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Fill in the Blank (FBQs):

FBQ1: We make use of \_\_\_\_ to join or connect the various clauses in a compound-complex sentence

Answer: \*linkers and binders\*

FBQ2: These features: 'Number, Gender, Case, and 'Person' are usually exhibited by \_\_\_\_.

Answer: \*personal pronouns\*

FBQ3: \_\_\_\_ is a 'meaning-changing' operation that alters the semantic content of predicates.

Answer: \*Morpholexical Operations\*

FBQ4: In words, the English past tense morpheme (-ed) is realised as /t/ in an environment where \_\_\_\_ precedes it.

Answer: \*a voiceless consonant\*

FBQ5: These consonants: s, z, ʃ, ʒ, are also called \_\_\_\_ sounds.

Answer: \*Sibilant\*

FBQ6: In the lexes of English language, Nouns, Verbs, Adverbs and Adjectives are classified as content or lexical words because they \_\_\_\_.

Answer: \*carry meanings\*

FBQ7: The superlative form of the word 'handsome' is \_\_\_\_

Answer: \*most handsome\*

FBQ8: The content words in an English sentence are usually said to be \_\_\_\_ morphemes.

Answer: \*Free\*

FBQ9: The Adams Apple in human speech organs refers to the \_\_\_\_

Answer: \*Larynx\*

FBQ10: In the sentence 'SUSAN SERVED PETER A CUP OF COFFEE', the complement of the object 'PETER' is \_\_\_\_.

Answer: \*A CUP OF COFFEE\*

FBQ11: \_\_\_\_ is a word that describes, qualifies or tells us more about a noun or pronoun.

Answer: \*An adjective\*

FBQ12: A \_\_\_\_ is that part of a sentence which indicates an action or a state of being of the subject

Answer: \*Verb\*

FBQ13: "You don't speak English, \_\_\_\_" is regarded as a tag question

Answer: \*do you?\*

FBQ14: The words 'congregation', 'academics', 'audience', and 'staff' are all examples of \_\_\_\_ nouns in English.

Answer: \*Collective\*

FBQ15: "He was served dinner when it was exactly 6pm". This is an example of a \_\_\_\_ sentence.

Answer: \*Complex\*

FBQ16: A ----- morpheme generates or creates new words by either changing the

class of word or forming new words

Answer: \*Derivational\*

FBQ17: In the word, 'boys', the 's' is a \_\_\_\_\_ marker and is also called an additive morpheme

Answer: \*Plural\*

FBQ18: The suffix in the word UNEDUCATED is\_\_\_\_\_

Answer: \*D\*

FBQ19: Functionally, the sentence, "I don't like rude people" is a \_\_\_\_\_one

Answer: \*Declarative\*

FBQ20: The superlative form of the adverb 'badly' is\_\_\_\_\_

Answer: \*Worst\*

FBQ21: Structurally, there are\_\_\_\_\_ types of sentences in English

Answer: \*Five\*

FBQ22: A phonological rule that provides the phonetic information necessary for the pronunciation of words is called a \_\_\_\_\_

Answer: \*Derivational\*

FBQ23: An ordered and externalised lexicon is known as the\_\_\_\_\_

Answer: \*Dictionary\*

FBQ24: "That is my book". The word, 'that', in the sentence is a\_\_\_\_\_

Answer: \*demonstrative pronoun\*

FBQ25: All \_\_\_\_\_are capable of going through the six forms of a verb

Answer: \*lexical verbs\*

FBQ26: The root of the word ENCOURAGEMENT is\_\_\_\_\_.

Answer: \*Courage\*

FBQ27: Pronouns can be used to avoid unnecessary \_\_\_\_\_ of nouns in a sentence.

Answer: \*Repetition\*

FBQ28: A sentence which contains two or more independent clauses and two or more dependent clauses is called a \_\_\_\_\_sentence.

Answer: \*compound complex\*

FBQ29: I am too weak physically to make the trip'. The adverb of degree in this sentence is the word\_\_\_\_\_

Answer: \*Too\*

FBQ30: All \_\_\_\_\_are capable of going through the six forms of a verb.

Answer: \*lexical verbs\*

FBQ31: The ----- letter in Proper Nouns are usually capitalised

Answer: \*first\*

FBQ32: How many inflectional morphemes are in the word TEACHERS\_\_\_\_\_?

Answer: \*Two\*

FBQ33: Pronouns, auxiliaries, conjunctions, prepositions, determiners, and particles are also known as\_\_\_\_\_

Answer: \*form words\*

FBQ34: In the sentence, "Musa found the book under the table", the preposition group is\_\_\_\_\_

Answer: \*under the table\*

FBQ35: Functionally, there are \_\_\_\_\_ types of sentences in English

Answer: \*Four\*

FBQ36: The comparative form of the word 'diligently' is\_\_\_\_\_

Answer: \*more diligently\*

FBQ37: Some words do not take an 's' to form their plural; they only go through\_\_\_\_\_. That is, they experience vowel change.

