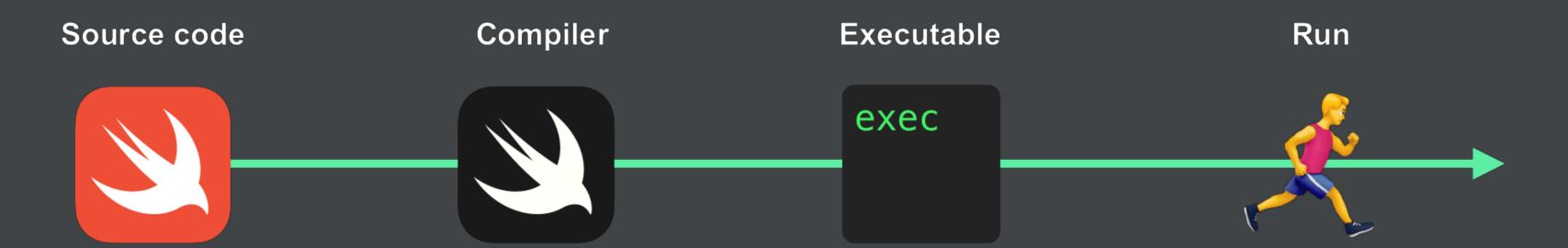
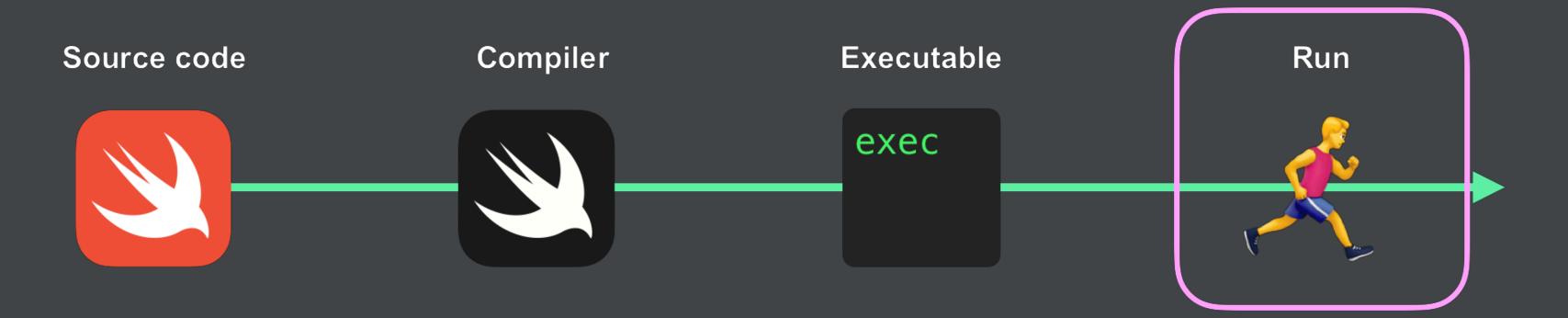
# Swift Type Metadata

@kateinoigakukun try! Swift 2019







let typeName = String(describing: Int.self)

```
extension UITableView {
    func register<Cell>(nibWithCellClass: Cell.Type) where Cell: UITableViewCell {
        let typeName = String(describing: Cell.self)
        let nib = UINib(nibName: typeName, bundle: Bundle.main)
        register(nib, forCellReuseIdentifier: typeName)
    }
}
tableView.register(nibWithCellClass: TweetCell.self)
```

## Agenda

- 1. What is type metadata?
- 2. Explore String(describing: Int.self)
- 3. How to use metadata in Swift
- 4. Use cases in OSS

# What is type metadata?

- Type information in Swift runtime
- Used in Swift internal dynamic behavior
- Metatype is pointer to metadata

```
let metatype: Int.Type = Int.self
```

```
extension String {
  public init<Subject: CustomStringConvertible>(describing instance: Subject) { ... }
  public init<Subject>(describing instance: Subject) { ... }
}
let typeName = String(describing: Int.self) // "Int"
```

```
extension Int.Type: CustomStringConvertible { // Some Cannot extend a metatype 'Int.Type'
    var description: String {
        return "Int"
    }
}
```

#### **SwiftCore**

- Swift standard library
- Fundamental types and interfaces

#### **SwiftRuntime**

- Swift runtime library
- Dynamic behavior

## stdlib/public/core/Mirror.swift

```
struct String {
   public init<Subject>(describing instance: Subject) {
        _print_unlocked(instance, &self)
   }
}
```

## stdlib/public/core/Misc.swift

```
public func _typeName(_ type: Any.Type, qualified: Bool = true) -> String {
   let (stringPtr, count) = _getTypeName(type, qualified: qualified)
   return String._fromUTF8Repairing(
      UnsafeBufferPointer(start: stringPtr, count: count)).0
}

@_silgen_name("swift_getTypeName")
public func _getTypeName(_ type: Any.Type, qualified: Bool) -> (UnsafePointer<UInt8>, Int)
```

