

## NATIONAL OPEN UNIVERSITY OF NIGERIA

University Village, Nnamdi Azikiwe Expressway, Plot 91, Cadastral Zone, Jabi, Abuja Faculty of Agricultural Sciences

First Semester POP Exam (September, 2020\_1)

**Course Title: Elementary Topics in Animal Breeding** 

**Course Code: ANP 307** 

**Credit Unit: 2** 

Time Allowed: .2 Hours

#### **INSTRUCTION:**

Answer Compulsory question 1 (25 marks) and any 3 questions (15 marks each)

## **Question One**

- a) Define the following terms:
- i. Gene
- ii. Allele
- iii. Genotype
- iv. Phenotype
- v. Dominant
- vi. Recessive
- vii. Hybrid.
- viii. Homozygote
- ix. Heterozygote 9 marks
- b) Highlight three (3) reasons why Robert Bakewell is considered the founder of systematic modern breeding **3 marks**
- c) Outline five (5) challenges in breeding animals for disease resistance 10 marks
- d) State three (3) advantages of breeding animals for disease resistance 3 marks

### **Question Two**

- a) Define Genetics and Punnet squares. 2 marks
- b) State three (3) reasons why Mendel's research work is unique compared to the other early theories. **3 marks**
- c) State four (4) the implications of Mendel's work. 4 marks
- d) Outline three (3) differences between Monohybrid and Dihybrid crosses. 6 marks

#### **Question Three**

- a) Mention five (5) differences between the X-Y and X-0 systems of sex determination? **10** marks
- b) Briefly explain five (5) ways to manage lethal genes in a dairy herd. 5 marks

#### **Question Four**

- a) Give six (6) differences between quantitative and qualitative traits. 12 marks
- b) Define the following terms mean, variance and standard deviation. 3 marks

# **Question Five**

- a) Define segregation. 1 mark
- b) Give the meaning of penetrance and expressivity. 4 marks
- c) Explain the two (2) methods of estimating heritability. 6 marks
- d) State two (2) properties of heritability. 4 marks

## **Question Six**

- a) What is the implication of high and low repeatability in animal breeding? 4 marks
- b) State the explanation of inheritance by
  - i. Hippocrates
  - ii. Aeschylus,
- iii. Microscopist Anton van Leeuwenhoek 6 marks
- c) Explain Genetic Source of Variation 5 marks