of genetic method in a cell that is passed unchanged from a mother to a child is called-----</b>	Mitchondrial DNA Deoxyribonucleic acid					
		<b>The type of trade that affected the demography of African state is-----</b>	Slave					
		<b>The international law of pre-colonial Africa was an extension of ----</b>	Customary law					
		<b>The pre-colonial African societies was characterised by what trade</b>	Barter exchange					

		<b>Which of the following is not a primary source of international law</b>	Judicial precedents					
		<b>In African stone age what is the earliest and simplest tool used-----</b>	Pebbles					
		<b>African slaves was transported to the New World through-----</b>	Ships					
		<b>The power that defeated Russia during the 1905 war is - -----</b>	Japan					

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