<pre> <pre> Question MCQ1 : Marketing is a total system of business activities designed to plan, price, promote and distribute want-satisfying goods and services to present and potential customers by Answer: Stanton 1964</pre></pre>
<pre> Question MCQ2 : is someone seeking a resource from someone else and willing to offer something of value in exchange Answer: A marketer</pre>
<pre> Question MCQ3 : In the, for example, competition may have a very negative influence on the enterprise, lowering the profitability of the enterprise and impacting negatively on wage negotiations with the labour force. Answer: Market environment</pre>
<pre> Question MCQ4 : Those weapons used to inform and persuade the markets, regarding a company's products. Answer: Promotion</pre>
<pre> <pre> Question MCQ5 : Intermediaries are gap between the manufacturer and suppliers Answer: Wholesalers</pre></pre>
<pre> Question MCQ6 : In order to ensure the success of an enterprise, the management must take a careful look at the marketing environment using Answer: SWOT analysis</pre>
<pre> <pre> Question MCQ7 : These variables 4Ps are known as controllable <pre> Answer: True</pre></pre></pre>
<pre> Question MCQ8 : A product can be described as goods, services, ideas, people, places, and even organisations that are offered for exchange Answer: True</pre>
<pre> Question MCQ9 : Standardised products and services usually of low unit values that consumers wish to buy immediately as needs arise and with little buying efforts Answer: Convenience Product/goods</pre>
<pre> <pre> Question MCQ10 : Akanbi (2002) classifies industrial products into four Answer: True</br></pre></pre>
<pre> Question MCQ11 : The channel of distribution is used to refer to the various intermediaries who help in moving products from the producer to consumers. Answer: True</pre>
<pre> <pre> Question MCQ12 : Channels of distribution are the most powerful element among marketing mix elements Answer: Very sure</pre></pre>
<pre> Question MCQ13 : For selling perishable products like bread and milk or vegetable, it is important to have channel of distribution Answer: a short</pre>
<pre> Question MCQ14 : The aim of physical distribution is to manage supply chains and value-added flows from suppliers to Answer: final users</pre>
<pre> <pre> Question MCQ15 : Which of the following is not part of product lifecycle? Answer: Braking stage</pre></pre>
<pre> Question MCQ16 : An introduction of a new product is decision</pre>

Answer: Not an easy
<pr/>Question MCQ17 : ______ is defined as the set of controllable, tactical marketing tools that the firm blends together to produce the response it wants in the target market
Answer: Marketing mix
of the activities of physical distribution?
Answer: Promotion
<pr/>Question MCQ19 : Stanton in the year _____ defines a market as people with needs to satisfy, money to spend and willingness to spend it
Answer: 1981

Question MCQ20 : Segmentation is a______ between mass marketing and individual marketing
Answer: Midpoint

Question MCQ21 : This consists of dividing the market into groups based on variables such as age, gender, family size, family life cycle, income, occupation, education, religion, race and nationality
Answer: Demographic Segment
on MCQ22 : A ____ ___ is a word, mark, symbol, device or a combination thereof, used to identify some product or service.
Answer: Brand reports that 'brand is the name, term,
on MC023 : symbol, or design or a combination of these which is employed to identify the goods or services of one seller or group of sellers, and to differentiate them from those of competitors'
Answer: Akanbi
<pr/>Question MCQ24 : _____legal protection as an exclusive use of a particular company
Answer: A Trademark
obr/>Question MCQ25 : Brand management is one of the most important areas of marketing especially with reference to consumer _
Answer: Product

Question MCQ26 : _____ defines packaging as including the activities of designing and producing the container or wrapper for a product.
Answer: Kotler
Question MCQ27 : A label may not be part of a package, or it may be a tag attached indirectly to the product.
Answer: False
or/>Question MCQ28 : Monopolies are constantly reducing due to the following reasons
Answer: All of the options
<pr/>Question MCQ29 : ______ is a market situation characterised by a few sellers, each having an appreciable share in the total output of the commodity.
Answer: Oligopoly
or/>Question MCQ30 : Customary prices may be maintained even when products are
Answer: changed
Question MCQ31 : An experimental study in Nigeria showed that more

