The caa package*

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Abstract

This package provides macros for type setting computer-aided assessments. It was developed at the University of South ampton.

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1 Introduction

This package was developed in order to ease the type setting of computer-aided assessments in \LaTeX

^{*}This document corresponds to ${\sf caa}$ v0.1, dated 2020/03/29.

2 Usage

Just like any other package, you need to request this package with a \usepackage command in the preamble. So in the simpler case (i.e., without any options), one just types

```
\usepackage{caa} to load the package.
```

2.1 Package Options

Answers. Loading package with the answers option will enable the answer and explanation for the questions.

```
\usepackage[answers]{caa}
```

Colouring Option. Loading package with the colour or color options will enable the colour for indication of answers.

```
\usepackage[answers, colour]{caa}
```

2.2 Typesetting a Question Bank.

Using the caa package, ones can develop a question bank, and different exams can be drawn from the question bank. Typically, we use a style file for this purpose. For example, the following sample-bank.sty files contains some questions multiple choice questions.

```
\NeedsTeXFormat{LaTeX2e}\relax
\ProvidesPackage{sample-bank}
    [2020/03/29 v0.1 Package for sample question banks]
\RequirePackage{caa}
\num\newcommand{\SampleQuestion1}{%
  \newquestion{Question01}{1}{%
   This is an easy question.
    \begin{multiplechoice}
      \distractor{A distractor 1}
      \distractor{Another distractor 2}
      \keyed{A keyed answer}
      \distractor{Another distractor 3}
    \end{multiplechoice}
}
\num\newcommand{\SampleQuestion2}{%
  \newquestion[Medium] {Question02} {2} {%
   This is a medium question.
```

```
\begin{multiplechoice}
      \dropdown{Entry 1}{\correct{option1}, \incorrect{option2},
        \incorrect{option3}, \incorrect{option4}}
      \dropdown{Entry 2}{\incorrect{option1}, \incorrect{option2},
        \incorrect{option3}, \correct{option4}}
      \dropdown{Entry 3}{\incorrect{option1}, \correct{option2},
        \incorrect{option3}, \incorrect{option4}}
      \dropdown{Entry 4}{\incorrect{option1}, \incorrect{option2},
        \correct{option3}, \incorrect{option4}}
    \end{multiplechoice}
 }
}
\num\newcommand{\SampleQuestion3}{%
  \newquestion[Easy]{Question03}{1}{%
    This is a easy question.
    \begin{multiplechoice}
      \dropdown{Entry 1}{\correct{option1}, \incorrect{option2},
        \incorrect{option3}, \incorrect{option4}}
      \dropdown{Entry 2}{\incorrect{option1}, \incorrect{option2},
        \incorrect{option3}, \correct{option4}}
      \dropdown{Entry 3}{\incorrect{option1}, \correct{option2},
        \incorrect{option3}, \incorrect{option4}}
      \dropdown{Entry 4}{\incorrect{option1}, \incorrect{option2},
        \correct{option3}, \incorrect{option4}}
    \end{multiplechoice}
 }
}
\num\newcommand{\SampleQuestion4}{%
  \newquestion[Hard]{Question04}{4}{%
   This is a hard question.
    \begin{multiplechoice}
      \dropdown{Entry 1}{\correct{option1}, \incorrect{option2},
        \incorrect{option3}, \incorrect{option4}}
      \dropdown{Entry 2}{\incorrect{option1}, \incorrect{option2},
        \incorrect{option3}, \correct{option4}}
      \dropdown{Entry 3}{\incorrect{option1}, \correct{option2},
        \incorrect{option3}, \incorrect{option4}}
      \dropdown{Entry 4}{\incorrect{option1}, \incorrect{option2},
        \correct{option3}, \incorrect{option4}}
    \end{multiplechoice}
  }
```

2.3 Typesetting an Exam Using the Question Bank

An exam can be typeset by selecting the questions from the question bank by import the sample-bank package.

```
\usepackage{sample-bank}

To produce the list of questions, we use the nomencl package.
\usepackage{nomencl}
\renewcommand{\nomname}{List of Questions}
\makenomenclature
```

A summary for the set of question can by type set using printcategory to print the number of questions and the number of mark in each category. The following

```
\begin{table}[!htbp]
  \centering
  \begin{tabular}{|1|1|}
    \hline
    Category & Stats \\
    \hline
    \emph{Easy} & \printcategory{Easy} \\
    \emph{Medium} & \printcategory{Medium} \\
    \emph{Hard} & \printcategory{Hard} \\
    \hline
    \emph{\textbf{Total}} & \printcategory{Total} \\
    \hline
  \end{tabular}
  \caption{Summary}
  \label{tab:summary}
\end{table}
```

will produce something like this.

