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| <input type="checkbox"/> | Question Type | Question   | A   | B | C | D | Answer | Remark                               |
|--------------------------|---------------|--|---|---|---|---|--------|--------------------------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> | FBQ           | <input type="text"/><br>_approach is a peaceful resolution of conflict at all levels in which decision(s) are made according to the rules and principles of law. | Judicial  |   |   |   |        | <input type="button" value="eExam"/> |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | FBQ           | What does the acronym ECOMOG connote<br><input type="text"/><br>?  | Economic Community of West African Monitoring Group |   |   |   |        | <input type="button" value="eExam"/> |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | FBQ           | <input type="text"/><br>in his book titled "An Agenda for Peace," classified peacebuilding into two namely pre-conflict and post-conflict peacebuilding.         | Boutros-Boutros Ghali                               |   |   |   |        | <input type="button" value="eExam"/> |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | FBQ           | <input type="text"/><br>_are social relations, which include the ways in which man and woman relate to each other beyond that of personal interaction.           | Gender relations                                    |   |   |   |        | <input type="button" value="eExam"/> |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | FBQ           | The convention on the elimination of all forms of Discrimination against Women was adopted in the year<br><input type="text"/>                                   | 1981  |   |   |   |        | <input type="button" value="eExam"/> |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | FBQ           | The protracted state of violence, large-scale conflicts involving two or more parties is known as<br><input type="text"/>  | War   |   |   |   |        | <input type="button" value="eExam"/> |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | FBQ           | Clothing, language, belief systems, values, norms are examples of<br><input type="text"/>  | Culture   |   |   |   |        | <input type="button" value="eExam"/> |

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| <input type="checkbox"/> |     |   |               |  |  |  |  |       |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | FBQ | Disarmament, demobilization, and reintegration programme extended towards Niger-Delta militant youths is tagged<br><input type="text"/><br>programme  | Amnesty       |  |  |  |  | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | FBQ | <input type="text"/><br>identity is the major source or cause of inter-ethnic violence in Africa.   | Ethnic        |  |  |  |  | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | FBQ | Beliefs, rituals, subjective experience and community are the four basic elements of<br><input type="text"/>  | Religion      |  |  |  |  | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | FBQ | A war action undertaken by a party or a group of parties to contain the activities of aggressor or a group of aggressors is called<br><input type="text"/><br>_war.   | Just          |  |  |  |  | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | FBQ | The action which supports political, economic, social and military measures and structures among to strengthen and solidify political settlement in order to redress the cause of conflict is referred to as<br><input type="text"/>  | Peacebuilding |  |  |  |  | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | FBQ | The maintenance of public security, civil services and ceasefire agreement in war and crisis zones by the United Nations or regional military, police and civilian forces with the consent of the nation-state on whose territory the forces are deployed is called<br><input type="text"/> | Peacekeeping  |  |  |  |  | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | FBQ | <input type="text"/><br>is the talks between conflicting parties on ideas, information and options in order to reach a mutually acceptable agreement.   | Negotiation   |  |  |  |  | eExam |

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| <input type="checkbox"/> |     |  |                            |     |  |  |  |       |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | FBQ | <p>The <input type="text"/></p> <p>argument on the morality of war is that if law is not supported by force, it is most unlikely that the law will be respected.</p>                 | Militarist                 |     |  |  |  | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | FBQ | <p>Karl Marx defined <input type="text"/></p> <p>as opium of the masses or people.</p>   | Religion                   |     |  |  |  | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | FBQ | <p>Media and movies, street culture, ruthless administration/government and forced conscription are four agents of <input type="text"/></p>  | Violence Modeling          |     |  |  |  | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | FBQ | <p><input type="text"/></p> <p>weapons were the military innovation of the Song dynasty during the renaissance period</p>  | Gunpowder                  |     |  |  |  | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | FBQ | <p><input type="text"/></p> <p>is of the view that a number and varying degree of conditions could be responsible for aggressive behaviour.</p>                                      | Social learning theory     | SLT |  |  |  | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | FBQ | <p>Violence is any act of <input type="text"/></p> <p>in which greater amount of physical force is exerted .</p>   | Destruction                |     |  |  |  | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | FBQ | <p>The <input type="text"/></p> <p>came into existence on the 24th of October, 1945 as a result of the failure of the League of Nations to prevent the outbreak of World War II.</p> | United Nations             |     |  |  |  | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | FBQ | <p><input type="text"/></p> <p>_implies a set of norms, values and attitudes, which constitute behavior among two principal actors namely state and non-state.</p>                   | Culture of war             |     |  |  |  | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | FBQ | <p>What is the full meaning of the acronym WMD?</p> <p><input type="text"/></p>  | Weapon of Mass Destruction |     |  |  |  | eExam |

