FBQ1: are chemical components of food that supply nourishment to the body. Answer: *Nutrients*
FBQ2: is a diet that contains all the essential nutrients taking in the right proportion at a sitting.  Answer: *Adequate diet*
FBQ3: Excessive intake of fatty foods can lead to Answer: *Overweight or Obesity*
FBQ4: are the very small molecules that are also part of food composition that are needed in small quantities in the body.  Answer: *Micronutrients*
FBQ5: Micronutrients are very important for good health. True or False Answer: *True*
FBQ6: refers to the quality and quantity of essential nutrients thateach food contains that will promote and rehabilitate good health Answer: *Food value*
FBQ7: is the utilization of the food nutrients in the body system in order to restore, maintain and promote quality and healthful life.  Answer: *Nutrition security*
FBQ8: The 'father of medicine' who first show that children consumed more food than adults is  Answer: *Hippocrates*
FBQ09: identified certain food substances that when absent could lead to certain diseases such as rickets and scurvy Answer: *Hopkins, F.C.*
FBQ10:was the first scientist to prepare the first food composition tables Answer: *Atwater, W.D.*
FBQ11: is an edible digestible absorbable and utilizable substance that maintains, restores and promotes growth and quality health.  Answer: *Food*
FBQ12: The values, beliefs, attitudes, and practices accepted by members of a group or community is referred to as Answer: *Culture*
FBQ13: The primary function of food is Answer: *To supply energy to the body*
FBQ14: One of the major causes of childhood malnutrition in some developing countries is Answer: *Cultural food taboos to infants and pregnant women*
FBQ15: is defined as the ways in which human beings use food that includes selection, touch, smell and presentation.  Answer: *Food habits or Food culture*
FBQ16: Basic food which is the main regular constituent of a meal of a group of people, a tribe, a region or a community is termed Answer: *Staple food*
FBQ17: Two types of carbohydrates areand Answer: *Simple and Complex Carbohydrates*

Answer: *Mouth*
FBQ19: The end product of carbohydrate digestion is Answer: *Glucose*
FBQ20: Animal protein sources are usually referred to as complete protein. True or False Answer: *True*
FBQ21: Protein helps in the formation of hormones, enzymes and antibodies. True or False Answer: *True*
FBQ22:are protein substances that yield amino acids after complete hydrolysis Answer: *Simple proteins*
FBQ23: Protein digestion starts from the Answer: *Stomach*
FBQ24: The vast majority of protein digestion occurs in the Answer: *Duodenum*
FBQ25: The recommended daily protein dietary allowance for adult men and women 18 to 35 years of age is Answer: *One gram per kilogram of body weight*
FBQ26: A deficiency disease of protein is called Answer: *Protein energy malnutrition(PEM) or Protein Caloric malnutrition (PCM)*
FBQ27: The amount of energy in fats and oils doubles that of protein and carbohydrate. True or False Answer: *True*
FBQ28: The oils are solid at room temperature because they contain unsaturated fatty acids. True or False Answer: *False*
FBQ29: Dietary fat stored as adipose tissue in man helps man to survive without food for some weeks. True or False Answer: *True*
FBQ30: Oils provide the essential fatty acids which help in preventing excessive loss of water. True or False Answer: *True*
FBQ31: The digestion of fats begins in the Answer: *Small intestine*
FBQ32: The end products of fats and oil digestion are, &
 Answer: *Fatty acids, Glycerol & Glycerides*
FBQ33: and are two classes of lipids. Answer: *Simple and Complex lipids*
FBQ34: Minerals can be classified into two: and Answer: *Macro and Micro minerals*
FBQ35: Minerals are catalysts in enzymes and hormone system. True or False Answer: *True*

FBQ36: Vitamins are group of inorganic substances needed by the body in minute

quantities but essential for normal metabolism, growth and development. True or False Answer: \*False\* FBQ37: The fat soluble Vitamins are generally unstable to heat. True or False Answer: \*False\* FBQ38: The water soluble Vitamins are easily destroyed by heat. True or False Answer: \*True\* FBQ39: Vitamin A is also known as\_\_\_ Answer: \*Retinol\* FBQ40: An average individual requires about \_\_\_\_\_ litres of water on daily basis. Answer: \*Two\* FBQ41: Water can be classified as either \_\_\_\_ or \_\_\_ Answer: \*Hard or Soft\* FBQ42: The two main sources of drinking water are \_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_ water. Answer: \*Surface and Ground water\* FBQ43: The daily dose of Folic acid ------Answer: \*400mg\* FBQ44: The adult minimum requirement for Chloride is\_\_\_ Answer: \*750mg/day\*  $\_$  is a tasteless, colorless, odourless and clear fluid that is made up of hydrogen and oxygen. Answer: \*Water\* FBQ46: Components of the plant cell wall that resist digestion by secretions of the human eliminatory tract is referred to as\_\_\_ Answer: \*Dietary fibre\* FBQ47: Method of determining position, presentation and lie is called Answer: \*Leopold's monenuers\* FBQ48: Starch and fibre are both polysaccharides. True or False Answer: \*True\* \_feeding is the addition of other foods or liquid to the infant's foods while the mother is still breastfeeding. Answer: \*Complementary\* FBQ50: \_\_\_is the gradual or total withdrawal of breast milk from theinfants. Answer: \*Weaning\* Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs): MCQ1: Which of the following is a water-soluble vitamin? Answer: Vitamin D MCQ2: Which of the following nutrients delays gastric emptying, increases satiety, and lowers LDL cholesterol by interfering with the absorption of dietary cholesterol? Answer: Carbohydrates MCQ3: Which of the following vitamins will be better absorbed when taken with a

