Homework 2

Due Wednesday Sep 16

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Problem 1

I finished the Primers titled "Work with Data" and "Tidy Your Data" on Rstudio cloud.

Problem 2

Rmarkdown of this HW is opened.

Problem 3

While I was working on this Homework, I was not able to commit the changes I made through trial and error and regretted not having a backup. I was going back and forth on which tidy version of data might work for me and for some problems, I lost my code when I made the changes and had to start over on it. As was pointed out in the two links to StackOverflow on why we should use version control, such issues could easily be addressed using version control i.e git.

Problem 4

a.

We are looking for sensory data from five operators from Wu and Hamada's book: $http://www2.isye.gatech.\\ edu/~jeffwu/wuhamadabook/data/Sensory.dat$

First of all, we will get the data from the link above:

```
## getting http://www2.isye.gatech.edu/~jeffwu/wuhamadabook/data/Sensory.dat

url <- "http://www2.isye.gatech.edu/~jeffwu/wuhamadabook/data/Sensory.dat"
sensorydata_raw<- fread(url, data.table = FALSE, fill = TRUE, skip = 2, header = FALSE)
saveRDS(sensorydata_raw, "sensorydata_raw.RDS")
#Saves the object in it's native format without the name: When importing, it is easier for us.
sensorydata_raw <- readRDS("sensorydata_raw.RDS")</pre>
```

Need to tidy the data, basic issue is we need items, operators and each of their sensory data on the 10 items are columns.

```
#if the first condition is T, return the index value
Na <- which(is.na(sensorydata_raw$V6),arr.ind=T)</pre>
df <- cbind(rep(1:10, each = 2), sensorydata raw[Na,])</pre>
df$V6 <- NULL
#create a clone data frame of the raw data, to get a better aligned raw data
# and not change the original raw data.
new_sensorydata_raw <- sensorydata_raw</pre>
new_sensorydata_raw[Na,] <- df</pre>
colnames(new_sensorydata_raw) <- c("Item","Operator1","Operator2","Operator3","Operator4","Operator5")</pre>
as.data.frame(head(new_sensorydata_raw))
##
     Item Operator1 Operator2 Operator3 Operator4 Operator5
## 1
                4.3
                           4.9
                                      3.3
## 2
                4.3
                           4.5
                                      4.0
                                                5.5
                                                           3.3
        1
## 3
                4.1
                           5.3
                                      3.4
                                                5.7
                                                           4.7
        1
        2
                           5.3
                                                5.9
## 4
                6.0
                                      4.5
                                                           4.7
                           6.3
                                                5.5
## 5
        2
                4.9
                                      4.2
                                                           4.9
## 6
        2
                6.0
                           5.9
                                      4.7
                                                6.3
                                                           4.6
Operator <- stack(new_sensorydata_raw[,2:6])</pre>
sensorydata_tidy_br <- data.frame(Item=rep(new_sensorydata_raw$Item, 5),</pre>
                                    as.character(Operator[,2]), as.numeric(Operator[,1]))
colnames(sensorydata_tidy_br) <- c('Item', "Operator", "sensorydata")</pre>
sensorydata tidy br <- sensorydata tidy br[sort(sensorydata tidy br$Operator,decreasing=F,
                                                   index.return=T)[[2]],]
head(sensorydata_tidy_br)
##
     Item Operator sensorydata
## 1
        1 Operator1
        1 Operator1
## 2
                             4.3
        1 Operator1
## 3
                             4.1
        2 Operator1
## 4
                             6.0
## 5
        2 Operator1
                             4.9
## 6
        2 Operator1
                             6.0
```

We have converted the dataframes to tidy dataframes using the base functions. Here is a summary of the data:

