



☒ eExam Question Bank

Coursecode:

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Search:

<input type="checkbox"/>	Question Type 	Question 	A 	B 	C 	D 	Answer 	Remark 
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Between far north and south climatic condition, Middle belt, is regarded as <input type="text"/>	transitional					<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	millet, maize, and sorghum are grown mostly in the <input type="text"/>	Savana region					<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	People of the Sahara d esert cultivate essentially, <input type="text"/>	grains					<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The myth of their origin suggests that Hausa states were founded by the descendants of one <input type="text"/>	Bayajidda					<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	they entered Housaland between 12th and 13th Century who are they <input type="text"/>	Fulanis					<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	What Is the consequence of different waves of migration <input type="text"/>	Diversity	conflict				<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	In Nigerian, Islam was a cultural influence due to foreign <input type="text"/>	contact					<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Uthman Jihad was in <input type="text"/>	1804					<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Within the Senegal valley are the <input type="text"/>	Fulanis					<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Dwelling in the eastern and western sections of lake chad are the <input type="text"/>	Kanuris					<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The Kanuris are in the <input type="text"/>	grassland zone	grassland				<input type="button" value="eExam"/>

<input type="checkbox"/>								
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	What Is the savana region of Nigeria called <input type="text"/>	grassland					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	What refers to names which apply to lineal relative <input type="text"/>	classificatory					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	People sharing common cultural, historic origing are said to be <input type="text"/>	ethnic group					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	culture lag distinguishes ethnic groups from one <input type="text"/>	another					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The early ethnographic accounts were used by ethnologists to compare <input type="text"/>	societies					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	What relates to the mode of grouping kins by depicting their relationship <input type="text"/>	descriptive					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Amalgamation policy led to the appointment of <input type="text"/>	Mr. M. Dublin	Dublin				eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Two types of Anthropological study include : Social and <input type="text"/>	Physical					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The history of collection of 'items of culture' started with <input type="text"/>	European Voyages					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Who made contribution to ethnographic documentation <input type="text"/>	Marco Polo					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	CSS132 is aimed at introducing the study of <input type="text"/>	Ethnography					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	A large network of people who are putatively related to each other by common ancestry is <input type="text"/>	kinship					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	A large network of people who are putatively related to each other by common ancestry is <input type="text"/>	kinship					eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>								
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The understanding of the cultural world as seen by members of other culture groups is <input type="text"/>	cultural relativism					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	attempt to understand the world as seen by members of other groups is <input type="text"/>	relativism					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Social organisation based on small groupings, defined by traditions of common descent is <input type="text"/>	Tribe					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The history of collection of 'items of culture' started in <input type="text"/>	15th century B.C.					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The only university with the department of Anthropology and Archaeology in Nigeria is <input type="text"/>	UI					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	There are similarities in cultural traits between the Igala and the <input type="text"/>	Yoruba					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	What is the raw material of Social Anthropology <input type="text"/>	Ethnography					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Culture consists of two major patterns: the ideal and <input type="text"/>	real					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	a social group with common culture that maintain a system of social interaction is <input type="text"/>	society					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Belief that one's own culture is the only true and good one is <input type="text"/>	Ethnocentrism					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	the comparative studies of documented and contemporary cultures is termed <input type="text"/>	Enthnology					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Culture area denotes <input type="text"/>	Geographical region					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Who described Ethnology of people's culture traits, myths and social organization <input type="text"/>	Malinowski					eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>								
