FBQ1: Moisture in the air is known as Answer: Humidity
FBQ2: Pedology is the study of Answer: Soil
FBQ3: The formation of soil is caused by the process Answer: Weathering
FBQ4: A zoo is an example of conservation of animals Answer: Ex-situ
FBQ5: Very rare and uncommon plants and animals are species Answer: Endangered
FBQ6: The depletion of is caused by chlorofluorocarbons (CFC) in the atmosphere Answer: Ozone
FBQ7: Soil fertility is enhanced by rotation Answer: Crop
FBQ8: Accumulation of salts in the soil is known as Answer: Salinization
FBQ9: refers to the thin film of oil in sea water Answer: Oil slick
FBQ10: Acid is an example of waste Answer: Corrosive
FBQ11: Incineration of municipal waste involves Answer: Oxidation
FBQ12: DDT is a pollutant Answer: Non-biodegradable
FBQ12: Lead in water can cause damage Answer: Kidney
FBQ14: Rain water harvesting is a major method adopted in the conservation of
Answer: Water
FBQ15: Death rate is also called rate Answer: Mortality
FBQ16: Birth rate is called Answer: Natality
FBQ17: Bronchitis is a disease aggravated by pollution Answer: Air
FBQ18: Increase of greenhouse gases (GHGs) in the atmosphere causes Answer: Global warming
FBQ19: The is the legally binding international agreement to reduce GHGs by 5% Answer: Kyoto Protocol
FBQ20: The unit of measurement of the intensity of sound is known as
Answer: Decibels

FBQ21: Mulching helps in conservation in soils Answer: Moisture
FBQ22: The ozone layer can be found in the Answer: Stratosphere
FBQ23: Smog is a mixture of and Answer: Smoke, Fog
FBQ24: Afforestation prevents the occurrence of erosion Answer: Soil
FBQ25: World water crisis in mainly caused by Answer: Drought
FBQ26: In biodiversity. Plants are classified as Answer: Flora
FBQ27: are areas of standing water that support aquatic plants Answer: Wetlands
FBQ28: and are types of aquatic ecosystems Answer: Freshwater, Marine
FBQ29: The dominant second trophic level in a lake ecosystem is Answer: Zooplankton
FBQ30: In a biotic community, the primary consumers are Answer: Herbivores
FBQ31: The removal of trees consequently leads to the increase of in the air Answer: Carbon dioxide
FBQ32: The entire living organisms, plants and animals that exists on the planet are referred to asAnswer: Biodiversity
FBQ33: When a species cannot be found within its normal ecosystem, it is referred to as Answer: Extinct
FBQ34: is the destruction of habitat of plants and animals Answer: Habitat loss
FBQ35: In biodiversity, plants can be classified as Answer: Flora
MCQ1: The biological environment is called component of the ecosystem Answer: Biotic
MCQ2: The organisms in the ecosystem responsible for the production of food at the base level are? Answer: Producers
MCQ3: Organisms that feed only on plants can be classified as? Answer: Herbivores
MCQ4: Organisms whose mode of feeding is to eat flesh are called Answer: Carnivores
MCQ5: Organisms whose modes of feeding are adaptive to both flesh and plants are known as? Answer: Omnivores

MCQ6: The entire living organisms, plants and animals on earth are referred to

as?

Answer: Biodiversity

MCQ7: The function of the ozone layer is to? Answer: Screen out harmful ultraviolet rays

MCQ8: In which layer of the atmosphere does the ozone layer exist?

Answer: Stratosphere

MCQ9: Which of the following is true about ozone?

Answer: It is light blue in colour

MCQ10: Why is the depletion of the ozone layer a problem?

Answer: Leads to increase in UV rays on earth

MCQ11: Increased UV rays can cause? Answer: Increase in skin cancer

MCQ12: The ultimate population size that can be supported by the earth within a

set of environmental conditions is called?

Answer: Carrying capacity

MCQ13: _____ is the average number of children born per women in a given

society

Answer: Fertility rate

MCQ14: The study of human population growth and prediction of future growth is

called?

Answer: Demography

MCQ15: The most stable ecosystem is?

Answer: Forest

MCQ16: Which of the following is not correct about a forest?

Answer: None of the options

MCQ17: Green plants are also referred to as?

Answer: Producers

MCQ18: Which of these is not a type of desert?

Answer: Marshy deserts

MCQ19: Desert encroachment occur when all but one of these occur?

Answer: Increase in soil depth

MCQ20: All but one of these are major causes of desertification

Answer: Geologic factors

MCQ21: The most important reason for decrease in biodiversity is?

Answer: Habitat destruction

MCQ22: All are in situ conservation efforts except?

Answer: Zoological gardens

MCQ23: About 50% of the world species can be found in?

Answer: Tropical rain forest

MCQ24: Based on latitudes, biodiversity _____?

Answer: Increases towards the equator

MCQ25: ______ is the conservation of plants and animal species within the natural habitat

Answer: In-situ conservation

MCQ26: Species localised in a specific region are called?

Answer: Endemic species

MCQ27: Decreased transpiration as a result of deforestation leads to?

Answer: Reduction in cloud formation

MCQ28: USA with less than 5% of world population is responsible for ____ of

world emission Answer: 25%

MCQ29: Which of the following reduces carbon dioxide in the atmosphere?

Answer: photosynthesis

MCQ30: Which of the following is not a major greenhouse gas?

Answer: Water vapour

MCQ31: Which one of the following is a greenhouse gas?

Answer: Carbon dioxide

MCQ32: Fossil fuels include all but one of this

Answer: Ethanol

MCQ33: The concentration of which gas is highest in the atmosphere

Answer: nitrogen

MCQ34: Which of the following is not a consequence of global warming?

Answer: None of the options

MCQ35: The depletion of the ozone layer is caused by the presence of

Answer: chlorofluorocarbons