top Default for BI0203 Exam The default category for questions shared in context 'BI0203 Exam'. top Default for BI0203 The default category for questions shared in context 'BI0203'. Fill in the Blank (FBQs) FBQ1 and generate the oxygen and sugars that sustains life on earth.
*Algae and green plants*  1.0000000 *Green plants and Algae*  1.0000000 *Algae, green plants*  1.0000000 *Green plants, Algae*  1.0000000 FBQ2 The only component of an animal cell that is not part of the cytoplasm is
*Cell membrane* 1.0000000 *Plasma membrane* 1.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ3 Many metabolic functions in cell occur in or on the
*Membrane* 1.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ4 The largest filaments in the cell are called
*Microtubules* 1.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ5 To determine whether predictions are accurate, Botanists perform
*Experiments* 1.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ6 A network of filaments that forms a mechanical support system in the cell is called
*Cytoskeleton* 1.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ7 Cellulose makes up about percentage of the cell wall
*60* 1.0000000 *Sixty*

1.00000000 FBQ8 Which component of the cell acts as a barriers to protect cell from harmful substances?
*Plasma membrane* 1.0000000 *Cell membrane* 1.0000000 FBQ9 Cell walls formed by cells that have stopped growing because of maturity are known as cell wall
*Secondary* 1.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ10 Tiny connections between adjacent cells are called
*Plasmodesmata* 1.0000000
0.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ11 The diffusion of water through a selectively permeable membrane is referred to as
*Osmosis* 1.0000000 FBQ12 The oldest Giant Sequoia tree is about years old
*3200* 1.0000000 *3,200* 1.0000000 *Three thousand two hundred* 1.0000000 FBQ13 Dictyosomes are also called
*Golgi bodies* 1.0000000 *Golgi apparatus* 1.0000000 FBQ14 The active ingredient in herbicide is
*Glyphosate* 1.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ15 The ability to directly manipulate a plants genome began in the year
*1983* 1.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ16 The first law of thermodynamics is otherwise known as the law of

*conservation of energy* 1.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ17 The process of energy conversion often generates
*Heat* 1.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ18 Cells derive energy for growth from and
*Sugar and fat* 1.0000000 *fats and Sugar* 1.0000000 *Sugar and fats* 1.0000000 *fat and Sugar* 1.0000000 FBQ19 Where are protein manufactured in a cell?
*Ribosomes* 1.0000000
0.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ20 Endoplasmic reticulum with many ribosomes attached to it is called
*Rough endoplasmic reticulum*  1.0000000  *RER*  1.0000000  FBQ21  The passage of molecules through membranes was first explained in the year  *1930*
1.0000000  0.0000000  FBQ22  Green plants convert solar energy into energy.
*Chemical* 1.0000000
0.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ23 The protoplasm is divided intoand
*Nucleus, Cytoplasm* 1.0000000 *Cytoplasm, Nucleus* 1.0000000 *Nucleus and Cytoplasm*