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	What develops as a response to Human needs covering a broad spectrum of experiences <input type="text"/>	culture					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Who studies the cultural patterns among the multi-ethnic groups <input type="text"/>	Ethnography					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The amalgamation of Nigeria was in <input type="text"/>	1914					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	What is the raw material of Social Anthropology <input type="text"/>	Ethnography					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Who is interested primarily in the past history of peoples or communities without written records <input type="text"/>	Ethnologists					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Collection of culture materials in the musium are known as cultural <input type="text"/>	artifacts					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The cross-cultural links among various ethnic groups predate the <input type="text"/>	colonial political boundaries	colonial boundaries				eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The crops from the two regions - north and south are often side by side <input type="text"/>	cultivated					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The general management of the family herd is the exclusive responsibility of the <input type="text"/>	household head					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The discipline Anthropology is about the studies of <input type="text"/>	Mankind					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The total ethnic groups in the grassland zone is <input type="text"/>	200					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	During the pre-colonial period, the Kanuri people were known and governed as <input type="text"/>	Kanem -Borno					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Domestic domain is associated with <input type="text"/>	Fontes					eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>								
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The southern flank of Nigeria is bound by the Gulf of <input type="text"/>	Guinea					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Anthropologist as a rule undertakes the study of their interests as full <input type="text"/>	participant observer					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Ethnology is a subdiscipline in General <input type="text"/>	Anthropology					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Who study the cross cultural tribes, ethnic groups or societies <input type="text"/>	Ethnographers					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Two major groups of Fulanis are pastoralists and <input type="text"/>	sedentary					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The best-known languages of Afro-Asiatic zone is <input type="text"/>	Hausa					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	A linguistic sub-group of the Niger-Congo language family is <input type="text"/>	Kwa					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The other ethnic group along Niger-Benue confluence is the <input type="text"/>	Idoma.					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	According to Fontes in Goody (1969:9): the domestic domain is the system of <input type="text"/>	social relations					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Who is interested primarily in the past history of peoples or communities without written records <input type="text"/>	Ethnologists					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The system of social relations through which the reproductive nucleus is integrated with the environment, and with the structure of society is <input type="text"/>	domestic domain					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Adamawa Fulani are relate and identify more intimately with their kith and kin from Benin Republics and <input type="text"/>	Niger					eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>								
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	People in the drier savannah in the far north are under the influence of dry trade winds <input type="text"/>	northeast					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Social and Cultural Anthropology is about all these except <input type="text"/>	Human fossil evaluation					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Anthropology involve in excavation of fosil is <input type="text"/>	Physical					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Ethnology and ethnography may be considered similar due to their relationship with geography and <input type="text"/>	Geology					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The discipline Anthropology is all about the studies of <input type="text"/>	Man					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Ethnography is simply defined as the study of <input type="text"/>	mankind					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The starting point through which the process of redistribution and control of reproductive resources can be perceived as <input type="text"/>	domestic domain					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	For livelihood, rainfall is another element that determines the level of <input type="text"/>	agricultural activities					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The Egba, Yoruba and the people of Dahomey were before now <input type="text"/>	neighbours					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Who records and describes the cultural behaviour of his chosen society of study <input type="text"/>	anthropologist					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Anthropologist agreed that culture develop as a response to <input type="text"/>	Human needs covering a broad spectrum of experiences					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Marco Polo's descriptive reports on foreign customs led to <input type="text"/>	Ethnography of people					eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>								
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Herodotus' (484 – 45BC) is associated with history of <div></div>	items of culture					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The other ethnic group along Niger-Benue confluence is the	Idoma.	effik	egba	Ezza	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The myth of their origin suggests that Hausa states were founded by the descendants of one ..	Bayajida	Baajidda	Bayajidda	Bayajda	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The Fulanis entered Hausaland between	12th-13th century	11th-13th century	12th-14th century	11th-12th century	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Ethnography is simply defined as the study of.....	