after knowing their prices, indicating thereby that price information does have a significant effect on quality perception. Answer: 50 percent
<pre> <pre> Question MCQ32 : Quantity discounts are related to the quantities purchased Answer: Demand</pre></pre>
<pre> Question MCQ33 : The AIDA acronym stands for</pre> <pre> Answer: Attention, Interest, Desire and Action</pre>
<pre> <pre> Question MCQ34 : is a conversation with one or more prospective purchasers for the purpose of making sales. Answer: Oral presentation</pre></pre>
<pre> Question MCQ35 : Communication deals with sharing of</pre>
<pre> Answer: Information</pre>
<pre> <pre> Question MCQ36 : Advertisements for machinery and machine tools form part of</pre></pre>
<pre> Answer: Industry advertising</pre>
<pre> <pre> Question MCQ37 : Advertisement of the ones for footwear, cornflakes or edible oil, form</pre><pre> Answer: Consumer advertising</pre></pre>
<pre> Question MCQ38 : Advertising constitutes one of the four components of a firm's, which in turn forms an integral element of the firm's marketing mix Answer: Promotion mix</pre>
<pre> Question MCQ39 : According to DAGMAR, the communication task of the brand is not to gain (a) awareness, (b) Comprehension, (c) Conviction, (d) Image and, (e) Action br/>Answer: False</pre>
<pre> Question MCQ40 : Publicity, which is essentially aimed at building position image, goodwill or favourable visibility, has acquired a sound footing to assist a company in its marketing</pre>
<pre> <pre> Question MCQ41 : Advertising is an impersonal mass selling and communication</pre><pre> Answer: Method</pre></pre>
<pre> Question MCQ42 : Personal selling is defined as ' in a conversation with or more prospective purchasers for the purpose of making sales' Answer: Oral presentation</pre>
<pre> <pre> <pre> Question MCQ43 : Promotion is an important marketing function of each</pre></pre></pre>
<pre> Answer: Firm</pre>
<pre> Question MCQ44 : defined Marketing research as the systematic, objective and exhaustive search for and study of the facts relevant to any problem in the field of marketing. Answer: Crisp</pre>
<pre> Question MCQ45 : The purpose of marketing research is that it helps to increase the risk associated with the process of decision-making. Answer: False</pre>

<pre> <pre> Question MCQ46 : Which period was science regarded as a body of systematised knowledge? Answer: 1950's-1960's</pre></pre>
<pre> Question MCQ47 : In the, Ford Motor Company in the USA had a 25 per cent share of the automobile market Answer: Mid-1950's</pre>
<pre> Question MCQ48 : Marketing is concerned with identifying and fulfilling customer and wants Answer: Needs</br></pre>
<pre> Question MCQ49 : as a tool for decision-making is gaining wide acceptance Answer: Marketing Research</br></pre>
<pre> Question MCQ50 : In deciding on the sampling size, you have to make a trade-off between the desired accuracy of the results and your Answer: Budget</pre>
<pre> Question FBQ1 : Marketing is a social process by which individuals and groups obtain what they need and want through creating and and value with others (Kotler, 1984). Answer: Exchanging products</br></pre>
$\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\sc concept}}}$ underlying marketing is that of
<pre> Answer: human needs</pre>
<pre> <pre> Question FBQ3 : People have almost but limited resources <pre>Answer: unlimited wants</pre></pre></pre>
<pre> Question FBQ4 : People normally satisfy their wants and needs with offered in the market Answer: Products</pre>
<pre> Question FBQ5 : Specifically, can be defined as an object, service, activity, person, place, organisation or idea. Answer: A product</pre>
<pre> Question FBQ6 : takes place when people decide to satisfy needs and wants through exchange Answer: Marketing</pre>
<pre> Question FBQ7 : is therefore the act of obtaining a desired object from someone by offering something in return Answer: Exchange</pre>
<pre> Question FBQ8 : is a process of creating, maintaining and enhancing strong value-laden relationships with customers and other stockholders. Answer: Relationship marketing</pre>
<pre> Question FBQ9 : is a business philosophy that states what the consumers want - satisfaction - is the economic and social justification for a firm's existence. Answer: Marketing concept</pre>
<pre> Question FBQ10 : The year when the marketing department became well known and so much important in the U. S. A Answer: 1960's</pre>
<pre> <pr></pr>Question FBQ11 : Product planning starts with , idea</pre>

Answer: Idea generation
or/>Question FBQ12 : The marketing environment consists of three components, also called sub-environments, which are known as the microenvironment____ ____ and macro-environment
Answer: Market environment
Question FBQ13 : The micro-environment of an enterprise refers to all the activities that are executed by that _
Answer: Enterprise

