



**NATIONAL OPEN UNIVERSITY OF NIGERIA
14-16 AHMADU BELLO WAY, VICTORIA ISLAND LAGOS
SEPTEMBER/OCTOBER 2015 EXAMINATION**

SCHOOL OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

COURSE CODE: CHM 306

COURSE TITLE: Instrumental Methods of Analysis

Time: 2 Hours

INSTRUCTION: Answer any Four Questions

QUESTION ONE

Explain how the concentration of a coloured sample can be estimated by colorimetry. (17½ marks)

QUESTION TWO

a) What happens when infrared radiation of a characteristic frequency interacts with a molecule? (10 Marks).

b) Distinguish between Finger print region and Group frequencies (7½ marks)

QUESTION THREE

a) i. Describe briefly the basic principle of Nuclear Magnetic Resonance (NMR) spectroscopy. (7½ Marks)
ii. What factor accounts for the difference, in the pattern of NMR spectrum of hydrogens in different organic molecules. (1½ Mark)

b) Draw a schematic diagram of a spectrophotometer and state the function of the parts of the spectrophotometer (8½ Marks)

QUESTION FOUR

a) Describe the electromagnetic radiation. (10 Marks)

b) Compare and contrast between the following:

i) Electronic spectroscopy

- ii) Vibrational spectroscopy
- iii) Rotational spectroscopy

(7¹/₂ Marks)

QUESTION FIVE

a) i. Write short notes on the followings:

- (a) Flame Emission Spectroscopy (FES).
 - (b) Flame Atomic Absorption Spectroscopy (FAAS).
- (6 Marks)

ii. Which of the flame spectroscopic technique is used to analyze the followings?

- (a) Alkali metals
- (b) Trace metals

(4 Marks)

b) Expatriate on the working principle of flame emission spectroscopy.
(7¹/₂ Marks)

QUESTION SIX

ai) State and show mathematically Beer and Lambert's law. (10Marks)

ii) Calculate the concentration of a sample solution whose absorbance and molarabsorptivity at 270nm is 1.92 and 19400 respectively. (5Marks)

b) Explain briefly Polarography. (2¹/₂Marks)