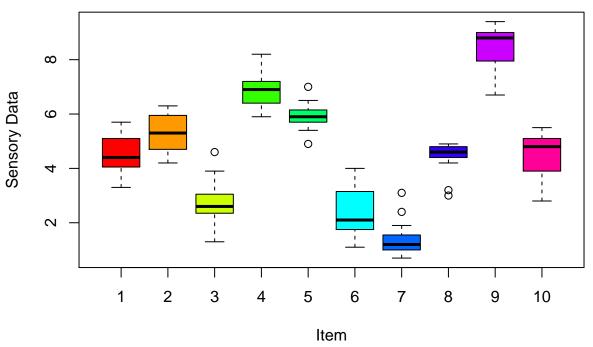
Item	Operator1	Operator2	Operator3	Operator4	Operator5
Min.: 1.0	Min. :0.900	Min. :1.500	Min. :0.800	Min. :0.900	Min. :0.700
1st Qu.: 3.0	1st Qu.: 2.850	1st Qu.: 3.450	1st Qu.: 2.650	1st Qu.: 3.925	1st Qu.:2.250
Median: 5.5	Median $:4.550$	Median $:4.950$	Median $:4.150$	Median $:5.400$	Median $:4.600$
Mean: 5.5	Mean $:4.593$	Mean $:5.063$	Mean $:4.167$	Mean $:5.193$	Mean $:4.267$
3rd Qu.: 8.0	3rd Qu.:5.950	3rd Qu.:6.225	3rd Qu.:5.400	3rd Qu.:6.275	3rd Qu.:5.800
Max. :10.0	Max. $:9.000$	Max. :9.200	Max. $:9.000$	Max. :9.400	Max. :8.800

Item	Operator	sensorydata
Min.: 1.0	Length:150	Min. :0.700
1st Qu.: 3.0	Class:character	1st Qu.:3.025
Median: 5.5	Mode :character	Median :4.700
Mean: 5.5	NA	Mean $:4.657$

Item	Operator	sensorydata
3rd Qu.: 8.0	NA	3rd Qu.:6.000
Max. :10.0	NA	Max. :9.400

Then our boxplot of Item to sensory data is:

Sensory data from five operators



```
# filter the rows with NAs, remove the last column and create a dataframe df1
df1 <- sensorydata_raw %>%
filter(is.na(sensorydata_raw$V6)) %>%
  select(V1:V5)
colnames(df1) <- c("Operator1", "Operator2", "Operator3", "Operator4", "Operator5")</pre>
#filter the rows without NAs, remove the first column that stores the Item numbers
#and create a dataframe df2
df2 <- sensorydata_raw %>%
  filter(!is.na(V6)) %>%
  select(V2:V6)
colnames(df2) <- c("Operator1", "Operator2", "Operator3", "Operator4", "Operator5")</pre>
#create the new raw with repeating item and union
new_sensorydata_raw <- data.frame(cbind(c(rep(1:10, each=2), 1:10), union(df1,df2)))</pre>
colnames(new_sensorydata_raw) <- c("Item", "Operator1", "Operator2", "Operator3", "Operator4", "Operator5</pre>
#tidy the new raw data.
 sensorydata_tidy_tv <-
 new_sensorydata_raw %>%
   gather(key = "Operator", value = "sensorydata", Operator1, Operator2, Operator3, Operator4,
          Operator5) %>%
   arrange(Operator, Item)
```

head(sensorydata_tidy_tv)

```
##
     Item Operator sensorydata
        1 Operator1
## 1
## 2
        1 Operator1
                            4.1
## 3
        1 Operator1
                            4.3
        2 Operator1
                            4.9
        2 Operator1
## 5
                            6.0
        2 Operator1
                            6.0
```

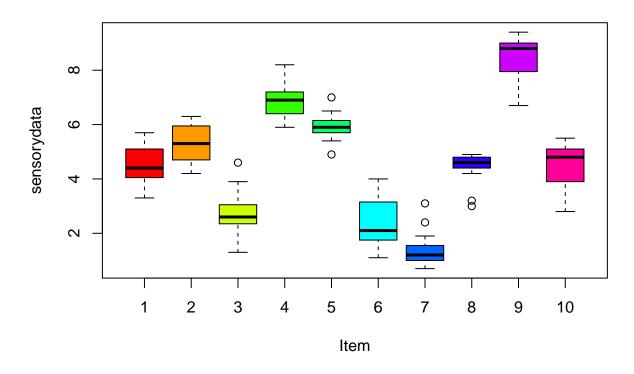
We have converted the dataframes to tidy dataframes using the tidy verse functions. Here is a summary of the data:

Item	Operator1	Operator2	Operator3	Operator4	Operator5
Min.: 1.0	Min. :0.900	Min. :1.500	Min. :0.800	Min. :0.900	Min. :0.700
1st Qu.: 3.0	1st Qu.:2.850	1st Qu.: 3.450	1st Qu.:2.650	1st Qu.: 3.925	1st Qu.:2.250
Median: 5.5	Median $:4.550$	Median $:4.950$	Median $:4.150$	Median $:5.400$	Median $:4.600$
Mean: 5.5	Mean $:4.593$	Mean $:5.063$	Mean $:4.167$	Mean $:5.193$	Mean $:4.267$
3rd Qu.: 8.0	3rd Qu.:5.950	3rd Qu.:6.225	3rd Qu.:5.400	3rd Qu.:6.275	3rd Qu.:5.800
Max. $:10.0$	Max. $:9.000$	Max. $:9.200$	Max. :9.000	Max. :9.400	Max. $:8.800$

Item	Operators	sensorydata
Min.: 1.0	Length:150	Min. :0.700
1st Qu.: 3.0	Class :character	1st Qu.:3.025
Median: 5.5	Mode :character	Median $:4.700$
Mean: 5.5	NA	Mean $:4.657$
3rd Qu.: 8.0	NA	3rd Qu.:6.000
Max. :10.0	NA	Max. $:9.400$

Then our boxplot of Item to sensory data is:

Sensory data from five operators



b.

We are looking at the Gold Medal performance for Olympic Men's Long Jump, year is coded as 1900=0 from Wu and Hamada's book: http://www2.isye.gatech.edu/~jeffwu/wuhamadabook/data/LongJumpData.dat

First, we will get the data from the link above:

```
## getting http://www2.isye.gatech.edu/~jeffwu/wuhamadabook/data/LongJumpData.dat
url <- "http://www2.isye.gatech.edu/~jeffwu/wuhamadabook/data/LongJumpData.dat"
LongJumpData_raw<- fread(url, header = FALSE, fill = TRUE, skip = 1)
saveRDS(LongJumpData_raw, "LongJumpData_raw.RDS")
#Saves the object in it's native format without the name: When importing, it is easier for us.
LongJumpData_raw <- readRDS("LongJumpData_raw.RDS")</pre>
```

Need to tidy the data, basic issues are Year and Longjump are columns, need to push them into column.

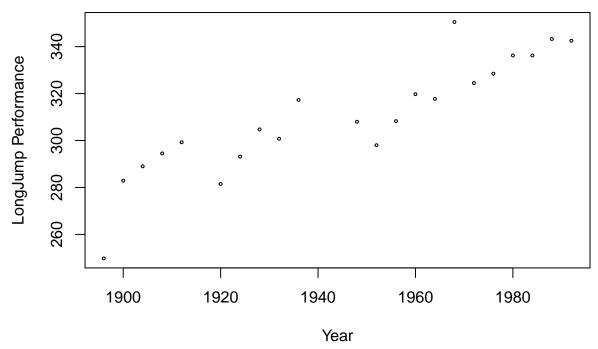
```
Year <- c(LongJumpData_raw$'V1', LongJumpData_raw$'V3', LongJumpData_raw$'V5', LongJumpData_raw$'V7')
LongJumpData <- c(LongJumpData_raw$V2, LongJumpData_raw$V4, LongJumpData_raw$V6, LongJumpData_raw$V8)
Year <- as.numeric(Year)
LongJumpData <- as.numeric(LongJumpData)
Year <- Year + 1900
longjump_tidy_br <- cbind(Year, LongJumpData)
longjump_tidy_br <- longjump_tidy_br[1:22,]
longjump_tidy_br <- as.data.frame(longjump_tidy_br)
head(longjump_tidy_br)
```

We have converted the dataframes to tidy dataframes using the base functions. Here is a summary of the data:

Year	LongJumpData
Min. :1896 1st Qu.:1921 Median :1950 Mean :1945 3rd Qu.:1971	Min. :249.8 1st Qu.:295.4 Median :308.1 Mean :310.3 3rd Qu.:327.5
Max. :1992	Max. :350.5