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#### Metadata

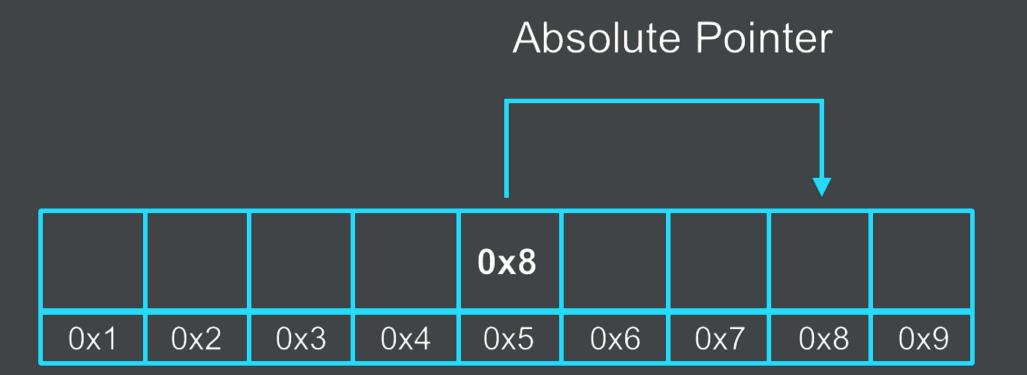
Value Witness Table Kind Value Type Name Nominal Type Descriptor Field Number

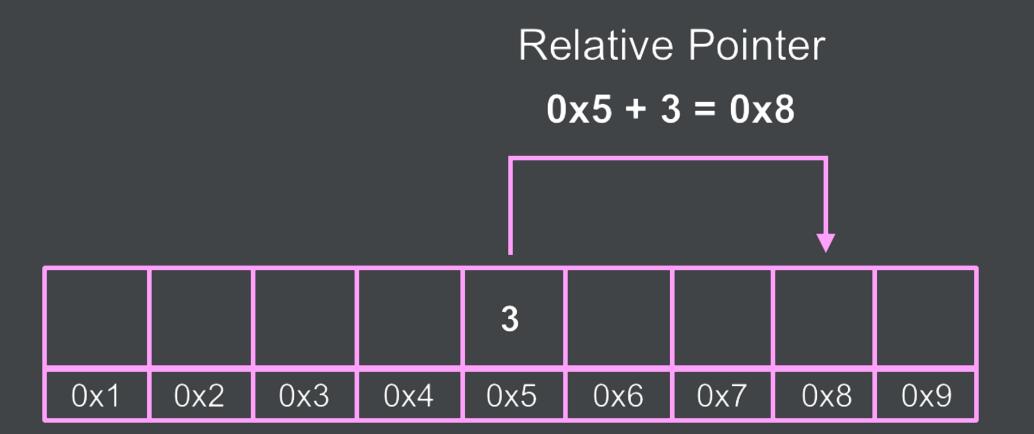
#### Metadata

Value Witness Table Kind Value Type Name Nominal Type Descriptor Field Number

```
struct StructMetadata {
    let kind: Int
    let typeDescriptor: UnsafePointer<StructTypeDescriptor>
struct StructTypeDescriptor {
    let flags: Int32
    let parent: Int32
    let name: RelativePointer (CChar)
```

```
struct StructMetadata {
    let kind: Int
    let typeDescriptor: UnsafePointer<StructTypeDescriptor>
struct StructTypeDescriptor {
    let flags: Int32
    let parent: Int32
    let name: RelativePointer (CChar)
```





let typeName = getTypeName(of: Int.self) // "Int"

## Use cases inside of Swift

- Allocate instance
  - Value Witness Table
- Dynamic method dispatch
  - VTable
- Reflection
  - Mirror API



# Method swizzling

# Method swizzling

```
class Animal {
    func bar() { print("bar") }
    func foo() { print("foo") }
struct ClassMetadata {
    // VTable
    var barRef: FunctionRef
    var fooRef: FunctionRef
```

## Method swizzling

```
class Animal {
    func foo() { print("foo") }
struct ClassMetadata {
    // VTable
    var barRef: FunctionRef
    var fooRef: FunctionRef
```

```
let metadata = unsafeBitCast(
    Animal.self, to: UnsafeMutablePointer<ClassMetadata>.self
let bar = withUnsafeMutablePointer(to: &metadata.pointee.barRef) { $0 }
let foo = withUnsafeMutablePointer(to: &metadata.pointee.fooRef) { $0 }
bar.pointee = foo.pointee
let animal = Animal()
animal.bar() // foo
```

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### Use cases

- Zewo/Reflection
- wickwirew/Runtime
- alibaba/HandyJSON
- kateinoigakukun/StubKit

