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### L5Z3 (3 punkty)

Błąd został popełniony tu:

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{d}{dx} \left( \frac{\cos x}{\sin^2 x} \right) &= \frac{-\sin x \sin^2 x - \cos x 2 \sin x \cos x}{\sin^4 x} = \frac{-\sin x (\sin^2 x + 2 \cos^2 x)}{\sin^4 x} = \\ &= \frac{1 + \cos^2 x}{\sin^3 x} \neq \frac{1 - \cos^2 x}{\sin^3 x} = \frac{\sin^2 x}{\sin^3 x} = \frac{1}{\sin x}\end{aligned}$$

### L5Z4 (10 punktów)

*Dowód.* Skoro  $f(x)$  i  $g(x)$  rosnące to dla dowolnych  $a, b \in [0, 1]$ :

$$(f(a) - f(b))(g(a) - g(b)) \geq 0$$

Dalej:

$$\begin{aligned}&\int_0^1 \int_0^1 (f(x) - f(y))(g(x) - g(y)) dx dy \geq 0 \\&\int_0^1 \int_0^1 (f(x)g(x) + f(y)g(y) - [f(x)g(y) + f(y)g(x)]) dx dy \geq 0 \\(1-0) &\left( \int_0^1 f(x)g(x) dx + \int_0^1 f(y)g(y) dy \right) - \int_0^1 \int_0^1 [f(x)g(y) + f(y)g(x)] dx dy \geq 0 \\&2 \int_0^1 f(x)g(x) dx - \int_0^1 g(y) \left( \int_0^1 f(x) dx \right) dy - \int_0^1 f(y) \left( \int_0^1 g(x) dx \right) dy \geq 0 \\&2 \int_0^1 f(x)g(x) dx - 2 \int_0^1 g(x) dx \int_0^1 f(x) dx \geq 0 \\&\int_0^1 f(x)g(x) dx \geq \int_0^1 g(x) dx \int_0^1 f(x) dx\end{aligned}$$

□