

Question <p>The term system has gained great importance in _____ of political science and international system</p>

Question <p>Entomological evidence on the term system has traced its origin to the _____ </p>

Question <p>The international system has its origin foundation in the works of system theorists in the _____</p>

Question <p>Kaplan identifies the variables of the system to include __ and the information variable</p>

Question <p>According to Kaplan variables, there are __ types of international systems</p>

Question <p>In the thinking of the Realists, the international system is defined by __</p>

Question <p>Neo-realism or structural realism is a theory of international outlined by __ </p>

Question <p>The modern international system of states has its origin in the treaty of ____</p>

Question <p>Idealism is marked by the prominent role played by __ </p>

Question <p>Idealism was a relatively short lived school of thought due to the failure of ____</p>

Question <p>The idealist school of thought can trace its modern heritage to the tenets of Wilsonian _____
</p>

Question <p>The major assumptions of the idealists is that there is __ of interest among nation states</p>

Question <p>Approaches to the understanding of international system is not just an intellectual enterprise but one which has _____ </p>

Question <p>Melian Dialogue present the classic debate between the __ views in which each side represents one extreme of the spectrum </p>

Question <p>In international relations, __ refers to series of disagreement between international relations scholars</p>

Question <p>After World War1, the _____ was formed with the aim of preventing any repetition of such an appalling conflict </p>

Question <p>Period of classical international system was born out of the events of the __ that brought to an end the thirty year war</p>

Question <p>The Peace of Westphalia is not a liberal movement of political transformation by symbolises a ____</p>

Question <p>International politics in the classical international system was essentially __ politicts</p>

Question <p>The European states were not only similar in power capability but also in terms of wealth and _____ strength</p>

Question <p>Polarity refers to the number of _____ that exert power in the international system</p>

Question <p>_____ concern of actors in the international system makes it seem as if they are working consciously to maintain stability in the system</p>

Question <p>The concept of interdependence became popularised in international relations through the work of ____</p>

Question <p>The classical international system was cosmopolitan and ____ oriented</p>

Question <p>Classical international system was characterised by low degree of interdependence in terms of ____</p>

Question <p>The international system retained and consolidated the ____ conception of international system</p>

Question <p>The emergence of the transnational international system can be linked to events of _____</p>

Question <p>A special category of non-state actors that are significant as actors in post 1945 era is _____</p>

Question <p>Polarity is the distribution of power in which ____ states have the majority of economic and military influence internationally</p>

Question <p>Many of the newly states in the international system are located in _____ hemisphere</p>

Question <p>During the Cold War era independent states chose to be ____ in the face of the east-west confrontations</p>

Question <p>The collapse of USSR was a consensus effort by the _____ party to dismantle the country </p>

Question <p>The collapse of USSR was as a result of struggle between the Communists and the ____</p>

Question <p>International actors refer any _____ which is able to act and influence international system</p>

Question <p>The thirty years war, which consists of series of declared and undeclared wars raged through the years of the year {#1} to {#2}</p>

Question {100:SHORTANSWER:%100%1618}

Question {100:SHORTANSWER:%100%1648}

Question <p>The term nation refers to cultural and social entity and country refers to_____</p>

Question <p>In international system each state has the attributes of ____</p>

Question <p>States enter into a system of international rules, procedures and ____ governing behaviour of governments officials</p>

Question <p>Which of this is not a perspective of realism?</p>

Question <p>____ is the author of the twenty years crisis</p>

Question <p>Liberal idealism roots lie in broader liberal thought originating in era of ____</p>

Question <p>The _____ see conflict as norm in international affairs.
</p>

Question <p>Neo-conservatism is the product policy strategists tagged ____ </p>

Question <p>The neoliberal idealists focus on the institutional building, regime creation and the search for absolute rather than _____ gains </p>

Question <p>The major doctrinally position of neoconservatives is that they depict international system as the struggle good and _____</p>

Question <p>History of the Peloponnesian war was written by __ </p>

Question <p>Morgenthau was credited with having _____ classical realism</p>

Question <p>The first great debate between idealism and realism highlights idealist-realist_____</p>

Question <p>_____ was the main instrument for stability in the international system</p>

Question <p>The emergence of transitional system was emergence of the era of _____</p>

Question <p>The era of transitional international system was the period of _____ revolution</p>

Question <p>Industrialisation created wide disparities in power configuration among _____</p>

Question <p>At a point the European powers controlled _____ per cent of the entire territory of the globe </p>

Question <p>The decline of the European domination of the globe started unfolding between __</p>

Question <p>_____ was the President of USA when Lenin was the leader of USSR</p>

Question <p>The era of transitional international system witnessed the flourishing of interdependence among states especially in the area of _____</p>

Question <p>The impact of the _____ exacerbated the tension that resulted into the World War 11</p>

Question <p>The transitional international system spanned from _____ 1945</p>

Question <p>The system which started as __ gradually expanded to become world system </p>

Question <p>The period 1789-1945 is referred as _____ in the historical development of international system.</p>

Question <p>The end of World War 11 marked a decisive shift in the ____ system</p>

Question <p>USSR and USA were tagged as _____ so as to differentiate them other powerful nations</p>

Question <p>The loose confederation of the German speaking territories formed Germany in __ </p>

Question <p>Intergovernmental Organisations are international actors with only __ as their members</p>

Question <p>General Agreement on Trade and Tariffs, World Bank and

International Monetary Fund are concerned basically with area of _____</p>

Question <p>Non-governmental organization has a history dating back to __</p>

Question <p>The international system are permanently anarchic because all the units are __</p>

Question <p>The international system witnessed a __ of states within the system</p>

Question <p>The world of this era is highly stratified into several _____</p>

Question <p>The states can only maintain their interest through the acquisition and use of __</p>