A descriptive account of human societies	A classical document of colonial history	A historical account of a specific people	mankind	D	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Ethnocentrism means the same thing as	Tribalism	Nepotism	Belief that one's own culture is the only true and good one	None of the above	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Uthman Dan Fodio's Jihad revolution was in	1894	1804	1840	1884	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Ethnocentrism means the same thing as	Tribalism	Nepotism	Belief that one's own culture is the only true and good one	None of the above	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Ethnic group is a concept which describes	A people sharing the same historical, cultural, language and beliefs	A race of people with the same skin color	A linguistic group of people	None of the above	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Culture area denotes	A territory or land area	Geographical region	A geographical area occupied by an ethnic or tribal group of people	Forum settlement in a rural part of a country	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Malinowski described culture as	Ethnology of people's culture traits, myths and social organization	Partly human, partly spiritual and partly materialistic	Configurations of values and achievement	None of the above	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Anthropologist agreed that culture develop as a response to	Human innate aggressive nature	Discharge him	Human needs covering a broad spectrum of experiences	Scientific and technological progress	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Marco Polo's descriptive reports on foreign customs led to	Anthropological findings in Europe	Ethnography of people	Social anthropology	Physical anthropology	B	eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The amalgamation of Nigeria was in	1916	1941	1914	1944	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The history of collection of 'items of culture' started in	19th century B.C.	16th century B.C.	17th century B.C.	15th century B.C.	D	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The only university with the department of Anthropology and Archaeology is	OAU	UNN	UI	ABU	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	There are similarities in cultural traits between the Igala and the	Ibo	Housa	Yoruba	Ibibio	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Ethnography was defined by Beattie simply	A descriptive account of human societies	A classical document of colonial history	A historical account of a specific people	A survey of the physical environment of mankind	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Ethnocentrism means the same thing as	Tribalism	Nepotism	Belief that one's own culture is the only true and good one	None of the above	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	..... interested primarily in the past history of peoples or communities without written records	Ethnologists	mythologist	Ethnographers	Anthropologist	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Culture area denotes	A territory or land area	Geographical region	A geographical area occupied by an ethnic or tribal group of people	Forum settlement in a rural part of a country	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	..... study the culture for a single tribe, ethnic group or society	Ethnologist	mythologists	Ethnographers	Anthropologist	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	the comparative studies of documented and contemporary cultures is termed.....	Ethnology	Anthropology	Social anthropology	Physical anthropology	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Social and Cultural Anthropology is about all these except...	Human innate aggressive nature	Human fossil evaluation	dynamics of human society	human history	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Physical Anthropology studies all except.....	human fossils	Evolution	Variation	Excavation	D	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Ethnology and ethnography may be considered similar to the relationship between	Physics and Engineering	Chemistry and Biology	Geography and Geology	Science and Mathematics	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The discipline Anthropology is all about the studies of	Ethnographic records scientifically	Man	Mankind and his society from the beginning and emergence on earth	Distribution and spread of natural resources and people on earth	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	..... is the raw material of Social Anthropology.	Ethnography	Mythology	Ethnology	Physical Anthropology	A	eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>								
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	..... interested primarily in the past history of peoples or communities without written records	Ethnologists	mythologist	Ethnographers	Anthropologist	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Culture area denotes	A territory or land area	Geographical region	A geographical area occupied by an ethnic or tribal group of people	Forum settlement in a rural part of a country	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	..... study the culture for a single tribe, ethnic group or society	Ethnologist	mythologists	Ethnographers	Anthropologist	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	the comparative studies of documented and contemporary cultures is termed.....	Ethnology	Anthropology	Social anthropology	Physical anthropology	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Social and Cultural Anthropology is about all these except...	Human innate aggressive nature	Human fossil evaluation	dynamics of human society	human history	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Physical Anthropology studies all except.....	human fossils	Evolution	Variation	Excavation	D	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	An example of amalgamation policy led to appointment was.....	Mr. M. Dublin	Mr. C. Meek	Mr. M. Ceek	Mr. M. Clark	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The history of collection of 'items of culture' started with	European Voyages	Scramble for Africa	World War I	Chinese invasion	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The amalgamation policy led to appointing an .....as colonial officer	Sociologist	philosopher	Anthropologist	Acheologist	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	At the end of the Jihad, the intergroup relations between the two groups, the Housa and _____became greatly altered.	Idoma.	Tiv	Fulfulde	Fulani	D	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The amalgamation policy led to appointing a(n) .....as colonial officer	Sociologist	philosopher	Anthropologist	Acheologist	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The history of collection of 'items of culture' started with	European Voyages	Scramble for Africa	World War I	Chinese invasion	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	..... made contribution to ethnographic documentation	Mr. M. Dublin	Marino Polio	Marco Polo	Bentham Gidden	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The amalgamation of Nigeria was in	1916	1941	1914	1944	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The history of collection of 'items of culture' started in	19th century B.C.	16th century B.C.	17th century B.C.	15th century B.C.	D	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The only university with the department of Anthropology and Archaeology is	OAU	UNN	UI	ABU	C	eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>								
