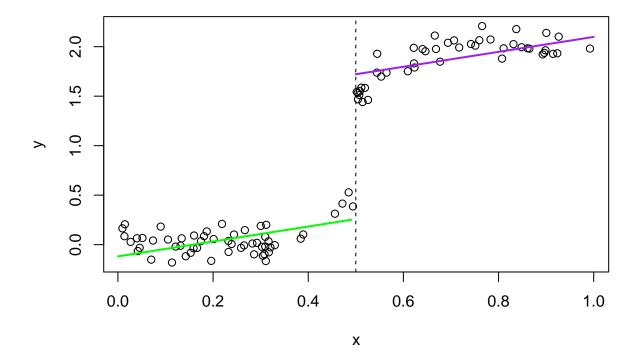
Regression Discontinuity

simulation code

```
set.seed(1234)
n = 100
x = runif(n)
D = 1*(x>=0.5)
y = pnorm(x, 0.5, 0.1) + rnorm(n, sd=0.1) + D
cutoff = 0.5
xtilde = x-cutoff
rd = lm(y~D+xtilde)
coef(rd)
## (Intercept)
                               xtilde
                        D
   0.2587526
               1.4629172
                            0.7543980
summary(rd)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = y ~ D + xtilde)
## Residuals:
                         Median
        Min
                  1Q
## -0.291540 -0.107167 -0.008672 0.112488 0.313228
## Coefficients:
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 0.25875 0.03552
                                   7.284 8.61e-11 ***
                          0.05898 24.802 < 2e-16 ***
## D
              1.46292
## xtilde
              0.75440
                          0.10582 7.129 1.81e-10 ***
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.1442 on 97 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.9765, Adjusted R-squared: 0.976
## F-statistic: 2018 on 2 and 97 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
confint(rd, 'D', level=0.95)
       2.5 % 97.5 %
## D 1.345852 1.579982
```

```
plot(x,y)
abline(v=cutoff,lty=2)
x2 = seq(0,cutoff-0.01,0.01)
y2 = predict(rd, newdata = data.frame(xtilde=x2-cutoff,D=1 * (x2>=cutoff)))
points(x2, y2, type='l', col='green',lwd=2)

x3=seq(cutoff,1,0.01)
y3=predict(rd,newdata=data.frame(xtilde=x3-cutoff,D=1*(x3>=cutoff)))
points(x3, y3, type= 'l', col='purple',lwd=2)
```



cutoff = 0.5 E[Y0|X] when D =0, E[Y0|X] when D = 1 95 percent confidence interval: 1.345852 1.579982 true mean is not equal to 0. It is very significant.

linear RD model to estimate the causal exect of legal access to alcohol on death rates.

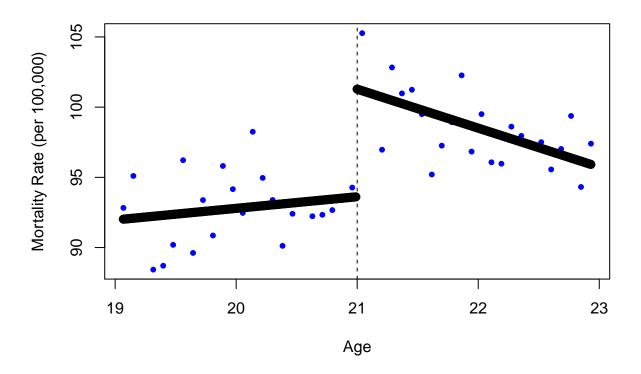
```
library(magrittr)
library(dplyr)

## Registered S3 methods overwritten by 'tibble':
## method from
## format.tbl pillar
## print.tbl pillar
## Attaching package: 'dplyr'
```

