

Administrivia

HW4 Wednesday

Project 2 due next Monday

Midterm 2 next Monday in class

Format

cumulative

question booklet + answer sheet

1 page cheat sheet

Conflict Serializability

def: possible to swap non-conflicting operations to derive a serial schedule.

\forall conflicting operations O1 of T1, O2 of T2

O1 always before O2 in the schedule or

O2 always before O1 in the schedule

	1	2	3	4	
T1:	R(A)	W(A)	R(B)	W(B)	
	5	6	7	8	
T2:	R(A)	W(A)	R(B)	W(B)	Logical

Conflicts
16,25,26,38,47,48

Logical

	1	2	3	4
T1:	R(A)	W(A)	R(B)	W(B)
	5	6	7	8
T2:	R(A)	W(A)	R(B)	W(B)

Serializable

	1	2		3	4
T1:	R(A)	W(A)		R(B)	W(B)
			5		
T2:			R(A)	W(A)	
					7
					R(B)
					8
					W(B)

Logical

	1	2	3	4
T1:	R(A)	W(A)	R(B)	W(B)
	5	6	7	8
T2:	R(A)	W(A)	R(B)	W(B)

Not Serializable

	1	2	3	4	
T1:	R(A)	W(A)	R(B)	W(B)	
					6
T2:		R(A)	W(A)		
					7
					R(B)
					8
					W(B)

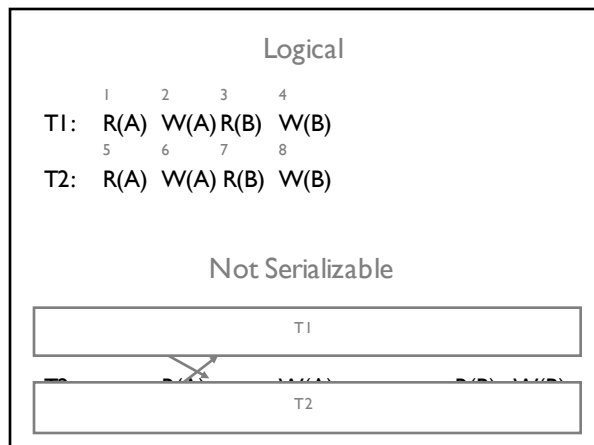
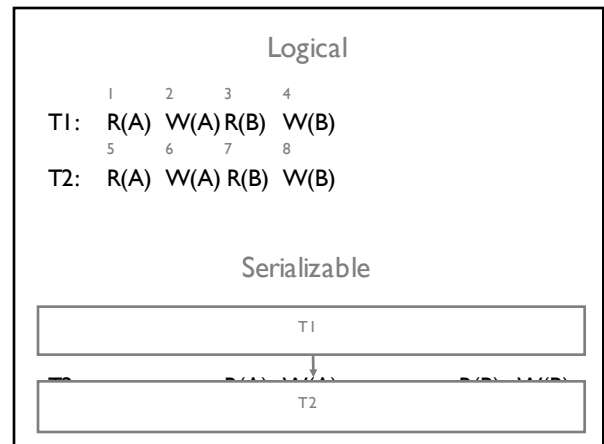
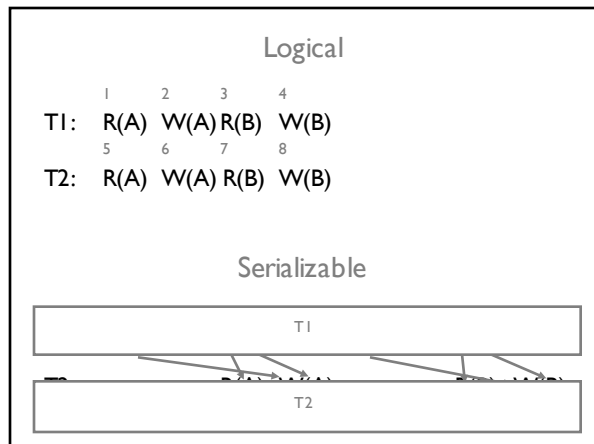
Conflict Serializability

Transaction Precedence Graph

Edge $T_i \rightarrow T_j$ if:

1. T_i read/write A before T_j writes A or
2. T_i writes some A before T_j reads A

If graph is acyclic (does not contain cycles) then conflict serializable!



Fine, but what about COMMITing?

T1	R(A)	W(A)		R(B)	ABORT
T2			R(A)	COMMIT	

Not recoverable

Promised T2 everything is OK. IT WAS A LIE.

T1	R(A)	W(B)	W(A)		ABORT
T2			R(A)	W(A)	

Cascading Rollback.

T2 read uncommitted data → T1's abort undoes T1's ops & T2's

Lock-based Concurrency Control

Must get a shared(read) or exclusive(write) lock BEFORE op
If other xact has lock, can get if lock table says so

YES

				T1
	Allowed?	S	X	
T2		S	Y	N
		X	N	N

Can this schedule happen?

T1	R(A)	W(A)		R(B)	ABORT
T2			R(A)	COMMIT	

Lock-based Concurrency Control

Two-phase locking (2PL)

Growing phase: acquire locks
Shrinking phase: release locks

shrink here

T1	R(A)	W(B)	W(A)		ABORT
T2			R(A)	W(A)	

Uh Oh, same problem

Lock-based Concurrency Control

Strict two-phase locking (Strict 2PL)

Growing phase: acquire locks

Shrinking phase: release locks

Hold onto locks until commit/abort



Why? Which problem does it prevent?

T1 R(A) W(B) W(A) ABORT

T2 R(A) W(A)

Guarantees serializable schedules! Avoids cascading rollbacks!

HW 4 due Wednesday
beginning of class, hard copy (2:30pm)

sample final solutions up

some corrections to practice problem solutions

extra OH Friday – 5pm?

Final next Wednesday in class

Review

Issues

TR: dirty reads

RW: unrepeatable reads

WW: lost writes

Schedules

Equivalence

Serial

Serializable

Serializability

Conflict serializability

how to detect

Conflict Serializable Issues

Not recoverable

Cascading Rollback

Strict 2 phase locking