

## NATIONAL OPEN UNVERSITY OF NIGERIA JABI, ABUJA FACULTY OF SCIENCE SEPTEMBER/OCTOBER 2016 EXAMINATION

**COURSE CODE: PHY314** 

**COURSE TITLE: NUMERICAL COMPUTATION** 

**TIME: 2 Hours 30 Minutes** 

INSTRUCTION: Answer any four questions.

1. (a) Solve the system of linear equations

$$x + y + z = -1$$
,  $x + 2y + 2z = -4$ ,  $9x + 6y + z = 7$ 

using the method of (a) Gaussian elimination

(b) Solve the following system of equations using the method of LU decomposition.

$$2x + y - z = 5$$
$$x + 3y + 2z = 5$$
$$3x - 2y - 4z = 3$$

2(a) Find a zero of the function  $f(x) = 2x^3 - 3x^2 - 2x + 3$  between the points 1.4 and 1.7, using the bisection method. Take the tolerance to be  $|x_{i+1} - x_i| \le 10^{-5}$ .

3.(a) A student obtained the following data in the laboratory.

′	1		,			
	t	5	12	19	26	33
	х	23	28	32	38	41

By making use of the method of least squares, find the relationship between x and t.

- (b) Solve the problem in 1(a) using the method of group averages and compare the results obtained by the two methods.
- 4.(a) Find the zeros of the function  $f(x) = 2x^3 3x^2 2x + 3$  using the Newton-Raphson method, starting with x = 1.4. Take the tolerance to be  $|x_{j+1} x_j| \le 10^{-5}$ .
- (b) Find the root of the equation  $f(x) = 2x^3 3x^2 2x + 3$  between x = 1.4 and 1.7 by the regula-falsi method.
- 5.(a) Find the wrong entry in the following table, given that they represent a cubic polynomial.

X	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
у	-2	4	34	106	238	448		1174	1726

(b) Find the cubic polynomial that fits the following table.

х	1	2	3	4
y	3	9	27	63

6..(a) Carry out the forward, backward, and the central difference schemes on the set of data provided below:

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	12	47	118	237	416	667

- (b) Starting with the function  $8x^3 8x^2 2x 12$ , draw up a difference table. Deduce the equation that fits the data, starting from the table alone.
- 7.(a) Integrate the function  $x(t) = \frac{1}{2}t^2 + \frac{5}{2}t + 2$ ,  $0 \le t \le 0.6$ , with six intervals, using the Simpson's one-third rule

(b) With the aid of the Euler method, calculate y(0.8), given the differential equation

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = x + y$$
;  $y(0) = 0$ ; with  $h = 0.2$