FBQ1: is amicably as possible.	simply aimed at ending a dispute as quickly and
Answer: Settlement	
FBQ2: <span and="" bad,="" be="" conflict="" ended.<="" implies="" is="" nould="" style="font
Answer: Conflict</td><td>-size:</td></tr><tr><td>FBQ3:</td><td>is a process whereby the parties to a dispute agree a conciliator</td></tr><tr><td>FBQ4: Conflict retherefore something that sh
Answer: *Resolution*</td><td>esolution" td="" that="">	
FBQ5: approaches side perceives the outcome Answer: *Competitive*	tend to result in win-lose outcomes in which only one as positive
FBQ6: exe people to soften hard-line Answer: *Mediators*	ercise political skill and use persuasion to get positions
FBQ7: is a law for a legal remedy, usually Answer: *Litigation*	vsuit or a civil action brought before a court seeking / for an offence
FBQ8: True conflict resolut approach than Answer: *Dispute settlement	
FBQ9:requires a Answer: *Communication*	at least two parties, one to speak and one to listen
FBQ10:strategions of interaction. Answer: *Procedural*	es give a mediator the opportunity to control aspects
FBQ11:is a discussion work out a solution to the Answer: *Negotiation*	n between two or more disputants who are trying to ir problem
FBQ12:is a negotiat: "win-win" solution to thei Answer: *Integrative barga:	
FBQ13: langescalation. Answer: *Inflammatory*	guage is one of the most causes of conflict
FBQ14: Communication requing listen Answer: *Speak*	res at least two parties, one toand one to
FBQ15: In every given conf [*] approach Answer: *Mediation*	lict, a successfulrequires a coordinated
	based forms of violence continue to be among the es during times of armed conflict
FB017: Peace building is a	term process that occurs after violent

conflict has slowed down or come to a halt. Answer: *Long*
FBQ18: Thedimension of peace building focuses on the social conditions that foster violent conflict. Answer: *Structural*
FBQ19: When did the UN Security Council adopt an 'aide memoire' pertaining to protection of civilians? Answer: *2002*
FBQ20: The UN Special Representative of the Secretary General was sensitive more to issues Answer: *Gender*
FBQ21:often face severe obstacles and critical neglect to their needs in the rehabilitation and reconstruction process Answer: *Women*
FBQ22: From 1995 to 1998, was the site of the world's largest UN peacekeeping operation Answer: *Angola*
FBQ23: Mediators exercise political skill and useto get people to soften hard-line positions. Answer: *Persuasion*
FBQ24: There aresovereign and legally equal states, but with different capabilities, regime-structures, and interests, which interact on the international arena. Answer: *198*
FBQ25: A mediator's personal reputation can help to build Answer: *Trust*
FBQ26: Proceduralgive a mediator the opportunity to control aspects of interaction in conflict situation Answer: *Strategies*
FBQ27: strategies allow a mediator to break through a cycle of violence by changing the factors influencing the parties' decision making Answer: *Directive*
FBQ28: Mediation is an effective and useful way of dealing with Answer: *Conflicts*
FBQ29:conflicts require commitment, resources, persistence, and experience. Answer: *Mediating*
FBQ30:is a discussion between two or more disputants who are trying to work out a solution to their problem Answer: *Negotiation*
FBQ31: Mutualis one of the key causes of the changes that occur during a negotiation. Answer: *Adjustment*
FBQ32: Integrative bargaining is also called " based bargaining Answer: *Interest*
FBQ33:involves assessing the other party's priorities and interests and trying to get a better idea of what that party is likely to want. Answer: *Planning*

FBQ34: Alternative dispute resolution (ADR) is a term generally used to refer to dispute resolution processes Answer: *Informal*
FBQ35:building has become a popular process for dealing with public-policy disputes, especially intractable environmental disputes. Answer: *Consensus*
FBQ36: Mediation andare now commonly used to settle labour-management disputes that often used to seem like intractable situations Answer: *Arbitration*
FBQ37: Potential for integration only exists when there areissues involved in the negotiation. Answer: *Multiple*
FBQ38: Most ADR processes are based on anapproach Answer: *Integrative*
FBQ39: Inflammatoryis one of the most common causes of conflict escalation. Answer: *Language*
FBQ40:is the hero of good communication Answer: *Listening*
FBQ41:requires at least two parties: one to speak and one to listen Answer: *Communication*
FBQ42: Aword can carry multiple meanings depending on its intonation. Answer: *Single*
FBQ43:signals fall under the category of body language, and include expression, posture, and gestures Answer: *Nonverbal*
FBQ44: law consists of the body of rules growing out of the regulations adopted by international administrative agencies Answer: *Administrative*
FBQ45: In every society, conflicts are, they are normal and an integral part of human lives. Answer: *Inevitable*
FBQ46:are people - officials or unofficial who get involved in Conflict resolution strategies and skills as third-party Answer: *Mediators*
FBQ47:often face severe obstacles and critical neglect to their needs in the rehabilitation and reconstruction process, as they struggle against discrimination Answer: *Women*
FBQ48: From 1995 to 1998, Angola was the site of the world's largestpeacekeeping operation Answer: *United Nation*
FBQ49: Internationalinstruments are important tools to protect children in armed conflicts Answer: *Legal*

