Question MCQ1: Which is incorrect about the extracellular fluid?

Answer: The primary electrolyte are potassium and potassium

Question MCQ2 : Total body water is measured by .............

Answer: Dilution technique

Question MCQ3 : Interstitial fluids can be -----

Answer: Calculated as difference between extracellular fluid and plasma volume

Question MCQ4 : The exchange of water, electrolytes and hydrogen ions between

the various body compartments is achieved by the ----

Answer: Blood

Question MCQ5: Normal erythrocytes have -----

Answer: Diameter of 7.2 microns

Question MCQ6 : In the adult red blood cell production occurs in the all the

following except-----

Answer: Yolk sac

Question MCQ7 : A committed stem cell that produces erythrocytes is called \_\_\_\_

Answer: CFU-E

Question MCQ8 : At what stage of red blood cell development is basophil

erythroblast? Answer: 2nd stage

Question MCQ9 : The total number of red blood cells remains relatively constant

due to \_\_\_\_

Answer: Negative feedback

Question MCQ10 : Which is incorrect about neutrophils?

Answer: Relatively motile

Question MCQ11 : All are correct about platelets except \_\_\_\_

Answer: They are nucleated

Question MCQ12 : Plasma is composed of \_\_\_\_

Answer: All of the options

Question MCQ13 : The plasma of each blood group contains \_\_\_\_

Answer: Antibody

Question MCQ14: The blood group of an individual negative Anti-A and positive

Anti B will be \_\_\_\_

Answer: B

Question MCQ15 : The main dominant antigen is \_\_\_\_

Answer: D

Question MCQ16: Which blood group can receive from every other group?

Änswer: AB

Question MCQ17: The final sealing of the cut in the blood vessel is \_\_\_\_

Answer: Formation of dense fibrous tissue

Question MCQ18: Innate immunity involves \_\_\_\_ Answer: Processes already present in the body

Allswer. Processes attreaty present in the body

Question MCQ19 : The most numerous T- lymphocytes are the \_\_\_\_

Answer: Helper T cells

Question MCQ20 : The direct action of antibodies during immunity is carried out

in which of the following ways?

Answer: All of the options Question MCQ21 : T-lymphocyte function may be suppressed by \_\_\_\_ Answer: Steroid hormones Question MCQ22: The important interleukin secreted by the Helper T cell include the following except \_\_ Answer: Interferon Question MCQ23: Which lymphocytes are capable of directly killing microorganism? Answer: Cytotoxic Question MCQ24: The following are mechanisms of direct action of antibodies except Answer: Deamination Question MCQ25: The principle actors of the complement system of immune response include \_ Answer: C9 Question MCQ26: The pathway of enzyme activation that requires antigen-antibody complexes is called Answer: Classical Ouestion MCO27 : The human circulation is divided into Answer: Pulmonary and systemic Question MCQ28 : Most arteries carry oxygenated blood except \_\_\_\_ Answer: Pulmonary Question MCQ29 : Exchange of nutrients between blood and tissues occurs in \_\_\_ Answer: Capillaries Question MCQ30 : Oxygen-rich blood from the lungs enters heart through \_\_\_\_ Answer: Left atrium Question MCQ31 : Gaseous exchange in the lungs occur in the \_\_ Answer: Alveoli Question MCQ32: The valve at the entrance of right atrium into right ventricle Answer: Tricuspid Question MCQ33 : Concerning cardiac muscle cells, which of these statements is incorrect? Answer: Highly susceptible to fatigue Question MCQ34 : Types of membrane junctions in intercalated discs of cardiac muscles cells are Answer: Gap and desmosomes Question MCQ35: Membrane permeability to calcium is increased at what phase of action potential of cardiac muscle cells? Answer: Phase 2 Question MCQ36: The resting membrane potential in sinoatrial node is \_\_\_\_ Answer: 55 to -60 mV

Answer: Ventricular systole and diastole

Question MCQ37: The cardiac cycle is divided into two main phases -

Question MCQ38 : About 75 percent of blood entering the ventricles does so by Answer: Rapid passive filling

Question MCQ39 : Events occurring during the diastole part of cardiac cycle

include all except ---

Answer: isovolumetric (isovolumic) contraction

Question MCQ40: Waves and complexes in normal sinus rhythm seen on

electrocardiogram include which of the following?

Answer: All of the options

Question MCQ41: The P wave is caused by -----

Answer: Atrial depolarization

Question MCQ42 : The sinoatrial (SA) node of the heart is innervated by the \_\_\_\_

Answer: Autonomic nervous system

Question MCQ43: Variations in cardiac output can be produced by changes in the

Answer: All of the options

Question MCQ44 : Peripheral factors in the maintenance of blood pressure include

all except

Answer: Cardiac output

Question MCQ45 : Clinically, arterial blood pressure is measured indirectly by

using a \_\_\_

Answer: Sphygmomanometer

Question MCQ46 : One of these is not a type of circulatory shock:

Answer: Progressive

Question MCQ47 : Which cellular organelles are formed by breaking off from the

Golgi apparatus? Answer: Lysosome

Question MCQ48: Which of these systems is most involved in the body's immune

response?

Answer: Lymphatic

Question MCQ49 : Cartilages are part of which system?

Answer: Skeletal

Question MCQ50 : The components of action potential include all the following

except \_\_\_\_

Answer: Hyper-depolarization

Question FBQ1 : Organs are made up of aggregation of ......