Answer: \*Infixation\*

FBQ38: \_\_\_\_\_ studies the relationships that exist between morphology and phonology

Answer: \*Morphophonemics\*

FBQ39: Subordinating Conjunctions connect clauses of\_\_\_\_

Answer: \*unequal status\*

FBQ40: If the word ungrammatical is divided into free and bound morphemes we would have something like this \_\_\_\_

Answer: un + gramma + tic + al

FBQ41: The base of the word DISESTABLISHMENT is\_\_\_\_

Answer: \*ESTABLISH\*

FBQ42: The nominal group of an English sentence is usually headed by a\_\_\_\_

Answer: \*Noun\*

FBQ43: \_\_\_\_\_studies and analyses the meaning and origin of vocabulary items of a language

Answer: \*Lexicology\*

FBQ44: The politician argued angrily over the issue being discussed'. The adverb of manner in the sentence is the word\_\_\_\_\_

Answer: \*Angrily\*

FBQ45: The expression 'one-on-one can' be described as a \_\_\_\_ lexical item in English

Answer: \*Complex\*

FBQ46: "The windows at the back of the house are dirty". The word 'dirty' in the sentence is \_\_\_\_\_adjective

Answer: \*a predicative\*

FBQ47: \_\_\_\_\_verbs reflect or indicate the mood of the speaker in a sentence

Answer: \*Modal auxiliary\*

FBQ48: The superlative form of the word 'graciously' is\_\_\_\_\_

Answer: \*most graciously\*

FBQ49: "It is interesting to know that James and Sylvester are siblings". The conjunction in this sentence is called a\_\_\_\_\_

Answer: \*coordinating conjunction\*

FBQ50: "The Study Centre Director gave a thought-provoking speech this morning". The word 'thought-provoking' is \_\_\_\_\_ adjective

Answer: \*An attribute\*

Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs):

MCQ1: Which of these is a morphological process of creating new words to name previously non-existent objects or phenomena that result from cultural contact?

Answer: compounding

MCQ2: Lexicon also means -----

Answer: Lexis

MCQ3: The capitalised letters in stoppED are pronounced as -----

Answer: /d/

MCQ4: The study of lexis is equivalent to the study of -----

Answer: vocabulary

MCQ5: The branch of linguistics concerned with the study of word forms is called -----

Answer: morphology

MCQ6: If an element or elements are taken from the end of a name, the process involved is called -----

Answer: back clipping

MCQ7: What is the morphological process of attaching an element to the root or base of a word?

Answer: prefixation

MCQ8: Which of these can generate new words in English? -----

Answer: gerund

MCQ9: Identify the indefinite pronoun in the sentence: "Everybody is invited to my birthday party"

Answer: Everybody

MCQ10: The smallest meaningful unit of language is -----

Answer: word

MCQ11: Words which become meaningful only when they are attached to or used with content words in discourse are called .....

Answer: lexical words

MCQ12: What is an affix which is marked over the syllables that form part of a root: ----

Answer: interfix

MCQ13: A noun that is the name of a particular thing or person is ----

Answer: common noun

MCQ14: Brunch is an example of.....

Answer: borrowing

MCQ15: The branch of linguistics concerned with the study of word forms is called -----

Answer: morphology

MCQ16: A situation where both the prefix and suffix are simultaneously employed to express one meaning called .....

Answer: Suffixation

MCQ17: A morphological process in which two or more words are put together to act as a single lexical word with a distinct meaning is called --

Answer: borrowing

MCQ18: Which of these sounds is a voiceless speech sound?

Answer: /v/

MCQ19: Who, where, why, how are all examples of ---- pronouns

Answer: Demonstrative

MCQ20: What is the independent clause in the sentence; 'When the girls get home, they usually visit their friends in the hostel'

Answer: When the girls get home

MCQ21: The nominal group of an English sentence is usually headed by a .....  
Answer: verb

MCQ22: Most ....morphemes are content or lexical words  
Answer: grammatical

MCQ23: Morpho-syntactic operations are more often .....  
Answer: semantically unrestricted

MCQ24: Breaking up words into their component parts refers to...  
Answer: probing

MCQ25: Parts of speech also refers to ....  
Answer: function words

MCQ26: A sentence which contains at least one independent clause and at least one dependent clause is called a -----  
Answer: compound sentence

MCQ27: A word that joins or links words, phrases, groups, clauses and even sentences is called a(n) -----  
Answer: Preposition

MCQ28: The English Lexes has ----- distinct characteristics  
Answer: four

MCQ29: Which punctuation mark is appropriate for the capitalised iems in the sentence: "She behaves like a KNOW IT ALL"  
Answer: The dash

MCQ30: Morphology as a field lies between ----- and lexis  
Answer: phonology

MCQ31: Which of these consonant sounds is voiced?  
Answer: T

MCQ32: What is the change in the function of a word called?  
Answer: Movement

MCQ33: The lexicon provides a complete list of ----- in a language  
Answer: tenses

MCQ34: All the words of a language refers to its -----  
Answer: lexicon

MCQ35: A sentence that contains at least two independent clauses which are linked by a coordinating conjunction is called a -----  
Answer: compund sentence

MCQ36: The English Language identifies ---- types of clauses  
Answer: two

MCQ37: One of these is NOT a sub-type of a dependent clause: -----  
Answer: Nominal clause

MCQ38: The largest grammatical unit is the -----  
Answer: Sentence

MCQ39: There are ----- types of sentences  
Answer: three

MCQ40: One of these is a type of sentence: -----  
Answer: Motivational

MCQ41: The sentence, "If it rains today, the streets will be flooded" is an example of a ----- sentence

Answer: Complex

MCQ42: The sentence, "This lecturer teaches with ease" is an example of a ----- sentence

Answer: Complex

MCQ43: This type of noun denotes qualities or concepts: -----

Answer: Common

MCQ44: Verbs are mainly in ----- part(s)

Answer: Six

MCQ45: Auxiliary verbs need the presence of ---- verbs to operate in a sentence

Answer: adjectival

MCQ46: Identify the adverb in the sentence: "He danced well yesterday"

Answer: he

MCQ47: The sentence, "The team played well" is an example of the adverb of -----

Answer: place

MCQ48: Personal pronouns have ----- features

Answer: four

MCQ49: One of these is NOT a feature of a personal pronoun: -----

Answer: number

MCQ50: This adds more meaning to a noun: -----

Answer: adverb