Question FBQ14 : Managing the product entails _____ _ the right products and/or services to be marketed by the company's executives
Answer: Planning and developing
<pr/>Question FBQ15 : The variables in micro -environments are product, price, promotion and _
Answer: Distribution
Question FBQ16 : The key variables in the market environment are _ , competitors, intermediaries and suppliers
Answer: Consumers
>or/>ouestion FBQ17 : What do SWOT analysis stand for
Answer: Strengths and Weaknesses of Opportunities for and Threats to the Enterprise
or/>Question FBQ18 : Businesses are set up to produce products or goods
Answer: services

Question FBQ19 : Services are _____ _____ that can provide value and satisfaction and are also classified as products
Answer: Intangible items _ can be described as goods, services,
or/>
Question FBQ20 : ideas, people, places, and even organisations that are offered for exchange
Answer: A Product
<pr/>Question FBQ21 : Stanton, _____ __ defines a product as a set of tangible and intangible attributes including packaging, colour, price, manufacturer's prestige, retailer's prestige, and manufacturer's and retailer's services, which the buyer may accept as offering want-satisfaction
Answer: 1981
question FBQ22 : Products are classified into two types namely: consumer products and
Answer: Industrial products

Question FBQ23 : ____ _____ are generally subject to greater standardization, as against certain consumer products which require frequent changes in fashion and style
Answer: Industrial products ___ is used to refer to the
cbr/>Question FBQ24 : The term ___ various intermediaries who help in moving products from the producer to consumers.
Answer: Channel of distribution
obr/>Question FBQ25 : Distribution is the all-important link between a manufacturer and his

screening and development of a prototype product

Answer: Customers

<pre> Question FBQ26 : is mainly to the ultimate consumer Answer: A retailer</pre>	s defined as a middleman who sells
<pre> Question FBQ27 : At the introduced and thus spend a lot on physical distribution</pre>	
<pre> Question FBQ28 : is deconsumers must pay in exchange for the production of the pr</pre>	efined as the amount of money that uct, service or idea
<pre> Question FBQ29 :is a individual marketing Answer: Segmentation</pre>	a midpoint between mass marketing and
<pre> Question FBQ30 : ca different geographical units such as nations or neighbourhoods Answer: Geographical segmentation</pre>	
<pre> Question FBQ31 : groups based on variables such as age, gende income, occupation, education, religion, rac Answer: Demographic Segmentation</pre>	er, family size, family life cycle,
<pre> Question FBQ32 : The factors that segment include Company thrust, size and gro profitability, risk and Answer: Competition</pre>	
<pre> Question FBQ33 : is combination thereof, used to identify some p Answer: A brand</pre>	
<pre> Question FBQ34 : Kotler (1997:458) activities of designing and producing the co True/False Answer: True</pre>	
<pre> Question FBQ35 : is a few sellers, each having an appreciable sh commodity Answer: Oligopoly</pre>	
<pre> <pre> Question FBQ36 : A broker brings bassists in negotiation. True or False</pre><pre> Answer: True</pre></pre>	ouyers and sellers together and
<pre> Question FBQ37 : Product developmed implementation. True or False Answer: True</pre>	ent involves careful planning and
<pre> Question FBQ38 : are located near residential areas. Answer: Convenience store</br></pre>	e relatively small stores that are
<pre> Question FBQ39 : A poorly designed True or False Answer: True</pre>	d product may experience a slow take.
<pre> <pre> Question FBQ40 : In the</pre></pre>	

<pre> <pre> Question FBQ41 : At the, we have to increase and thus spend a lot on physical distribution and promotion to create awareness and enhance sales.</pre></pre>
<pre> Answer: Introductory stage</pre>
<pre> <pre> Question FBQ42 : Product include only goods and not services. True or False</pre><pre> Answer: False</pre></pre>
<pre> Question FBQ43 :the amount of money that consumers must pay in exchange for the product, service or idea. Answer: Price</pre>
 Question FBQ44 : Distribution is made up ofcomponents. Answer: Two
<pre> <pre> Question FBQ45 : The objective of physical distribution is to move goods to consumers at cost. Answer: Minimum</pre></pre>
<pre> <pre> Question FBQ46 : is the process of dividing the consumers in a given economy into target markets. Answer: Market segmentation</pre></pre>
<pre> <pre> Question FBQ47 : Market segmentation is a philosophy</pre><pre> Answer: customer-oriented</pre></pre>
<pre> <pre> Question FBQ48 : is the last link and the most important intermediary in the chain of distribution. <pre> Answer: Retailer</pre></pre></pre>
<pre> <pre> Question FBQ49 : Retail business originated through the use of engaged in house to house sales. Answer: peddlers</pre></pre>
<pre> Question FBQ50 : carry a narrow product line with a deep assortment with limited line. Answer: Specialty store</pre>