

-> (The Multi-Tool Web Vulnerability Scanner) (The Multi-Tool Web Vulnerability Scanner) -> (The Multi-Tool Web Vulnerability Scanner) -> .[Checking Available Security Scanning Tools Phase... Initiated.] .wapiti...available. .wapiti...available. -> .wapiti...available. .whatweb...available. .whatweb...available. -> .whatweb...available. .nmap...available. .nmap...available. -> .nmap...available. .golismero...available. .golismero...available. -> .golismero...available. .host...available. .host...available. -> .host...available. .wget...available. .wget...available. -> .wget...available.



.uniscanavailable.
.uniscanavailable.
.wafw00favailable.
.wafw00favailable> .wafw00favailable.
.dirbavailable.
.dirbavailable.
.davtestavailable.
.davtestavailable> .davtestavailable.
.theharvesteravailable.
.theharvesteravailable> .theharvesteravailable.
.xsseravailable.
.xsseravailable.
.dnsreconavailable.
.dnsreconavailable.
.fierceavailable.
.fierceavailable.
.dnswalkavailable.
.dnswalkavailable.

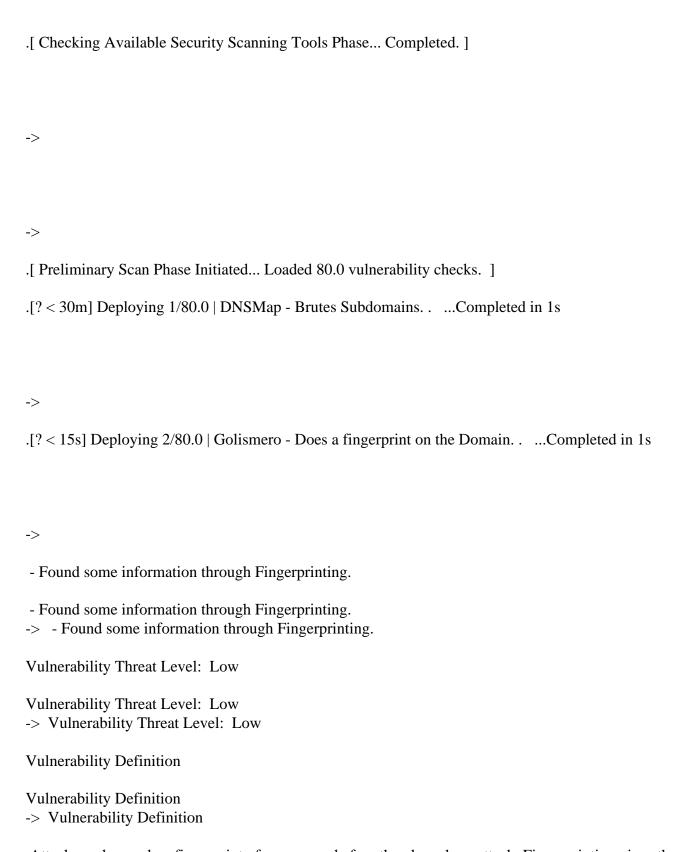
.whois...available.

Our Findings

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.whois...available.
-> .whois...available.
.sslyze...available.
.sslyze...available.
-> .sslyze...available.
.lbd...available.
.lbd...available.
-> .lbd...available.
.golismero...available.
.golismero...available.
-> .golismero...available.
.dnsenum...available.
.dnsenum...available.
-> .dnsenum...available.
.dmitry...available.
.dmitry...available.
-> .dmitry...available.
.daytest...available.
.davtest...available.
   .davtest...available.
.nikto...available.
.nikto...available.
-> .nikto...available.
.dnsmap...available.
.dnsmap...available.
-> .dnsmap...available.
. All Scanning Tools are available. All vulnerability checks will be performed by RapidScan.
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Attackers always do a fingerprint of any server before they launch an attack. Fingerprinting gives them information about the server type, content- they are serving, last modification times etc, this gives an attacker to learn more information about the target



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to learn more information about the target
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Vulnerability Remediation

Vulnerability Remediation

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-> Vulnerability Remediation

A good practice is to obfuscate the information to outside world. Doing so, the attackers will have tough time understanding the server's tech stack and therefore leverage an attack.