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| <input type="checkbox"/> |     |   |  |  |  |  |  |       |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | FBQ | <input type="text"/><br>was pronounced by the Supreme Court as the authentic winner of the 2003 Governorship election in Anambra State.   | Peter Obi  |  |  |  |  | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | FBQ | The year 2000 global campaign for gender mainstreaming in peace processes led to adoption of four (4) major policy documents that demonstrated the relationship among peace, human rights and<br><input type="text"/> | Gender equality  |  |  |  |  | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | FBQ | The Kigali Declaration reinforces positive and active roles of women in peacemaking and<br><input type="text"/>   | Peacebuilding  |  |  |  |  | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | FBQ | Gacaca courts were created in Rwanda to address pains and<br><input type="text"/><br>of the genocide war.   | Agonies  |  |  |  |  | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | FBQ | <input type="text"/><br>is any action that is destructive, in which great amount of physical force is being exerted.  | Violence   |  |  |  |  | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | FBQ | A belief that natural objects are animated by spirits is called<br><input type="text"/>   | Cosmology  |  |  |  |  | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | FBQ | Peacebuilding involves building a network of opportunities in the transformation of conflict attitude between the parties through restoration of<br><input type="text"/><br>_and genuine reconciliation.              | Communication  |  |  |  |  | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | FBQ | What does the acronym CEDAW stands for?<br><input type="text"/>   | Convention on the Elimination of all forms of Discrimination against Women |  |  |  |  | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | FBQ | The United Nations Fourth World Conference on women of 1995 was tagged<br><input type="text"/>  | Beijing Conference   |  |  |  |  | eExam |

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| <input type="checkbox"/> |     |  |                   |  |  |  |  |       |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | FBQ | The court whose decision is final and does not give unfavoured party any right of appeal in Nigeria is known as the<br><input type="text"/>  | Supreme Court     |  |  |  |  | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | FBQ | A form of decision making in which two or more parties talk with one another in an effort to resolve their opposing interests is referred to as<br><input type="text"/>  | Negotiation       |  |  |  |  | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | FBQ | <input type="text"/><br>is any serious violation of law applicable to both intra state and international armed conflicts.  | War Crime         |  |  |  |  | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | FBQ | The period of Cold War was characterized by ideological difference between<br><input type="text"/><br>and communism respectively.  | Capitalism        |  |  |  |  | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | FBQ | The two Japanese cities that were plagued or attacked by atomic bomb are Nagasaki and<br><input type="text"/>  | Hiroshima         |  |  |  |  | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | FBQ | <input type="text"/><br>can be described as any peaceable act, which prohibits the use of violence and force in the resolution of conflict that may arise in the social interaction that forms the basis of human relations. | Pentism           |  |  |  |  | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | FBQ | Nigeria's first military coup was led by Major<br><input type="text"/>   | Nzeogwu<br>Kaduna |  |  |  |  | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | FBQ | Any organized collection of ideas or a set of believes, especially one held by a particular group that influence the way people behave is known as<br><input type="text"/>   | Ideology          |  |  |  |  | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | FBQ | <input type="text"/><br>is described as a subjective perception of common origins, historical memories, and aspirations.   | Ethnicity         |  |  |  |  | eExam |

