

## NATIONAL OPEN UNIVERSITY OF NIGERIA 14-16 AHMADU BELLO WAY, VICTORIA ISLAND LAGOS SCHOOL OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY **MAY/IUNE 2012 EXAMINATION**

MTH 315 ANALYTICAL DYNAMICS TIME ALLOWED: 3 HOURS

TOTAL: 70 MARKS

INSTRUCTION: ANSWER ANY 5 QUESTIONS

1.(a) (i) Define degrees of freedom and give two examples -4 marks

(ii) Find the number of degrees of freedom in each for a rigid body which can move freely in three dimensional -4marks

(b) A system of particles consists of a 3 gram mass located at (1,0,-1), a 5 gram mass at (-2.1.3) and 2 gram mass at (3.-1.1).

Find the coordinates of the center of mass -6 marks

2.(a) (i) Differentiate between holonomic and non-holonomic constraints -4 marks

(ii) In each of the following cases state whether the constraint is holonomic or nonholononic:

a bead moving on a circular a wire, a particle sliding down an inclined plane under the influence of gravity

and a particle sliding down a sphere from a point near the top under the influence of gravity - 3marks

(b) Prove that the total momentum of a system of particles can be found by multiplying the total mass M of the system by

the velocity of the center of mass -7 marks

3.(a) Two particles having masses m1 and m2 are located on a frictionless double inclined curves and connected by an

inextensible mass less string passing over a smooth pulley. Use the principle of virtual work to show that for

$$\frac{\sin \alpha_1}{m} = \frac{m_2}{m_2}$$

 $\frac{\sin\alpha_1}{\sin\alpha_2} = \frac{m_2}{m_1} \quad \text{,where} \quad \alpha_1 \quad \text{and} \quad \alpha_2 \quad \text{are the angles of the}$ equilibrium we must have incline. -6 marks

- (b) Use D Alembert's principle to describe the motion of the masses in (a) -8 marks
- 4. (a) State the laws of motion given by Sir Isaac Newton which are considered the axioms of mechanics -6 marks
- (b) Due to a force field, a particle of mass 5 units moves along a space curve whose position vector is given as a function

of time t by  $r=(2t^3+t)i+(3t^4-t^2+8)j-12t^2k$  . Find (a ) the velocity, (b) the momentum (c) the acceleration and

- (d) the force field at any time t. -8 marks
- 5.(a) Explain the following terms (i) Work (ii) Power (iii) Energy -6 marks
- (b) (i) A particle of constant mass m moves in space under the influence of a force field F.

Assuming that at times  $t_1$  and

 $t_2$  the velocity is  $t_1$  and  $t_2$  respectively, prove that the work done is the change in kinetic energy, ie

$$\int_{t_1}^{t_2} F \cdot dr = \frac{1}{2} m v_2^2 - m v_1^2$$

- 4 marks

(ii) Show that the force field F defined by

$$F = (y^2z^3 - 6xz^2)i + 2xyz^3j + (3xy^2z^2 - 6x^2z)k$$
 is a conservative force field. -4 marks

- 6.(a) Explain the following terms (i) uniform force field (ii) uniformly accelerated motion (iii) freely falling bodies-6 marks
- (b) A particle of mass m moves along a straight line under the influence of a constant force of magnitude F. If its initial

speed is  $v_0$  find (i) thespeed, (ii) the velocity and (iii) the distance travelled after time t.-8 marks

- 7. (a) Exaplain the following terms (i) moment of a force (ii) Moment of a Couple (iii) Equilibrium of a Particle -6 marks
- (b) (i)A uniform beam is 24m long and has a mass  $100 \, \mathrm{kg}$  and masses of  $60 \, \mathrm{kg}$  are suspended from its ends; at

what point must the beam be supported so that it may rest horizontally? -6 marks

$$V = \frac{1}{2}kx^2, k > 0$$

(ii) particle moves along the x axis in a force field having potential Determine the point of

equilibrium. -2 marks