Then our plot of year to Gold Medal performance for Olympic Men's Long Jump is:

Gold Medal performance for Olympic Mens Long Jump



```
lj_year<-
LongJumpData_raw %>%
  gather(key = "Vector2", value = "Year", 'V1','V3','V5','V7', convert = TRUE)%>%
  select(Year)%>%
  slice(1:(n()-2))%>% #cuts off the NAs at the end
  mutate(Year = 1900 + Year)

lj_data<-
LongJumpData_raw %>%
```

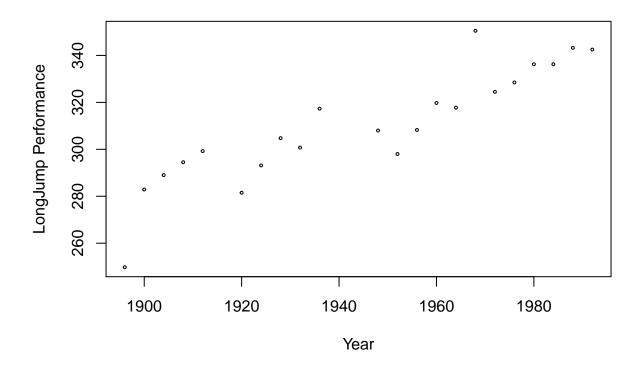
```
gather(key = "Vector1", value = "LongJumpData", 'V2','V4','V6','V8', convert = TRUE) %>%
select(LongJumpData)%>%
slice(1:(n()-2)) #cuts off the NAs at the end
longjump_tidy_tv <- cbind(lj_year, lj_data)
head(longjump_tidy_tv)</pre>
```

We have converted the dataframes to tidy dataframes using the tidyverse functions. Here is a summary of the data:

Year	LongJumpData
Min. :1896	Min. :249.8
1st Qu.:1921	1st Qu.:295.4
Median $:1950$	Median $:308.1$
Mean:1945	Mean $:310.3$
3rd Qu.:1971	3rd Qu.:327.5
Max. :1992	Max. $:350.5$

Then our plot of year to Gold Medal performance for Olympic Men's Long Jump is:

Gold Medal performance for Olympic Mens Long Jump



c.

We are looking at brain weight (g) and body weight (kg) for 62 species from Wu and Hamada's book: http://www2.isye.gatech.edu/~jeffwu/wuhamadabook/data/BrainandBodyWeight.dat

First, we will get the data from the link above:

```
## getting http://www2.isye.gatech.edu/~jeffwu/wuhamadabook/data/BrainandBodyWeight.dat
url <- "http://www2.isye.gatech.edu/~jeffwu/wuhamadabook/data/BrainandBodyWeight.dat"
brainandbodyweight_raw<- fread(url, header = FALSE, fill = TRUE, skip = 1)
saveRDS(brainandbodyweight_raw, "brainandbodyweight_raw.RDS")
#Saves the object in it's native format without the name: When importing, it is easier for us.
brainandbodyweight_raw <- readRDS("brainandbodyweight_raw.RDS")</pre>
```

Need to tidy the data, basic issues are brain weight and body weight are columns, need to push them into column.

```
bodyweight <- c(brainandbodyweight_raw$'V1', brainandbodyweight_raw$'V3', brainandbodyweight_raw$'V5')
brainweight <- c(brainandbodyweight_raw$V2, brainandbodyweight_raw$V4, brainandbodyweight_raw$V6)
bodyweight <- as.numeric(bodyweight)
brainweight <- as.numeric(brainweight)
brainandbodyweight_tidy_br <- cbind(bodyweight, brainweight)
brainandbodyweight_tidy_br <- brainandbodyweight_tidy_br[1:62,]
brainandbodyweight_tidy_br <- as.data.frame(brainandbodyweight_tidy_br)</pre>
head(brainandbodyweight_tidy_br)
```