1.0000000  *Cytoplasm and Nucleus* 1.0000000  FBQ24  The most common molecule in cells is
*Water* 1.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ25 Unrestricted movement of a substance through a biological membrane is called
*Passive transport* 1.0000000
0.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ26 The smallest membrane – bound organelles are called
*Microbodies* 1.0000000 *Micro bodies* 1.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ27 Adaptations are important for
*Survival* 1.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ28 The streaming movement of organelle is referred to as
*Cyclosis* 1.0000000
0.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ29 The fluid inside the chloroplast is called
*Stroma* 1.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ30 The water potential of pure water is:
*Zero* 1.0000000 *0* 1.0000000 FBQ31 allows the passage of gases and nutrients into and out of the cell
*Plasma membrane* 1.0000000

```
*Cell membrane*
1.0000000
FB032
Light consists of packets of energy called _____
*Photons*
1.0000000
0.0000000
FBQ33
Respiration converts carbohydrates to ___
*ATP*
1.0000000
*Adenosine Triphosphate*
1.0000000
FBQ34
The energy relationships of living organisms are called _____
*Bioenergetics*
1.0000000
0.000000
FBQ35
Each cell in plants consists of smaller enclosures called _
*Organelles*
1.0000000
0.0000000
Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs)
MCQ1
Wax bodies are found in the ____.
Plastids
1.0000000
Microbodies
0.000000
Hyaloplasm
0.000000
Spherosomes
0.0000000
These following are components of Hyaloplasm except _____.
Proplastids
1.0000000
Lysosomes
0.0000000
Glyoxysomes
0.0000000
Ribosomes
0.000000
MC03
Scientific methods has to do with
```

```
all of the options
1.0000000
observing
0.0000000
comparing
0.000000
reasoning
0.000000
MCQ4
   _ discovered the first microscope.
Robert Hooke
1.0000000
Mathias schleiden
0.0000000
Theodora Schwann
0.0000000
Alexander Fleming
0.0000000
MC<sub>0</sub>5
Which of the following is the major component of biological membranes?
phospholipids
1.0000000
carbohydrates
0.000000
water
0.000000
Amino aids
0.000000
The most creative step in the scientific method is
Posing hypotheses
1.0000000
Making predictions
0.0000000
Understanding explanations
0.0000000
Observations
0.0000000
MCQ7
Botanists use _____ to propose hypotheses.
all of the options
1.0000000
past experiences
```

```
0.0000000
ideas
0.0000000
observations
0.0000000
MCQ8
Who proposed the cellular basis of life?
Theodora Schwann
1.0000000
Mathias Jacob
0.000000
Robert Hooke
0.000000
None of the options
0.0000000
MC<sub>0</sub>9
Extensive network of sheet like membranes distributed throughout the cytosol is
called _
Endoplasmic reticulum
1.0000000
Plasma membrane
0.000000
Cytoplasm
0.000000
Ribosomes
0.000000
MCQ10
The enzymes involved in photosynthesis and in ATP synthesis are embedded in the
Nucleus
1.0000000
Membranes
0.0000000
Ribosome
0.0000000
Cytosplam
0.0000000
MCQ11
Nigerian economy was based on _____ before the advent of oil.
Palm tree and groundnut
1.0000000
Groundnut and sugarcane
```

```
Hides and skin
0.0000000
Fruits
0.0000000
MCQ12
Which of the following is the most conspicuous organelle in a cell on staining?
nucleus
1.0000000
cell wall
0.000000
Plasma membrane
0.000000
protoplasm
0.000000
MCQ13
   _ suggested that life could arise from non-living matter.
Aristotle
1.0000000
Robert Hooke
0.0000000
Theodora Schwann
0.000000
Gregory Mendel
0.000000
In addition to water, vacuoles contain _____.
Enzymes
1.0000000
Salts
0.0000000
Cations
0.0000000
Amino acids
0.000000
MCQ15
The following are adaptations of plants to their environment except _____.
Metabolism
1.0000000
Dispersal
0.000000
Conversion of light to chemical energy
```

```
Respond to stimuli
0.0000000
MC016
Membranes that control or block the passage of some kinds of molecules are
referred to as ____ membranes.
differential permeable
1.0000000
differential
0.000000
permeable
0.0000000
impermeable
0.000000
MCQ17
     _ is used to make tea to ease the pains of childbirth.
Cherry black
1.0000000
Moringa
0.000000
Spinach
0.000000
Black berry
0.000000
MCQ18
Swimming sperm cells are seen in _____.
seedless plants
1.0000000
trees
0.0000000
fungi
0.0000000
bacteria
0.000000
MCQ19
Middle East civilization was based on _____.
Wheat and barley
1.0000000
Wheat and rice
0.000000
Wheat and beans
0.0000000
Wheat and corn
```

```
0.0000000
MCQ20
Which of the following organelles produces ATP?
Mitochondria
1.0000000
Nucleous
0.0000000
Smooth Endoplasmic Reticulum
0.000000
Rough Endoplasmic Reticulum
0.000000
MCQ21
Perioxysomes are so named because they are:
metabolized hydrogen peroxide
1.0000000
Unique and smooth
0.0000000
Protein Synthesizing organelles
0.0000000
Ribosomes
0.0000000
MCQ22
The energy for passive transport is called _____ energy.
Kinetic
1.0000000
Potential
0.000000
Chemical
0.000000
Light
0.0000000
MCQ23
Which of the following is an example of microbodies?
Perioxysomes
1.0000000
Microxysomes
0.0000000
Neuroxysomes
0.000000
Cycloxysomes
0.000000
MCQ24
____ controls the movement of chromosomes during nuclear division.
```

```
Cytoskeleton
1.0000000
Spindle
0.0000000
Nucleus
0.0000000
Mitochondria
0.0000000
MCQ25
Gibberellins are present in the following except _____.
Bacteria
1.0000000
Angiosperm
0.000000
Ferns
0.000000
Algae
0.0000000
MC026
Reactions that build up compound and require energy input are called _____.
Reduction
1.0000000
Oxidation
0.0000000
Redox
0.000000
Endothermic
0.000000
The conversion of light energy to chemical energy is seen in the process of
Photosynthesis
1.0000000
Respiration
0.0000000
Transpiration
0.0000000
Chemosynthesis
0.000000
MCQ28
Turgor pressure is vital to plants because it:
causes cell expansion during growth
```

```
keeps herbaceous plants upright
0.000000
supports fleshy stalks
0.0000000
all of the options
1.0000000
MCQ29
The units for measuring energy include
all the options
1.0000000
Watts
0.000000
Joules
0.000000
Calories
0.000000
Questions about plants have been answered by using _____.
Scientific method
1.0000000
Research method
0.0000000
Scientific approach
0.000000
Research approach
0.000000
MCQ31
Endosplamic reticulum and the dictyosomes fuse to form larger sacs called _____.
Vacuoles
1.0000000
Vesicles
0.0000000
Visceral sacs
0.0000000
Vaculoleus
0.0000000
MCQ32
Asian civilization was based largely on _____.
Rice
1.0000000
Fruit
0.000000
```