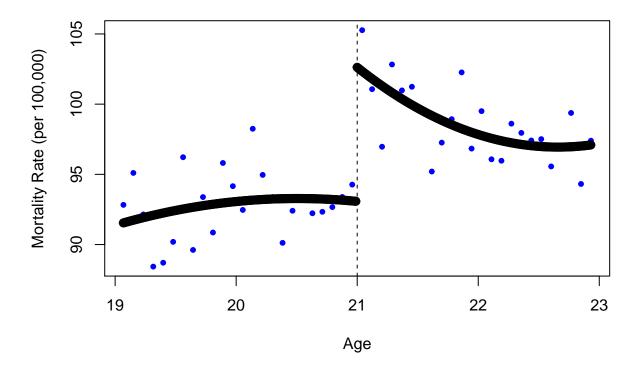
```
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
      filter, lag
##
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
       intersect, setdiff, setequal, union
mlda = read.csv('mlda.csv')
mlda = mlda %>% mutate(age = agecell - 21,
                      over21 = 1 * (agecell >= 21))
linear = lm(all ~ over21 + age + age:over21, mlda)
summary(linear)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = all ~ over21 + age + age:over21, data = mlda)
##
## Residuals:
             1Q Median
     Min
                           3Q
                                 Max
## -4.368 -1.787 0.117 1.108 5.341
##
## Coefficients:
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
##
## (Intercept) 93.6184
                        0.9325 100.399 < 2e-16 ***
## over21
               7.6627
                           1.3187 5.811 6.4e-07 ***
                0.8270
                                   1.010 0.31809
## age
                           0.8189
## over21:age -3.6034
                           1.1581 -3.111 0.00327 **
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 2.283 on 44 degrees of freedom
     (2 observations deleted due to missingness)
## Multiple R-squared: 0.6677, Adjusted R-squared: 0.645
## F-statistic: 29.47 on 3 and 44 DF, p-value: 1.325e-10
quadratic rather than linear specification.
quadratic = lm(all ~ over21 + age + I(age^2) +
                 age:over21 + I(age^2):over21, mlda)
summary(quadratic)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = all ~ over21 + age + I(age^2) + age:over21 + I(age^2):over21,
##
      data = mlda)
##
## Residuals:
      Min
               1Q Median
                               3Q
## -4.3343 -1.3946 0.1849 1.2848 5.0817
## Coefficients:
```

```
##
                   Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                  93.0729
                               1.4038 66.301 < 2e-16 ***
                                       4.809 1.97e-05 ***
## over21
                    9.5478
                               1.9853
                   -0.8306
                               3.2901 -0.252
                                                 0.802
## age
## I(age^2)
                   -0.8403
                               1.6153 -0.520
                                                 0.606
## over21:age
                   -6.0170
                               4.6529 -1.293
                                                 0.203
## over21:I(age^2)
                    2.9042
                               2.2843
                                       1.271
                                                 0.211
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 2.285 on 42 degrees of freedom
     (2 observations deleted due to missingness)
## Multiple R-squared: 0.6821, Adjusted R-squared: 0.6442
## F-statistic: 18.02 on 5 and 42 DF, p-value: 1.624e-09
make_RD_plot = function(reg, dat, inc = 0.01){
  plot(all ~ agecell, dat, xlab = 'Age',
       ylab = "Mortality Rate (per 100,000)",
       pch = 20, col = 'blue')
  abline(v = 21, lty = 2)
  x_min = min(dat$agecell)
  x_max = max(dat\$agecell)
  x2 = seq(x_min, 21 - inc, inc)
  x3 = seq(21, x_max, inc)
  y2 = predict(reg, data.frame(age = x2 - 21,
                                     over21 = 1 * (x2 \ge 21))
 y3 = predict(reg, data.frame(age = x3 - 21,
                                    over21 = 1 * (x3 >= 21)))
  points(x2, y2, lwd = 2)
  points(x3, y3, lwd = 2)
```

make_RD_plot(linear, mlda)



make_RD_plot(quadratic, mlda)



RD analysis by restricting your sample to ages between 20 and 22:

```
mlda2 = read.csv('mlda2.csv')
linear2 = lm(all ~ agecell , mlda2)
summary(linear2)
```

```
##
## Call:
  lm(formula = all ~ agecell, data = mlda2)
##
## Residuals:
##
       Min
                1Q Median
                                3Q
                                       Max
  -5.0443 -2.0938 -0.7953 1.7555
                                   9.1335
##
##
## Coefficients:
##
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 65.1067
                           13.7982
                                     4.718 3.97e-05 ***
## agecell
                 1.4746
                            0.6415
                                     2.299
                                            0.0278 *
##
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 3.286 on 34 degrees of freedom
     (2 observations deleted due to missingness)
## Multiple R-squared: 0.1345, Adjusted R-squared: 0.1091
## F-statistic: 5.285 on 1 and 34 DF, p-value: 0.02779
```

The age between 20-22 is less significant than only the age over 21. And the R-squared is lower than before.

```
quadratic2 = lm(all ~ agecell + I(agecell^2), mlda2)
summary(quadratic2)
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = all ~ agecell + I(agecell^2), data = mlda2)
##
## Residuals:
##
      Min
               1Q Median
                               3Q
                                      Max
## -3.9355 -2.2183 -0.1095 1.5780 7.9750
##
## Coefficients:
##
                Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
                           351.7477 -2.710 0.01059 *
## (Intercept) -953.2820
## agecell
                                      2.942 0.00593 **
                 96.3885
                            32.7673
## I(agecell^2)
                 -2.2080
                             0.7622 -2.897 0.00664 **
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
## Residual standard error: 2.978 on 33 degrees of freedom
     (2 observations deleted due to missingness)
## Multiple R-squared: 0.31, Adjusted R-squared: 0.2682
## F-statistic: 7.413 on 2 and 33 DF, p-value: 0.002192
```