meal that contains fat? Answer: Vitamin B6 MCQ4: Which of the following nutrients has strong antioxidant properties?

Answer: Vitamin C

MCQ5: Which of the following substances, produced in the stomach, aids in later

absorption of vitamin B12 in the small intestine?

Answer: Gastric lipase

MCQ6: What enzyme, present in saliva, initiates the digestion of carbohydrates?

Answer: Protease

MCQ7: What organ produces the bile necessary for digestion of lipids?

Answer: The duodenum

MCQ8: Which of the following statements about the protein: energy ratio of the

requirement is incorrect?

Answer: Infants and children need the most protein dense food

MCQ9: A balance diet is.....

Answer: A diet which meets in full all nutritional needs of an individual

MCQ10: Factors to consider in food preparation are all except:

Answer: Socio economic status of the individual

MCQ11: First class proteins are also known as......

Answer: Plant protein

MCQ12: Protein is for body building and replacement of worn out tissue and it

also provides.....

Answer: Body support

MCQ13: Dark green vegetables are rich in......

Answer: Vitamin A and E

MCQ14: Which of these age groups has the worst eating habits?

Answer: Elderly people

MCQ15: Carbohydrate intake diet is needed at what stage of pregnancy.......

Answer: Second trimester

MCQ16: Iron intake is required during the last ......of pregnancy

Answer: Four months

MCQ17: The RDA of vitamin A in pregnancy is...

Answer: 5000 iu

MCQ18: The major source of Vitamin D is......

Answer: Meat

MCQ19: The best food for the infant from birth to six months is.....

Answer: Breast milk and infant formula

MCQ20: The richest source of Vitamin C is......

Answer: Citrus fruits

MCQ21: ADEK are also known as...... Answer: Water soluble vitamins

MCQ22: ..... Is given to all newborn and premature babies to improve blood

clothing

Answer: Vitamin K

MCQ23: The carbohydrate content of whole wheat is .....percent

Answer: Fifty five

MCQ24: The percentage of protein in rice is Answer: Two
MCQ25: The recommended daily allowance of iodine during pregnancy is Answer: 100 microgram/day
MCQ26: Vitamin C is mainly destroyed by Answer: Extreme cold
MCQ27: Which of the following vitamins are best utilized in the presence of fat Answer: B1
MCQ28: Vitamin B1 is also known as
MCQ29: Another name for vitamin 12 is Answer: Cyanocobalamine
MCQ30: Another name for Vitamin C is Answer: Fruit vitamin
MCQ31: Vitamin C is used in treatment of Answer: Beri beri
MCQ32: Deficiency of Vitamin K causes Answer: Cracking of the mouth
MCQ33: Women should increase their calcium intake during menopause to prevent Answer: Fracture
MCQ34: Calcium deficiency is called Answer: Hypocalcaemia
MCQ35: The presence of tetany and muscle cramps indicates deficiency in
MCQ36: Another name for Vitamin B6 is Answer: Pyridoxine
MCQ37: Deficiency in iodine is called Answer: Hypocalcaemia
MCQ38: Goitre is as a result of deficiency in Answer: Iron
MCQ39: Carrots are rich in Vitamin Answer: B
MCQ40: The best Vitamin for the eye is Answer: C
MCQ41: The name for the carbohydrate found in milk is Answer: Fructose
MCQ42: Vitamin E is found in foods that contain Answer: Protein
MCQ43: Another name for Vitamin B2 is

MCQ44: Another name for Vitamin B3 is...... Answer: Niacin MCQ45: Vitamin B complex generally includes.....

Answer: B1, B6, and B12

MCQ46: The richest sources of Vitamin B2 are......

Answer: Organ meal

MCQ47: The first milk secreted during lactation is called......

Answer: Immunity fluid

MCQ48: Cholesterol is found: Answer: Only in saturated fats

MCQ49: Which of the following vitamins are water-soluble?

Answer: A & amp; C

MCQ50: Colourful food tend to have special appeal for the:

Answer: School child