FBQ1: The formation of mature soil depends on Answer: *Time*
FBQ2: Han Jenny considersfactors of soil formation Answer: *Five*
FBQ3: Climate and organisms are regarded to asfactors Answer: *Active*
FBQ4: Tropic soils are complex and comprises of a variety of soil known as Answer: *Latosols*
FBQ5: Group enhances vertisolic expansion Answer: *Montmorrillionite*
FBQ6: _ Relief affects soil formation through altitude which creates Answer: *Microclimate*
FBQ7: Aspect is the way relief affects soil formation Answer: *Third*
FBQ8: There areprocesses of soil formation Answer: *Two*
FBQ9: Examples of soil processes are Answer: *Simple and complex*
FBQ10: The major processes of soil formation are and Answer: *Humification*
FBQ11: Removal in solution of soil constituent from the soil is known as Answer: *Leaching*
FBQ12: Ammonification is an example of process
FBQ13: Acid- producing substances which subdues the activities of bacteria is Answer: *Tannins*
FBQ14: Humification takes place in profile layer Answer: *Ao*
FBQ15: The percentage content of nitrogen in the soil is Answer: *0.2-0.4%*
FBQ16: The third type of biological process which relates to nitrogen fixation and biospheric cycling is $___$ Answer: *Dentrification*
FBQ17: Deposition of materials removed into the eluvial horizon is known as Answer: *Illuviation*
FBQ18: Elluviation takes place in horizon Answer: *A*
FBQ19: Acidic level of the soil can be increased by Answer: *Humification*
FBQ20: The process which forms ferruginous tropical soil is known as Answer: *Laterisation*
FBQ21: The soil forming process which takes place in a cool humid area is referred to as Answer: *Podsolisation*

FBQ22: are prominent under podsolisation process Answer: *Sesquioxides*
FBQ23: An example of complex process of soil formation is Answer: *Gleisation process*
FBQ24: Calcification process occurs mainly in Answer: *Low- rainfall areas*
FBQ25: The process of soil formation which takes place in areas with impeded drainage condition is $__$ Answer: *Gleisation process*
FBQ26: Hydromorphic soils are characteristically in nature Answer: *Mottling*
FBQ27: The formation of an impervious horizon beneath the soil profile causes Answer: *Gleying*
FBQ28: Laterisation takes place in Answer: *Warm to hot humid tropical areas*
FBQ29: Podsolisation takes place in cool humid areas of regions Answer: *Temperate*
FBQ30: Major soil types of the world are divided into Answer: *Three*
FBQ31: The soils that are formed on latitudinal areas are called Answer: *Zonal soils*
FBQ32: Intrazonal soil types occur where parent material exerts influence on
Answer: *Soil*
FBQ33: Soil types without well-developed characteristics are called Answer: *Azonal soils*
FBQ34: Soils found in very cold areas are called Answer: *Tundra soils*
FBQ35: Soils that develop on glacial drifts are known as Answer: *Podsols*
Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs): MCQ1: Hygroscopic water is not always available to Answer: Plant branches
MCQ2: Salt tolerating plants are called Answer: Shrubs
MCQ3: The scientist that is interested in soil appearance is called Answer: Soil chemist
MCQ4: The percentage of mineral matter in the soil is Answer: 30%
MCQ5: Organic matter content is Answer: 45%
MCQ6: Soil water is a constituent Answer: Variable

MCQ7: Sand, silt and clay constitutes? Answer: Soil constituency
MCQ8: The soil is made up of phases Answer: 10
MCQ9: particles in the soil are chemically active Answer: Clay
MCQ10: Macro nutrients are metallic Answer: Anions
MCQ11: Interveinal cholosis is caused by Answer: Colbate
MCQ12: Illuviation and elluviation are closely related to but not identical Answer: Percolation
MCQ13: The degree of finess or coarseness of a soil material is called soil Answer: Structure
MCQ14: Water that is drawn from the interstices of the soil is termed Answer: Capillary
MCQ15: The process of soil formation that takes place in the humid Answer: Podsolisation
MCQ16: Soil air is a component of Answer: Liquid phase
MCQ17: The qualitative value of organic matter is measured by Answer: Volume
MCQ18: Water held by soil particles through the process of adsorption Answer: Capillary water
MCQ19: Biological process of organic water formation is known as Answer: Mineralization
MCQ20: Organic mineral element released into the soil is known as Answer: Mineralization
MCQ21: Soil water that moves through the soil as a result of gravitational pool is called Answer: Capillary water
MCQ22: Soil texture is always described in terms of Answer: Volume
MCQ23: The number of textural grades in a textural triangle is Answer: 20
MCQ24: The aspect of the soil that influences porosity, permeability, consistency and structure is Answer: Soil porosity
MCQ25: Soil structure is described inways Answer: 4
MCQ26: Granular, crumbly, platy and columnar describes soil Answer: Solid phase
MCQ27: Dark, light and bright terms are used to describe soil Answer: Color

MCQ28: Soil profile consists of ____horizons

Answer: Y, C, B

MCQ29: Soil parameter that regulates the rate and intensity of the biochemical

process is___

Answer: Soil temperature

MCQ30: The arrangement of different layers within the soil strata is known

as____

Answer: Soil horizon

MCQ31: Zones of enrichment in soil profile are____

Answer: Elluviation

MCQ32: Young soils without horizon differentiation are known as_____

Answer: Entisol

MCQ33: The degree of acidity and alkalinity of the soil is referred to as_____

Answer: Soil neutrality

MCQ34: A situation where [H+] is more than [OH-], is called____

Answer: Soil acidity

MCQ35: Soil alkalinity depends on____

Answer: High pH