



Παίγνια 2 Ατόμων





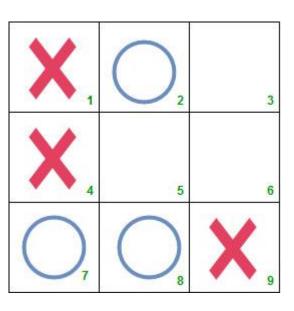
Παίγνια 2 Ατόμων

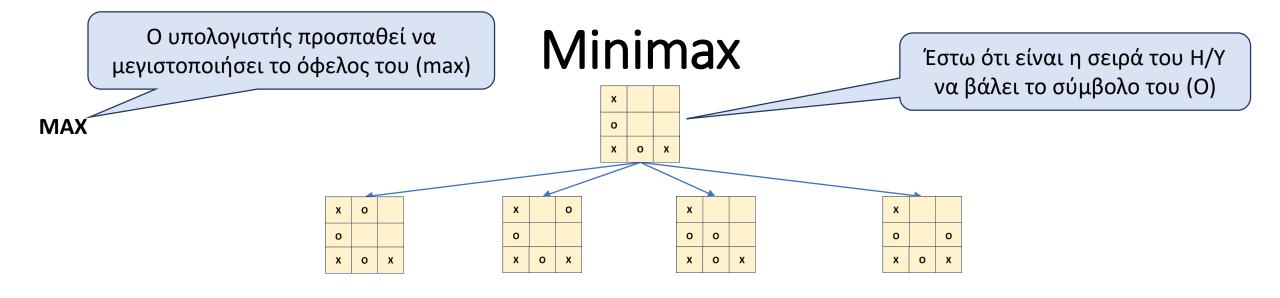
- Είναι προβλήματα αναζήτησης στα οποία οι κινήσεις του πράκτορα εναλλάσσονται με αυτές του αντίπαλου
- Οι αλγόριθμοι θα πρέπει να λαμβάνουν υπόψη και τις πιθανές κινήσεις του αντιπάλου και να βρίσκουν εκείνες τις κινήσεις που θα βελτιστοποιήσουν τη πιθανότητα να κερδηθεί το παιχνίδι, ακόμη και αν ο αντίπαλος επιλέγει πάντα τις βέλτιστες κινήσεις για εκείνον.



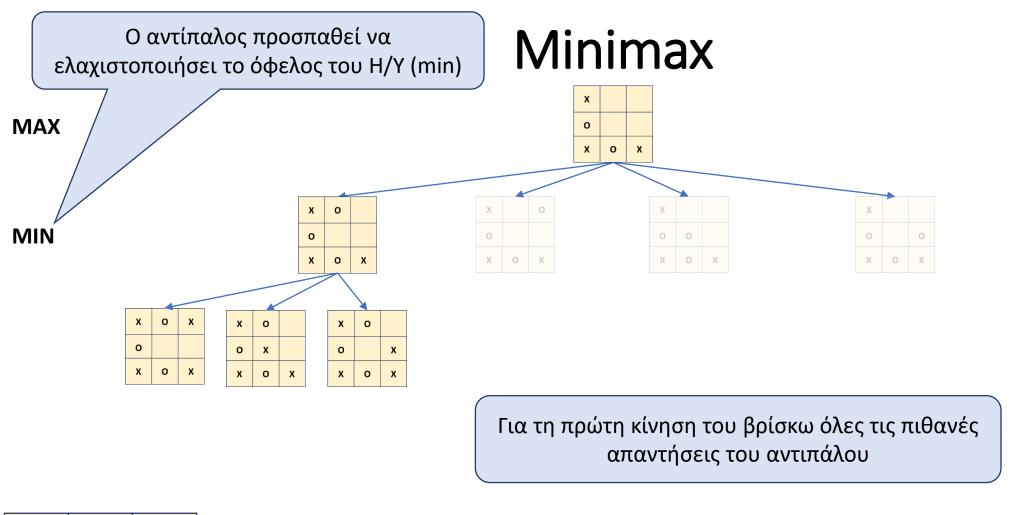
Tic Tac Toe

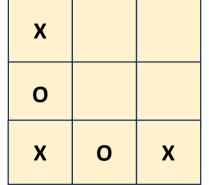
- Ταμπλό 3 * 3
- Ο κάθε παίκτης τοποθετεί το σύμβολο του (Χ ή Ο) σε ένα από τα κενά κελιά
- Οι δύο παίκτες εναλάσσονται
- Το παιχνίδι τελειώνει όταν
 - Ένας παίκτης τοποθετεί τρία σύμβολα του στην ίδια γραμμή ή στήλη ή διαγώνιο οπότε κερδίζει το παιχνίδι
 - Σε όλα τα κελιά έχει τοποθετηθεί σύμβολο και δεν υπάρχουν τρία ίδια σύμβολο σε καμία γραμμή ή στήλη ή διαγώνιο – οπότε το παιχνίδι λήγει με ισοπαλία

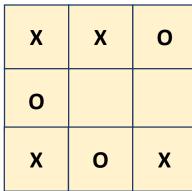


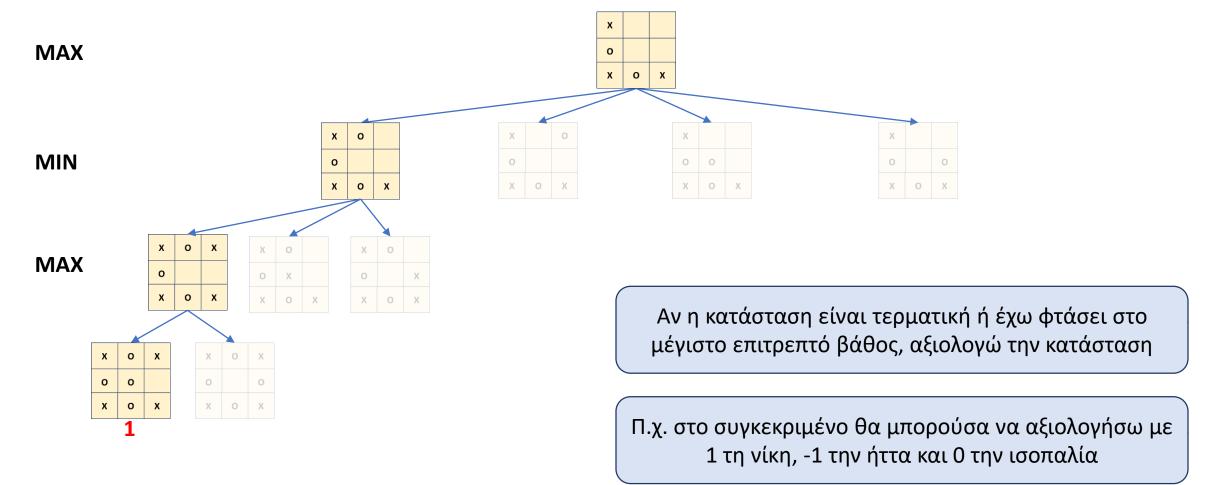


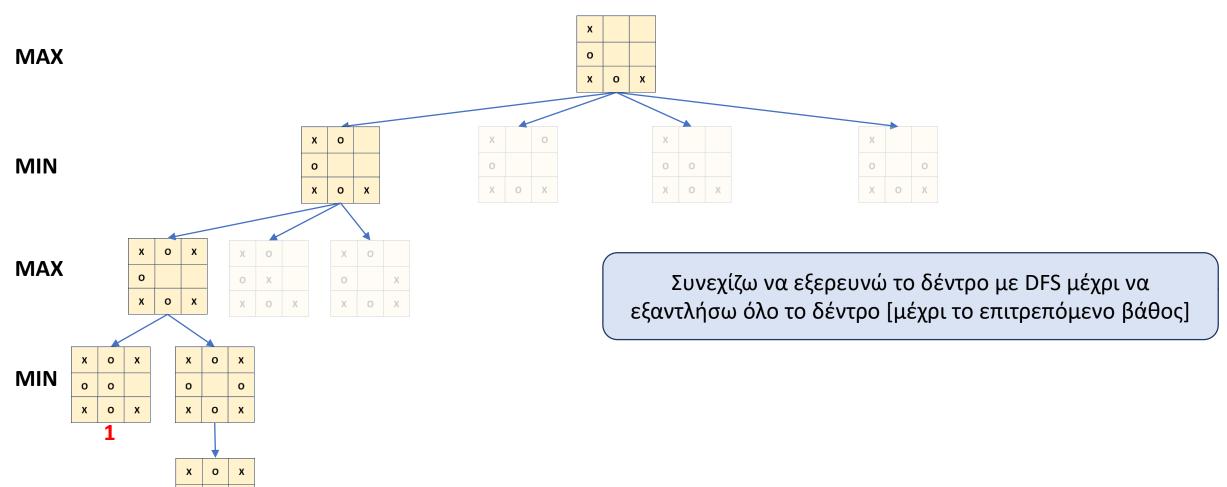
Υπάρχουν 4 κινήσεις και πρέπει να διαλέξει τη καλύτερη