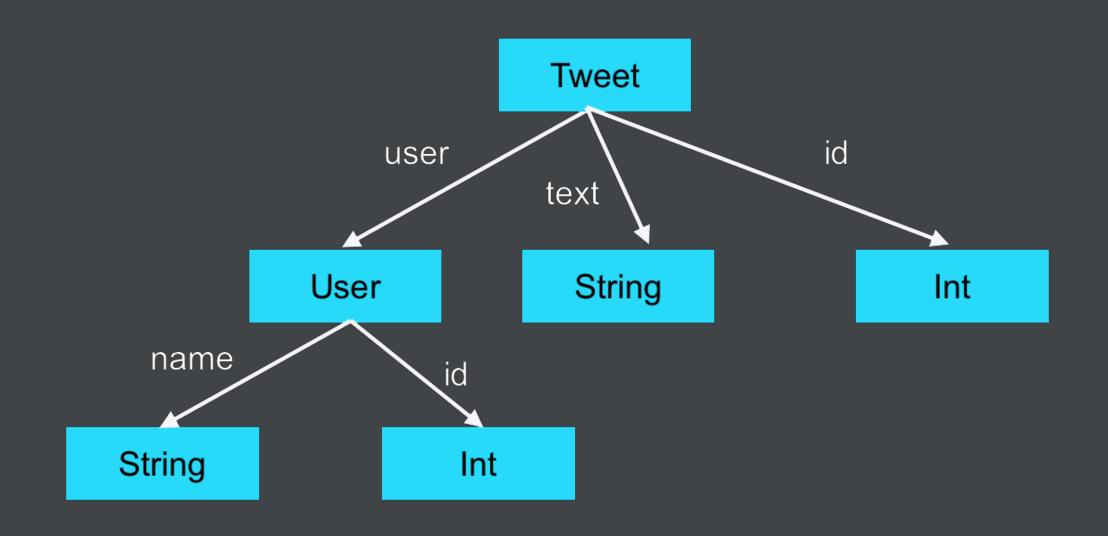
#### alibaba/HandyJSON

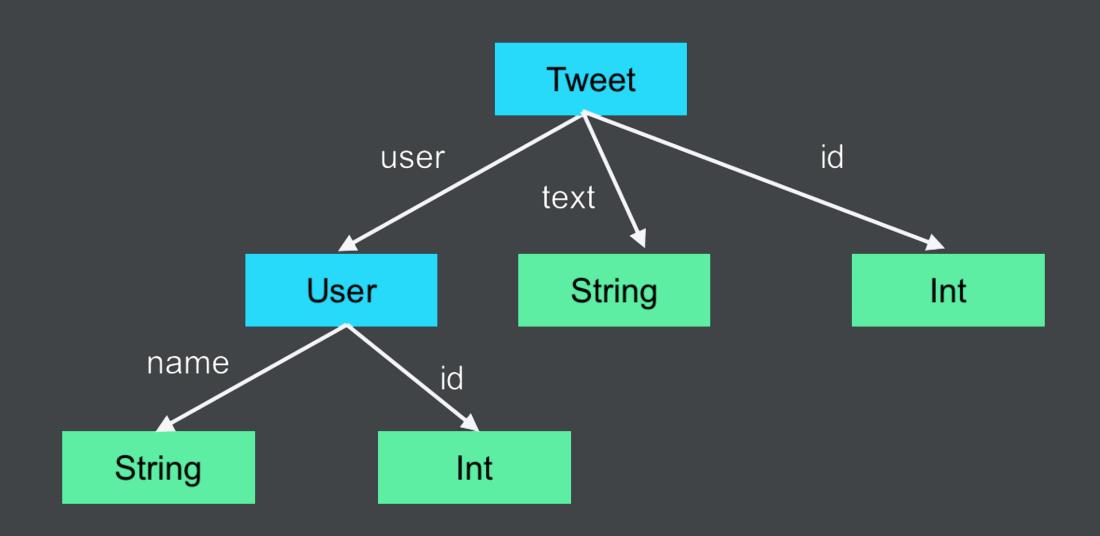
```
struct Item: HandyJSON {
    var name: String = ""
    var price: Double?
    var description: String?
if let item = Item.deserialize(from: jsonString) {
   // ...
```

#### Use cases

- Zewo/Reflection
- wickwirew/Runtime
- alibaba/HandyJSON
- kateinoigakukun/StubKit

```
import StubKit
struct User: Codable {
    let name: String
    let age: UInt
let user = try Stub.make(User.self)
// User(name: "This is stub string", age: 12345)
```





```
func leafStub<T>(of type: T.Type) -> T {
    guard let stubbable = type as? Stubbable else { return nil }
    return type.stub
extension Int: Stubbable {
    var stub: Int { return 12345 }
extension enum: Stubbable { // 🛇 Can't extend
    var stub: Self {
       return enumStub()
```

```
func enumStub<T>(of type: T.Type) -> T? {
    if isEnum(type: type) {
       let rawValue = 0
        let rawPointer = withUnsafePointer(to: rawValue) { UnsafeRawPointer($0) }
       return rawPointer.assumingMemoryBound(to: T.self).pointee
   return nil
func isEnum<T>(type: T.Type) -> Bool {
    let metadata = unsafeBitCast(type, to: UnsafePointer<EnumMetadata>.self).pointee
   return metadata.kind == 1 // kind value of enum is 1
```

```
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### Caution

- ABI stability
- Responsibility

#### Summary

- Swift uses metadata for dynamic behavior
- We can use metadata in Swift
- Let's write meta programming libraries!