FBQ50: When was the UN High Commission for Refugees adopted a policy on older- persons Answer: *2001*
Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs): MCQ1:often face severe obstacles and critical neglect to their needs in the rehabilitation and reconstruction process Answer: Women
MCQ2: Thedimension of peace building focuses on the social conditions that foster violent conflict. Answer: Structural
MCQ3: When was the UN Security Council adopted an 'aide memoire' pertaining to protection of civilians? Answer: 2002
MCQ4: Competitive approaches tend to result inoutcomes in which only one side perceives the outcome as positive Answer: Lose-lose
MCQ5: Mediators exercise political skill and useto get people to soften hard-line positions Answer: Settlement
MCQ6: True conflictrequires a more analytical, problem-solving approach than dispute settlement Answer: Resolution
MCQ7:is a lawsuit or a civil action brought before a court seeking for a legal remedy, usually for an offence Answer: Litigation
MCQ8: True conflict resolution requires a more analytical, problem-solving approach thanAnswer: Dispute settlement
MCQ9: Conflict correctly assumes that conflicts are long-term processes that often cannot be quickly resolved. Answer: Management
MCQ10: All the following are potential mediators in conflicts except Answer: Family
MCQ11:is a negotiation strategy in which parties collaborates to find a "win-win" solution to their dispute. Answer: selective bargaining
MCQ12:strategies give a mediator the opportunity to control aspects of interaction. Answer: Procedural
MCQ13: seekers detained for non-criminal reasons should never be detained together with common law prisoners Answer: Refugees and asylum
MCQ14: The most basic orientation that allows people enter into negotiations is Answer: struggle
MCQ15: Theapproach is considered as a constructive resolution process. Answer: mutual gains
MCO16: Conflict is a term that describes the natural process of

conflict. Answer: Transformation
MCQ17: Conflict transformation is also aconcept. Answer: Prescriptive
MCQ18:usually transforms perceptions by accentuating the differences between people and positions. Answer: Conflict
MCQ19:usually has no authority to seek evidence or call witnesses Answer: Conciliator
MCQ20: Litigation is aor a civil action brought before a court in which the party commencing the action, the plaintiff, seeks a legal remedy, usually for an offence. Answer: Lawsuit
MCQ21:is widely used in all sorts of disputes, ranging from divorces to civil lawsuits to very complex public policy problems to international conflicts Answer: Mediation
MCQ22: .All the following are basic sources of mediator trust except Answer: Family members
MCQ23:describes mediator behaviour at the low end of the intervention spectrum Answer: Communication-Facilitation Strategies
MCQ24: Directive Strategies madeto works hard to shape the content and nature of a final outcome in a conflict situation Answer: Mediator
MCQ25:describes a phase in the life cycle of the conflict where the parties feel exhausted and hurt Answer: Perceive stage
MCQ26:must take place at an optimal or ripe moment in a conflict situation Answer: Settlement
MCQ27: All the following are approaches to Negotiation except Answer: positional bargaining
MCQ28: Effectiveis crucial to meeting negotiation objectives in a conflicting environment Answer: Mediation
MCQ29: Alternative dispute resolution (ADR) is a term generally used to refer todispute resolution processes Answer: Authorized
MCQ30:is crucial for ADR processes to work effectively Answer: Engagement
MCQ31:involves assessing the other party's priorities and interests and trying to get a better idea of what that party is likely to want. Answer: Mediating

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{MCQ}}$ 32: Communication requires at least all the following except Answer: speaking

MCQ33:signals fall under the category of body language, and include
expression, posture, and gestures. Answer: Language
MCQ34: All the following are essential elements to be found in a complete conflict prevention planning and decision cycle except Answer: Conflict diagnosis
MCQ35: All the following are elements of the early warning process except Answer: Gathering information
MCQ36: Mediation involves all the following except Answer: Providing a suitable step for negotiation.
MCQ37:and other gender-based forms of violence continue to be among the highest committed war crimes during times of armed conflict Answer: Violence
MCQ38: From 1995 to 1998,was the site of the world's largest UN peacekeeping operation Answer: Kenya
MCQ39: In which year the Second World Assembly on Ageing adopted specific policy commitments concerning older persons in emerging situation Answer: 2007
MCQ40: When was the Security Council adopted an aide memoire (S/PRST/2002/6) pertaining to protection of civilians Answer: August
MCQ41: According to the United Nations (UN) document on Agenda for Peace, peace building consists of a wide range of activities associated with all the following except Answer: capacity building
MCQ42:is a process that facilitates the establishment of durable peace and tries to prevent the recurrence of violence Answer: Peace conciliation
MCQ43:peace building is connected to peacekeeping, and often involves demobilization and reintegration programmes, Answer: Short-time
MCQ44: Peace building measures in every conflict situation is aim to prevent conflict fromAnswer: Re-current
MCQ45: The structural dimension of peace building focuses on thethat foster violent conflict Answer: Social problem
MCQ46:seeks to establish legitimate and stable political institutions and civil liberties that allow for meaningful competition for political power Answer: Government
MCQ47:building targets both the micro and macro-level and aims to create economic opportunities and ensure that the basic needs of the population are met. Answer: Peace
MCQ48: Thedimension of peace building focuses on reconciliation, forgiveness, trust building, and future imagining. Answer: Social

MCQ49: _		_actors	form the c	ore of a	a peac	e constit	uency	
Answer:	Internationa	ıl						
MCQ50: A	An important	task in	sustaining	peace i	is to	build a p	eace	within
the conf	lict setting							
Answer:	Initiatives							