Yam

```
0.0000000
Meat
0.0000000
MCQ33
The smallest cells in plants are found at the ____.
tips of roots
1.0000000
leaves
0.000000
trunk
0.000000
bark
0.000000
MCQ34
Exchange of substances from one cell to another takes place through the _____.
Plasmodesmata
1.0000000
Plasma membrane
0.0000000
Smooth endoplasmic reticulum
0.0000000
rough endoplasmic reticulum
0.000000
MCQ35
Which of the following is an example of globular proteins found in microtubules?
alpha tubulin
1.0000000
alpha proteins
0.000000
alpha filaments
0.000000
alpha filaments
0.000000
19/11/2019, 08:52 - New TMA Agent Martins: top
Default for CIT211 Exam
The default category for questions shared in context 'CIT211 Exam'.
Default for CIT211
The default category for questions shared in context 'CIT211'.
Fill in the Blank (FBQs)
In dynamic loading, all routines are kept on disk in a ____ format
```

*relocatable* 1.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ2 The operating system forms a for other system software and for application software
*Platform* 1.0000000
0.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ3 The portion of the OS that is always in main memory is called the
*Kernel* 1.0000000 *Nucleus* 1.0000000 FBQ4 The allocation of the main memory is controlled jointly by the OS and the management hardware in the processor.
*Memory* 1.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ5 There are major ways in which communication can occur between processes
*2* 1.0000000 *Two* 1.0000000 FBQ6 The OS forms the of the computer system
*Bedrock* 1.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ7 In UNIX systems, a is used to notify a process that a particular event has occurred.
*Signal* 1.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ8 Division by zero is an example of a signal.
*Synchronous* 1.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ9 Every signal has a signal handler that is run by the kernel when handling the signal
*Default* 1.0000000

0.0000000 FBQ10 The general idea behind a thread is to create a number of threads at process startup
*Pool* 1.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ11 A process contains several different flows of control within the same address space.
*Multithreaded* 1.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ12 Process execution begins with a CPU
*Burst* 1.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ13 The time it takes for the dispatcher to stop one process and start another running is known as the dispatch
*Latency* 1.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ14 $$\underline{\hspace{0.5cm}}$$ effect is when all other processes wait for one big process to get off the CPU
*Convoy* 1.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ15 In Round-Robin scheduling, the ready queue is treated as a queue
*Circular* 1.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ16 CPU is allocated to the selected process by the
*Dispatcher* 1.0000000
0.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ17 modelling takes a particular predetermined workload and defines the performance of each algorithm for that workload.
*Deterministic* 1.0000000

0.0000000 FBQ18 Analytical methods of algorithm evaluation use analysis to determine the performance of an algorithm
*Mathematical* 1.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ19 methods determine performance by imitating the scheduling algorithm on a "representative" sample of processes, and computing the resulting performance
*Simulation* 1.0000000
0.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ20 hazards arise in software when separate processes or threads of execution depend on some shared state.
*Race* 1.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ21 Process refers to the idea that multiple processes are to join up or handshake at a certain point, so as to reach an agreement or commit to a certain sequence of action.
synchronization 1.0000000
0.0000000  FBQ22  synchronization ensures that threads competing for a shared resource do NOT have their execution indefinitely postponed by mutual exclusion
*Non-blocking* 1.0000000 *Non blocking* 1.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ23 A synchronization is the location, in a process or collection of threads or processes, where the synchronization occurs.
*Point* 1.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ24 The traditional approach to multi-threaded programming is to use to synchronize access to shared resources
*Locks* 1.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ25 In capacity buffer, the sender is blocked until the recipient receives the