Answer: Different cells

Question FBQ52 : Cells are held together by...... supporting structures

Answer: Intercellular

Question FBQ53 : Aside water, the most abundant substances in most cells is

Answer: Protein

Question FBQ54: The nucleus is the repository of ...... information for the whole

body

Answer: Genetic

Question FBQ55 : ...... is a jelly-like fluid between the nuclear membrane and

the cell membrane Answer: Cytoplasm

Question FBQ56: Mitochondria contain .....similar to that found in the nucleus

Answer: deoxyribonucleic acid Question FBQ57: Peroxisome contain ............ which causes the breakdown of hydrogen peroxide Answer: catalase Question FBQ58: The accepted model concept of the structure of the cell membrane is that of a .....model Answer: fluid mosaic Question FBQ59: Energy that is utilized for active transport is obtained from ..... hydrolysis Answer: adenosine triphosphate Question FBQ60 : Secondary active transport is also known as ................ cotransport Answer: Na Question FBQ61: The pressure necessary to prevent solvent migration is the ..... of the solution Answer: osmotic pressure Question FBQ62: Process of ingestion of substances by the cell is termed Answer: endocytosis Ouestion FB063: Phagocytosis literally means ------Answer: cell eating Question FBQ64: The only means by which most large macromolecules enter cells is by ..... Answer: pinocytosis Question FBQ65 : Carbohydrates are made of .....linked together Answer: monosaccharide Question FBQ66 : ..... is responsible for blood clotting Answer: fibrinogen Question FBQ67: The most abundant protein in invertebrates is ...... Answer: collagen Question FBQ68 : .....serve the purpose of providing the organism with its genetic blueprint and coding Answer: Nucleic acids Question FBQ69 : The endocrine system consists of organs that secret .......... to the bloodstreams Answer: Hormones Question FBQ70 : The liver makes nutrients available to the tissues both for their growth, repair and for the production of ...... Answer: energy Question FBQ71 : The mechanism by which the body maintains conditions within particular limits is ...... Answer: Negative feedback Question FBQ72: The overall childbirth process is ......loop Answer: negative feedback Question FBQ73 : The moment-to-moment operation of the feed forward controller

is .................

Answer: open loop

Question FBQ74: Electrochemical impulses pass to the cell body through ...... Answer: dendrites Question FBQ75 : The myelin sheath envelops the axon except at the terminal endings and at the ...... Answer: nodes of Ranvier Question FBQ76: K+ ions diffuse out of the cell with greater ease than Answer: Na+ Question FBQ77 : Action potential is defined as the potential generated when ...... tissues are stimulated resulting in the propagation of an impulse Answer: excitable Question FBQ78 : During the absolute refractory period there is no ......of the nerve Answer: excitation Question FBQ79: Myelin is an effective ...... and current flow through it is negligible Answer: insulator Question FBQ80: Another small compartment of extracellular fluid is referred to as..... fluid Answer: transcellular Question FBQ81: Substance frequently used to label the red blood cells is radioactive.............. Answer: chromium Question FBQ82: Heme is decomposed into iron and ....... Answer: biliverdin Question FBQ83: Growth and reproduction of the blood stem cell is controlled by multiple proteins called ..... Answer: growth inducers Question FBQ84 : The three cellular component of the blood originates from same primitive or ...... haemopoietic stem cells Answer: pluripotential Question FBQ85 : The main stimulus for the production of erythropoietin is ..... deficiency to the tissue. Answer: oxygen Question FBQ86 : Macrophages have a powerful lysosomal ...... which breaks down the lipid-rich cell membranes of many bacteria Answer: Lipase Question FBQ87: The A.B.O system is based on the presence of A, B, or A and B Answer: agglutinogens Question FBQ88: Injury to the blood vessel wall creates a chemical called

Question FBQ89 : The ability of the human body to resist almost all type of organisms or toxic substances that tend to damage the tissue or organs is termed

Answer: immunity

Answer: prothrombin activator

Question FBQ90 : The resistance of the skin to invasion of organism is an

example of ...... immunity

Answer: innate

Question FBQ91 : ..... immunity can also be transferred from a mother to a

new-born via colostrum

Answer: passive

Question FBQ92 : The ----- circulation supplies blood to all the tissues of

the body except the lungs

Answer: systemic

Question FBQ93: Cardiac muscle cells are electrically coupled to one another,

which allow the heart to contract as a unit (a functional ......)

Answer: syncytium

Question FBQ94: Pacemaker cells are found in the sinoatrial (SA) and

----- nodes Answer: atrioventricular

Question FBQ95 : The cardiac events that occur from the beginning of one

heartbeat to the beginning of the next are called the .....

Answer: Cardiac cycle

Question FBQ96 : ...... diagram is a standard diagram in cardiovascular physiology

to illustrate the haemodynamic consequences of cardiac cycle

Answer: Wiggers

Question FBQ97: .............is a trans thoracic interpretation of the electrical activity of the heart over a period of time, as detected by electrodes attached to the outer surface of the skin and recorded by a device external to the body Answer: electrocardiography

Question FBQ98 : Electrical impulses of the heart are in form of waves of depolarization and ..........

Answer: Repolarization

Question FBQ99 : On an ECG, the ..... begins at the onset of the QRS complex and

ends at the end of the T wave

Answer: QT interval

Question FBQ100 : ..... is defined as the volume of blood ejected by each

ventricle per minute Answer: cardiac output