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| <input type="checkbox"/> |     |   |   |  |  |  |  |       |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | FBQ | What is the full meaning of the acronym MASSOB?<br><input type="text"/>   | Movement for the Actualisation of Sovereign State of Biafra |  |  |  |  | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | FBQ | The process through which people internalize the habits of application of force which may be productive (positive) or counter – productive (negative) is referred to as<br><input type="text"/> | Militarization  |  |  |  |  | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | FBQ | <input type="text"/><br>theory is of the view that a number and varying degrees of condition could be responsible for aggressive behaviour.   | Social learning   |  |  |  |  | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | FBQ | Medieval period is also known as<br><input type="text"/>  | Dark ages   |  |  |  |  | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | FBQ | <input type="text"/><br>is defined as the sum total way of life of people living in a society.  | Culture   |  |  |  |  | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | FBQ | The two major categories of warfare are conventional and<br><input type="text"/><br>_warfare.   | Unconventional  |  |  |  |  | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | FBQ | The four features of war include danger, exertion, uncertainty and<br><input type="text"/>  | Chance  |  |  |  |  | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | FBQ | We have high intensity warfare and<br><input type="text"/><br>intensity warfare.  | Low   |  |  |  |  | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | FBQ | Amnesty programme was introduced by the government of president<br><input type="text"/>   | Umuoru Musa Yaradua   |  |  |  |  | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | FBQ | Partsch (1995:343) believes that 'fact finding' and '<br><input type="text"/><br>' are methods for the establishment of facts in international law, which can be used for various purposes.     | Inquiry   |  |  |  |  | eExam |

|                          |     |  |             |  |  |  |  |       |
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| <input type="checkbox"/> |     |  |             |  |  |  |  |       |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | FBQ | A voluntary bargaining process in which the disputing parties try to assist each other on the need to shift away from the positions which have hitherto made the resolution of conflict a difficult venture through informal conversations is referred to as<br><input type="text"/> | Negotiation |  |  |  |  | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | FBQ | A framework aimed not at conflict-resolution but at the transformation of combatants' relationship through 'empowerment and recognition' was postulation by Bush and _<br><input type="text"/>   | Folger      |  |  |  |  | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | FBQ | Cultural habits of aggression and violence can be said to be peculiar only to the<br><input type="text"/><br>race.   | Human       |  |  |  |  | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | FBQ | <input type="text"/><br>violence occurs when the physical attack is targeted to outward the people who are not in the same group with the belligerents.  | Outward     |  |  |  |  | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | FBQ | Medieval period, which is also known as<br><input type="text"/><br>experienced dramatic changes in every aspect of human relation and civilization.  | Dark ages   |  |  |  |  | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | FBQ | The use of elephants in warfare was first adopted in<br><input type="text"/>   | India       |  |  |  |  | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | FBQ | <input type="text"/><br>was traditionally the first king of Egypt and the father of the first dynasty of Egypt.  | Menes       |  |  |  |  | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | FBQ | war behaviour among state and non-state actors. notable among them were<br><input type="text"/><br>and Roman Empire.   | Greece      |  |  |  |  | eExam |

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| <input type="checkbox"/> |     |  |                 |          |  |  |  |       |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | FBQ | <input type="text"/><br>of war implies a set of norms, values and attitudes, which constitute a war behaviour among state and non-state actors.                            | Culture         |          |  |  |  | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | FBQ | Community, rituals, beliefs and subjective experience are basic<br><input type="text"/><br>of religion.  | Elements        | features |  |  |  | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | FBQ | <input type="text"/><br>_warfare refers to any armed conflict that does not involve the parties engaging in an open confrontation.   | Unconventional  |          |  |  |  | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | FBQ | <input type="text"/><br>peacebuilding is more associated with peace which often focuses on demobilization and reintegration programmes and immediate reconstruction needs. | Post-conflict   |          |  |  |  | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | FBQ | <input type="text"/><br>is an act of putting some power or faculty into vigorous action.   | Exertion        |          |  |  |  | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | FBQ | <input type="text"/><br>_is an unequal power equilibrium among parties.  | Power asymmetry |          |  |  |  | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | FBQ | A system which accentuates and enhances or promotes military ideas and thoughts is known as<br><input type="text"/>  | Militarism      |          |  |  |  | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | FBQ | <input type="text"/><br>is an organised system of beliefs, values, and ideas that form the basis of social, economic, or political philosophy.                             | Ideology        |          |  |  |  | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | FBQ | <input type="text"/><br>is a form of social ideology which articulates for a situation where women will enjoy equal rights as their male counterparts.                     | Feminism        |          |  |  |  | eExam |