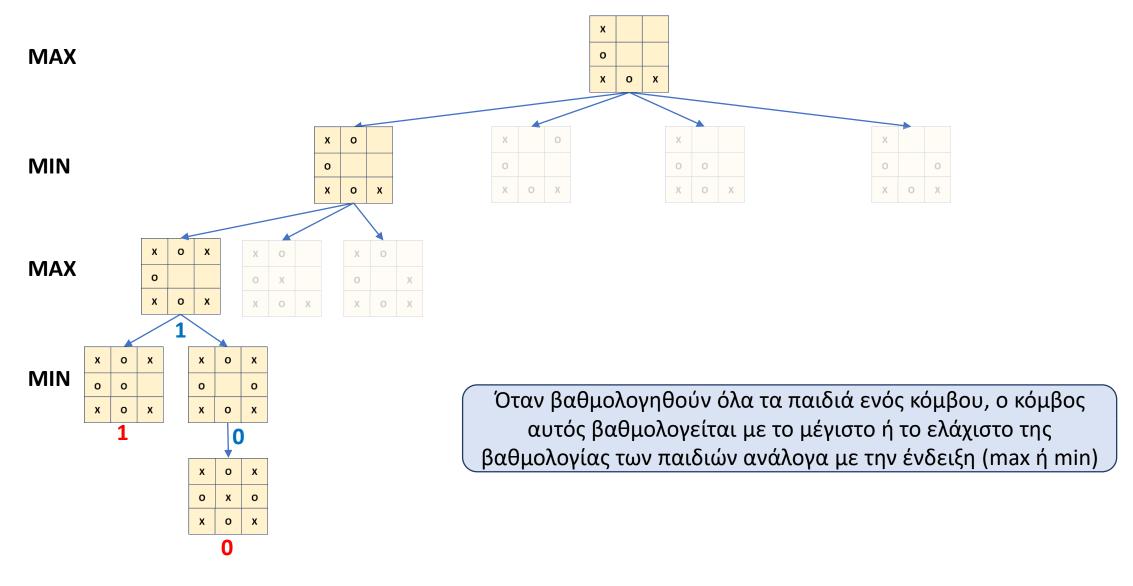


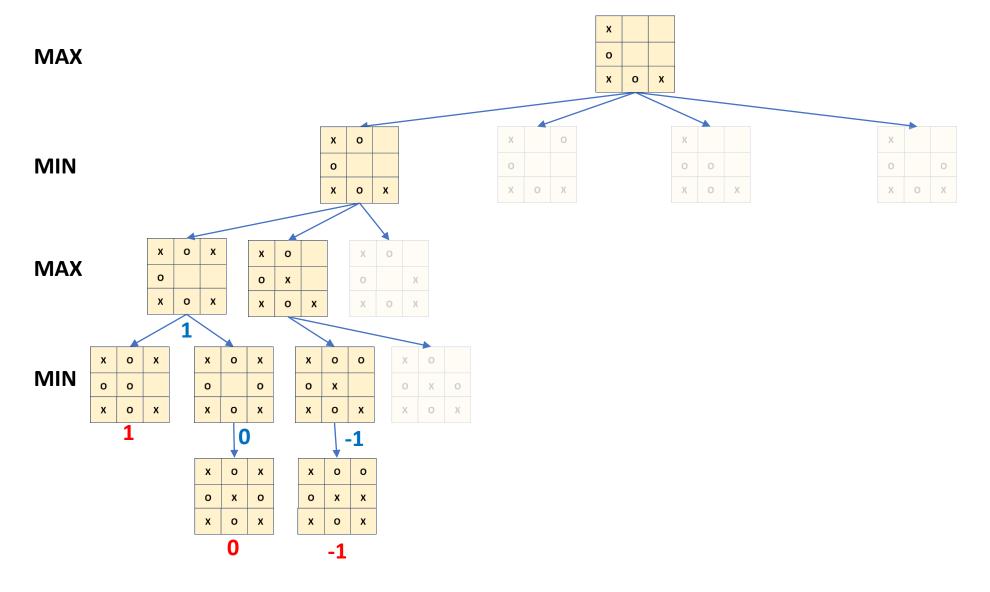


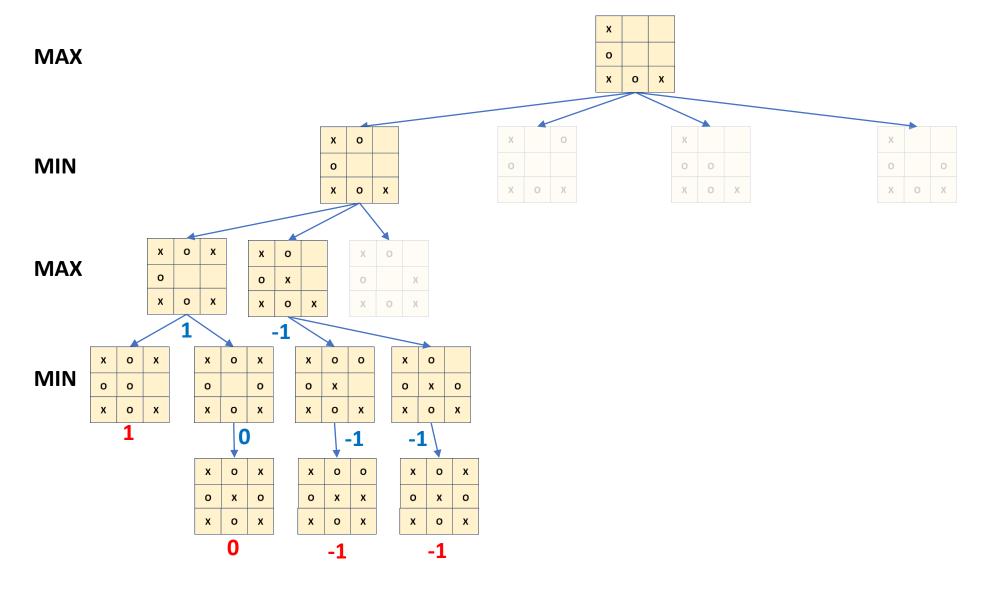


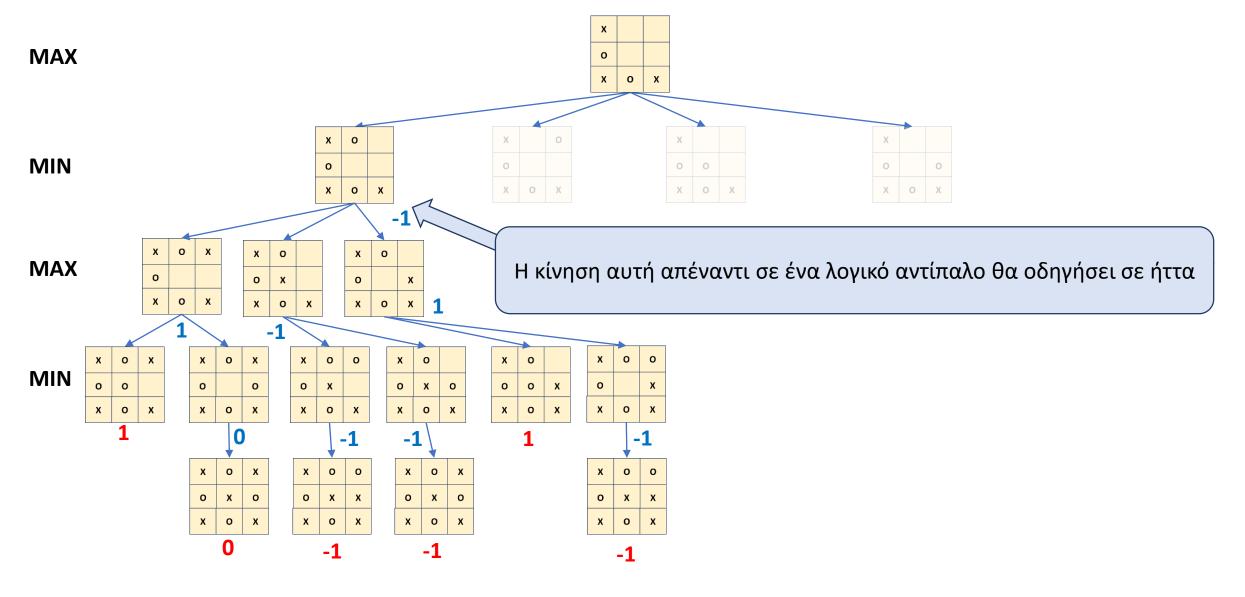










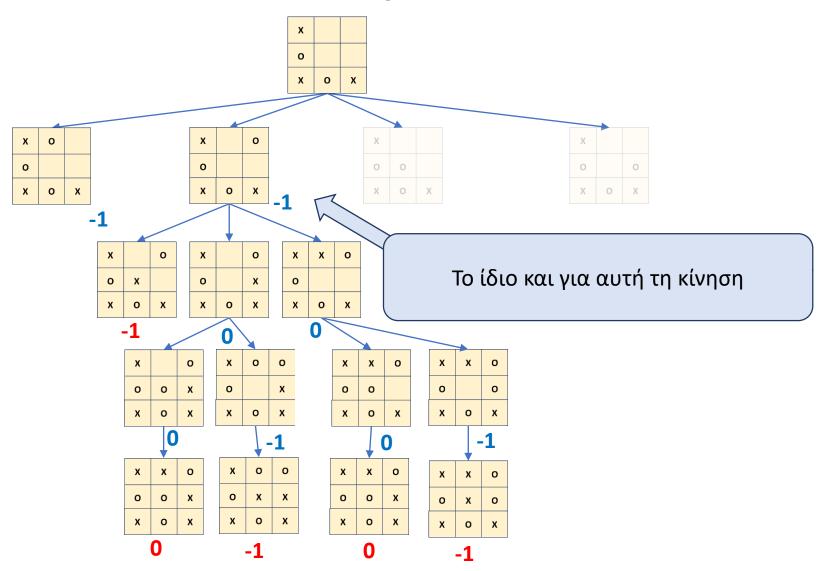


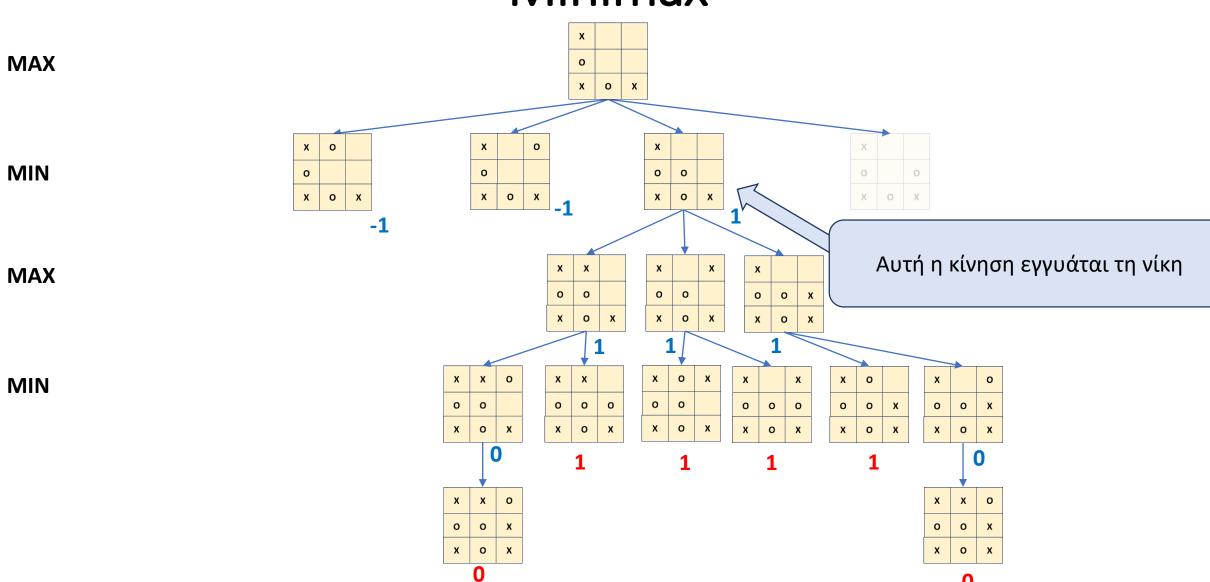
MAX

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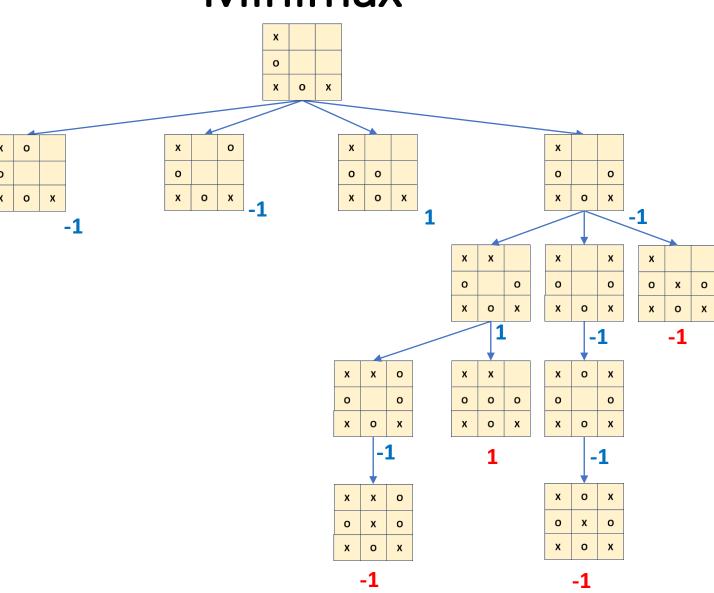


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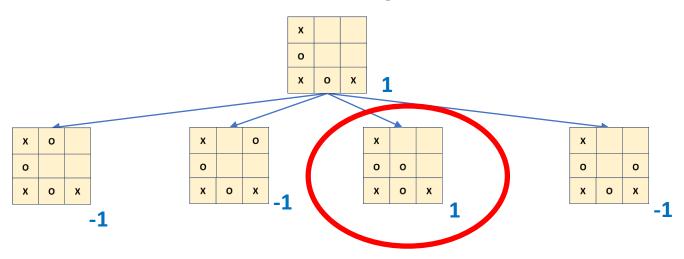


MAX

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Η ρίζα βαθμολογείται με βάση το μέγιστο των παιδιών

Ο αλγόριθμος προτείνει το παιδί από το οποίο προήλθε η βαθμολογία

Τρέχουσα κατάσταση

MiniMax

Ο παίκτης που είναι η σειρά του να παίξει (true = Max, false = Min)

```
function minimax(node, depth, maximizingPlayer)
    if depth = 0 or node is a terminal node then
        return the heuristic value of node
    if maximizingPlayer then
        value := -\infty
        for each child of node do
            value := max(value, minimax(child, depth - 1, FALSE))
        return value
    else (* minimizing player *)
        value := +\infty
        for each child of node do
            value := min(value, minimax(child, depth - 1, TRUE))
        return value
```

MiniMax

Αναπαράσταση Κατάστασης

```
Έλεγχος Τερματικής
function minimax (node, depth, maximizingPlayer)
                                                                 Κατάστασης
    if depth = 0 or node is a terminal node then
        return the heuristic value of node
    if maximizingPlayer then
                                                             Αξιολόγηση Κατάστασης
        value := -\infty
