

NATIONAL OPEN UNIVERSITY OF NIGERIA 14-16 AHMADU BELLO WAY, VICTORIA ISLAND, LAGOS SCHOOL OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY JANUARY/FEBRUARY 2013 EXAMINATION

BIO 306 EXAMINATION;

COURSE TITLE: GENERAL PHYSIOLOGY II

CERDIT UNIT: 2

TIME: 2 HOURS

INSTRUCTION: ANSWER ANY FOUR QUESTIONS

1ai. Define the term osmoregulation.

- ii. Distinguish between osmoconformers and osmosregulators.
- bi. Explain the need for osmoregulation in animals.
- ii. Describe the relationship between osmotic equilibrium and ionic composition of marine animals.
- 2ai. Enumerate the osmotic challenges animals in the freshwater environment face.
- ii. Highlight the factors affecting evaporative water loss in terrestrial animals.
- bi. How do terrestial animals overcome the problems of water loss and water gains
- ii.Write short notes on the following nitrogenous waste products:
- (i)ammonia (ii)urea (iii)uric acid
- 3ai. What do you understand by the term excretory organ?
 - li Outline the functions of the mammalian kidney.
- b. Briefly describe the urinary disorders you know
- 4ai. Outline the kinds of water available to plants in the soil.
- ii. Compare transpiration and evaporation.
- b. Discuss how certain factors affect the rate of water absorption in plants.
- 5ai. List the factors affecting stomatal opening and closing.
- ii. Explain the mechanism of guttation.
- b. What is the significance of the following:
 - (i) diffusion (ii) osmosis
- 6ai. Enumerate the factors affecting imbibitions.
- ii. Describe the consequences of plasmolysis.
- bi. Outline the common defects of the eye.
- ii. Briefly explain the following:
- (i) mechanism of hearing (ii) perception of body balance