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| <input type="checkbox"/> |     |  |   |          |       |         |   |       |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | FBQ | The war of terror against the western world capitalism and western values was declared by _____ network.   | Al-Qaeda  |          |       |         |   | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | FBQ | Pacifism can be said to have begun since _____ era.  | Pre-history   |          |       |         |   | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | FBQ | The inordinate ambition and aggression of the Nazist Germany to capture and rule the whole world was under the tutelage of _____   | Adolf Hitler  |          |       |         |   | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | FBQ | The prolonged tension between East bloc led by the defunct USSR and the West bloc under the tutelage of the USA is tagged _____  | Cold war  |          |       |         |   | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | FBQ | Any serious violation of law applicable to both intra-state and international armed conflicts is referred to as _____  | War crime   |          |       |         |   | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | FBQ | _____ law has made it an offence for any party to carry out any military act that contravenes the existing instruments of international humanitarian law that regulate the conduct of armed hostilities.   | International Criminal  |          |       |         |   | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | FBQ | What is the full meaning of the acronym UNESCO _____?  | United Nations Educational Scientific and Cultural Organisation |          |       |         |   | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | MCQ | Where there are inter – religious skirmishes, some moderate Muslims are often attacked physically by their fellow Muslim brethren for protecting Christians in their domain against any physical aggression. It is referred to as _____ violence | Inward  | External | Intra | Outward | A | eExam |

|                          |     |   |   |  |                                |  |   |       |
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| <input type="checkbox"/> |     |   |   |  |                                |  |   |       |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | MCQ | The process through which one acquires knowledge and skills that establish in him/her social patterns of response to external stimuli is known as _____ | Economic learning                         | Learning   | Social learning                | Socialization  | C | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | MCQ | The genocide in Rwanda is an example of _____ problem   | Religion                                  | Identity   | Sex                            | Sex  | B | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | MCQ | _____ values are the ones the state or group seeks to satisfy but can be compromised due to less relevance the group or state ascribes to them.         | Core                                      | Factual  | Shell                          | Socio-economic                                       | C | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | MCQ | Which of the following is not among the basic elements of religion?   | Community                                 | Ritual/beliefs                                   | Miracle                        | Subjective experience                                | C | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | MCQ | _____ reinforces positive and active roles of women in both peace keeping and peace building  | Kigali Declaration                        | Beiging Conference                               | Culture of Peace               | Campaign for gender mainstreaming                    | A | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | MCQ | _____ is a belief that natural objects are animated by spirit.  | Spiritism                                 | Deitism  | Pacifism                       | Animism  | D | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | MCQ | What does Cold War connotes?  | Gradual elimination and attack of enemies | Ideological differences between two super powers | Attack and retreat war methods | Secretive or silent destruction of the military base | B | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | MCQ | Most war crimes perpetrated against non-combatant and civilian populations include the following except one. Identify the incorrect option.             | Murder, torture and rape                  | Deportation and hostage taking                   | Forced/child labour            | Corruption and nepotism                              | D | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | MCQ | Religion is described by Karl Marx as -----   | "Opium of the people"                     | Mind of the masses                               | View of the people             | Expectation of the populace                          | A | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | MCQ | In Latin, religion is religio, meaning -----  | "Reverence for God or the gods            | Supremacy of God                                 | Authority of God               | Liberalism of God                                    | A | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | MCQ | The phrase "it is the end that justifies the means" was propounded by ----- in his book   | Van Blerk,                                | Mathew   | Niccollo Machiavelli           | Massey   | C | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | MCQ | According to -----, in the nature of man we find three principal causes of quarrel  | Hobbes                                    | Marx   | Giddens                        | Weber  | A | eExam |

