

```

1 package maze;
2
3 import java.awt.Point;
4 import java.awt.event.ActionEvent;
5 import java.awt.event.ActionListener;
6
7 import javax.swing.Timer;
8
9 import maze.data.MazeContainer;
10 import maze.data.MazeElem;
11 import maze.data.MazeUtils.Direction;
12 import maze.data.MazeUtils.Player;
13 import maze.display.GraphicDisplay;
14 import maze.display.KeyboardListener;
15 import maze.solvers.AStar;
16
17 /**
18  * Game logic for moving the players and selectively showing the solution
19  *
20  * @author Pierre-Andre Mudry, Romain Cherix
21  * @date February 2012
22  * @version 1.4
23  */
24 public class MazeGame {
25
26     public MazeElem[][] maze;
27     int width, height;
28
29     GraphicDisplay gd;
30     MazeContainer mc;
31     KeyboardListener kl;
32
33     /**
34      * By default, you are the first player but this can change..
35      */
36     Player player = Player.PLAYER1;
37
38     MazeGame(MazeContainer mc) {
39         gd = new GraphicDisplay(mc, 12);
40
41         // Link key presses with the actions
42         kl = new KeyboardListener(mc, this);
43         gd.registerKeyListener(kl);
44
45         setNewMaze(mc);
46     }
47
48     /**
49      * Dynamically changes the maze that is displayed
50      *
51      * @param mc
52      */
53     public void setNewMaze(MazeContainer mc) {
54         maze = mc.maze;
55         width = mc.nCellsX;
56         height = mc.nCellsY;
57         this.mc = mc;
58
59         /**
60          * Update graphical maze
61          * FIXME : this should allow mazes of different sizes,
62          * which is not the case now
63          */
64         gd.setNewMaze(mc);
65     }
66
67     /**
68      * Displays the solution on the screen for a player during a whole second
69      *
70      * @param p Which player's solution do you want
71      */
72     public void displaySolution() {
73         Point p1 = findPlayer(player);
74
75         int[][] solution = AStar.solve(mc, p1.x, p1.y);
76         gd.setSolution(solution);
77
78         Timer timer = new Timer(1000, new ActionListener() {
79             public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e) {
80                 gd.clearSolution();
81             }
82         });
83
84         timer.setRepeats(false);
85         timer.start();
86     }

```

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87
88 /**
89  * Call this when you want a new game
90  * @param mazeID
91  */
92 public void generateNewMaze(int mazeID) {
93     this.setNewMaze(new MazeContainer(width, height, mazeID));
94 }
95
96 /**
97  * Gives us the location of player inside the maze
98  *
99  * @param p The player we want
100  * @return The location of the player
101  */
102 private Point findPlayer(Player p) {
103     /**
104      * We go through all the elements
105      */
106     for (int i = 0; i < height; i++) {
107         for (int j = 0; j < width; j++) {
108
109             // TODO Complete this
110             Point point = new Point(0,0);
111             return point;
112         }
113     }
114 }
115
116 // This means that the player hasn't been found
117 // which can happen for instance in single player games
118 return null;
119 }
120
121 /**
122  * Check if some player has reached the exit of the maze
123  */
124 public boolean checkWinner() {
125
126     // TODO Complete this
127
128     return false;
129 }
130
131 /**
132  * Method used to move a player inside the maze
133  *
134  * @param d Which direction do you want to go to ?
135  */
136 public void movePlayer(Direction d) {
137
138     // TODO Complete this
139 }
140
141
142 public static void main(String[] args) {
143     MazeContainer mc = new MazeContainer(10, 10);
144     MazeGame mg = new MazeGame(mc);
145
146     // TODO Students should implement next line
147     // mg.movePlayer(Direction.DOWN);
148
149     // This shows a nice message window
150     JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(null, "Title of the window", "Text of the window !",
151     JOptionPane.INFORMATION_MESSAGE);
152 }
153

```