Al22S - Homework#1: Search in Pacman

General Idea

Welcome to the world of pacman. This pacman program is based on the classic Ber keley CS188 course. We will use pacman as our HW1 and HW2. In HW1, you are required to implement a Depth First Search pacman to find a fixed food dot.

Detail Info

Files you'll edit:

search.py Where all of your search algorithms will reside. Please finish DFS, BF

S, UCS, A*

Files you must look at:

util.py Useful data structures for implementing search algorithms. Please us

e the data structures here only! Do not import any data structures fr

om other python tools or packages.

Files you might want to look at:

(if you want to understand how pacman works)

pacman.py The main file that runs Pacman games. This file describes a Pacman G

ameState type, which you use in this project.

game.py The logic behind how the Pacman world works. This file describes sev

eral supporting types like AgentState, Agent, Direction, and Grid.

Important note

Please use the data structure in util.py only!

Your search functions need to return a list of actions consist of:

['North', West', 'East', 'South']

That is, a list of **strings**. That will lead the agent from the start to the goal. These actions all have to be legal moves

Problem 1: Depth First Search (DFS) 20pts

1. Run a pacman game by typing

python pacman.py

to terminal. (remember to change directory to pacman folder). You will see tw o ghosts and one pacman. You can use arrow key to control the pacman. But t his fancy game is just for fun. Not related to our HW.

2. Run a search-based pacman game by typing

python pacman.py -l tinyMaze -p SearchAgent -a fn=tinyMazeSearch

You will see pacman moving forward to the food dot. The function tinyMazeSe arch is defined in search.py. However, there is no search algorithm inside tiny MazeSearch. All the action is simply written by us. That is, this function is only suitable for tinyMaze, not for mediumMaze or bigMaze.

Hint: -I means which layout (maze) to use. -p means which pacman agent to run. -a means whi ch algorithm to apply

3. Now your work is to finish the depthFirstSearch function inside the search.py. By calling the following three commands:

```
python pacman.py -l tinyMaze -p SearchAgent -a fn=dfs
python pacman.py -l mediumMaze -p SearchAgent -a fn=dfs
python pacman.py -l bigMaze -z .5 -p SearchAgent -a fn=dfs
The pacman will eat the food dot in tinyMaze, mediumMaze and bigMaze.
```

4. If you are pretty much done with DFS, let's try other test cases by typing: python autograder.py -q q1

Problem 2: Breadth First Search (BFS) 20pts

Step by Step:

- 1. Implement the breadth-first search (BFS) algorithm in the breadthFirstSearch f unction in search.py. Again, write a graph search algorithm that avoids expand ing any already visited states.
- 2. By calling the following three commands:

```
python pacman.py -l tinyMaze -p SearchAgent -a fn=bfs

python pacman.py -l mediumMaze -p SearchAgent -a fn=bfs

python pacman.py -l bigMaze -z .5 -p SearchAgent -a fn=bfs

The pacman will eat the food dot in tinyMaze, mediumMaze and bigMaze.
```

- 3. Compare with DFS, which algorithm find the better path? Is BFS optimal? Does BFS find a least cost solution? Why?

 Hint: From DFS to BFS, there is only a subtle change. You should finish BFS very quickly.
- 4. If you are pretty much done with BFS, let's try other test cases by typing: python autograder.py -q q2

Problem 3: Uniform Cost Search (UCS) 30pts

Step by Step:

- 1. In the section of BFS and DFS, they do not care about the cost. Though BFS will find a fewest-actions path to the goal, we might want to find paths that are "best" in other senses.
- 2. Implement the uniform cost search (ucs) algorithm in the uniformCostSearch f unction in search.py. Is avoiding expanding any already visited states necessar y?

Hint: The cost function is handled automatically. Use problem.getSuccessors() to get the cost of each steps.

- 3. Let's try on mediumMaze first. (the cost of mediumMaze is uniform) python pacman.py -l mediumMaze -p SearchAgent -a fn=bfs python pacman.py -l mediumMaze -p SearchAgent -a fn=ucs What's the difference (Search nodes expanded and Scores) between using bfs and ucs on mediumMaze? Why?
- 4. Let's vary the cost now.

python pacman.py -I mediumDottedMaze -p StayEastSearchAgent
python pacman.py -I mediumScaryMaze -p StayWestSearchAgent
Both StayEastSearchAgent and StayWestSearchAgent will call the uniformCost
Search function in search.py. The only difference is the cost function. The agen
ts and cost functions are written for you, you can take a look in searchAgents.
py

5. If you are pretty much done with UCS, let's try other test cases by typing: python autograder.py -q q3

Problem 4: A star (A*) 30pts

Step by Step:

- 1. Implement A* graph search in the empty function aStarSearch in search.py.
- 2. A* takes a heuristic function as an argument. Heuristics take two arguments: a state in the search problem (the main argument), and the problem itself (for reference information). The nullHeuristic heuristic function in search.py is a trivial example.
- 3. Test your A* implementation on bigMaze using the Manhattan distance heuris tic (implemented already as manhattanHeuristic in searchAgents.py).

 python pacman.py -l bigMaze -z .5 -p SearchAgent -a fn=astar,heuristic=man hattanHeuristic

Hint: If Pacman moves too slowly for you, try the option --frameTime 0.

- 4. Compare with UCS, you should see that A* finds the optimal solution slightly f aster than uniform cost search. (Less nodes expanded than UCS). That's the power of heuristic function!
- 5. If you are pretty much done with A *, let's try other test cases by typing: python autograder.py -q q4

To Check if you Got All the Points:

python autograder.py

Submission Deadline and Method

Language: python2.7

Package: Do not import any other package

Deadline: Monday, 21 MAR 2022 14:20 (UTC+8)

Delay policy: One Day -> points * 0.7

Two Days -> points * 0.5

After Two Days -> 0 point

Everyone has a chance for a one-day late submission this semester!!!

Submission Method:

Upload a zip file to NTU COOL with format:

r12345678_hw1.zip

- r12345678_hw1.py (this is your search.py file)

*Do not include other python file except r123456xx_hw1.py (search.py)

*All file name should be in **lower case** and **only zip file** (No rar and 7zip)

*Incompatible format will not be graded.

Notice: Zero point for plagiarism!!!

(either from internet or copy from classmate)