message.
*Zero* 1.0000000
0.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ26 In paging, the page number is used as an index into a page
*Table* 1.0000000
0.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ27 Synchronization such as mutexes, semaphores, and critical sections are all mechanisms by which a programmer can ensure that certain sections of code do NOT execute concurrently if doing so would corrupt shared memory structures.
*Primitives* 1.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ28 Coarse-grained locking can significantly reduce opportunities for
*Parallelism* 1.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ29 Non-blocking synchronization has the potential to prevent inversion
*Priority* 1.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ30 An algorithm isfree if every operation has a bound on the number of steps it will take before completing.
*Wait* 1.0000000
0.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ31freedom allows individual threads to starve but guarantees system-wide throughput
*Lock* 1.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ32 An algorithm isfree if every step taken achieves global progress
*Lock* 1.000000

0.0000000 FBQ33 The decision about when to assist, abort or wait when an obstruction is met is the responsibility of a manager
Contention 1.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ34 An algorithm isfree if at any point, a single thread executed in isolation for a bounded number of steps will complete its operation
*Obstruction* 1.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ35freedom demands only that any partially-completed operation can be aborted and the changes made rolled back
*Obstruction* 1.0000000
0.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ36 Preventing the system from continually live-locking is the task of a manager
*Contention* 1.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ37 To enter a critical section, a thread must obtain a which it releases on leaving the section
*Semaphore* 1.0000000
0.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ38 Request and release of resources can be accomplished through the and signal operations on semaphores
*Wait* 1.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ39 A is also called a deadly embrace
*Deadlock* 1.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ40 is a special case of resource starvation
*Livelock* 1.0000000

0.0000000 FBQ41 An address seen by the memory unit is commonly referred to as a address
*Physical* 1.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ42 The compile-time andtime address-binding methods generate identical logical and physical addresses
*Load* 1.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ43 Paging permits the logical address space to be mapped to a number of equal size blocks called page
*Frames* 1.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ44 In segmentation, each entry of the segment table has a segment
*Limit* 1.0000000
0.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ45 All wait-free algorithms arefree
*Lock* 1.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ46 In loading, a routine is NOT loaded until it is called.
*Dynamic* 1.0000000
0.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ47 A process can be swapped in and out of memory to a store.
*Backing* 1.0000000
0.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ48 A thread in user space typically manages fibers.
*Library* 1.0000000

```
0.0000000
FBQ49
In a _____ system, only one process can run at a time.
*Uniprocessor*
1.0000000
0.0000000
0.000000
FBQ50
CPU _____ is the basis of multiprogrammed operating systems
*Scheduling*
1.0000000
0.000000
Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs)
   _-bound program usually have a few very long CPU bursts
I/0
0.000000
CPU
1.0000000
Memory
0.0000000
Kernel
0.0000000
MCQ2
Operating systems can be described by which of the following?
functions
0.000000
goals
0.000000
objectives
0.0000000
all of the options
1.0000000
MCQ3
Microsoft Windows is one of the most common ____ systems.
Connected
0.0000000
Application
0.000000
Compiler
0.000000
Operating
1.0000000
```

```
MCQ4
   is NOT part of the service offered by the OS in the area of system
efficiency.
Resources Allocation
0.0000000
Accounting
1.0000000
Error Detection
0.0000000
All of the options
0.0000000
MCQ5
  is NOT part of the service offered by the OS in the area of convenience for
the user.
Error Detection
0.0000000
Controlled Access
0.0000000
Communications
0.0000000
Error correction
1.0000000
Illegal memory access is an example of ____ signal
Synchronous
0.000000
Isochronous
0.000000
Asynchronous
0.0000000
None of the options
1.0000000
Which of the following is NOT true of a thread pool?
It limits the number of threads that exist at any point in time
0.0000000
Faster to service a request
0.000000
If the pool contains no available thread, the server creates a new one
1.0000000
None of the options
0.000000
MCQ8
The _____-bound program would typically have many very short CPU bursts
```

