

The arithmetic-geometric mean ($M(a, b)$) of two real numbers ($0 < a < b$) is called the common limit of two sequences, where one sequence monotonically increases, and the other monotonically decreases: $M(a, b) = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} a_n = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} b_n$,

The sequences are defined by recurrence relations:

$$a_0 = a, a_n = \sqrt{a_{n-1} \cdot b_{n-1}}, b_0 = b, b_n = \frac{a_{n-1} + b_{n-1}}{2}, n = 1, 2, \dots$$

Compute ($M(a, b)$) with the maximum possible precision.