Category	Stats
Easy	2 questions (2 marks)
Medium	1 question (2 marks)
Hard	1 question (4 marks)
Total	4 questions (8 marks)

Table 1: Summary

The question can be typeset by using the question macros defined earlier in the question bank. For example, the following

```
\SampleQuestion1
will produce (with answers and colour options enabled)
```

This is an easy question.

Question01 (Easy) [1 mark]

- X A distractor 1
- X Another distractor 2
- ✓ A keyed answer
- × Another distractor 3

Similarly, the following

\SampleQuestion2

will produce (with answers and colour options enabled)
Question02 (Medium) [2 marks]

This is a medium question.

- Entry 1: ✓option1, Xoption2, Xoption3, Xoption4
- Entry 2: Xoption1, Xoption2, Xoption3, ✓option4
- Entry 3: Xoption1, ✓option2, Xoption3, Xoption4
- Entry 4: Xoption1, Xoption2, ✓option3, Xoption4

Furthermore,

\SampleQuestion3

will produce (with answers and colour options enabled) Question03 (Easy) [1 mark]

This is a easy question.

- Entry 1: \(\square\) option1, \(\square\) option2, \(\square\) option3, \(\square\) option4
- Entry 2: Xoption1, Xoption2, Xoption3, ✓option4
- Entry 3: Xoption1, ✓option2, Xoption3, Xoption4
- Entry 4: Xoption1, Xoption2, ✓option3, Xoption4

and, finally

\SampleQuestion4

will produce (with answers and colour options enabled) Question04 (Hard) [4 marks]

This is a hard question.

- Entry 1: ✓option1, Xoption2, Xoption3, Xoption4
- Entry 2: Xoption1, Xoption2, Xoption3, ✓option4
- Entry 3: Xoption1, ✓option2, Xoption3, Xoption4
- Entry 4: Xoption1, Xoption2, ✓option3, Xoption4

The list of questions can be produced using the following command from the nomencl package. The following

\printnomenclature

will produce

List of Questions

Question01 (Easy) 1 mark

Question02 (Medium) 2 marks

Question03 (Easy) 1 mark

Question04 (Hard) 4 marks

2.4 Compilation

The statistics for the each category require two compilation passes. The list of questions requires a run of makeindex. So the following steps requires to compile an exam (assuming that we use pdflatex).

```
1. pdflatex <exam>
```

- 2. makeindex <exam>.nlo -s nomecl.ist -o <exam>.nls
- 3. pdflatex <exam>
- 4. pdflatex <exam>

3 Implementation

3.1 Package Dependencies

Our implementation uses numdef package for macros with numbering suffix.

\RequirePackage{numdef}

We use nomencl package to produce the list of the questions.

\RequirePackage{nomencl}

For colours, we use xcolor package.

\RequirePackage{xcolor}

We use pifont for checked mark and crossed mark.

\RequirePackage{pifont}

To store the total number of questions, we use crossreftools package.

\RequirePackage{crossreftools}

We use ifthen package for conditional statements.

\RequirePackage{ifthen}

Finally, we use etoolbox to get access to LaTeX front-end to e-TeX primitives.

\RequirePackage{etoolbox}

3.2 Package Options

We define some options for typesetting the questions.

3.2.1Answers option

We first declare some internal macros that can be updated when the answers package option is enabled.

\explanation

Command \explanation is used to typeset the explanation to the answer. By default, this is disabled, i.e., it gobbles the argument. It is enabled when the package option answers is set.

\newcommand{\explanation}[1]{}

multiplechoice

We create a new environment for multiple choice question. It is the same as itemize.