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|--------------------------|-----|--|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|---|-------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> |     |  |                    |                    |                         |                            |   |       |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | MCQ | Values group or state seeks to satisfy but can be compromised due to less relevance the group or state ascribes to them are referred to as ----  | The Core values    | Identity values    | The Shell values        | Asymmetry values           | C | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | MCQ | The earliest form of submarine was invented in 1624 by -----   | Cornelius Drebbel  | Isaac Peral        | Bayonet                 | General Jean Martinet      | A | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | MCQ | That complex which includes knowledge, beliefs, arts, morals, law, customs and other capabilities acquired by man as a member of society is known as ----  | Orientation        | Culture            | Specialisation          | Belief system              | B | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | MCQ | The full blown war between China and Japan took place in ----  | 1894               | 1904               | 1879                    | 1934                       | A | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | MCQ | Which of the following is not among the four features with which Carl Von Clausewitz described the war environment in his 'climate of war'?  | Danger             | Exertion           | Uncertainty/ chance     | Principle                  | D | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | MCQ | The experience of the ---- has shown that the century recorded more war with incomparable human casualty than the previous centuries put together.   | 20th century       | 19th century       | 17th century            | 18th century               | A | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | MCQ | Violence is categorized into two types namely ---- and - ---- violence.  | Inward and outward | Within and without | Local and international | Aggressive and Suppressive | A | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | MCQ | The peacekeeping operation and intervention force that was established by the Economic Community of West African states is known as _____  | ECOWAS             | Allied Forces      | JMTF                    | ECOMOG                     | D | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | MCQ | The concept "Peacebuilding" was made popular at the level of the United Nations in 1992 BY _____   | Koffi Annah        | Emeka Anyaoku      | George Bush             | Boutros Boutros – Ghali    | D | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | MCQ | The modus operandi of the United Nations Fourth World Conference on women which was organized in order to address the structural and fundamental inequality in the relationship between men and women took place in the year _____ | 1995               | 1973               | 1985                    | 1945                       | A | eExam |

|                          |     |   |  |                                       |   |                                      |   |       |
|--------------------------|-----|---|--|---------------------------------------|---|--------------------------------------|---|-------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> |     |   |  |                                       |   |                                      |   |       |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | MCQ | Peaceful approaches to conflict resolution comprise the following except one. Pick the incorrect option.  | Mediation                                | Meditation                            | Negotiation                             | Arbitration                          | B | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | MCQ | The year ----- was proclaimed as the International year for the culture of peace by the UN General Assembly   | 1945                                     | 1973                                  | 2000                                    | 2005                                 | C | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | MCQ | Choose the option that is not part of war crimes perpetrated against non-combatant and civilian population.   | Murder and torture                       | Deportation and rape                  | Hostage taking and forced labour        | House breaking and theft             | D | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | MCQ | The tension of "Cold War" was between the East bloc and West bloc that was led by _____ and _____ respectively  | USSR and U.S.A                           | Germany and Italy                     | North and South Korea                   | Japan, Italy and Germany             | A | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | MCQ | The Second World War came to an end on _____.   | December 7th, 1941                       | August 14, 1945                       | 12/07/1939 00:00:00                     | October 1st, 1960                    | B | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | MCQ | The first military coup in Nigeria took place in the year _____.  | 1976                                     | 1983                                  | 1983                                    | 1966                                 | D | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | MCQ | Ideology can be categorized into the following types except one. Pick the incorrect option.   | Persuasion ideology                      | Economic ideology                     | Political ideology                      | Religious ideology                   | A | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | MCQ | Which of the following options is not part of the basic elements of religion?   | Beliefs and rituals                      | Subjective experience                 | Violent behaviour                       | Community                            | C | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | MCQ | Who described religion as "opium of the people or masses"?  | Isaac Albert                             | J.J Rousseau                          | J.J Rousseau                            | Karl Marx                            | D | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | MCQ | Inter – ethnic rivalry has led to a number of ethnic violence, hostilities and wars in the following countries except one. Identify the incorrect option. | Rwanda/Burundi                           | Sudan and Somalia                     | Ghana and Libya                         | Ethiopia and Angola                  | C | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | MCQ | Choose among the below options the one that is not part of the means through which violent behaviour can be learnt  | Profitisation of violence/Street culture | Genocide and killing/rape and maiming | Toys and games/ book and literary works | Media and movies/forced conscription | B | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | MCQ | Thomas Hobbes identified three principal causes of quarrel in the nature of man. Identify the incorrect option  | Aggression                               | Diffidence                            | Competition                             | Glory                                | A | eExam |