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.[? < 30s] Deploying 3/80.0 | SSLyze - Checks for ZLib Deflate Compression.Completed in 1s

.[? $<\!35s]$ Deploying 4/80.0 | Nikto - Checks for Injectable Paths.Completed in 1s

.[? > 75m] Deploying 5/80.0 | Nmap - Performs a Full UDP Port ScanCompleted in 1s

 $. [? < 25s] \ Deploying \ 6/80.0 \ | \ WHO is - Checks \ for \ Administrator's \ Contact \ Information. \ ... Completed \ in \ 1s \ ... Completed \ in \ ... Completed \ in \ 1s \ ... Completed \ in \ ... Complete \ .$

.[? < 40s] Deploying 7/80.0 | Golismero - Checks only for Heartbleed Vulnerability.Completed in 1s



->

- HEARTBLEED Vulnerability Found with Golismero.
- HEARTBLEED Vulnerability Found with Golismero.
- -> HEARTBLEED Vulnerability Found with Golismero.

Vulnerability Threat Level: High

Vulnerability Threat Level: High -> Vulnerability Threat Level: High

Vulnerability Definition

Vulnerability Definition

-> Vulnerability Definition

This vulnerability seriously leaks private information of your host. An attacker can keep the TLS connection alive and can retrieve a maximum of 64K of data per heartbeat.

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-> This vulnerability seriously leaks private information of your host. An attacker can keep the TLS connection alive

Vulnerability Remediation

Vulnerability Remediation

-> Vulnerability Remediation

PFS (Perfect Forward Secrecy) can be implemented to make decryption difficult. Complete remediation and resource information is available here. http://heartbleed.com/

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-> PFS (Perfect Forward Secrecy) can be implemented to make decryption difficult. Complete remediation and reso

[? < 35s] Deploying 8/80.0 | Nikto - Checks the Domain Headers. Completed in 1s

->

- Some vulnerable headers exposed.



- Some vulnerable headers exposed.
- -> Some vulnerable headers exposed.

Vulnerability Threat Level: Medium

Vulnerability Threat Level: Medium
-> Vulnerability Threat Level: Medium

Vulnerability Definition

Vulnerability Definition

-> Vulnerability Definition

Attackers try to learn more about the target from the amount of information exposed in the headers. An attacker may know what type of tech stack a web application is emphasizing and many other information.

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-> Attackers try to learn more about the target from the amount of information exposed in the headers. An attacker in

Vulnerability Remediation

Vulnerability Remediation

-> Vulnerability Remediation

Banner Grabbing should be restricted and access to the services from outside would should be made minimum.

Banner Grabbing should be restricted and access to the services from outside would should be made minimum.

- -> Banner Grabbing should be restricted and access to the services from outside would should be made minimum.
- .[? < 4m] Deploying 9/80.0 | Golismero Nikto Scans Uses Nikto Plugin to detect vulnerabilities. .
- ...Completed in 1s

->

- Golismero Nikto Plugin found vulnerabilities.
- Golismero Nikto Plugin found vulnerabilities.
- -> Golismero Nikto Plugin found vulnerabilities.

Vulnerability Threat Level: Medium

Our Findings

Vulnerability Threat Level: Medium
-> Vulnerability Threat Level: Medium

Vulnerability Definition

Vulnerability Definition

-> Vulnerability Definition

Particular Scanner found multiple vulnerabilities that an attacker may try to exploit the target.

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-> Particular Scanner found multiple vulnerabilities that an attacker may try to exploit the target.

Vulnerability Remediation

Vulnerability Remediation

-> Vulnerability Remediation

Refer to RS-Vulnerability-Report to view the complete information of the vulnerability, once the scan gets completed.

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.[? < 40s] Deploying 10/80.0 | Golismero - BruteForces for certain directories on the Domain.Completed in 1s

->

- Open Directories Found with Golismero BruteForce.
- Open Directories Found with Golismero BruteForce.
- -> Open Directories Found with Golismero BruteForce.

Vulnerability Threat Level: Medium

Vulnerability Threat Level: Medium -> Vulnerability Threat Level: Medium

Vulnerability Definition

Vulnerability Definition

-> Vulnerability Definition

Our Findings

Attackers may find considerable amount of information from these directories. There are even chances attackers may get access to critical information from these directories.