\newenvironment{multiplechoice}{\begin{itemize}}{\end{itemize}}

Command \keyed is used to typeset keyed answers in multiple choice question. By default, it shows the the input argument. When the answers package option is enabled, a checked mark is used to indicate it is the keyed answer.

```
\newcommand{\keyed}[1]{\item #1}
```

\distractor

Command \distractor is used to typeset distractor answers in multiple choice question. By default, it shows the the input argument. When the answers package option is enabled, a crossed mark is used to indicate it is the distractor answer.

```
\newcommand{\distractor}[1]{\item #1}
```

\dropdown

Command \dropdown can be used to typeset dropdown answers in multiple choice question.

```
\newcommand{\dropdown}[2]{%
  \item \emph{#1}: #2
```

\correct Command \correct is used to typeset correct options in dropdown answers. By default, it shows the the input argument. When the answers package option is enabled, a checked mark is used to indicate it is the correct option.

```
\newcommand{\correct}[1]{#1}
```

\incorrect

Command \incorrect is used to typeset incorrect options in dropdown answers. By default, it shows the the input argument. When the answers package option is enabled, a crossed mark is used to indicate it is the incorrect answer.

```
\newcommand{\incorrect}[1]{#1}
```

We now redefine the above macros when the answers package option is enabled.

```
\DeclareOption{answers}{
```

```
\renewcommand{\explanation}[1]{\textbf{Explanation:}\\#1}
\renewcommand{\keyed}[1]{\item[\cmark] #1}
\renewcommand{\distractor}[1]{\item[\xmark] #1}
\renewcommand{\correct}[1]{\cmark #1}
\renewcommand{\incorrect}[1]{\xmark #1}
```

3.2.2 Colouring option

We first declare some internal macros that can be updated when accordingly to the option for colouring.

\cmark Command \cmark is used to indicate the keyed answer or correct option in multiple choice question. When the package options colour or color is enabled, it is also coloured accordingly.

\newcommand{\cmark}{\textcolor{\CAA@cmarkcolour}{\ding{51}}}%

\mark Command \mark is used to indicate the distractor answer or incorrect option in multiple choice question. When the package options colour or color is enabled, it is also coloured accordingly.

\CAA@cmarkcolour

Command \CAA@cmarkcolour is used as the colour for the checked mark. By default, it is black. When the colour option is enabled, the colour is set to green.

\newcommand{\CAA@cmarkcolour}{black}

\CAA@xmarkcolour

Command \CAA@xmarkcolour is used as the colour for the crossed mark. By default, it is black. When the colour option is enabled, the colour is set to red.

\newcommand{\CAA@xmarkcolour}{black}

\setcmarkcolour

Command \setcmarkcolour is used to redefine the colour for the checked mark.

\newcommand{\setcmarkcolour}[1]{%
 \renewcommand{\CAA@cmarkcolour}{#1}%
}%

\setxmarkcolour

Command \setxmarkcolour is used to redefine the colour for the crossed mark.

```
\newcommand{\setxmarkcolour}[1]{%
  \renewcommand{\CAA@xmarkcolour}{#1}%
}%
```

We now define the colour option and set the different colours accordingly.

```
\DeclareOption{colour}{
  \setcmarkcolour{green}%
  \setxmarkcolour{red}%
}
```

Additionally, we define the color package option as an alias of colour.

```
\DeclareOption{color}{
  \ExecuteOptions{colour}
}
```

3.2.3 Execution of options

We are now execute the options by executing \ProcessOptions command. \ProcessOptions

3.3 Typesetting Questions

We define macros for typesetting questions for computer-aided assessments.

3.3.1**Question Categories**

\newcategory

We group questions into categories and we track the number of questions and the marks allocated in each category. As a result, we create two counters for each newly created category.

```
\newcommand{\newcategory}[1]{%
  \newcounter{#1}
  \setcounter{#1}{0}
  \newcounter{#1mark}
  \setcounter{#1mark}{0}
```

We create some default categories Easy for easy difficulty questions, Medium for medium difficulty questions, Hard for hard difficulty questions, and Total for the all questions.

```
A category for easy questions.
 Easy category
                   \newcategory{Easy}
Medium category A category for medium questions.
                   \newcategory{Medium}
```

Hard category A category for hard questions.

\newcategory{Hard}

Total category A category for all questions.

\newcategory{Total}

\addtocategory An utiltiy macro is created to add a question and its marks to the category.

```
\newcommand{\addtocategory}[2]{%
  \refstepcounter{#1}
  \CAA@save{#1}{\arabic{#1}}
  \addtocounter{#1mark}{#2}
  \CAA@save{#1mark}{\arabic{#1mark}}
}
```

3.3.2 **Create Questions**

This macro is to create a question. Each question has a label, marks, category, and content. The question and its marks are added to the given category. The total number of questions and marks are increased accordingly. The nomenclature is updated with the question and its marks.

```
\newcommand{\newquestion}[4][Easy]{%
  \listadd{\CAA@list}{#2}%
  \addtocategory{#1}{#3}
  \addtocategory{Total}{#3}
  \left\{ \frac{43}{3} = 1 \right\}
    \nomenclature{#2 (#1)~~~~}{#3 mark}%
    \nomenclature{#2 (#1)~~~~}{#3 marks}%
  }%
  \noindent\textbf{#2 (#1)} [\CAA@plural{#3}{mark}]\\%
}%
```

3.3.3**Question Summary**

We first create some utility macros for produce the question summary, e.g., the number of questions or marks in a certain category.

