

<br/><br/>Question QFB1 : the field of international relations (IR) concerns the relationships among the world's\_\_\_\_\_

<br/>Answer: International politics

<br/><br/>Question QFB2 : In international relations, it comes out that the choices we make in our daily lives ultimately affect the\_\_\_we live in.

<br/>Answer: World

<br/><br/>Question QFB3 : the term international relations can in fact be likened to \_\_\_\_\_

<br/>Answer: international affairs

<br/><br/>Question QFB4 : In the teaching of international relations, the British method use\_\_\_\_\_and international affairs

<br/>Answer: courses in history

<br/><br/>Question QFB5 : Hedley Bull is an advocate of the \_\_\_\_\_Approach to the study of international relations

<br/>Answer: Classical

<br/><br/>Question QFB6 : the goal of international relations is to examine \_\_\_\_\_aspects of things

<br/>Answer: real world

<br/><br/>Question QFB7 : International relations is not an \_\_\_\_\_science

<br/>Answer: exact

<br/><br/>Question QFB8 : International Relations is an objective and \_\_\_\_\_approach to problems of an international kind

<br/>Answer: systematic

<br/><br/>Question QFB9 : study of international relations focuses on the subjects of great \_\_\_\_\_bearing of diverse peoples worldwide

<br/>Answer: international

<br/><br/>Question QFB10 : international relations as an independent field of study is still young in relation to the study of\_\_\_\_\_

<br/>Answer: humanities

<br/><br/>Question QFB11 : This ancient source has endowed the discipline of international relations with a \_\_\_\_\_tradition

<br/>Answer: classical

<br/><br/>Question QFB12 : Immanuel Kant noted that the\_\_\_\_\_configurations of the state had implications on its external relations

<br/>Answer: internal

<br/><br/>Question QFB13 : International institutions were set up to promote\_\_\_\_\_, democracy and free trade

<br/>Answer: liberal internationalization

<br/><br/>Question QFB14 : The third school in international relations which arose to critique realism and pluralism was the\_\_\_\_\_

<br/>Answer: Structural Theory

<br/><br/>Question QFB15 : Diplomacy is the application of \_\_\_\_\_and tact o the conduct of official relations between the governments'

<br/>Answer: intelligence

<br/><br/>Question QFB16 : <p style="text-align:center">The attainment of constitutional independence does open up a state to\_\_\_\_\_ in international relations<p style="text-align:center">

<br/>Answer: participation

<br/><br/>Question QFB17 : In the middle ages, diplomacy was denoted by the study and preservation of\_\_\_\_\_

<br/>Answer: archives

<br/><br/>Question QFB18 : The functions of a diplomat include representation, negotiation, representation of interest and\_\_\_\_\_

<br/>Answer: reporting

<br/><br/>Question QFB19 : In international relations,\_\_\_\_\_help to advance the beginner's knowledge of the field of the subject matter

<br/>Answer: concepts

<br/><br/>Question QFB20 : Foreign Policy helps to prevent \_\_\_\_\_ between States

<br/>Answer: conflicts

<br/><br/>Question QFB21 : \_\_\_\_\_ is the essence of diplomacy

<br/>Answer: Communication

<br/><br/>Question QFB22 : According to Aaron (1966:7) the \_\_\_\_\_in international relations, in the study of concepts, is an integral part of reality itself."

<br/>Answer: ambiguity

<br/><br/>Question QFB23 : Thomas Hobbes description of the international \_\_\_\_\_has had a major influence on the development of international relations theory

<br/>Answer: state of nature

<br/><br/>Question QFB24 : The Summit to address the effectiveness of the OAU in 1999 was held in\_\_\_\_\_

<br/>Answer: Algiers

<br/><br/>Question QFB25 : On 30 September 1938, the \_\_\_\_\_Agreement was signed and control of the Sudeten-land passed to Germany

<br/>Answer: Munich

<br/><br/>Question QFB26 : The Association of South East Asian Nations was founded in\_\_\_\_\_

<br/>Answer: 1967

<br/><br/>Question QFB27 : Among the great powers\_\_\_\_\_ is more likely in multipolar international systems than in bipolar international systems

<br/>Answer: buck-passing

<br/><br/>Question QFB28 : Like buck-passing, defensive realists see \_\_\_\_\_behaviour as an ultimately self-defeating strategy

<br/>Answer: chain-ganging

<br/><br/>Question QFB29 : The strategy whereby an adversary is made to act in a certain way, but without having to use brute force to secure compliance is

<br/>Answer: coercion

<br/><br/>Question QFB30 : In a global collective security system \_\_\_\_\_are unnecessary

<br/>Answer: alliances

<br/><br/>Question QFB31 : \_\_\_\_\_was the person that popularized communism

<br/>Answer: Karl Marx

<br/><br/>Question QFB32 : Deterrence is another form of\_\_\_\_\_

<br/>Answer: coercion

<br/><br/>Question QFB33 : \_\_\_\_\_West African Countries Signed the ECOWAS

Treaty in the 1975

<br/>Answer: 15

<br/><br/>Question QFB34 : the structural analysis of \_\_\_\_\_ States seems to reflect classical elitist characteristics and structures

<br/>Answer: Third World

<br/><br/>Question QFB35 : \_\_\_\_\_ was the predominant type of political order in Western Europe from the collapse of the Carolingian empire in the A.D.

