



**NATIONAL OPEN UNIVERSITY OF NIGERIA**  
**14-16 AHMADU BELLO WAY, VICTORIA ISLAND LAGOS**  
**MARCH/APRIL 2016 EXAMINATION**

**SCHOOL OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY**

**COURSE CODE: BIO309**  
**COURSE TITLE: PLANT BREEDING**

**TIME ALLOWED: 2 Hours**

**INSTRUCTION: ANSWER QUESTION ONE (COMPULSORY) AND ANY OTHER THREE QUESTIONS.**

1.
  - a. Define Plant Breeding (2marks).
  - b. Outline five importance of plant breeding (10marks).
  - c. By definition, differentiate between a Cultigen and a Landrace (4marks).
  - d. Explain what you understand by Conventional Plant Breeding (9marks).
2.
  - a. Itemise the **six** steps or major activities of plant breeding (3marks).
  - b. Based on cytological principles of plant breeding, describe a chromosome under the following:
    - i. Chromosome number (3 marks)
    - ii. Chromosome size (3 marks)
    - iii. Chromosome morphology (3 marks)
  - c. In a tabular form, state three differences between a heterochromatin and euchromatin (3marks)
3.
  - a. Explain the term: Heterosis (4marks).
  - b. By definition, differentiate between heterosis and Inbreeding (2marks).
  - c. State any **four** adverse effects of inbreeding (4marks).
  - d. Write short notes on (5marks):
    - i. Inbreeding depression
    - ii. Coefficient of Inbreeding
4. Write short notes on the following:
  - a. Self Incompatibility in plants (5marks);
  - b. Gametophytic Self Incompatibility (5marks);
  - c. Sporophytic Self Incompatibility (5marks).;

5. a. Differentiate between cytoplasmic male sterility and cytoplasmic-genetic male sterility **(10marks)**.  
b. Outline the role of cytoplasmic-male sterility in hybrid maize breeding **(5marks)**.
6. a. Write concise notes on:
  - a. Outline the procedure involved in plant breeding for developing a disease resistance plant **(8marks)**.
  - b. State seven factors that have been described to stimulate the rise of new epidemics **(7marks)**