\CAA@save

This macro save the value of a counter to a reference. The value can be loaded using CAA@load in the next compilation.

```
\newcommand{\CAA@save}[2]{%
  \crtcrossreflabel*{#2}[#1]%
```

\CAA@load This macro load the value of a counter from a reference.

```
\newcommand{\CAA@load}[2]{%
  \setcounter{#1}{\crtrefnumber{#2}}
```

In the case where the reference is not found when loading, e.g., in the first compilation, the value which is set to the counter is 0 as specified by the following command.

\crtrefundefinedtext{0}% Returns 0 for undefined references!

\CAA@ifstrequal

This macro provides a wrapper for \ifstrequal to ensure that the first argument is properly expanded.

 $\verb|\command{\CAA@ifstrequal}{\command{$

This macro is to print the number with singular/plural noun.

```
\newcommand{\CAA@plural}[3][]{%
  \CAA@ifstrequal{#1}{}{%
    \left\{ 1\right\} = 1\right\} = 1\right\} = 1
    \left| \frac{42 + 3}{42 + 1} \right|
  }%
}%
```

\CAA@pluralref This macro is to print the number with singular/plural noun.

```
\newcounter{CAA@temp}
\newcommand{\CAA@pluralref}[3][]{%
  \CAA@load{CAA@temp}{#2}
  \CAA@ifstrequal{#1}{}{%
    \ifthenelse{\value{CAA@temp} = 1}{\arabic{CAA@temp} #3}{\arabic{CAA@temp} #3s}%
    \ifthenelse{\value{CAA@temp} = 1}{\arabic{CAA@temp} #3}{\arabic{CAA@temp} #1}%
  }%
}%
```

\printcategory

This macro print the information about a category (i.e., the number of questions and the number of marks.

```
\newcommand{\printcategory}[1]{%
  \CAA@pluralref{#1}{question} (\CAA@pluralref{#1mark}{mark})
}%
```

Change History

v0.1		\setcmarkcolour: Initial version	
\addtocategory: Initial version	9	\setxmarkcolour: Initial version .	8
\cmark: Initial version		\xmark: Initial version	7
\correct: Initial version		General: Initial version	1
\distractor: Initial version		Easy⊔category: Initial version	8
\dropdown: Initial version		Hard category: Initial version	
\explanation: Initial version		Medium_category: Initial version	
\incorrect: Initial version			
\keyed: Initial version		Total $_{\sqcup}$ category: Initial version	
\newcategory: Initial version	8	multiplechoice: Initial version	6

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Numbers written in italic refer to the page where the corresponding entry is described; numbers underlined refer to the definition; numbers in roman refer to the pages where the entry is used.

$\begin{array}{ccccc} \mathbf{A} \\ \texttt{\ \ \ } & 9, \underline{9} \\ \texttt{\ \ \ \ \ } & 9 \end{array}$	E \Easy_category \dots $\underline{8}$ \emph \dots 4, 7 environments:	\newcategory $8, \underline{8}$ \newquestion $2, 3, \underline{9}$ \noindent 9 \nomname 3
${f C}$	multiplechoice 6	\num 2, 3
\CAA@cmarkcolour . $7, \underline{7}$ \CAA@ifstrequal $\underline{9}, 10$	\ExecuteOptions \dots 8 \explanation \dots 6, 7	P
\CAA@list 9		\printcategory $4, \underline{10}$
\CAA@load $\dots \dots 9, 10$	Н	\printnomenclature 5
\CAA@plural 9, <u>10</u>	\Hard_category $\underline{8}$	\ProvidesPackage 2
\CAA@pluralref 10, <u>10</u>	I	R
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\centering 3	K	$\SampleQuestion \dots 2-5$
\cmark 7, <u>7</u> \correct 2, 3, 7, <u>7</u>	\keyed $\dots 2, \underline{6}, 7$	\setcmarkcolour 7,8
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\c crtrefundefinedtext 9	\Medium_category 8	\textbf 4, 7, 9
	multiplechoice (envi-	
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\ding 7	•	
\distractor \dots 2, $\underline{6}$, 7	${f N}$	\mathbf{X}
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