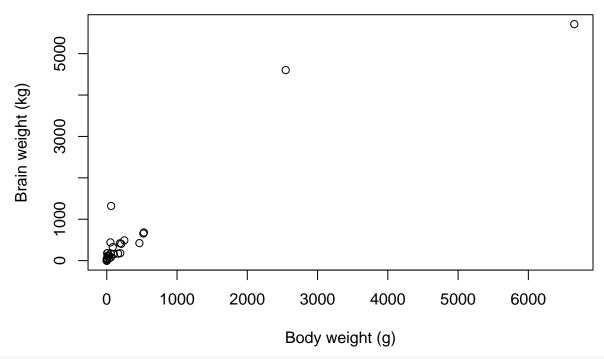
```
bodyweight brainweight
## 1
          3.385
                        44.5
## 2
          0.480
                        15.5
## 3
          1.350
                         8.1
## 4
        465.000
                       423.0
         36.330
## 5
                       119.5
         27,660
                       115.0
```

We have converted the dataframes to tidy dataframes using the base functions. Here is a summary of the data:

bodyweight	brainweight
Min.: 0.005	Min.: 0.10
1st Qu.: 0.600	1st Qu.: 4.25
Median: 3.342	Median: 17.25
Mean: 198.790	Mean: 283.13
3rd Qu.: 48.202	3rd Qu.: 166.00
Max. :6654.000	Max. :5712.00

Then our plot of Brain weight (g) and body weight (kg) for 62 species:

Brain weight (g) and body weight (kg) for 62 species



```
bodyweight<-
brainandbodyweight_raw %>%
  gather(key = "Vector2", value = "bodyweight", V1, V3, V5, convert = TRUE)%>%
  select(bodyweight)%>%
  slice(1:(n()-1)) #cuts off the NAs at the end

brainweight<-
  brainandbodyweight_raw %>%
  gather(key = "Vector1", value = "brainweight", V2, V4, V6, convert = TRUE)%>%
  select(brainweight)%>%
  slice(1:(n()-1)) #cuts off the NAs at the end

brainandbodyweight_tidy_tv <- cbind(bodyweight, brainweight)

head(brainandbodyweight_tidy_tv)</pre>
```

```
bodyweight brainweight
##
## 1
          3.385
                         44.5
## 2
          0.480
                         15.5
## 3
          1.350
                          8.1
        465.000
                        423.0
## 4
## 5
         36.330
                        119.5
                        115.0
         27.660
```

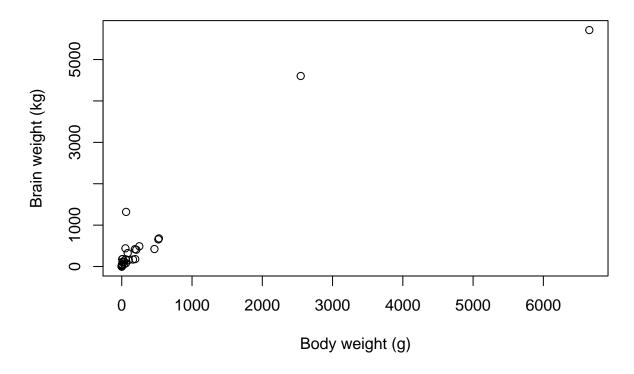
We have converted the dataframes to tidy dataframes using the tidy verse functions. Here is a summary of the data:

bodyweight	brainweight	
Min.: 0.005	Min.: 0.10	

bodyweight	brainweight
1st Qu.: 0.600	1st Qu.: 4.25
Median: 3.342	Median: 17.25
Mean: 198.790	Mean: 283.13
3rd Qu.: 48.202	3rd Qu.: 166.00
Max. :6654.000	Max. :5712.00

Then our plot of Brain weight (g) and body weight (kg) for 62 species:

Brain weight (g) and body weight (kg) for 62 species



d.

