FBQ1: Environment is the region, surroundings or circumstances in which anything exists; everything external to the Answer: Organism
FBQ2: The effective environment is everythingto the organism which effects the fulfillment of that organism. Answer: External
FBQ3: We have natural or physical environment, and man-made or Answer: cultural environment
FBQ4: The increasing interest environmental problems has resulted or led to the birth of a new discipline called Answer: Environmental Science
FBQ5: In environmental science, the orientation is towards Answer: Global problems
FBQ6: Environmental science also includes all directed towards the understanding of the environment particularly, as system. Answer: Science
FBQ7: Fossil fuels take long time to form and therefore Answer: Non-renewable
FBQ8: Ininteraction is on the realms of physical phenomenon. Answer: Geoscience
FBQ9: According to Cook and Weidner (1977), the global concern for human environment started in the year Answer: 1949
FBQ10: On June 5, 1972, the First United Nations Conference on thewas opened at Stockholm. Answer: Human Environment
FBQ11: One of the major achievement of Stockholm Conference was theformulation of a special agency, known as the Answer: United Nations Environmental Programme (UNEP)
FBQ12: In October, 1975, an International Workshop on was held in Belgrade. Answer: Environmental Education
FBQ13: The Tbilisi Recommendations provide a substantial forting for the decision making in Answer: Environmental Education
FBQ14: Agenda 21 programme areas for Environmental Education are based on the fundamental principles established by the Answer: Tbilisi conference
FBQ15: Factors Influencing the Composition of the Atmosphere include, altitude, latitude and Answer: Time
FBQ16: Use of in a sentence renders it less effective due to over-use Answer: Clichés
FBQ17: The structure of the atmosphere refers to stratification or division of the atmosphere using the factors of Answer: Temperature
FBQ18: The various layers or division in the atmosphere are: stratosphere, mesosphere and thermosphere.

Answer: Troposphere FBQ19: This is the second layer of the atmosphere. It extends from an average of _ to ____ km from the earth surface. Answer: 15, 50 FBQ20: The atmosphere serves as a medium for the exchange of ____and ____between the earth and the atmosphere. Answer: Water, heat FBQ21: The lithosphere otherwise known as the earth's crust is made up of two parts know as ____ and __ Answer: SIAL, SIMA FBQ22: Unlike the biosphere and hydrosphere, the energy of the lithosphere is largely independent of____ system Answer: Solar energy FBQ23: Man interactions with the lithosphere result may be _____Or _____ Answer: Positive, Negative FBQ24: Most of the impacts of man on the lithosphere are ___ Answer: Destructive FBQ25: The minerals provided by the lithosphere can be divided into ____ types Answer: Three ___ are created on the landscape when minerals are exploited. Answer: Scars FBQ27: When minerals are exploited by sophisticated means, it can lead to _____ Answer: Air pollution _is the only element which occurs naturally in three states - gaseous, liquid and solid state. Answer: Water FBQ29: The chemical formula for water is____ Answer: H20 ___ concerned with the description, survey and charting of the oceans, sea and coastlines together with the study of tides, currents and winds especially from the point of view of navigation. Answer: Hydrography _ is the scientific study of lakes, fresh water and ponds. It deals with the various physical, chemical and biological conditions and characteristics of water bodies. Answer: Limnology __ is the term used to describe the endless interchange of water between the ocean, air and land. Answer: Water cycle FBQ33: The hydrological cycle consists of the land and ____ phases Answer: Ocean FBQ34: The vapour condenses to give ____ on the land. Answer: Precipitation FBQ35: The biosphere is also referred to as the _____ Answer: organic world

MCQ1: Consumers comprises of the following except

Answer: Genitors

MCQ2: Which of the following layers has air temperature increases with

increasing height Answer: Stratosphere

MCQ3: The scientific study of lakes, fresh water and ponds is called?

Answer: Limnology

MCQ4: The SIMA has a density of?

Answer: 3.0gcm3

MCQ5: The SIAL has an average density of?

Answer: 2.7gcm3

MCQ6: The study of environmental science will stress the understanding of the?

Answer: Natural system

MCQ7: Under continued acid precipitation, a lake gradually loses its _____

Answer: Buffering Capacity

MCQ8: Acid rain major contributors are still

Answer: Human made

MCQ9: The biosphere is also referred to as the

Answer: Organic world

MCQ10: In environmental science the orientation is towards?

Answer: Global problems

MCQ11: The following are major oceans except?

Answer: American ocean

MCQ12: One of the following is among the two types of river floods related to

different causal factors

Answer: Flash flood

MCQ13: ___ is used to describe the sum total of all water on earth

Answer: Hydrosphere

MCQ14: The ecosystem has ____ basic components

Answer: Two

MCQ15: The level at which the troposphere gives way to the stratosphere is known

as the

Answer: Tropopause

MCQ16: _____ study the extend of the ocean basin, the structure and relief of

their floors, the movement of sea water, its temperature and salinity

Answer: Physical oceanography

MCQ17: ____ are those organisms that are able to manufacture food from simple

organic substances.

Answer: Producers

MCQ18: A system of grouping the biosphere is one which recognizes the following

groups except

Answer: Tantaphyta

MCQ19: In october 1975 an international workshop on environmental education was

held in

Answer: Belgrade

MCQ20: The global concern for human environment started in ___ according to cook

and Weidner (1977)

Answer: 1949

MCQ21: The following are objectives of environmental education except

Answer: Theory

MCQ22: The atmosphere can be described as

Answer: Gaseous envelope

MCQ23: According to Strahler and Strahler (1972) environmental science can be

defined as the study of all

Answer: Systems

MCQ24: Environmental Scientist see the earth as a set of interlocking and ____

systems

Answer: Interacting

MCQ25: The description, survey and charting of the oceans, sea and coastlines,

together with the study of tides is referred to as?

Answer: Incineration

MCQ26: The following gases make-up the composition of the atmosphere except

Answer: Arsenic (Ar)

MCQ27: ___ layer of the atmosphere extend from 50km to 80km

Answer: Mesosphere

MCQ28: ___are those organisms that are able to manufacture food from simple

organic substances Answer: Producers

MCQ29: The following are realms of environment except?

Answer: Totosphere

_ layer of the atmosphere extend from 15km to 50km MCQ30: ___

Answer: Stratosphere

 $_{ extsf{L}}$ layer of the atmosphere serves as a medium for the exchange of water

and heat between the earth and the atmosphere.

Answer: Thermosphere

 $\mbox{MCQ32:}\ __$ can be defined as a synthesis or an amalgam weather Answer: Climate

MCQ33: The following are factors influencing the composition of the atmosphere

except?

Answer: Scale

MCQ34: The lithosphere otherwise known as the earth's crust is made up of?

Answer: Two parts

MCQ35: The upper part of the lithosphere is rich in minerals such as?

Answer: Alumina and Silica