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	There are similarities in cultural traits between the Igala and the	Ibo	Housa	Yoruba	Ibibio	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	..... is the raw material of Social Anthropology.	Ethnography	Mythology	Ethnology	Physical Anthropology	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	A culture consists of two major patterns: the ideal and .....culture	Artifact	real	Tangible	Intangible	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	a social group with common culture that maintain a system of social	dialect	family	kingship	society	D	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	a large network of people who are putatively related to each other by common ancestry	tribe	ethnic group	kinship	kingship	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	an effort to understand the world as seen by members of other societies is	cultural symbolism	cultural relativism	culture area	Culture fag	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	attempt to understand the world as seen by members of other groups is	Tribe	strain	diffusion	relativism	D	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Social organisation based on small groupings, defined by traditions of common descent is.....	Culture	Tribe	culture area	Culture fag	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	..... refers to names which apply to lineal relative	society	descriptive	classificatory	status	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	People sharing the same historical experience, cultural, experience, language, and belief are...	society	village	culture area	ethnic group	D	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The early ethnographic accounts were used by To compare societies.	Badmus Ventia	John Locke	Christopher Columbus	Otite Ngugi	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	relates to a mode of addressing or grouping of kins by depicting their relationship	society	status	classificatory	descriptive	D	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Ethnography is simply defined as the study of.....	A descriptive account of human societies	A classical document of colonial history	A historical account of a specific people	mankind	D	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Ethnocentrism means the same thing as	Tribalism	Nepotism	Belief that one's own culture is the only true and good one	None of the above	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Ethnic group is a concept which describes	A people sharing the same historical, cultural, language and beliefs	A race of people with the same skin color	A linguistic group of people	None of the above	A	eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>								
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Culture area denotes	A territory or land area	Geographical region	A geographical area occupied by an ethnic or tribal group of people	Forum settlement in a rural part of a country	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Malinowski described culture as	Ethnology of people's culture traits, myths and social organization	Partly human, partly spiritual and partly materialistic	Configurations of values and achievement	None of the above	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Anthropologist agreed that culture develop as a response to	Human innate aggressive nature	Discharge him	Human needs covering a broad spectrum of experiences	Scientific and technological progress	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Marco Polo's descriptive reports on foreign customs led to	Anthropological findings in Europe	Ethnography of people	Social anthropology	Physical anthropology	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Herodotus' (484 – 45BC) is associated with history of	Greek philosophy and politics	Greek history and peoples	History of the collective of items of culture	Inventions of early European industrialization	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Ethnology and ethnography may be considered similar to the relationship between	Physics and Engineering	Chemistry and Biology	Geography and Geology	Science and Mathematics	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The discipline Anthropology is about the studies of	Ethnographic records scientifically	Man's historical and cultural inventions	Mankind and his society from the beginning and emergence on earth	Distribution and spread of natural resources and people on earth	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	there are over..... ethnic groups in the grassland zone	40	120	200	180	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	During the pre-colonial period, the Kanuri people were known and governed as	Kanem -Borno	Fulani	Housa	Tiv-Idoma	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Ethnography was defined by Beattie simply	A descriptive account of human societies	A classical document of colonial history	A historical account of a specific people	A survey of the physical environment of mankind	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Ethnocentrism means the same thing as	Tribalism	Nepotism	Belief that one's own culture is the only true and good one	None of the above	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	..... interested primarily in the past history of peoples or communities without written records	Ethnologists	mythologist	Ethnographers	Anthropologist	A	eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>								
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Culture area denotes	A territory or land area	Geographical region	A geographical area occupied by an ethnic or tribal group of people	Forum settlement in a rural part of a country	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	..... study the culture for a single tribe, ethnic group or society	Ethnologist	mythologists	Ethnographers	Anthropologist	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	There are two major groups of Fulani: the migratory pastoralists and	fulfude	nomadic	sedentary pastoralists	pastoralist	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The best-known languages of Afro-Asiatic are ...	Hausa and Kanuri	Igbo and Ezza	Yoruba and Egbira	kanuri and Tiv	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Kwa, a sub-group of	Niger language family	Nigeria-Congo language family	Niger-Congo language family	Niger-Congo language family	D	eExam

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