MCQ1: Early computers were rarely owned by individuals but rather confined to the laboratories and few research institutes because  Answer: They were large in size and too expensive
MCQ2: Which of the following Statements is untrue? Answer: Special purpose computer are very much Expensive than the General-Purpose type
MCQ3: Which of the following is the main function of the command interpreter? Answer: To get and execute the next user-specified command
MCQ4: Which of the following cannot be considered a peripheral device? Answer: Computer
MCQ5: Which of the following is NOT true about a write-protected disc? Answer: A computer can erase the data on it
MCQ6: Which of the following is not an input device? Answer: Speaker
MCQ7: does not support more than one program at a time. Answer: DOS
MCQ8: Which of the following Operating systems is better for implementing a Client-Server network Answer: Windows 2000
MCQ9: Any data that the computer collects from people and from other devices is known as $\_\_\_$ . Answer: Input
MCQ10: A Computer is capable of all BUT one of the following Answer: Data pressing
MCQ11: Computer model IBM401 is a Generation Computer Answer: Second
MCQ12: The first computers were programmed using Answer: Machine language
MCQ13: represents raw facts. Answer: Data
MCQ14: Ais a microprocessor -based computing device. Answer: Personal Computer
MCQ15: is data made meaningful. Answer: Information
MCQ16: The primary function of the is to set up the hardware and load and start an operating system Answer: BIOS
MCQ17: Which of the following is the smallest storage? Answer: Kilobyte
MCQ18: The full meaning of the acronym NOS is Answer: Network Operating system
MCQ19: The back of the system unit does not contain one of the following Answer: Joy stick port
MCQ20: Which of the following is not true about RAM chips? Answer: They are also known as ROM

MCQ21: The material used for the construction of the motherboard is $\_\_\_$ . Answer: Fiber glass
MCQ22: In data storage systems, one of the following stores the highest data
Answer: High Density media
MCQ23: The printer that combine a magnetic roller with powdered ink called tone to transfer high-quality characters or images onto a page is Answer: Laser Printer
MCQ24: The Printer that create text and images on the page by hammering several small pins against an inked ribbon is known as: Answer: Dot matrix Printer
MCQ25: Scanner that is a good choice for large volumes of text, but not for handling delicate original photographs or binded books is  Answer: Sheetfed
MCQ26: MIDI is an acronynm for Answer: Musical Instrument Digital Interface
MCQ27: Computer processing in which the user has no interaction with the jobduring its processing is processing.  Answer: Batch
MCQ28: can be used to store electrical energy to be used when the public electricity line is dead. Answer: Uninterruptible Power Supply System (UPS)
MCQ29: is a computer program that accepts a source program in one high-level language, and translates the entire user's program into an equivalent object code.  Answer: Compiler
MCQ30: In language, the operands of an instruction must tell the computer the storage address of the data to be processed.  Answer: Machine language
MCQ31: In principles of good programming the characteristic that emphasize the Optimal utilization of resources is $\_\_$ . Answer: Efficiency
MCQ32: The methods of testing a program for correctness does not include Answer: Program implementation
MCQ33: Which of the following is not true about program documentation? Answer: None of the options
MCQ34: Which of the following is NOT a basic types of instructions in computer programming? Answer: Mathematical instructions
MCQ35: An algorithm is defined as: Answer: A logical sequence of steps that solve a problem.
FBQ1: The member "clear" of the Array class that sets a range of array elements to zero, false or null reference is a method.  Answer: Shared
FBQ2: System provide the interface to access the services of operating system.  Answer: calls

FBQ3: Files and directories of graphical user interface of operating system programs are known as Answer: Folders
FBQ4: The main purpose of a computer system is to programs. Answer: execute
FBQ5: Ais a collection of related information defined by its creator Answer: file
FBQ6: Second generation computers are made of Answer: Transistors
FBQ7: Personal computers use a number of chips mounted on a main circuit board. What is the common name for such boards? Answer: Motherboard
FBQ8: A computer program that translates one program instructions at a time into machine language is called Answer: Interpreter
FBQ9: translates and executes program at run time line by line at run time Answer: Interpreter
FBQ10: is the most common tool used to restrict access to a computer system. Answer: Passwords
FBQ11: Computers which combine both measuring and counting are referred to as computers.  Answer: Hybrid
FBQ12: The material used for the construction of the motherboard is Answer: Fiberglass
FBQ13: keys of the computer keyboard can be programmed to carry out the functions desired by a programmer.  Answer: Function
FBQ14: is the general term for how many dots (or pixels) in each direction that themonitor can display.  Answer: Resolution
FBQ15: A computer that provides services to other computers (known as clients) on a network is called Answer: server
FBQ16: On the computer keyboard, the key is used to switch on or off the lower and upper characters by the user.  Answer: Shift
FBQ17: The scanner that can only accommodate one page at a time is called
Answer: flatbed
FBQ18: Sound processes all of the instructions that have to do with sound, and then sends the sounds to the speakers to be played Answer: card
FBQ19: LOTUS Manuscript is an example of package Answer: spreadsheet

FBQ20: Syntax analysis is a component of a Answer: Compiler
FBQ21: language is capable of producing the most efficient program as far as storage requirements and operating speeds are concerned.  Answer: Machine
FBQ22: In principles of good programming, the characteristic that emphasize the ease of use and documentation is $\_\_\_$ Answer: Usability
FBQ23:software refers to the suits of programs that facilitates the optimal use of the hardware systems and/or provide a suitable environment for the running of User Programs.  Answer: System
FBQ24: The device that comes with a speaker which improves the bass (low notes) sound is Answer: Subwoofer
FBQ25: The code in an application can be broken down into logical components by process.  Answer: Partitioning
FBQ26: Array size can be changed at run-time. Answer: Dynamic
FBQ27: The variable is declared inside a procedure. Answer: Local
FBQ28: Code window consist of box and a procedure list box. Answer: object
FBQ29: system is responsible for the creation and deletion of both user and system processes Answer: Operating
FBQ30: The collector, collects fragmented areas of memory Answer: garbage
FBQ31: are computer programs that are designed by attackers to gain root or administrative access to your computer.  Answer: Rootkits
FBQ32: The attack that focuses on capturing small packets from the network transmitted by other computers and reading the data content in search of any type of information is called  Answer: Eavesdropping
FBQ33: An individual computer connected to a central computer and to other computers on a network is called Answer: Workstation
FBQ34: The process of finding and removing errors is called Answer: debugging
FBQ35: card determines what resolution the monitor displays at any time Answer: video