1/0
1.0000000 CPU
0.0000000 Memory
0.0000000 Kernel
0.0000000 MCQ9 A ready queue may be implemented as one of the following EXCEPT
FIFO queue
0.0000000 Priority queue
0.0000000 tree
0.0000000 none of the options
1.0000000 MCQ10 Under which of the following circumstances is there no choice in terms of scheduling?
When a process switches from the running state to the ready state
0.0000000 When a process switches from the waiting state to the ready state
0.0000000 When a process terminates
1.0000000 All of the options
0.0000000 MCQ11 The dispatcher's function includes
Switching context
0.0000000 Switching to user mode
0.0000000 Jumping to the proper location in the user program to restart that program
0.0000000 All of the options
1.0000000 MCQ12 The CPU scheduling algorithm affects

```
the amount of time during which a process executes
0.0000000
the amount of time during which a process does I/O
0.0000000
the amount of time that a process spends waiting in the ready queue
1.0000000
all of the options
0.000000
MCQ13
Which of the following statement is untrue?
Response Time is the amount of time it takes to start responding
0.000000
Response Time is the time it takes to output the response
CPU utilization may range from 0 to 100 percent
0.000000
None of the options
0.0000000
MC014
The objective of CPU scheduling is to maximise_____ time.
turnaround
0.000000
waiting
0.000000
response
0.000000
none of the options
1.0000000
MCQ15
____ scheduling is the simplest CPU-scheduling algorithm.
First-Come, First Served
1.0000000
Round-Robin
0.000000
Priority
0.0000000
None of the options
0.0000000
MCQ16
The code for _____ scheduling is simple to write
FCFS
1.0000000
Round-Robin
```

```
0.0000000
Shortest-Job-First
0.0000000
Multilevel feedback queue
0.0000000
MCQ17
     scheduling algorithm associates with each process the length of the
latter's next CPU burst
Shortest-Job-First
1.0000000
FCFS
0.000000
Round-Robin
0.000000
Priority
0.000000
MCQ18
     scheduling algorithm gives the minimum average waiting time for a given
set of processes
Shortest-Job-First
1.0000000
FCFS
0.0000000
Multilevel feedback queue
0.000000
Priority
0.000000
MCQ19
The number of threads in the pool can be set heuristically based upon the
following factors EXCEPT _
the number of CPUs in the system
0.0000000
the amount of physical memory
0.0000000
the expected number of concurrent client requests
0.0000000
none of the options
1.0000000
MCQ20
Generally, fibres _____ to create and manage than are kernel threads
are faster
1.0000000
```

are slower

```
0.0000000
takes equal time
0.0000000
Are slower
0.0000000
MCQ21
The objective of CPU scheduling is to minimise___
CPU Utilization
0.000000
Throughput
0.000000
turnaround time
1.0000000
all of the options
0.000000
MCQ22
     scheduling algorithm cannot be implemented at the level of short-term CPU
scheduling.
Shortest-Job-First
1.0000000
First-Come, First Served
0.000000
Priority
0.0000000
Round-Robin
0.000000
MCQ23
Which of the following scheduling algorithms is definitely preemptive?
Shortest-Job-First
0.000000
First-Come, First Served
0.000000
Priority
0.0000000
Round-Robin
1.0000000
MC024
Which of the following is NOT one of the phases of a lock-free algorithm?
completing one's own operation
0.000000
aborting an obstructing operation
0.000000
Waiting
```

none of the options

### 1.0000000

MC025

Which of the following is NOT one of the controls problems that can result from the enforcement of mutual exclusion in process synchronization?

Deadlock

### 0.0000000

Starvation

## 0.0000000

Stagnation

## 1.0000000

none of the options

## 0.000000

MCQ26

Which of the following does NOT define Multilevel Feedback Queue Scheduler?

Number of queues

## 0.0000000

Scheduling algorithms for each queue

#### 0.0000000

The criteria for determining which queue a process will enter when that process needs service

## 0.0000000

None of the options

# 1.0000000

MCQ27

Which of the following is NOT a limitation of Queuing Analysis?

The classes of algorithms and distribution that can be handled is limited

### 0.000000

It is hard to express a system of complex algorithms and distributions

### 0.0000000

The accuracy of the computed results may be questionable

# 0.000000

None of the options

## 1.0000000

MCQ28

Which of the following is NOT a disadvantage of simulation?

It can be expensive

## 0.000000

Trace tapes can require large amounts of storage space

### 0.0000000

The design, coding and debugging can be a major task

# 0.000000

None of the options

1.0000000 MCQ29 \_ is a memory-management scheme that supports user's view of memory Segmentation 1.0000000 Paging 0.000000 Fragmentation 0.000000 All of the options 0.000000 MCQ30 In which of the following situations can race condition occur? File system 0.000000 Networking 0.0000000 Life-critical system 0.0000000 All of the options 1.0000000 MCQ31 A situation where several processes access and manipulate the same data concurrently and the outcome of the execution depends on the particular order in which the access takes place is called \_ race condition 1.0000000 Deadlock 0.000000 deadly embrace 0.0000000 any of the options 0.0000000 Which of the following is NOT a type of synchronization? Barrier 0.0000000 lock/semaphore 0.0000000 thread join 0.0000000 none of the options