First, we will get the data from the link above:

```
## getting http://www2.isye.gatech.edu/~jeffwu/wuhamadabook/data/tomato.dat

url <- "http://www2.isye.gatech.edu/~jeffwu/wuhamadabook/data/tomato.dat"

tomato_raw<- fread(url)</pre>
```

```
## Warning in fread(url): Detected 3 column names but the data has 4 columns (i.e.
## invalid file). Added 1 extra default column name for the first column which is
## guessed to be row names or an index. Use setnames() afterwards if this guess
## is not correct, or fix the file write command that created the file to create a
## valid file.
```

```
saveRDS(tomato_raw, "tomato_raw.RDS")
#Saves the object in it's native format without the name: When importing, it is easier for us.
tomato_raw <- readRDS("tomato_raw.RDS")</pre>
```

Need to tidy the data, basic issue is we need a column of different densities, two column of measurements for each type of tomato and a column called M number to keep track of which of 3 measurement for each density we are looking at.

```
#create a dataframe called tomato_tidy where there is 3 of the tomatovariety, the string of
# their measurements, and densities.
tomato_tidy_br <- data.frame(TomatoVariety=rep(tomato_raw$V1, 3),</pre>
                           stack(tomato raw[,-1]))
colnames(tomato_tidy_br) <- c("TomatoVariety", "V1", "Density")</pre>
# we will now try to separate the string of measurement into individual measurements
M <- data.frame(strsplit(head(tomato_tidy_br$V1), ','))</pre>
colnames(M) <- c("1", "2", "3", "4", "5", "6")
rownames(M) <- c("M1", "M2", "M3")
M <- as.data.frame(t(M))</pre>
#Separate the measurements into columns of measurements for Tomato type 1 and type 2
Type1 <- as.data.frame(stack(M[c(1,3,5),]))
colnames(Type1) <- c("Ife1", "M_number")</pre>
# Since the measurement number is redundant, remove one column out of two M numbers
Type1$M number <- NULL
Type2 <- as.data.frame(stack(M[c(2,4,6),]))
colnames(Type2) <- c("PusaEarlyDwarf", "M_number")</pre>
# bind the two types together into one dataframe
df <- as.data.frame(cbind(Type1, Type2))</pre>
#change the type of the variables to reflect true type.
df$Ife1 = as.numeric(df$Ife1)
df$PusaEarlyDwarf=as.numeric(df$PusaEarlyDwarf)
df1 <- as.data.frame(subset(df, select = c(Ife1, PusaEarlyDwarf)))</pre>
df2 <- as.data.frame(subset(df, select = M_number))</pre>
#create a dataframe with column of density values and dataframe with the rest of the information
subset.df = data.frame(Density=rep(c(1000, 2000, 3000), 3))
subset.df <- as.data.frame(subset.df)</pre>
new.df <- data.frame(cbind(df2, df1))</pre>
# bind the density, m number, and measurements of the two types of tomatoes and reoder the
# rows of the dataframe to look more like the tidyverse dataframe(since I did that first)
# for easy comparison reason.
tomato_tidy_br <- cbind(subset.df, new.df)</pre>
colnames(tomato_tidy_br) <- c("Density", "M number", 'Ife1', "PusaEarlyDwarf")</pre>
tomato_tidy1 <- data.frame(tomato_tidy_br[c(1,4,7),])</pre>
tomato_tidy2 <- data.frame(tomato_tidy_br[c(2,5,8),])</pre>
tomato tidy3 <- data.frame(tomato tidy br[c(3,6,9),])
tomato_tidy_br <- data.frame(rbind(tomato_tidy1,tomato_tidy2,tomato_tidy3))</pre>
#the automated row index was showing up as out of order. For aesthetics, I removed it.
rownames(tomato_tidy_br) <- NULL</pre>
```

head(tomato_tidy_br)

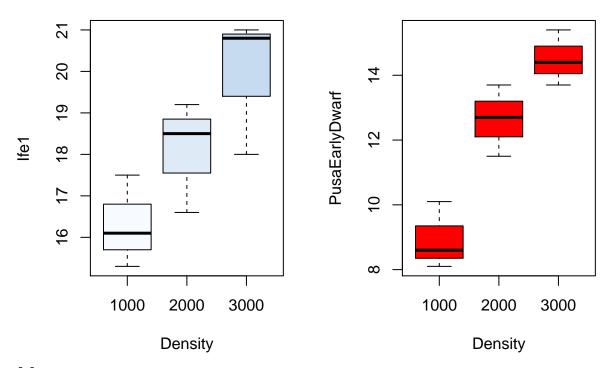
```
##
     Density M.number Ife1 PusaEarlyDwarf
## 1
        1000
                    M1 16.1
## 2
        1000
                    M2 15.3
                                         8.6
## 3
        1000
                    M3 17.5
                                        10.1
## 4
        2000
                    M1 16.6
                                        12.7
## 5
        2000
                    M2 19.2
                                        13.7
        2000
## 6
                    M3 18.5
                                        11.5
```

