FBQ1: is defined as "Anything that has the capacity to produce the satisfaction use or perhaps, the profit desired by the customer". Answer: product
FBQ2: concept indicates that consumers are primarily interested in product quality, and know the quality and feature differences amongst the competing products. Answer: Product
FBQ3: is the creation, development and delivery of products and services that satisfy the needs and wants of the customer, at a profit. Answer: Marketing
FBQ4:concept believes that consumers can be induced to buy more through various sales stimulating devices. Answer: Selling
FBQ5:concept believes that organizations, while focusing on consumer satisfaction, should reconcile such objective with social and environmental considerations. Answer: Societal marketing
FBQ6: function is to provide logistics that delivers the products costefficiency on a timely basis. Answer: Marketing
FBQ7: The first step in the marketing process is Answer: Situation analysis marketing
FBQ8: Financial services are the economic services providers by the Answer: Financial industry
FBQ9: The term "financial services" become more prevalent in the United States partly as a result of the Gramm Leach-Bliley Act of the late, which enabled different types of companies operating in the U.S financial services industry at that time to merge. Answer: 1990s
FBQ10: is defined as those "activities", benefits, or satisfactions which are offered services for sale, or are provided in connection with the sales of goods. Answer: Services
FBQ11: Services often cannot be separated from their Answer: Providers
FBQ12: Financial institutions because it has the same nature of service must be creative and to market needs. Answer: Responsive
FBQ13: Marketing came into Nigeria banks after not in form of application of the marketing concepts but inform of advertising and after promotional concepts. Answer: Mid-80s
FBQ14: Since no company can operate in every market and satisfy every need, there is need for market Answer: Segmentation
FBQ15: Mass marketing can also be referred to as marketing Answer: Undifferentiated
FBQ16: differentiation is often adopted when a company is faced with competition.

Answer: Product
FBQ17:is a pattern of living adopted by an individual. Answer: Lifestyle
FBQ18:is used when a new product is introduced into a market in which there are no competitors. Answer: Skimming pricing
FBQ19: A firm that uses sets a price only slightly higher than the cost of the product. Answer: Penetration strategy
FBQ20:is defined as the process by which marketing plans are developed for products. Answer: Marketing planning
FBQ21: is concerned principally with making the product available at the desired time and place. Answer: Distribution strategy
FBQ22: should be done in such a way that the brand name must attract the attention of customers. Answer: Branding
FBQ23: refers to a short-term arrangement where both the buyer and seller have an interest in providing a more satisfying exchange. Answer: Relationship marketing
FBQ24: The source of new product can either be internal or Answer: External
FBQ25: The word entrepreneur originated from the French wordAnswer: "Entreprende"
FBQ26: is defined as the process of using initiative to transform business concept to new venture, diversify existing venture or enterprise to high growing venture potentials. Answer: Entrepreneurship
FBQ27: is defined as a person who makes money by starting or running businesses, especially when this involves taking financial risks. Answer: Entrepreneur
FBQ28:is defined as the act or process of growth, progress and improvement within a physical setting. Answer: Development
FBQ29: is defined as referring to the process of enhancing entrepreneurial skills and knowledge through structured training and institution- building programmes. Answer: Entrepreneurship development
FBQ30: Any entrepreneur is a risk taker. True or False Answer: True
FBQ31: An entrepreneur should always possess theand resourcefulness to achieve objectives. Answer: Initiative
FBQ32: Market segmentation is a philosophy. Answer: Customer-oriented
FBQ33: Segmentation makes the choice of distribution channels and communication

channels becomes much easier. True or False Answer: True
FBQ34: involves dividing buyers into different groups based on social class, life styles or personality characteristics. Answer: Psychographic segmentation
FBQ35: Demographic factors are the most popular bases for segmenting customer groups. True OR False Answer: True
MCQ1: Marketing is the creation, development and delivery of products and services that satisfy the needs and wants of the customer, at a profit. Answer: True
MCQ2: Entities that are generally marketed include (service, goods, place, person) e.t.c. Answer: True
MCQ3: Service industry include the following except Answer: Beverage industry
MCQ4:is a visual representation or logical flow of your marketing plan. Answer: Marketing framework
MCQ5: Societal marketing concept believe more in the present and future wellbeing of the customers and the society. Answer: True
MCQ6: Macro environment include the following except Answer: Competitive environment
MCQ7: Services are Answer: intangibles
MCQ8: Intangibility of service gives customer the ability to evaluate competing service. Answer: True
MCQ9: Financial institution includes the following except Answer: Hotel industry
MCQ10: Products of financial services industry are intangible and therefore cannot decay, deteriorate, depreciate in value or in form. Answer: True
MCQ11: Less than any other financial services, banking requires, and customers expect a high degree of confidentiality and honesty on the part of the bank. Answer: False
MCQ12: Market segmentation is defined as the identification and aggregation of individual consumers coming from a homogenous population into groups. Answer: False
MCQ13: In mass marketing, the marketer offers one product or uses one blend of marketing mix to serve Answer: The whole market
MCQ14: The solution to the change in taste and buying needs can be solved through Answer: Differentiated product
MCQ15: Target marketing according to Adirika (1993) requires major

steps Answer: 4
MCQ16: Geographical segmentations also include difference in consumption patterns and preferences based on regions/zones Answer: True
MCQ17: Product differentiation can be achieved by varying the features, styles, qualities, package, sizes and colours of products. Answer: True
MCQ18: The first step in market segmentation is to identify the current and potential need in the market. Answer: True
MCQ19: In the modern world, the manufacturer starts by ascertaining what consumers want and what they are prepared to pay for it. Answer: Consumer-oriented
MCQ20: Products must be constantly in the light of changing consumer needs and environmental development. Answer: Modified
MCQ21: The marketing mix for products equally applies to services, that is, the traditional 4Ps. Answer: True
MCQ22: Pricing policies are the basic philosophies on which of financial services base their prices. Answer: Sellers or providers
MCQ23: Creating awareness of a new service is not really necessary like new goods. Answer: False
MCQ24:is the most widely used form of promotion in the marketing of services. Answer: Advertising
MCQ25: becomes very important when trying to develop a close relationship between the buyer and the seller. Answer: Personal selling
MCQ26: Production is not said to be complete until goods get to the final consumers. Answer: True
MCQ27: The pricing policy that sets an arbitrary price to match competitor pressure is called Answer: Competitive pricing
MCQ28:strategies are concerned with ensuring the prompt delivery of the services to the target market. Answer: Place
MCQ29: Strategic planning is Answer: An annual planning

MCQ31: The unplanned life is not worth living, so says Aristotle. In the same vein, the unplanned business or enterprise is not worth undertaking. Answer: True

MCQ30: Marketing plan must be_____ Answer: Comprehensive MCQ32: The outcome of marketing planning is often_____ Answer: Market plan

 ${\tt MCQ33:}\ {\tt Bank's}\ {\tt marketing}\ {\tt plan}\ {\tt should}\ {\tt not}\ {\tt necessarily}\ {\tt include}\ {\tt proper}\ {\tt identification}\ {\tt of}\ {\tt what}\ {\tt really}\ {\tt motivates}\ {\tt the}\ {\tt customer}.$

Answer: False

MCQ34: An organization corporate mission can be wide but not be too narrow.

Answer: False

MCQ35: Bank deposit account are of _____ type

Answer: 3