

## NATIONAL OPEN UNIVERSITY OF NIGERIA Plot 91, Cadastral Zone, Nnamdi Azikiwe Expressway, Jabi, Abuja FACULTY OF SCIENCE

## OCTOBER/ NOVEMBER, 2016 EXAMINATION

**COURSE CODE: CHM 309** 

**COURSE TITLE: APPLIED SPECTROSCOPY** 

**COURSE UNIT: 2Units** 

TIME: 2 hours

**INSTRUCTION:** Answer any Four (4) questions

Q1

- a) i) Define the term luminescence (2 marks).
  - ii) Differentiate between Bathochromic shift and hypsochromic shift (2 marks)
- b) Describe using a Schematic diagram the basic components of UV/visible Spectrophotometer (12 ½ marks)

Q2

- a) List and explain the factors governing absorption of radiation in the UV/Vis region (10 marks)
- b) Outline seven limitations of Beer-Lambert law (7 ½ marks)

Q3

- (a) An electromagnetic wave incident on a point forms a number of peaks per second, if the distance between two successive peaks of the wave is  $6 \times 10^4$ m. Calculate the frequency of the wave. (7 marks)
- b. The energy of an electromagnetic radiation is  $6.4 \times 10^{12}$ . Evaluate the wavelength? (12marks)

(Speed of light =3.0 x  $10^8$  ms<sup>-1</sup> , Planck's constant = 6.626 x $10^{-34}$  Js)

Question 4

- a. State five ionization techniques you know in mass spectroscopy.(5 marks)
- b. Explain the following terms: (12 ½ mark)
  - i. Mass analyser.
  - ii. Magnetic sector.
  - iii. Ion trap mass analyzer

- iv. Quadrupole mass analyzer
- v. Tandem mass analyzers

## Question 5

- a. Describe the principles of Infrared Spectroscopy (2 ½ marks)
- b. Explain the different methods of sample preparation in IR spectroscopy.(13 marks)
- c. What is finger print region and its use. (2 marks)

## Question 6

- a. Discuss the basic principle of a mass spectroscopy. (7 marks)
- b. With the aid of a well labeled diagram represent the basic components of mass spectrometer.(6 marks)
- c) How would you Determination of Partition Coefficient of a drug.(4 ½ marks)