We have converted the dataframes to tidy dataframes using the base functions. Here is a summary of the data:

Density	M.number	Ife1	PusaEarlyDwarf
Min. :1000	M1:3	Min. :15.30	Min.: 8.10
1st Qu.:1000 Median :2000	M2:3 M3:3	1st Qu.:16.60 Median :18.00	1st Qu.:10.10 Median :12.70
Mean :2000	NA	Mean :18.11	Mean :12.02
3rd Qu.:3000 Max. :3000	NA NA	3rd Qu.:19.20 Max. :21.00	3rd Qu.:13.70 Max. :15.40

Then our plot of density to measurements of tomato yield for two varieties of tomatoes:

Measurements of tomato yield for two types of tomatoes



[1] "Measurements of tomato yield for two types of tomatoes"

```
tomato_tidy_tv <-
tomato_raw %>%
gather(key = "Density", value = "Measurements", -V1, convert = TRUE) %>%
rename(TomatoVariety = V1) %>%
```

```
separate(Measurements, into = c("M1", "M2", "M3"), sep = ',', convert = TRUE) %>%
gather(key = "M number", value = "Measurements", 3,4,5)%>%
spread(key = TomatoVariety, value = Measurements)
## Warning: Expected 3 pieces. Additional pieces discarded in 1 rows [2].
```

```
## Warning: Expected 3 pieces. Additional pieces discarded in 1 rows [2].
colnames(tomato_tidy_tv) <- c('Density', "M.number", "Ife1", "PusaEarlyDwarf")
head(tomato_tidy_tv)</pre>
```

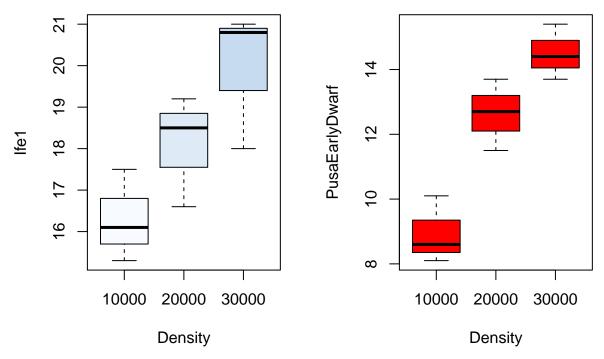
```
Density M.number Ife1 PusaEarlyDwarf
                   M1 16.1
## 1
       10000
## 2
       10000
                   M2 15.3
                                       8.6
## 3
       10000
                   M3 17.5
                                      10.1
       20000
                   M1 16.6
                                      12.7
## 5
       20000
                   M2 19.2
                                      13.7
## 6
       20000
                   M3 18.5
                                      11.5
```

We have converted the dataframes to tidy dataframes using the tidy verse functions. Here is a summary of the data:

Density	M.number	Ife1	PusaEarlyDwarf
Min. :10000 1st Qu.:10000	Length:9 Class :character	Min. :15.30 1st Qu.:16.60	Min.: 8.10 1st Qu.:10.10
Median :20000	Mode :character	Median :18.00	Median :12.70
Mean :20000 3rd Qu.:30000	NA NA	Mean :18.11 3rd Qu.:19.20	Mean :12.02 3rd Qu.:13.70
Max. :30000	NA	Max. :21.00	Max. :15.40

Then our plot of density to measurements of tomato yield for two varieties of tomatoes:

Measurements of tomato yield for two types of tomatoes



[1] "Measurements of tomato yield for two types of tomatoes"

Problem 5

Finish this homework by pushing your changes to your repo. In general, your workflow for this should be:

- 1. git pull to make sure you have the most recent repo
- 2. In R: do some work
- 3. git add this tells git to track new files
- 4. git commit make message INFORMATIVE and USEFUL
- 5. git push this pushes your local changes to the repo

If you have difficulty with steps 1-5, git is not correctly or completely setup. See me for help.