                                                               Εύρεση Διάδοχων
        for each child of node do
                                                                Καταστάσεων
            value := max(value, minimax(child, depth - 1, FALSE))
        return value
    else (* minimizing player *)
        value := +\infty
        for each child of node do
            value := min(value, minimax(child, depth - 1, TRUE))
        return value
```

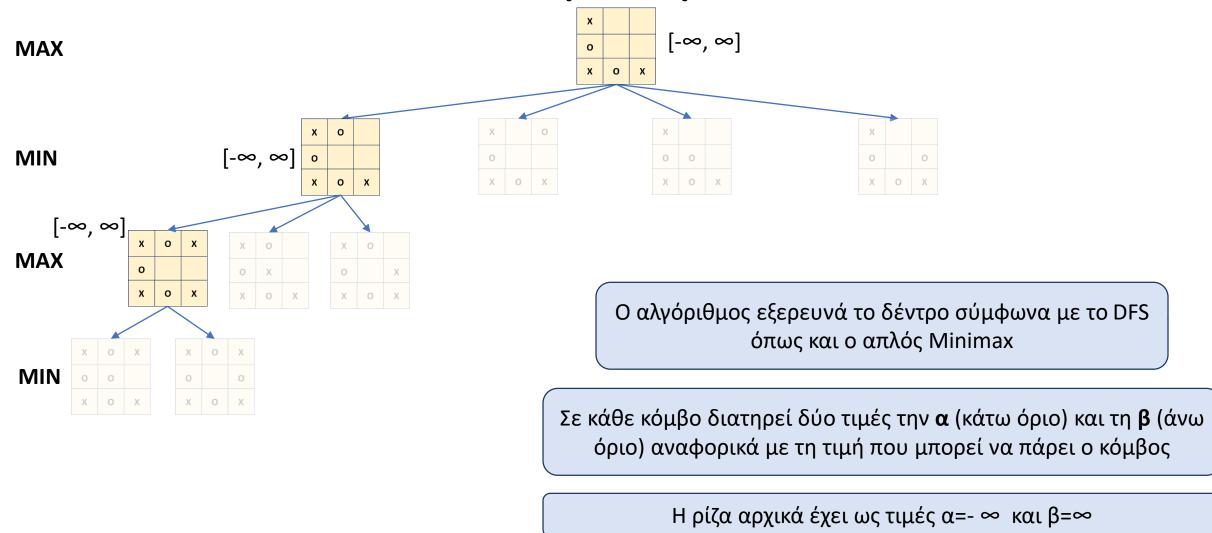
Αναπαράσταση Κατάστασης

```
class TicTacToe
private:
        unsigned char board[SIZE][SIZE];
    public:
                                                               Εύρεση Διάδοχων
        TicTacToe();
                                                                 Καταστάσεων
        TicTacToe(unsigned char a[][SIZE]);
        bool setCell(int i, int j, char value);
        char getCell(int i, int j);
        vector <TicTacToe> expand(char k);
        string toString();
                                           Αξιολόγηση Κατάστασης
        int evaluate();
};
                                             Έλεγχος Τερματικής
                                                Κατάστασης
```

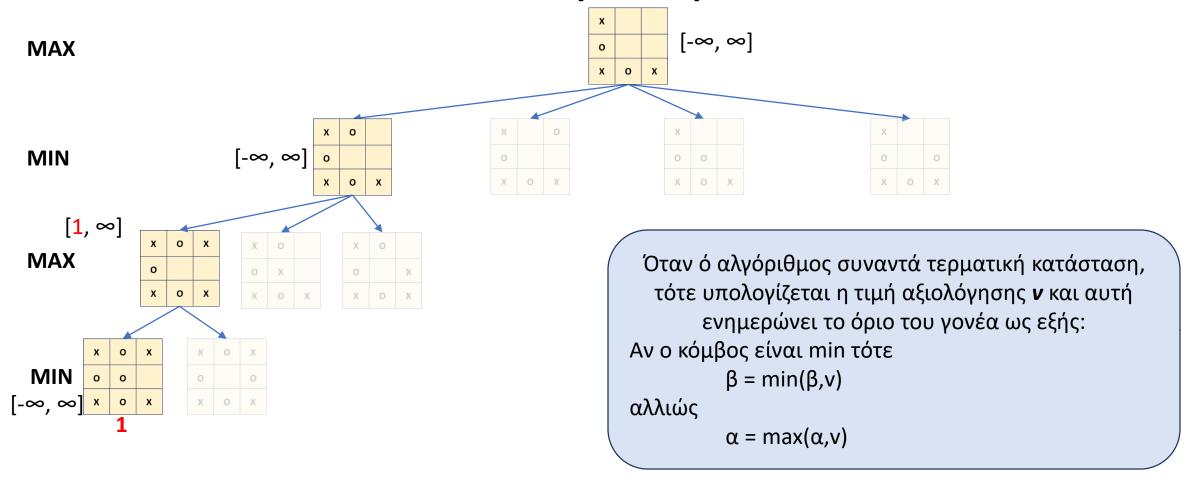
```
vector <TicTacToe> expand(char k)
           vector<TicTacToe> children;
            for (int i=0;i<SIZE;i++)</pre>
                for (int j=0;j<SIZE;j++)</pre>
                    if (board[i][j]==' ')
                         TicTacToe child = *this;
                         child.board[i][j]=k;
                         children.push back(child);
            return children;
```

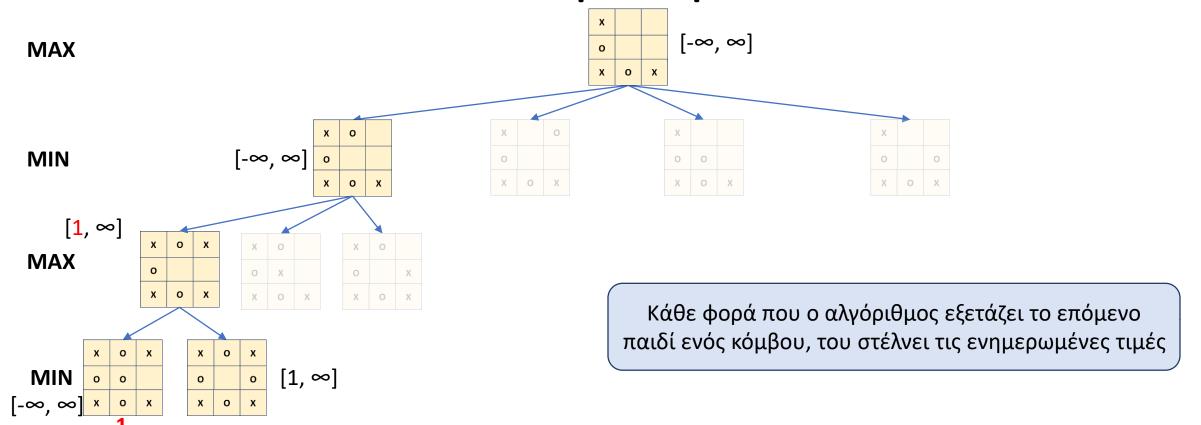
```
int evaluate()
                                                               bool same=true;
                                                                for (int i=1;i<SIZE;i++) //check for main diagonal
   for (int i=0;i<SIZE;i++) //check for rows
                                                                   if (board[i][i]==' \||
                                                                                   board[i][i]!=board[i-1][i-1])
      bool same=true;
      for (int j=1;j<SIZE;j++)</pre>
                                                                      same=false;
         if (board[i][j]== \ \ ||
                                                                      break;
                            board[i][j]!=board[i][j-1])
                                                                if (same)
            same=false;
                                                                   return board[0][0]=='X'?1:-1;
            break;
                                                                same=true;
                                                                for (int i=1;i<SIZE;i++) //check for 2<sup>ND</sup> diagonal
                                                                if (board[i][SIZE-1-i]==' '
      if (same)
         return board[i][0]=='X'?1:-1;
                                                                   || board[i][SIZE-1-i]!=board[i-1][SIZE-1-(i-1)])
   for (int j=0;j<SIZE;j++) //check for columns</pre>
                                                                   same=false;
                                                                   break;
      bool same=true;
      for (int i=1;i<SIZE;i++)</pre>
                                                                if (same)
         if (board[i][j]==' \||
                                                                   return board[1][1]=='X'?1:-1;
                            board[i][j]!=board[i-1][j])
                                                                for (int i=0;i<SIZE;i++)</pre>
                                                                   for (int j=0;j<SIZE;j++)</pre>
            same=false;
                                                                      if (board[i][j]==' ')
            break;
                                                                         return -100; // ONGOING GAME
                                                                return 0;
      if (same)
         return board[0][j]=='X'?1:-1;
```

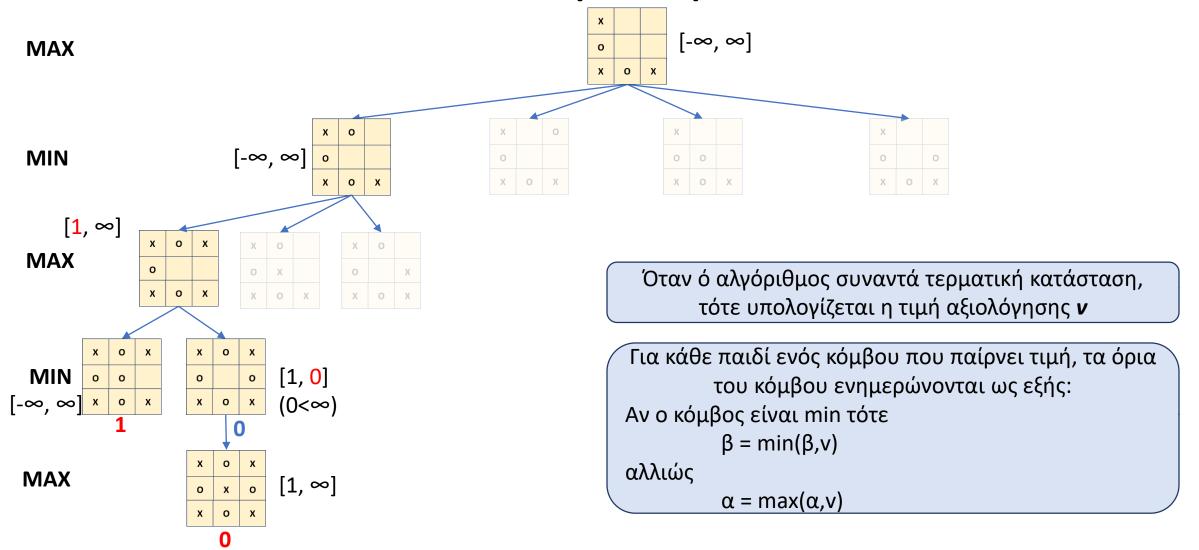
```
int minimax (TicTacToe s, int depth, bool isMax, TicTacToe &best, int &count)
    int k=s.evaluate();
    count++;
    if (depth==0 || k!=-100)
        best = s:
        return k;
    int max, temp;
    TicTacToe maxState,tempState;
    vector<TicTacToe> children = s.expand(isMax?'X':'0');
    max=minimax(children[0],depth-1,!isMax,tempState,count);
   maxState=children[0];
    for (int i=1;i<children.size();i++)</pre>
        temp=minimax(children[i],depth-1,!isMax,tempState,count);
        if ((temp>max) == isMax)
            max=temp;
            maxState=children[i];
    best = maxState;
    return max;
```

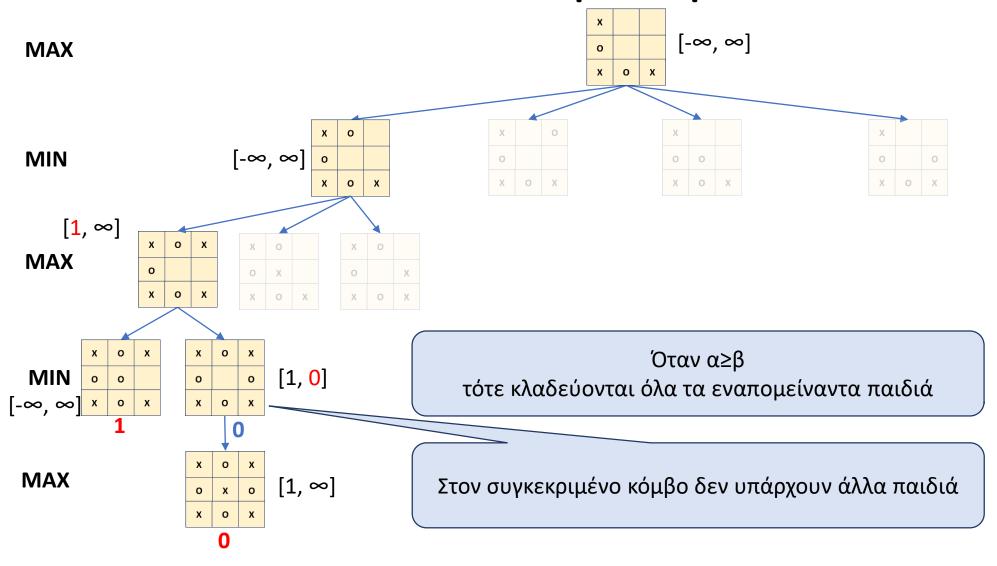


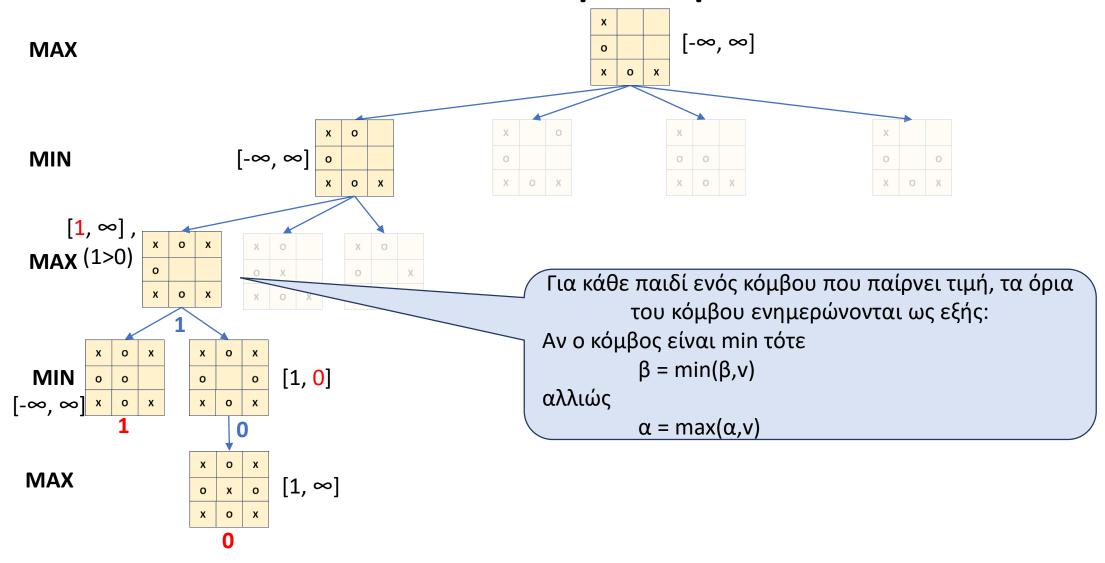
Οι τιμές αυτές διαδίδονται προς τα κάτω

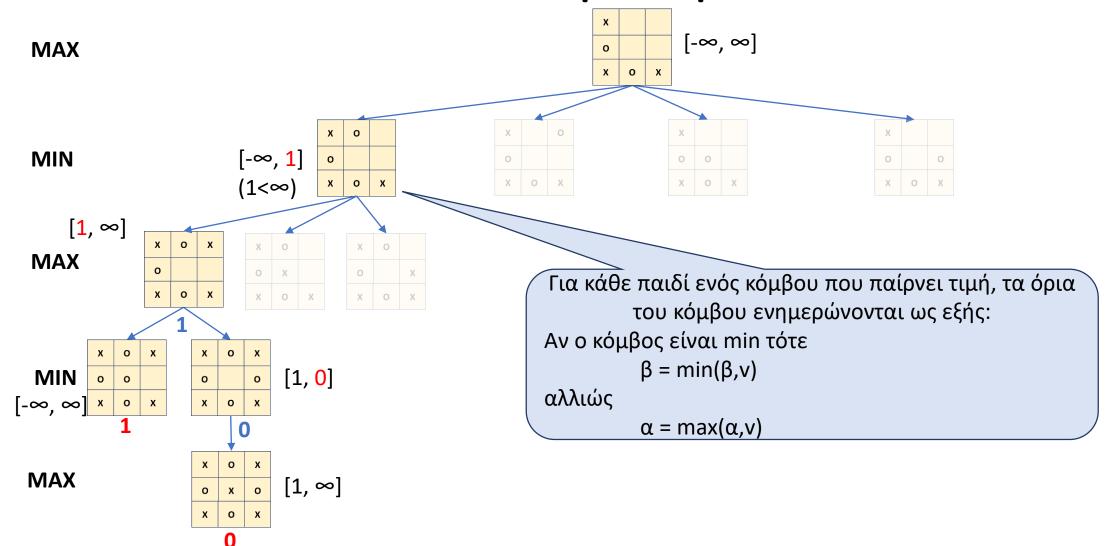


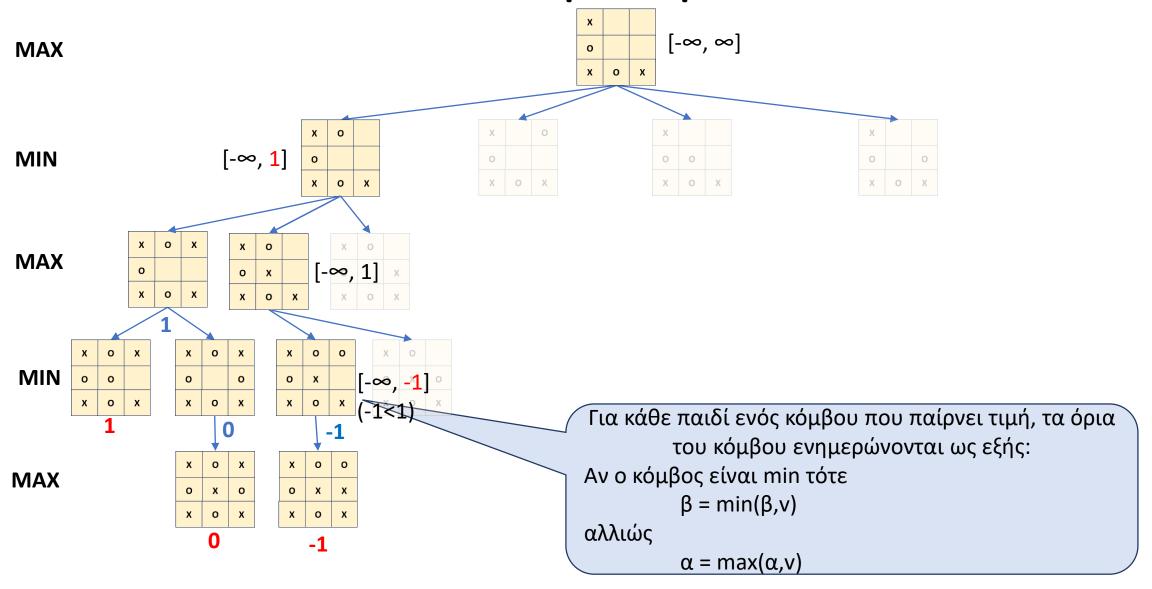


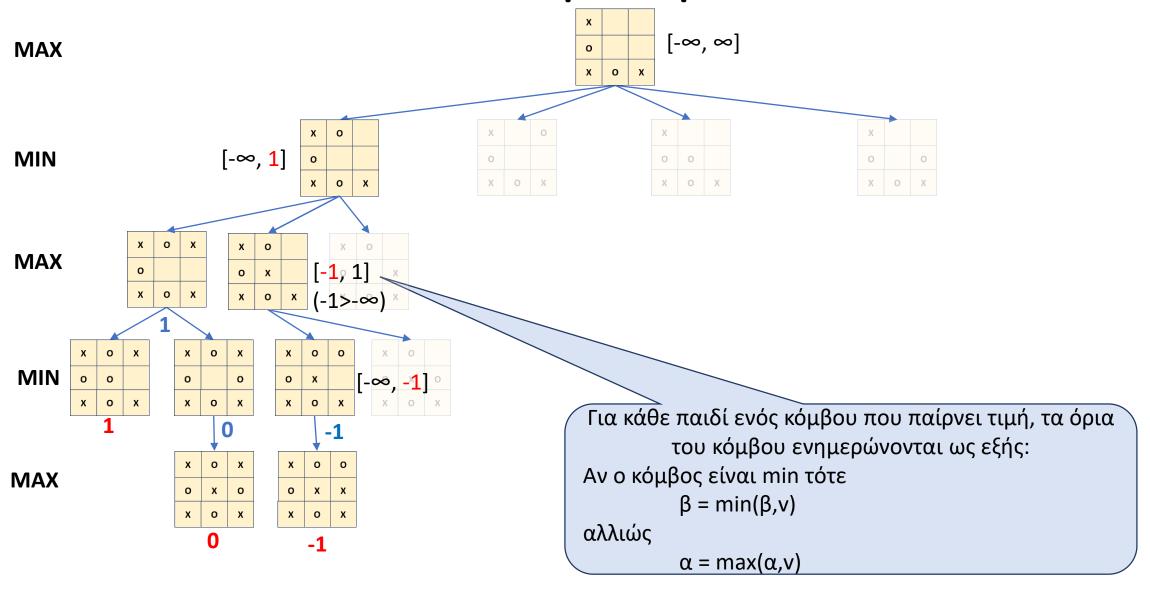


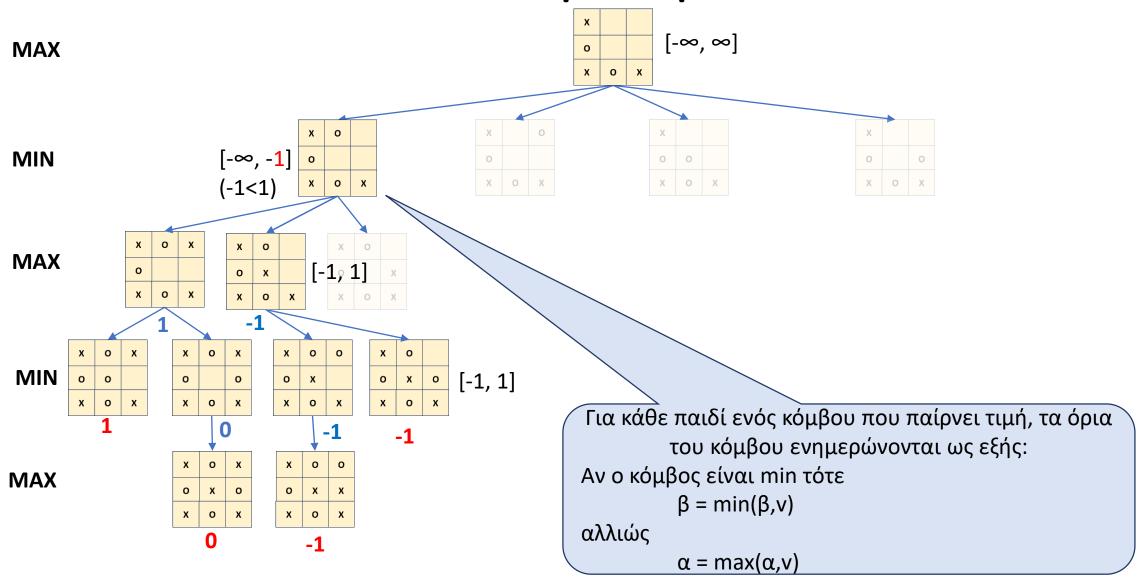


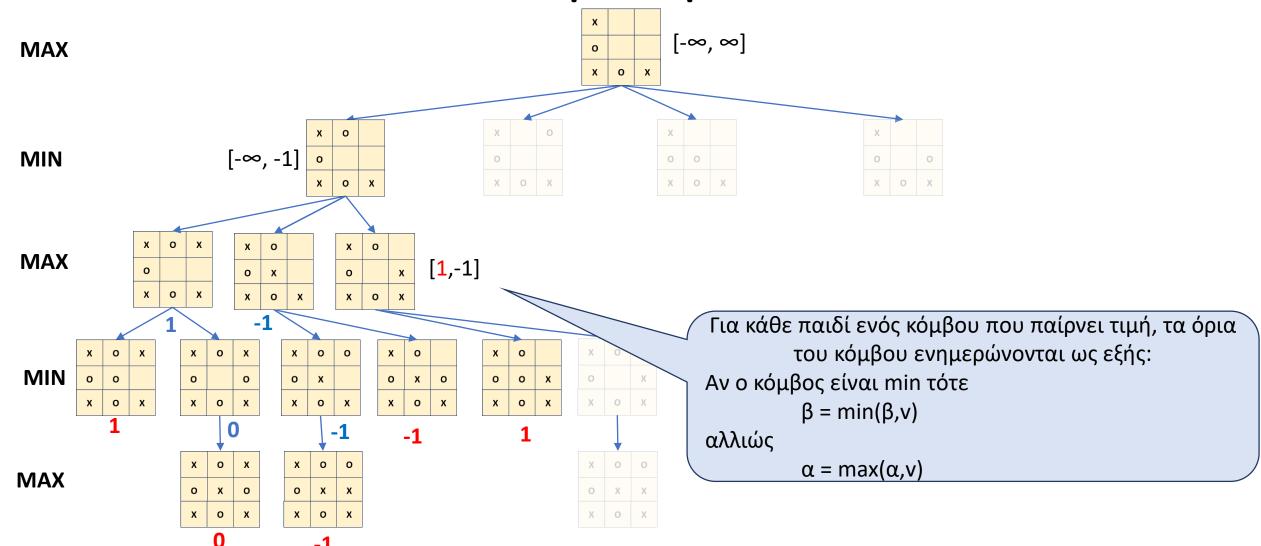


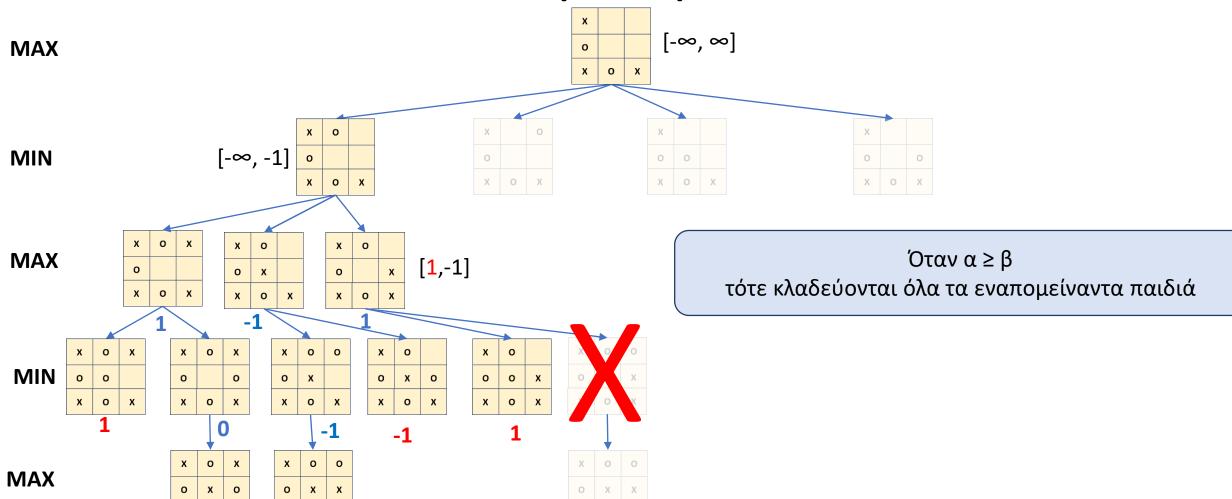






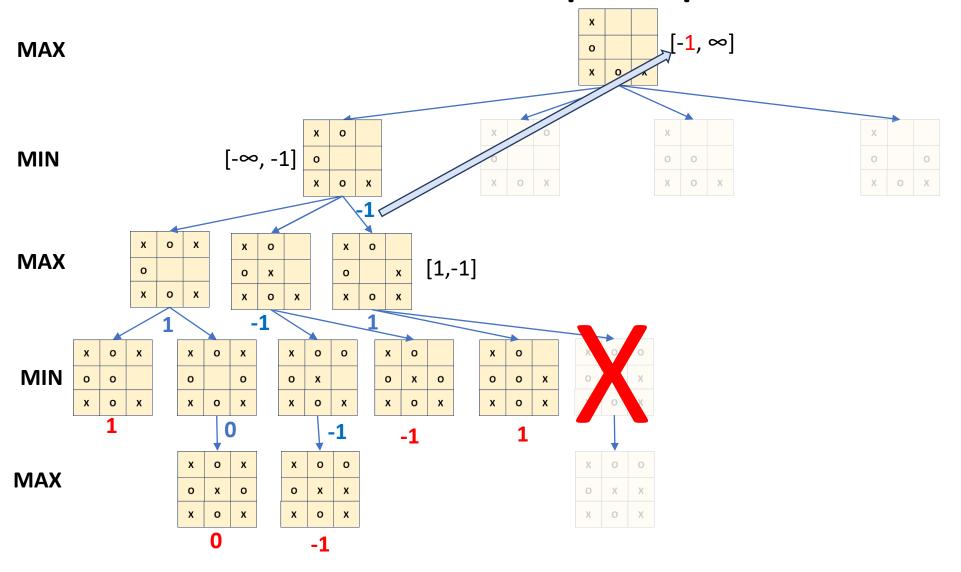






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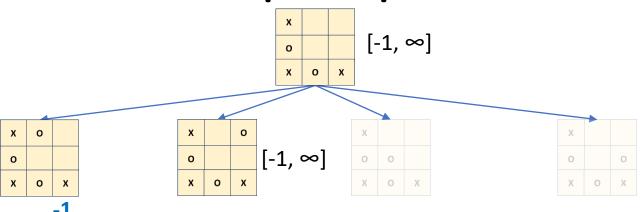
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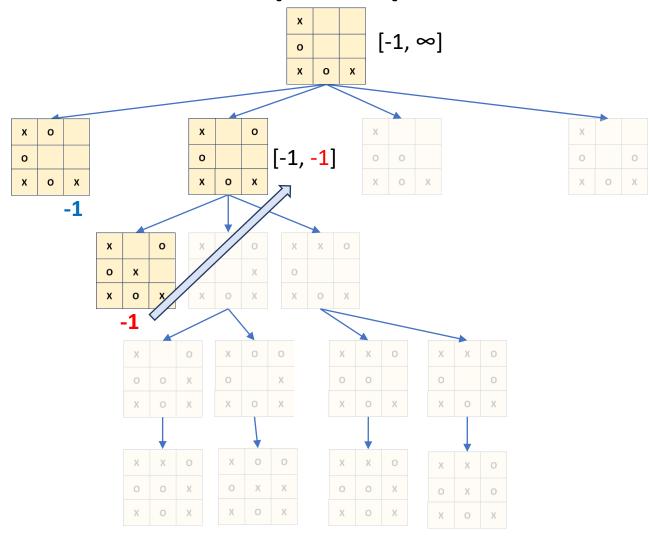
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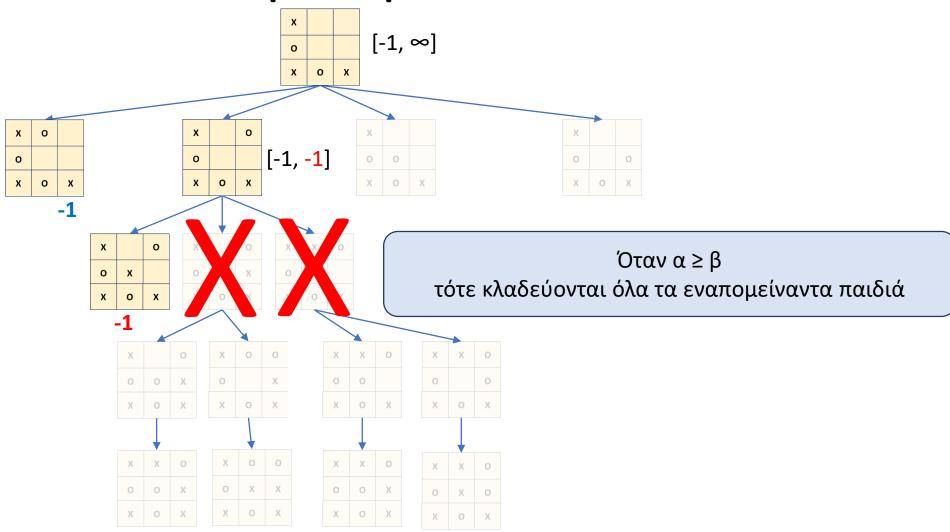


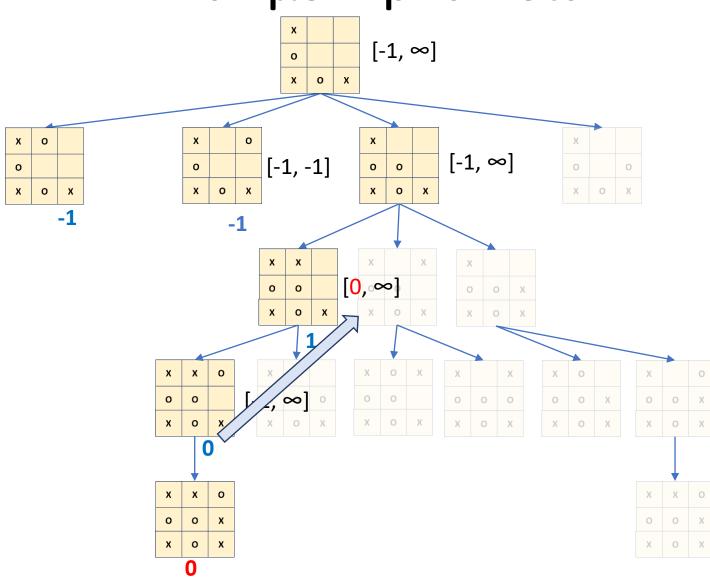
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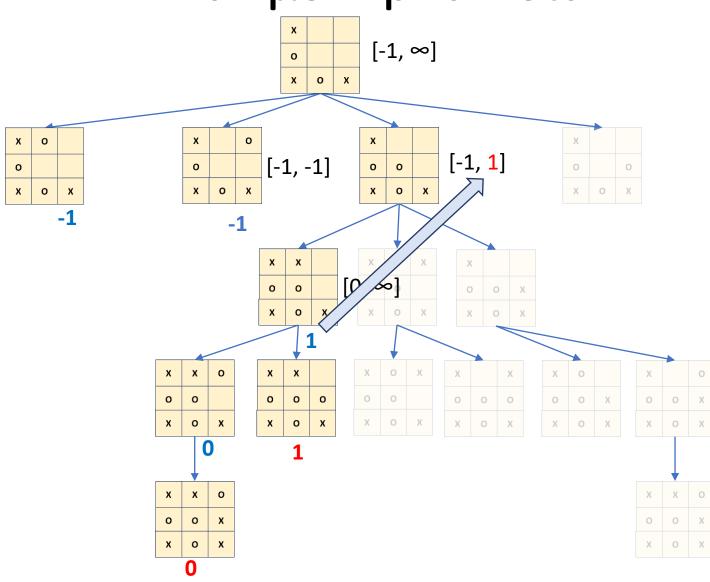


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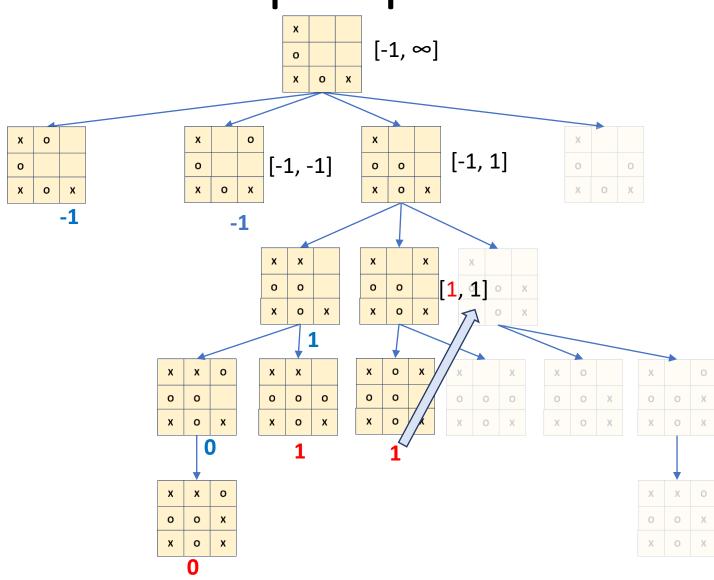


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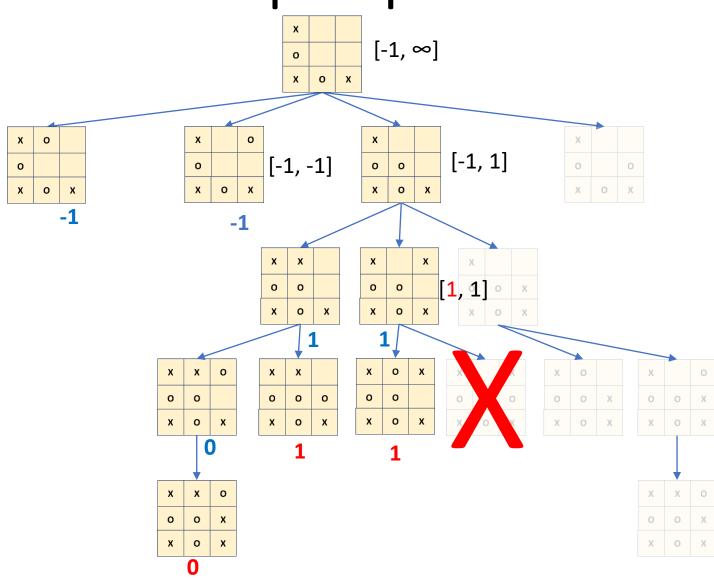


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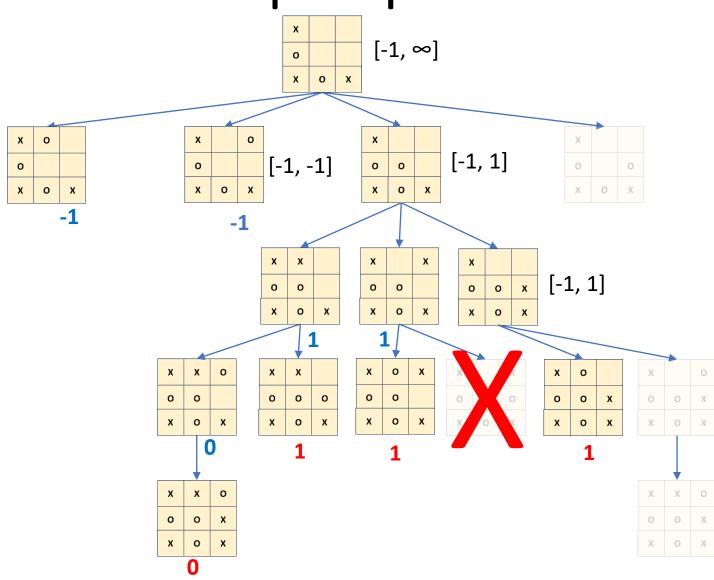


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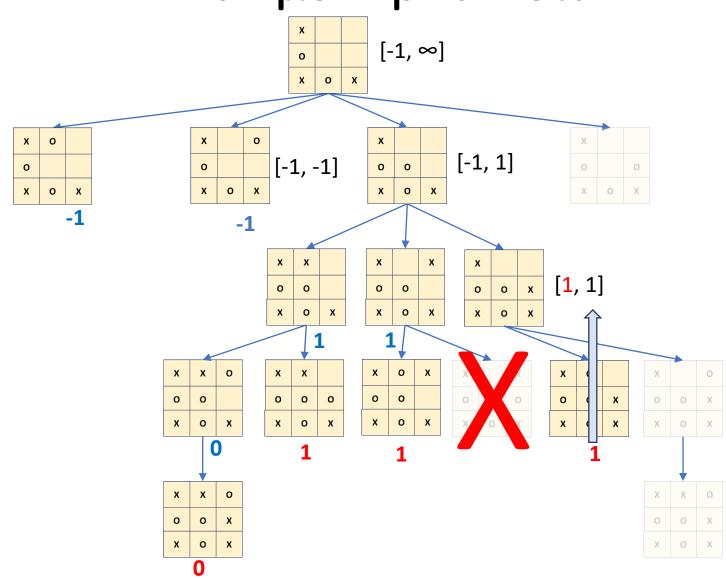


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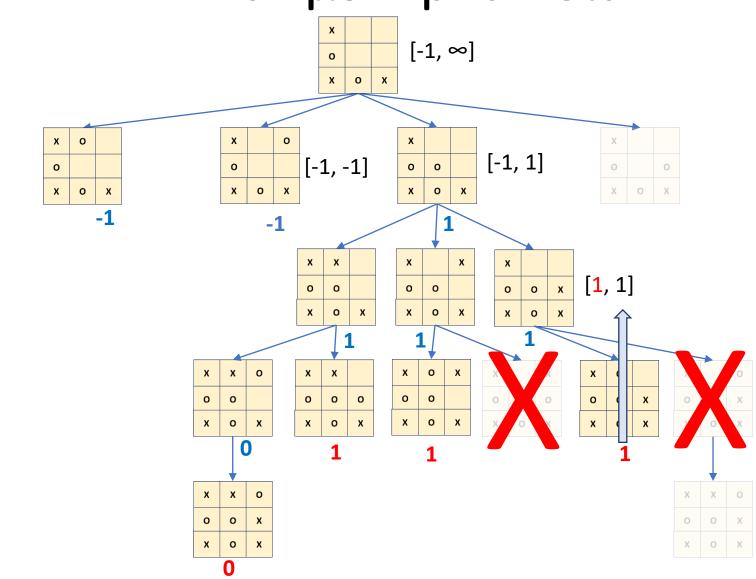


MAX

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MAX

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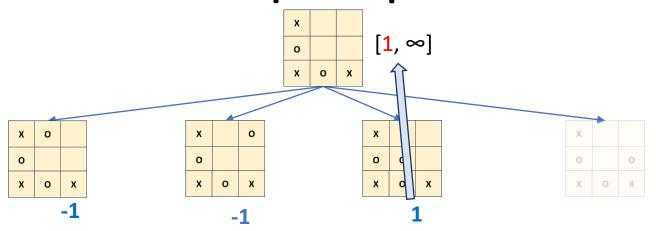
MIN

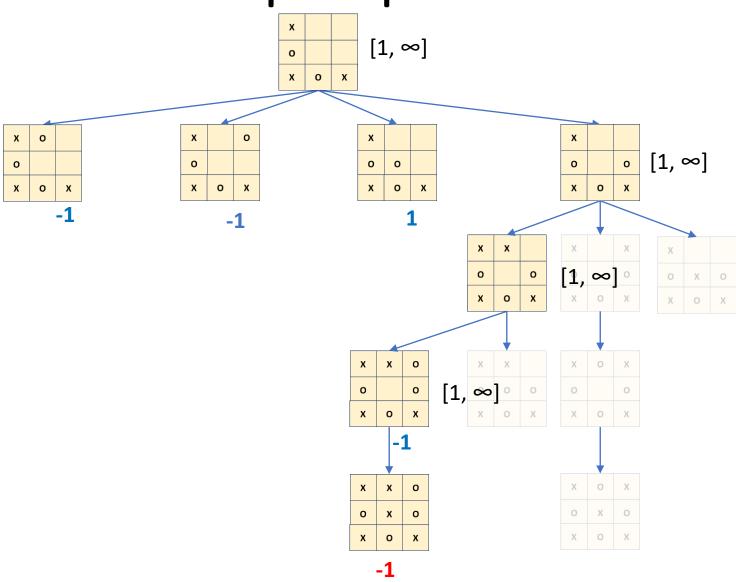
MAX

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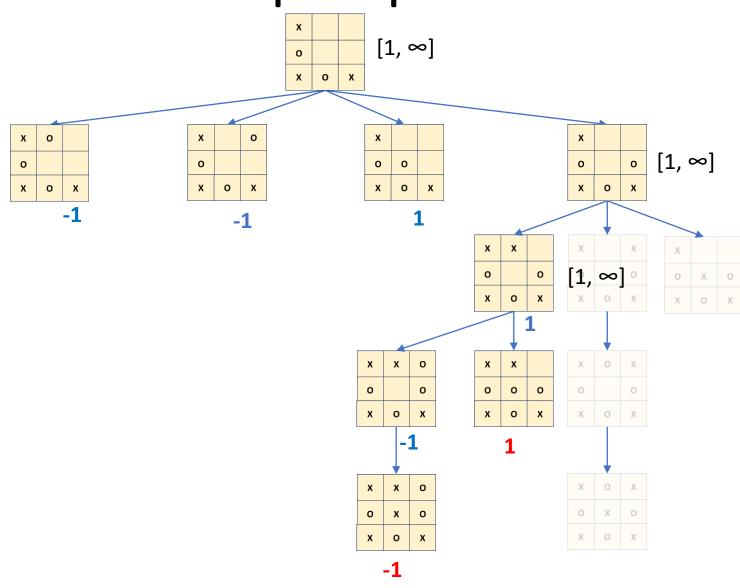
MIN

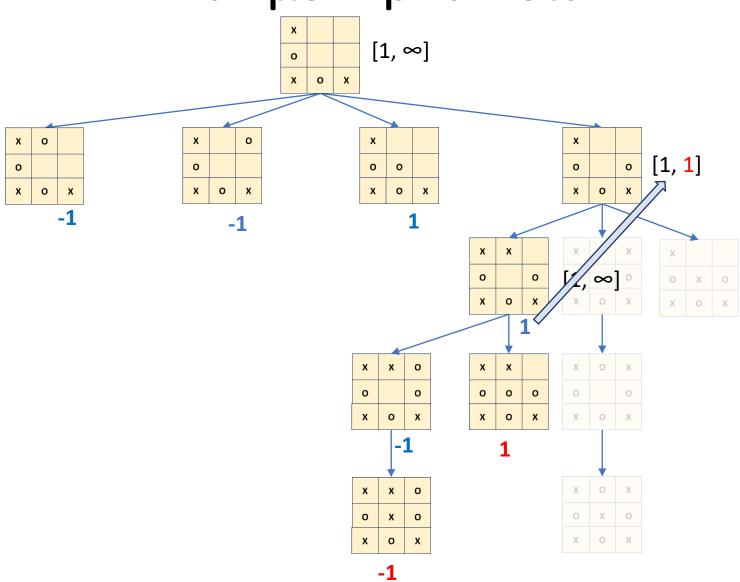
MAX

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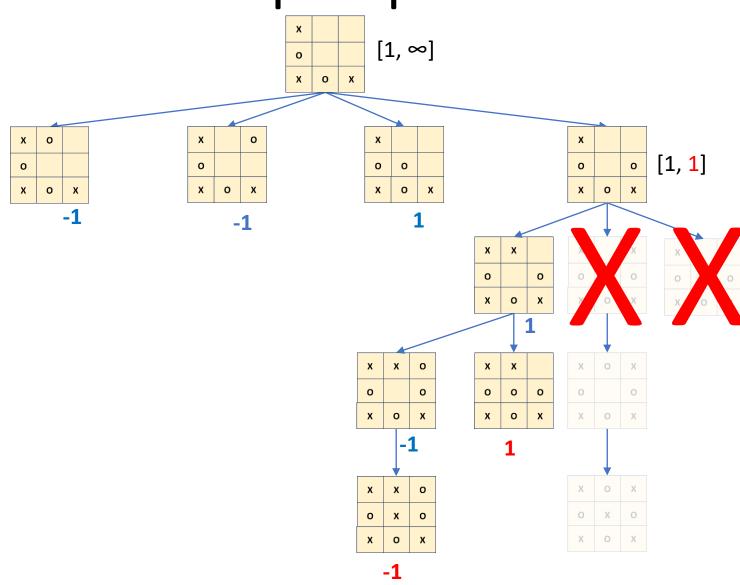
MIN

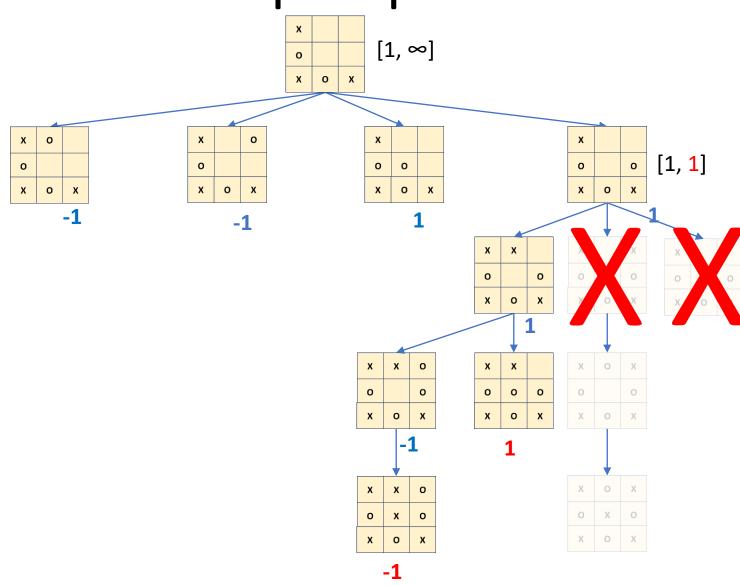
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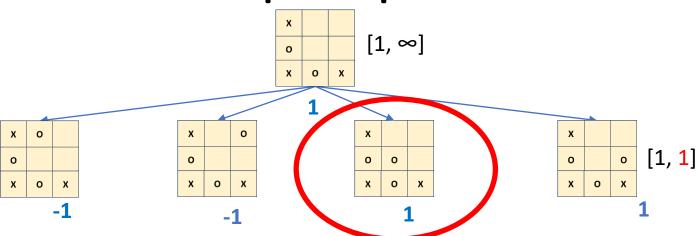
MIN

MAX

MIN

MAX

MIN



```
function alphabeta (node, depth, \alpha, \beta, maximizingPlayer)
    if depth = 0 or node is a terminal node then
         return the heuristic value of node
    if maximizingPlayer then
         value := -\infty
         for each child of node do
              value := max(value, alphabeta(child, depth - 1, \alpha, \beta, FALSE))
              \alpha := \max(\alpha, \text{ value})
              if \alpha \geq \beta then
                  break (* β cut-off *)
         return value
    else
         value := +∞
         for each child of node do
              value := min(value, alphabeta(child, depth - 1, \alpha, \beta, TRUE))
              \beta := \min(\beta, \text{ value})
              if \alpha \geq \beta then
                  break (* α cut-off *)
         return value
```

```
int alphabeta (TicTacToe s, int depth, bool isMax, TicTacToe &best, int alpha, int beta)
    int max, temp, k=s.evaluate();
    if (depth==0 || k!=-100)
        best = s;
        return k;
    TicTacToe maxState,tempState;
    vector<TicTacToe> children = s.expand(isMax?'X':'0');
    max=alphabeta(children[0],depth-1,!isMax,maxState,alpha,beta,count);
    if (isMax)
        alpha = max;
    else
        beta = max;
    maxState=children[0];
    for (int i=1;i<children.size();i++)</pre>
        temp=alphabeta(children[i],depth-1,!isMax,tempState,alpha,beta,count);
        if ((temp>max) == isMax)
            max=temp;
            maxState=children[i];
            if (isMax)
                alpha = max;
            else
                beta = max;
            if (beta<=alpha)
                break;
    best = maxState;
    return max;
```