${\tt MCQ33}$ Certain interactions between locks can lead to error conditions such as $\_$
Deadlock
0.0000000 Livelock
0.0000000 priority inversion
0.0000000 All of the options
1.0000000 MCQ34 scheduling is more appropriate for an interactive system
Shortest-Job-First
0.0000000 First-Come, First Served
0.0000000 Multilevel feedback Queue
0.0000000 Round-Robin
1.0000000 MCQ35 Generally, a lock-free algorithm can run in phases.
Two
0.0000000 Three
0.0000000 Four
1.0000000 Five
0.0000000 MCQ36 freedom is the weakest natural non-blocking progress guarantee.
Obstruction
1.0000000 Wait
0.0000000 Lock
0.0000000 None of the options
0.0000000 MCQ37 Mutual exclusion has levels of concurrency

Two

```
Three
0.0000000
Four
0.0000000
Five
0.000000
MCQ38
Which of the following statement is untrue?
a deadlock state is an unsafe state
0.0000000
all unsafe states are deadlocks
1.0000000
in an unsafe state, the operating system cannot prevent processes from request
resources
0.000000
none of the options
0.0000000
MC039
For the Banker's algorithm to work, it needs to know ____ things
Two
0.0000000
Three
1.0000000
Four
0.000000
Several
0.000000
In paging, every address generated by the CPU is divided into ____ parts.
Two
1.0000000
Three
0.000000
Four
0.0000000
Several
0.0000000
MCQ41
Which of the following should be used when comparing memory-management
strategies?
performance
```

```
fragmentation
0.0000000
Swapping
0.0000000
all of the options
1.0000000
MCQ42
Which of the following is used in Intel 386 architecture?
Segmentation
0.000000
Paging
0.0000000
Segmentation with paging
1.0000000
None of the options
0.000000
Which of the following is not a condition to be satisfied by critical section
problem solution?
Progress
0.0000000
Mutual Exclusion
0.0000000
Bounded Waiting
0.000000
None of the options
1.0000000
MCQ44
It is next to impossible to setup a ____ incorrectly.
Monitor
1.0000000
Semaphore
0.0000000
Mutex
0.0000000
any of the options
0.0000000
MC045
Which of the following is NOT a necessary condition for deadly embrace to occur?
Mutual exclusion
0.000000
Hold-and-wait
```

```
No-preemption
0.0000000
None of the options
1.0000000
MCQ46
There are _____ necessary conditions for deadly embrace to occur
Two
0.000000
Three
0.000000
Four
1.0000000
Several
0.000000
MCQ47
Which of the following is NOT a "busy-wait" software solution for enforcing
mutual exclusion?
Message passing
0.0000000
Monitor
0.000000
Semaphores
0.0000000
None of the options
1.0000000
MCQ48
        Scheduling, a process that uses too much CPU time is degraded to a
lower-priority queue.
Multilevel Feedback Queue (MLFQ)
1.0000000
Multilevel Queue (MLQ)
0.0000000
Round-Robin
0.000000
Priority
0.0000000
MCQ49
      different types of models relate user-level threads and kernel-level
threads.
Two
1.0000000
Three
0.000000
Four
```

```
0.0000000
Several
0.0000000
MC050
The main disadvantages of _____ kernels are the dependencies between system
components.
Exo
0.0000000
Micro
0.000000
Monolithic
Nano
0.0000000
19/11/2019, 09:03 - New TMA Agent Martins: top
Default for ESM104 Exam
The default category for questions shared in context 'ESM104 Exam'.
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Default for ESM104
The default category for questions shared in context 'ESM104'.
Fill in the Blank (FBQs)
FBQ1
Any area on the earth's surface consisting of organisms interacting with one
another and with the physical environment is call ____
*Ecosystem*
1.0000000
0.000000
FBQ2
Aerosols have a ____ effect on the temperature of the lower atmosphere.
*Cooling*
1.0000000
0.0000000
FBQ3
____ floods are of three types
*Coastal*
1.0000000
0.0000000
FB04
Ozone may also be destroyed by._____
*Nitrogen oxides*
1.0000000
0.0000000
FBQ5
The 'Rio 92' is popularly called the _____
```

