

## NATIONAL OPEN UNIVERSITY OF NIGERIA 14-16 AHMADU BELLO WAY, VICTORIA ISLAND, LAGOS SCHOOL OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY JANUARY/FEBRUARY 2013 EXAMINATION

## CHM 303 - INORGANIC CHEMISTRY III Answer any four questions

01	Answer any four questions	
Q1 (a) (i) Write the electronic configurations of helium, neon and argon. (3 marks) (ii) What do you understand by the term 'Lambda point' in the study of helium? (2 marks)		
(b) Given belo	ow in Column I are the few expected compounds of noble gases. Write down lumn II the shapes of these compounds on the basis of VSEPR theory. (4	
(c) State four	Column I (i) XeF <sub>4</sub> (ii) XeOF <sub>4</sub> (iii) XeO <sub>4</sub> (iv) XeF <sub>6</sub> uses of hydrogen gas. (4 manced chemical equations to contain (iii) water (iii) chlorine	describe the reaction of sodium metal with:
Q2 (a) Explain wh	y there is a steady increase	in boiling points from He to Rn (3 marks)
aid of chemica		leating the gases in a nickel vessel. With the ction conditions and products of the reaction
(c) Work out t	he oxidation states of xenon	in $XeF_2$ , $XeF_4$ and $XeF_6$ . (6 marks)
(d) (i) List and describe the isotopes of hydrogen (3 marks) (ii) What do you understand by the term 'active hydrogen'? (3 marks) Q3		
(a) How do the	e following properties vary in Atomic size Ionisation energy Electronegativity	the transition elements? (6 marks)
(b) Highlight five characteristics of transition metals (5 marks)		
(ii) Predict Fe <sup>2+</sup> , M	the spin-only magnetic mom	nile ZnSO4 is white (3 marks) ent for: (4 marks)
Q4 (a) List and give the electronic configurations of the 3d transition elements (10 marks) (b) What are rare earth elements? Why are they so called? (3 marks) (c) (i) Identify the most common oxidation state for the lanthanides and the actinides (2 marks) (ii) How is this oxidation state formed? (3 marks)		
Q5 (a) (i) What is (ii) Write b	the difference between gang palanced chemical equations	
(b) (i) Why is (3½ m	arks)	the ores before extracting metals from them?
(ii) Describe the froth flotation process for the concentration of ores. (4 marks) (c) Why is carbon a preferred reducing agent in commercial metallurgy? (2 marks)		

Q6

- (a) Discuss the classification of ligands in coordination chemistry (6 marks) (b) What are  $\beta$  rays? (2 marks) (c) Discuss briefly the principles of the valence bond theory (5 marks) (d) Highlight the differences between the valence bond and molecular orbital theories (5 marks)