



NATIONAL OPEN UNIVERSITY OF NIGERIA
14/16 AHMADU BELLO WAY, VICTORIA ISLAND, LAGOS
SCHOOL OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY
JUNE/JULY EXAMINATION

COURSE CODE: PHY402

COURSE TITLE: Nuclear Physics (3 units)

TIME ALLOWED: 3 Hours

INSTRUCTION: Answer any five questions

PHYSICAL CONSTANTS:

Speed of light $c = 2.9979 \times 10^8 \text{ ms}^{-1}$; mass of electron $m_e = 9.109 \times 10^{-31} \text{ kg}$;

Electronic charge $e = 1.6022 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C}$; Avogadro's number

$N_A = 6.0221 \times 10^{26} \text{ kmol}^{-1}$;

Boltzmann constant

$k = 1.3806 \times 10^{-23} \text{ JK}^{-1}$; Planck's constant $h = 6.6257 \times 10^{-34} \text{ Js}$;

$\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ Henry/m}$.

1. (a) Define the terms (i) excess mass (ii) packing fraction

4 marks

(b) With reference to nuclear size, show that the electron is NOT a constituent of the nucleus

10 marks

2. (a)(i) Distinguish between **isotones** and **isobars**

4 marks

(ii) What are **isomers**?

1 mark

(b) A nucleus with mass number $A = 235$ splits into two nuclei whose mass numbers are in the ratio of 2:1. Find the radii of the nuclei.

9 marks

3. (a) List **FOUR** models of the nucleus

4 marks

(b) (i) Write down the Weizacker's semi-empirical formula nuclear binding energy formula and explain each of the terms

4 marks

(ii) Using Weizacker's semi-empirical formula the atomic number of the most stable nucleus for a given odd mass number A .

6 marks

4.(a) Define the terms *nuclear binding energy* and *separation energy*.

6 marks

(c) Calculate the binding energy of ${}^{126}_{52}\text{Te}$.

You may use the following data: Rest masses of proton is $1.67252 \times 10^{-27} \text{ kg}$ or 1.007277 u , neutron is $1.67482 \times 10^{-27} \text{ kg}$ or 1.008665 u .

8 marks

5. (a) Obtain a formula for calculating the *half-life* of a radioactive substance.

of a radioactive substance

8 marks

(b) Define the mean-life of a radioactive element show that the mean life

$\bar{T} = \frac{1}{\lambda}$ where λ is the decay constant.

6 marks

6 (a) What is meant by the range of an α -particle?

7 marks

(b) Explain the processes involved in a γ decay scheme of a nuclide.

7 marks

7. (a) What do you understand by the term “specific ionization”? Write the equation relating the specific ionization and the velocity of heavy particles.

8 marks

(b) Describe one of the ways by which energy is lost when an electron interact with matter.

marks

6