*Earth Summit* 1.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ6 Climate change will surely have implications on sustainable
*Development* 1.0000000
0.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ7 Industrial pollution control in Nigeria is under the
*Federal Environmental Protection Agency* 1.0000000 FEPA 1.00000000 FBQ8 is the study of inland, surface and underground. Including its properties distribution, movement and utilization
*Hydrology* 1.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ9 Global warming result in melting of
*Polar glaciers* 1.0000000
0.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ10 Nothing is new about environmental science except for its
*View points* 1.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ11 Coastal floods are the most because they almost always result in compound hazards
*Dangerous* 1.0000000
0.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ12 can be defined as a synthesis of weather data
*Climate* 1.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ13 Acidification of the environment can cause

```
*Acid Rain*
1.0000000
1.0000000
FB014
   _and acid rain pollution are twin brothers that always go together
*Industrialization*
1.0000000
*Modernization*
1.0000000
FBQ15
According to ____environmental science can be defined as the study of all
systems of air, land, water, energy and life that surrounds man.
*Strahler and Strahler*
1.0000000
0.000000
FBQ16
Water is a ____ agent important for the process of weathering
*Geomorphic*
1.0000000
0.0000000
FB017
Flash floods are often the results of _____
*convection storms*
1.0000000
0.0000000
0.0000000
FBQ18
Environmental system contains ___ which must be understood in order to be able
to solve several problems.
*Complex processes*
1.0000000
0.0000000
The level at which the stratosphere gives way to the mesophere is known as the
*Stratopause*
1.000000
0.0000000
0.0000000
FB020
Nile Valley is an area with about ____ persons per square kilometre is one of
the most densely settled parts in the African Continent.
*900*
1.0000000
*Nine hundred*
1.0000000
FBQ21
In _____ interaction is on the realms of Physical phenomenon
```

*Geoscience* 1.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ22 The hydrological cycle consists of phases.
*Two* 1.0000000 *2* 1.0000000 FBQ23 Riverine floods are caused by precipitation acting either directly by
*Rainfall* 1.0000000
0.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ24 Radioactivity is the most important source of energy in the
*Lithosphere* 1.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ25 Floods also have other beneficial uses if they can be properly and managed.
*Controlled* 1.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ26 The global concern for human environment started in
*1949* 1.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ27 performs the functions of absorbs ultraviolet radiation harmful to living things.
*0zone* 1.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ28 Climatologists define in terms of deviation from long term mean of rainfall in a given area.
*Drought* 1.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ29 Flood is the most paradoxical of all the
*Extreme events* 1.0000000

```
0.0000000
0.0000000
FBQ30
SO2 can be said to have a ___ effect on the health.
*Dangerous*
1.0000000
0.0000000
0.0000000
FBQ31
The fairly ____ part of the atmosphere is referred to as the homosphere.
*Homogenous*
1.0000000
0.000000
FBQ32
The concept of environmental ____was developed as a general theoretical
framework to explain the pattern of human activities in the earth surface.
*Determinism*
1.0000000
0.0000000
0.0000000
FB033
The effective environment is everything external to the organism which effects
the fulfilment of that
*Organism*
1.0000000
0.0000000
FBQ34
The layer after the troposphere is the ____
*Stratosphere*
1.0000000
0.000000
FBQ35
The ____ is also referred to as the organic world
*Biosphere*
1.0000000
0.0000000
Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs)
Most of the rocks in the earth's crust are ____ in origin.
Magma
0.0000000
Sedimentary
0.000000
Metamorphic
0.000000
```

```
Igneous
1.0000000
MCQ2
In _____, interaction is on the realms of physical phenomenon
Geoscience
1.0000000
Geography
0.000000
Environment
0.000000
Physic
0.000000
MCQ3
   _ is the lowest layer of the atmosphere
Inosphere
0.0000000
Biosphere
0.0000000
Troposphere
1.0000000
Stratosphere
0.0000000
MCQ4
____is the important source of energy in the lithosphere
Sun
0.0000000
Radioactive
1.0000000
Mantle
0.000000
Pressure
0.000000
The freezing point is __
100°C.
0.0000000
10°C
0.000000
0\,{}^{\circ}C
1.0000000
10°C
0.000000
MCQ6
```

$\underline{}$ is the scientific study of surface and underground, including its properties, distribution, movement and utilization.
Waterlogy
0.0000000 Urology
0.0000000 biogeography
0.0000000 Hydrology
1.0000000 MCQ7gives way to the stratosphere
Mesopause
0.0000000 Stratopause
0.0000000 Tropopause
1.0000000 Inopauase
0.0000000 MCQ8 One of the following is not an important agent of weathering
Water
0.0000000 atmosphere
1.0000000 Wind
0.0000000 Plant and animal
0.0000000 MCQ9 The organic world is referred to as the
Lithosphere
0.0000000 Biosphere
1.0000000 Fauna
0.0000000 Flora
0.0000000 MCQ10 The hydrological cycle consists of phases.

