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The default category for questions shared in context 'STT205'.
Fill in the Blank (FBQs)
FBQ1
Any measure indicating the Centre of a set of data, arranged in an increasing or
decreasing order of magnitude, is called a measure of: _
*Central tendency*
1.0000000
0.0000000
FBQ2
Scores that differ greatly from the measures of central tendency are
*Outliers*
1.0000000
*Extreme values*
1.0000000
*Extreme scores*
1.0000000
FBQ3
The total of all the observations divided by the number of observations is
called:
*Arithmetic mean*
1.0000000
0.0000000
FB04
The sample mean is an example of a: ____
*Statistic*
1.0000000
0.0000000
FBQ5
The population mean \mu is an example of a:
*Parameter*
1.0000000
0.000000
The arithmetic mean is highly affected by: __
*Extreme values*
1.0000000
*Outliers*
1.0000000
FB07
If a constant value is added to every observation of data, how would the value
of the arithmetic mean behave? __
*Increased by the constant*
1.0000000
0.0000000
The median is considered a robust measure because it is resistant to: __
*Outliers*
1.0000000
*Extreme values*
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Default for STT205

1.0000000 FBQ9 What effect will the elimination of extreme scores at the bottom of a data set have on the mean?
Increase the mean 1.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ10 The elimination of extreme scores at the top of the set has the effect of:
Reduce the mean 1.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ11 The sum of deviations taken from mean is:
0 1.0000000 *Zero* 0.0000000 FBQ12 The sum of the squares of the deviations about mean divided by the number of observations is:
Variance 1.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ13 If then sample mean X- will be:
60 1.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ14
25 1.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ15 The sum of the squares of the deviations of the values of a variable is least when the deviations are measured from:
Arithmetic mean 1.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ16 If X-=100 and Y=2X - 200, then mean of Y values will be:
0 1.0000000 *Zero* 1.0000000 FBQ17 Step deviation method or coding method is used for computation of the
Arithmetic mean

1.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ18 If the arithmetic mean of 20 values is 10, then sum of these 20 values is:
200 1.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ19 Ten families have an average of 2 boys. How many boys do they have together?
20 1.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ20 If the arithmetic mean of the two numbers X1 and X2 is 5 if X1=3, then X2 is:
7 1.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ21 Given X1=20 and X2=-20. The arithmetic mean will be:
0 1.0000000 *Zero* 1.0000000 FBQ22 The mean of 10 observations is 10. All the observations are increased by 10%. The mean of increased observations will be:
11 1.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ23 The frequency distribution of the hourly wage rate of 60 employees of a paper mill is as follows:
The mean wage rate is:N
59.00 1.0000000 *59* 1.0000000 FBQ24 The sample mean X- of first n natural numbers is:
(n+1)/2 1.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ25 The sum of deviations is zero when deviations are taken from:
Mean 1.0000000

0.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ26 When the values in a series are not of equal importance, we calculate the:
Weighted mean 1.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ27 When all the values in a series occur the equal number of times, then it is not possible to calculate the:
Weighted mean 1.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ28 The mean for a set of data obtained by assigning each data value a weight that reflects its relative importance within the set, is called:
Weighted mean 1.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ29 The arithmetic mean of 10 items is 4 and the arithmetic mean of 5 items is 10. The combined arithmetic mean is:
6 1.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ30 The midpoint of the values after they have been ordered from the smallest to the largest or the largest to the smallest is called:
Median 1.0000000
1.0000000 FBQ31 The first step in calculating the median of a discrete variable is to determine the:
Array 1.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ32 The suitable average for qualitative data is:
Median 1.0000000
0.0000000 FBQ33 If the smallest observation in a data is decreased, the average which is not affected is:
Median

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1.0000000
0.0000000
FBQ34
Sum of absolute deviations of the values is least when deviations are taken
 *O*
1.0000000
 *zero*
1.0000000
FBQ35
The frequency distribution of the hourly wages rate of 100 employees of a paper
mill is as follows:
The median wage rate is:N ____
*59.00*
1.0000000
*59*
1.0000000
Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs)
The values of the variate that divide a set of data into four equal parts after
arranging the observations in ascending order of magnitude are called:
Semi-interquartle
0.0000000
quartiles
1.0000000
mean
0.000000
limits
0.000000
MCQ2
The lower and upper quartiles of a symmetrical distribution are 40 and 60
respectively. The value of median is:
50
1.0000000
45
0.000000
60
0.000000
35
0.0000000
MCQ3
If in a discrete series 75% values are less than 30, then:
Third quartile =30
1.0000000
Second quartile = 30
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Third quartile = 75
0.0000000
None of the options
0.0000000
MCQ4
The probability of the amount X (in million Naira) of investment in the shares
of ABC Company is given as follows:
Find E(X).
73/5
0.000000
36/21
0.000000
35/18
1.0000000
4/5
0.000000
MC<sub>0</sub>5
The mean of first 2n natural numbers is:
(2n+1)/2
1.0000000
(2n-1)/2
0.000000
(n+1)/2
0.000000
(2n+5)/2
0.000000
MCQ6
If X-1, X-2, X-3,...X-k be the arithmetic means of k distributions with
respective frequencies n1, n2, n3, ..., nk, then the mean of the whole
distribution X-c is given by:
∑nX-∑2n
0.000000
∑nX-∑n
1.0000000
∑2nX-4∑n
0.000000
∑2X-∑n
0.0000000
MCQ7
The combined arithmetic mean of two sets of means is calculated by which
formula?
n1X-1+n2 X-22n1+n2
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0.0000000