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|--------------------------|-----|---|--------------------------------|---|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|-------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> |     |   |                                |   |                                 |                                  |   |       |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | MCQ | The term "United Nations" was first introduced into the vocabulary of international politics by who?  | President Jimmy Carter         | D.C. Washington                           | President Franklin D. Roosevelt | Bill Clinton                     | C | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | MCQ | Identify among the below options the one that is part of the sources of culture of war  | Instinctual aggression/ values | Population outburst /relative deprivation | Power asymmetry / identity      | Genocide, arson and maiming      | D | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | MCQ | Which of the following options is not part of the characteristics of a culture  | Knowledge/Skills, arts         | Customs, Morals, Law and language         | Believes, values and norms      | Racial, ethnic and tribal groups | D | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | MCQ | The features of war comprise the following except one. Identify the incorrect option  | Danger/Exertion                | Uncertainty                               | Common agreement                | Chance                           | C | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | MCQ | The Vienna Declaration and Programme of Action was adopted at the ____ conference of Human Rights.  | 1983                           | 1993                                      | 2003                            | 1985                             | B | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | MCQ | International Criminal Law acts in conformity with the philosophy of "nolle creminensine lege" which means -----  | No law without crime           | No punishment without crime               | No crime without law            | No general principle             | C | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | MCQ | One of the basic principles of International Humanitarian Law is -----  | Principles of law              | Principles of equity                      | Principles of humanity          | Principle of mankind             | C | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | MCQ | _____ is any serious violation of law applicable to both intra state and international armed conflicts.   | War crime                      | Violent crime                             | Quarrel crime                   | Armed crime                      | A | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | MCQ | The armed conflict between the Palestine and Israel is over permanent control of _____  | Jerusalem                      | Tel Aviv                                  | Damascus                        | Jordan                           | A | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | MCQ | _____ is an aspect of war in which the warring parties enjoy optional joint control of the war event to prevent to a large extent uncontrolled or uncontrollable destruction. | Uncontrollable                 | Unmanageable                              | Fundamental                     | Manageable                       | D | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | MCQ | The tension between Nigeria and Cameroon over the ownership of Bakassi, which almost broke into full scale war, can be referred to as ____                                    | Fundamental war                | Particular war                            | Accidental war                  | Monumental war                   | C | eExam |

|                          |     |   |  |   |  |  |   |       |
|--------------------------|-----|---|--|---|--|--|---|-------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> |     |   |  |   |  |  |   |       |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | MCQ | _____ is a war action undertaken by a party or a group of parties to contain the activities of an aggression or a group of aggressors   | Holy war                               | Just war                                      | Life war                                   | Unfinished war.                              | B | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | MCQ | A French Socialist leader, Jean Jaure was assassinated on _____   | 31 July, 1941                          | 30 July, 1920                                 | 13 April, 1914                             | 31 July, 1912                                | A | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | MCQ | _____ is a process that is actually associated with any peace initiations aimed at transforming the conflict between two or more parties without addressing the structural problems or root causes. | Conflict peace                         | Negative peace                                | Positive peace                             | Solution peace                               | B | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | MCQ | The United Nations declared year _____ as the year of Culture of Peace.   | 2005                                   | 2001  | 2007                                       | 2000   | C | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | MCQ | The participation of women in the Inter-Congolese Dialogue (ICD) took place in _____  | Spring City Resort                     | Moon City Resort                              | Sun City Resort                            | Fountain City Resort                         | C | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | MCQ | Offence of Crime Against Humanity usually attract _____   | Mid –term imprisonment                 | Automatic                                     | Long-term imprisonment                     | Short-term imprisonment                      | C | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | MCQ | In what year was the convention on the Elimination of all forms of discrimination against woman adopted?  | 1981                                   | 1988  | 1991                                       | 1994   | A | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | MCQ | One of the notable areas the mission (UNTAG) made a huge success was empowerment of _____ in political decision making and political participation in Namibia.                                      | Children                               | Adults  | Women                                      | Richman                                      | C | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | MCQ | The full meaning of UNTAG is _____  | United Namibia Transitional Assistance | Union Namibia Transportation Assistance Group | United Nations Transition Assistance Group | United Nations Transitional Assistance Group | C | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | MCQ | Peace building plays all the following roles except _____   | Violence prevention                    | Conflict resolution                           | Acquisition of arms and ammunitions        | Humanitarian assistance                      | C | eExam |

