

## NATIONAL OPEN UNIVERSITY OF NIGERIA 14/16 AHMADU BELLO WAY, VICTORIA ISLAND, LAGOS SCHOOL OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY JUNE/JULY EXAMINATION

**COURSE CODE:** BIO408

COURSE TITLE: SOIL ECOLOGY

**TIME ALLOWED:** 2 HOURS

**INSTRUCTION:** ANSWER **QUESTION 1** AND **ANY OTHER THREE** 

**QUESTIONS** 

- 1 (a). Describe the processes of weathering
  - (b). How is water involved in the main types of chemical weathering reaction?
  - (c). Describe the phosphorus cycle and explain how phosphorus is recycled locally in most ecosystems.
- 2 (a). What is the principal soil property by which ultisols differ from Alfisols? Inceptisols from entisols?
  - (b). Soil Taxonomy is said to be a hierarchical classification system. Explain.
- 3 (a). List and explain soil orders found in the sub-Saharan Africa.
  - (b). Discuss the limitations of soil tests as indicators of plant nutrient needs and water pollution risks
- 4 (a). A cornstalk nitrate test at harvest time shows a farmer that the soil likely contains considerable unused nitrates. To minimize nitrate leaching the farmer wants to grow a cover crop. What characteristics would the farmer look for in choosing a cover crop to ameliorate this situation?
  - (b). Why are nutrient cycling problems in agricultural systems more prominent than in those in forested areas?
- 5 (a). Give four reasons why compacting a soil would likely reduce the amount of water available to growing plants.
  - (b). You are considering the purchase of some farmland in a region with variable soil texture. The soils on one farm are mostly sandy loams, while those on a second farm are mostly clay loams and clays. List the potential advantages and disadvantages of each farm as suggested by the texture of its soils.
- 6 (a). Discuss cation exchange and its benefits to the ecosystem.
  - (b). Name the key bacterial processes in the nitrogen cycle.
    - (c). Explain how decomposition affects the rate of nutrient cycling in ecosystems.