

IC150

Lecture 26: Spreadsheets

Timothy Gonsalves
SCEE, IIT Mandi

Spreadsheets

- A simple yet powerful computational tool
- Programming model:
 - A grid of cells, named $a1, a2, \dots, b1, b2, \dots$
 - Each cell contains a *value* or an *expression*
 - Expression depends on values of other cells
 - Value of expression is recomputed automatically whenever referred cell changes
Dataflow paradigm
 - First spreadsheet: Visicalc (early 1980s)
Widely used now: OpenOffice Calc
Microsoft Excel

Basics

- Editing cells:
 - Numbers: type digits
 - Text: type alphabets, or start with **'**
 - Formulae: start with **=**
- Formatting cells:
 - Data type and format
 - number of decimal places
 - Date format
 - Font, colour, justification

Basics

- Copy and paste:
 - Adjusts cell references in formulae
 - **Paste Special** -- paste value not formula
- Delete:
 - Contents
 - Cell(s) -- shifts adjacent cells
- Protect -- contents cannot be changed
- Workbook (file) consists of several sheets
 - Formula can refer to cells in other sheets or other workbooks

Tools

- Sort -- a block of cells
 - Ascending or descending
 - Selected column as sort key
- Chart -- plot graph of a block of cells containing $\langle x, y \rangle$
- Equation solver
- Macros
 - Keyboard (records your keystrokes)
 - Basic programming language

Some Applications

- Course marks and grades
- Financial accounts and budgets
- Staff payroll
- Factory production
- Engineering computation
- Project management
- *and many more ...*

An essential tool for tomorrow's engineer!