|                          |     |   |  |   |  |  |   |       |
|--------------------------|-----|---|--|---|--|--|---|-------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> |     |   |  |   |  |  |   |       |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | MCQ | A more associated event with peacekeeping which often focusing more on demobilization and re-integration programmes and immediate reconstruction needs is called _____ peace building       | Pre-conflict                           | Post-conflict                                 | Sleeping phase                             | Fundamental conflict                         | B | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | MCQ | The ability of "repairing" relationships, institutions and social facilities and putting in place schemes that can help the disputing communities to be united once again is known as _____ | Peace building                         | Mutual building                               | Conflict building                          | Violence building                            | A | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | MCQ | _____ is a situation whereby jingoistic spirit is fostered among the people in a given society.   | Militarization                         | Military operation                            | Civilization                               | Militarism                                   | D | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | MCQ | The full meaning of UNTAG is _____  | United Namibia Transitional Assistance | Union Namibia Transportation Assistance Group | United Nations Transition Assistance Group | United Nations Transitional Assistance Group | C | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | MCQ | According to _____ man's inhumanity against fellow man is not inhuman nature but in human nurture.  | Hobbes                                 | Skinner                                       | Piaget                                     | Rousseau                                     | D | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | MCQ | Sources of culture of war include the following except _____  | Instinctual Aggression                 | Professional Armies                           | Military Industrial complex                | Creativity                                   | D | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | MCQ | _____ formalized the politics of sphere of influence and colonialism of Africa by European imperialists.  | Berlin conference                      | Anglo conference                              | British conference                         | Bardin conference                            | A | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | MCQ | Nuclear submarine was invented in _____   | 1925                                   | 1955  | 1945                                       | 1956   | B | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | MCQ | The period that featured the development of field artillery, battalions, infantry drill etc. is referred to as _____  | Industrial period                      | Modern period                                 | Medieval period                            | Renaissance period                           | D | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | MCQ | The use of elephant in warfare was first adopted in _____   | Germany                                | China   | Africa                                     | India  | D | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | MCQ | _____ is the sum total of the learned behaviours of a group of people which are generally considered to be the tradition of that people and are transmitted from generation to generation.  | Ethnics                                | Moral   | Culture                                    | Attitude                                     | C | eExam |

|                          |     |   |                    |               |                               |  |   |       |
|--------------------------|-----|---|--------------------|---------------|-------------------------------|--|---|-------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> |     |   |                    |               |                               |  |   |       |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | MCQ | The cause of armed hostility between China and Japan was the control of ____                              | Germany            | Korea         | US                            | Togo   | B | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | MCQ | The act of putting some power or faculty into vigorous action is called ____                              | Exertion           | Extraction    | Expulsion                     | Expel  | A | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | MCQ | ____ region has had the lion share in the flows of refugees in Africa.                                    | Lake Chad          | Upper Volta   | Great Mountain                | Great Lake   | D | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | MCQ | The following are features of danger of war in West Africa except one. Identify the incorrect option      | Refugee generation | Armed robbery | Non circulation of small arms | Making the prevailing atmosphere of peace a fragile one. | C | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | MCQ | Revolutionary United Front (RUF) initiated civil war was led by ____                                      | Friday Sonkoh      | Foday Sonkoh  | Freyoh Sunday                 | Froday Shoh  | B | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | MCQ | ____ century recorded more war with incomparable human casualty than the previous centuries put together. | 20th               | 19th          | 15th                          | 17th   | A | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | MCQ | The only source of war is ____  | Spiritua           | Economic      | Interest                      | Politics   | D | eExam |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | MCQ | ____ is a protracted state of violent large-scale conflict involving two or more parties                  | Indiscipline       | Fight         | War                           | Quarel   | C | eExam |

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