Two

```
1.0000000
Three
0.0000000
four
0.0000000
five
0.000000
MCQ11
      _are all the organisms which depend on the producers for food
Suppliers
0.000000
Consumers
1.0000000
Developers
0.000000
Givers
0.0000000
MC012
The doctrine or concept of environmental determinism is an idea among ____
Biogeographers
0.0000000
Climatologists
0.000000
Geographers
1.0000000
Economists
0.000000
MCQ13
Beneath the lithosphere is the ____
Core
0.0000000
Mantle
1.0000000
Crust
0.0000000
Sub-terrainian cavity
0.000000
MCQ14
  ___ produces about 3.5 million tones of SO2 per year, making it the fourth
biggest producer in the world.
Nigeria
0.000000
```

USA

```
0.0000000
United Kingdom
1.0000000
South Africa
0.0000000
MCQ15
   _popularly called the Earth Summit also made provision for the cutting of S02
and NO2.
Nigeria 92
0.000000
Canada 92
0.000000
Rio 92
1.0000000
South Africa 92
0.000000
MCQ16
    absorbs ultraviolet radiation harmful to living things
0zone
1.0000000
Atmosphere
0.000000
Strastophere
0.000000
Biosphere
0.000000
MCQ17
Ward (1978) recognized ____ types of river floods related to different causal
factors
Three
0.000000
Two
1.0000000
Four
0.000000
Five
0.0000000
MCQ18
____ have always been attractive locations for towns.
Plain lands
0.000000
Riverbanks
```

Mountain tops
0.0000000 Igneous formations
0.0000000 MCQ19 have other beneficial uses if they can be properly controlled and managed
Fires
0.0000000 Disasters
0.0000000 Floods
1.0000000 Draughts
0.0000000 MCQ20 Change in climate will no doubt have planning implications
climate
1.0000000 Water
0.0000000 Life
0.0000000 Attitude
0.0000000 MCQ21 Industrialization and modernization causes environmental the following except
Afforestation
1.0000000 Flooding
0.0000000 Air pollution
0.0000000 Surface water pollution
0.0000000 MCQ22 The effective environment is everything external to the
man
0.0000000 people
0.0000000 organism
1.0000000

plant
0.0000000 MCQ23 There are types of environment
Five
0.0000000 Four
0.0000000 Three
0.0000000 Two
1.0000000 MCQ24 The only new thing about environmental science is its
Understanding
0.0000000 View points
1.0000000 Expression
0.0000000 Scholars
0.0000000 MCQ25 The study of will stress the understanding of the natural system and the processes of the earth.
nature
0.0000000 geography
0.0000000 environmental science
1.0000000 population
0.0000000 MCQ26 This fairly homogenous part of the is referred to as the homosphere.
lithosphere
0.0000000 Earth crust
0.0000000 atmosphere
1.0000000 Biosphere
0.0000000

MCQ27 The natural environment refers toand non-social environment before the advent of man on earth.
Non-cultural
1.0000000 Non-economical
0.0000000 Non-political
0.0000000 Artificial
0.0000000 MCQ28 The is earth's crust also known as the
Mantle
0.0000000 Atmosphere
0.0000000 Lithosphere
1.0000000 Litology
0.0000000 MCQ29 An ecosystem is any area on the earth's surface consisting of organisms interacting with one another and with the
Man
0.0000000 Physical environment
1.0000000 Atmosphere
0.0000000 Climate
0.0000000 MCQ30 The concept of environmental was developed as a general theoretical framework to explain the pattern of human activities in the earth surface.
Possibilism
0.0000000 Determinism
1.0000000 Probabilism
0.0000000 Perception
0.0000000 MCQ31

The is densely populated with living organisms.
ecosystem
0.0000000 Biosphere
1.0000000 Environment
0.0000000 Surroundings
0.0000000 MCQ32
emphasizes the scope of man's freedom of action rather than the limit sit by the physical environment.
Perception
0.0000000 Determinism
0.0000000 Possibilism
1.0000000 Environmentalism
0.0000000 MCQ33 define drought in terms of deviation from long term mean of rainfall in a given area.
Meteorologist
0.0000000 Climatologists
1.0000000 Geomorpholist
0.0000000 Environmentalist
0.0000000 MCQ34 The environment disasters does not recognize boundaries
cultural
0.0000000 economic
0.0000000 political
1.0000000 social
0.0000000 MCQ35 The United Nations Conference on the Human Environment held on Stockholm in

1998

0.0000000 1972

1.0000000 1987

0.0000000 1970