<br/>Answer: Feudalism

<br/><br/>Question QMC1 : The following are actors in international relations except

<br/>Answer:

<br/><br/>Question QMC2 : According to Hanessian (1966), international politics denotes

<br/>Answer:

<br/><br/>Question QMC3 : The content or scope of international relations is multi-varied because

<br/>Answer:

<br/><br/>Question QMC4 : What year was the achievement of the peoples of Asia and Africa advocated

<br/>Answer:

<br/><br/>Question QMC5 : Palmer and Perkins (2007) concurred that an elementary course in international relations should place more attention on

<br/>Answer:

<br/><br/>Question QMC6 : In international relations, two individuals exchanging warm pleasantries does not denote that they are

<br/>Answer:

<br/><br/>Question QMC7 : The international arena is saturated with a lot of happenings that need to be understood such, including but

<br/>Answer:

<br/><br/>Question QMC8 : It is meet to also understand that many of the problems of international relations are simply

<br/>Answer:

<br/><br/>Question QMC9 : A state must co-inhabit with other states, struggle with these states for limited resources and try within law to

<br/>Answer:

<br/><br/>Question QMC10 : The geographical level of relations could also be understood through the study of

<br/>Answer:

<br/><br/>Question QMC11 : The challenges of global relations are not new and have similarly engaged theorists since the time of

<br/>Answer:

<br/><br/>Question QMC12 : Between what times did liberal internationalism held sway in international relations?

<br/>Answer:

<br/><br/>Question QMC13 : liberal internationalist thought which dominated the discipline of international relations in its early days centred on

<br/>Answer:

<br/><br/>Question QMC14 : What did the international political atmosphere of

the early1930s revealed about liberal ideals?

<br/>Answer:

<br/><br/>Question QMC15 : Andre Gunter Frank is a

<br/>Answer:

<br/><br/>Question QMC16 : The purpose of diplomacy to make available the means and personnel through which what is executed by a country?

<br/>Answer:

<br/><br/>Question QMC17 : Organised diplomatic activity began with the relations among the city-states of

<br/>Answer:

<br/><br/>Question QMC18 : Which Congress made worthwhile contributions toward the standardisation of the field of diplomacy?

<br/>Answer:

<br/><br/>Question QMC19 : Leaders of democratic states are often constrained by which element in launching foreign policies?

<br/>Answer:

<br/><br/>Question QMC20 : When foreign ministers, prime-ministers and even heads of states are directly involved in diplomatic negotiators it is

<br/>Answer:

<br/><br/>Question QMC21 : To foster better diplomatic relations among States, what needs to be established Between Countries?

<br/>Answer:

<br/><br/>Question QMC22 : Modern diplomacy became prominent in the late Middle Ages in

<br/>Answer:

<br/><br/>Question QMC23 : The American and French revolutions brought about certain changes whereby .....were overthrown

<br/>Answer:

<br/><br/>Question QMC24 : The discipline of international relations is led by which thought with others trailing behind?

<br/>Answer:

<br/><br/>Question QMC25 : Which term is most often used to replace states in international relations?

<br/>Answer:

<br/><br/>Question QMC26 : In the study of concepts of international relations, NATO is an example of

<br/>Answer:

<br/><br/>Question QMC27 : The viewpoint that making concessions to an aggressive power(s) will pre-empt the outbreak of war is called

<br/>Answer:

<br/><br/>Question QMC28 : a raging competition between two or more states anxious to extend their militarily advantage is called

<br/>Answer:

<br/><br/>Question QMC29 : Which term was popularised during the Cuban missile crises in 1962 by US diplomats.

<br/>Answer:

<br/><br/>Question QMC30 : The antic used by the US during the Gulf War was

<br/>Answer:

<br/><br/>Question QMC31 : Which system did Capitalism began to replace in about 1400 and 1800?

<br/>Answer:

<br/><br/>Question QMC32 : Cold War began shortly after

<br/>Answer:

<br/><br/>Question QMC33 : At the start of 2006, how many Commonwealth members did not have Queen Elizabeth II as titular head of state

<br/>Answer:

<br/><br/>Question QMC34 : throughout the cold war , USA's strategy of blocking the expansion of Soviet influence was

<br/>Answer:

<br/><br/>Question QMC35 : The former President who developed the idea of creating a West African economic community was from

<br/>Answer: