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1.

1/1 point

Gradient descent for logistic regression

repeat {

$$w_{j} = w_{j} - \alpha \left[\frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^{m} (f_{\overrightarrow{\mathbf{w}},b}(\overrightarrow{\mathbf{x}}^{(i)}) - \mathbf{y}^{(i)}) \mathbf{x}_{j}^{(i)} \right]$$
$$b = b - \alpha \left[\frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^{m} (f_{\overrightarrow{\mathbf{w}},b}(\overrightarrow{\mathbf{x}}^{(i)}) - \mathbf{y}^{(i)}) \right]$$

} simultaneous updates

$$f_{\overrightarrow{\mathbf{w}},b}(\overrightarrow{\mathbf{x}}) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-(\overrightarrow{\mathbf{w}} \cdot \overrightarrow{\mathbf{x}} + b)}}$$

Which of the following two statements is a more accurate statement about gradient descent for logistic regression?

- lacktriangledown The update steps look like the update steps for linear regression, but the definition of $f_{ec{w},b}(\mathbf{x}^{(i)})$ is
- The update steps are identical to the update steps for linear regression.

For logistic regression, $f_{\vec{w},b}(\mathbf{x}^{(i)})$ is the sigmoid function instead of a straight line.