0.000000

```
n1X-1+n2 X-2n1+2n2
0.0000000
n1X-1-n2 X-2n1+2n2
0.0000000
n1X-1+n2 X-2n1+n2
1.0000000
MCQ8
Extreme scores will have the following effect on the median of an examination
They may have no effect
1.0000000
The effect is always skewed
0.000000
The effect is always negative
0.0000000
The effect is always positve
0.000000
The probability of the amount X (in million Naira) of investment in the shares
of ABC Company of Adewale is given as follows:
E(X). is actually 5.89. What is the variance of X?
1.61
0.000000
3.64
0.000000
2.11
1.0000000
4.76
0.0000000
MCQ10
The grouped frequency distribution shown below is to be used to answer the
following question
Which class is the modal class?
20 - 24
1.0000000
10 -14
0.000000
30 - 34
```

0.0000000 15 - 19

```
The grouped frequency distribution shown below is to be used to answer the
following question
Which class is the median class?
20 - 24
1.0000000
10 -14
0.000000
30 - 34
0.000000
15 - 19
0.000000
MCQ12
The grouped frequency distribution shown below is to be used to answer the
following question
What is the cumulative frequency of the modal class?
16
0.000000
10
0.000000
14
1.0000000
12
0.000000
MCQ13
For a standard normal distribution, what is the values of the mean and variance?
Mean = 0, variance = 1
1.0000000
Mean = 1, variance = 0
0.0000000
Variance = 0
0.0000000
Mean = 1
0.000000
MCQ14
Given the set of numbers: 15, 16, 12, 11, 19, 18, 13 then is,
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0.0000000 MCQ11

```
1200
0.000000
980
0.0000000
1460
0.000000
1600
1.0000000
MCQ15
The mean of 63, 19, 52, 10, 95, 18 is
56.18
0.0000000
42.83
1.0000000
60.5
0.000000
50.21
0.0000000
MCQ16
The median of 63, 19, 52, 10, 95, 18 is
30.6
0.0000000
50.8
0.0000000
35.5
1.0000000
40.7
0.000000
The mode and the range of the above data are
40, 40
1.0000000
30, 40
0.0000000
40, 50
0.000000
50, 40
0.0000000
MCQ18
The geometric mean of 6, 8, 10 and 16 is
9.36
1.0000000
11.23
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0.0000000
8.11
0.0000000
10.23
0.0000000
MCQ19
The harmonic mean of 6, 7, 8 and 9 is
8.32
0.000000
6.89
0.000000
7.33
1.0000000
9.61
0.0000000
MCQ20
Given that the mean of a distribution is 160, the mode is 150 and the standard
deviation is 25. Find the coefficient of skewness
3.5
0.0000000
1.5
0.000000
0.6
0.000000
0.4
1.0000000
MCQ21
A set of sales from an outlet produced the following: 16, 14, 18, 10, 12 compute
the variance
9
0.0000000
10
0.000000
1.0000000
12
0.0000000
MCQ22
The coefficient of variation for data set whose mean is 10 and variance 100 is
100%
1.0000000
80%
```

0.000000

```
95%
0.0000000
75%
0.0000000
MCQ23
For a symmetric distribution
The mean, median and the mode are equal
1.0000000
The mean, median are equal
0.0000000
The mean, mode are equal
0.0000000
The mean, median and the mode are different
0.0000000
MCQ24
Which statistics is found by summing all the values and dividing by the number
of observations?
The median
0.0000000
The arithmetic mean
1.0000000
The mode
0.0000000
None of the options
0.000000
MCQ25
How would you describe the skewness of a distribution whose mean is smaller than
the median?
Negatively skewed
1.0000000
Positively skewed
0.0000000
normal
0.000000
None of the options
0.000000
MCQ26
What level of measurement is required for the median?
nominal
```

0.0000000 ordinal

1.0000000 discrete

```
0.0000000
continuous
0.0000000
MC027
The Nigeria Stock Exchange (NSE) index increased from 961 in 1980 to over 9,500
in 2003. The annual rate of increase is best described by the
Geometric mean
1.0000000
Harmonic mean
0.000000
Arithmetic mean
0.0000000
Standard variation
0.000000
What is the shape of a frequency distribution with an arithmetic mean of 12,000
pounds, a median of 12,000 pounds, and a mode of 12,000 pounds?
symmetric
1.0000000
asymmetric
0.0000000
Beta
0.0000000
alpha
0.000000
MCQ29
Given that the mean of a distribution is 60, the mode is 50 and the standard
deviation is 25. Find the coefficient of skewness:
0.6
0.000000
0.9
0.0000000
0.7
0.0000000
0.4
1.0000000
MCQ30
A set of experimental animals was fed in a special diet for one week and
produced the following gains in weight: 6, 4, 8, 10, 12 compute the variance:
8
1.0000000
10
0.000000
```

9

```
0.0000000
0.0000000
MC031
The coefficient of variation for data set whose mean is 16 and variance 10 is
19.8
1.0000000
12.7
0.0000000
10.8
0.000000
14.7
0.000000
MCQ32
Given the mean = 60 and variance is 625, find the coefficient of variation
63.9%
0.000000
55.7%
0.0000000
41.7%
1.0000000
72.1%
0.0000000
MCQ33
Suppose A and B are independent events with PA=0.2, PB=0.6..What is PAB=?
0.4
0.000000
0.2
1.0000000
0.7
0.0000000
0.1
0.0000000
MCQ34
In a shipping organization, it is observed that the total number of items
imported is 400 units. If you are to categorise these items into types of
commodity with the aid of a pie chart, what angle would 160 units of chemical
take?
144 degree
1.0000000
152 degree
0.000000
98 degree
0.000000
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108 degree

0.000000

MCQ35

The data collected by questionnaires are usually classified as what type of data?

Secondary data

0.0000000 direct

0.0000000 indirect

0.0000000 Primary data

1.0000000