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-> Attackers may find considerable amount of information from these directories. There are even chances attackers in

Vulnerability Remediation

Vulnerability Remediation

-> Vulnerability Remediation

It is recommended to block or restrict access to these directories unless necessary.

It is recommended to block or restrict access to these directories unless necessary.

-> It is recommended to block or restrict access to these directories unless necessary.

.[? < 45s] Deploying 11/80.0 | Golismero - BruteForces for certain files on the Domain.Completed in 1s

->

- Open Files Found with Golismero BruteForce.
- Open Files Found with Golismero BruteForce.
- -> Open Files Found with Golismero BruteForce.

Vulnerability Threat Level: Medium

Vulnerability Threat Level: Medium
-> Vulnerability Threat Level: Medium

Vulnerability Definition

Vulnerability Definition

-> Vulnerability Definition

Attackers may find considerable amount of information from these files. There are even chances attackers may get access to critical information from these files.

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-> Attackers may find considerable amount of information from these files. There are even chances attackers may go

Our Findings

Vulnerability Remediation

-> Vulnerability Remediation

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-> It is recommended to block or restrict access to these files unless necessary.

.[? < 30s] Deploying 12/80.0 | Checks for ASP.net Elmah LoggerCompleted in 1s

->

.[? < 35s] Deploying 13/80.0 | Nikto - Performs SSL Checks.Completed in 1s

->

- Vulnerabilities reported in SSL Scans.
- Vulnerabilities reported in SSL Scans.
- -> Vulnerabilities reported in SSL Scans.

Vulnerability Threat Level: Medium

Vulnerability Threat Level: Medium
-> Vulnerability Threat Level: Medium

Vulnerability Definition

Vulnerability Definition

-> Vulnerability Definition

SSL related vulnerabilities breaks the confidentiality factor. An attacker may perform a MiTM attack, interpret and eavesdrop the communication.

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-> SSL related vulnerabilities breaks the confidentiality factor. An attacker may perform a MiTM attack, intrepret ar

Vulnerability Remediation



-> Vulnerability Remediation

Proper implementation and upgraded version of SSL and TLS libraries are very critical when it comes to blocking SSL related vulnerabilities.

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blocking SSL related vulnerabilities.
-> Proper implementation and upgraded version of SSL and TLS libraries are very critical when it comes to blocking

.[? < 3m] Deploying 14/80.0 | The Harvester - Scans for emails using Google's passive search.Completed in 1s

->

- Email Addresses Found.
- Email Addresses Found.
- -> Email Addresses Found.

Vulnerability Threat Level: Low

Vulnerability Threat Level: Low -> Vulnerability Threat Level: Low

Vulnerability Definition

Vulnerability Definition

-> Vulnerability Definition

Chances are very less to compromise a target with email addresses. However, attackers use this as a supporting data to gather information around the target. An attacker may make use of the username on the email address and perform brute-force attacks on not just email servers, but also on other legitimate panels like SSH, CMS, etc with a password list as they have a legitimate name. This is however a shoot in the dark scenario, the attacker may or may not be successful depending on the level of interest

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-> Chances are very less to compromise a target with email addresses. However, attackers use this as a supporting definition of the compromise attackers are very less to compromise a target with email addresses.

A.I.C PERTS

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Our Findings

Vulnerability Remediation

-> Vulnerability Remediation

Since the chances of exploitation is feeble there is no need to take action. Perfect remediation would be choosing different usernames for different services will be more thoughtful.

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-> Since the chances of exploitation is feeble there is no need to take action. Perfect remediation would be choosing

.[? < 15s] Deploying 15/80.0 | Nmap - Checks for Remote Desktop Service over TCPCompleted in 1s

.[? < 35s] Deploying 16/80.0 | Nmap [OpenSSL CCS Injection] - Checks only for CCS Injection. ...Completed in 1s

.[? < 20s] Deploying 17/80.0 | Checks for SMB Service over TCPCompleted in 1s

 $. \cite{Monthson}. \c$

- CGI Directories Enumerated.

- CGI Directories Enumerated.

-> - CGI Directories Enumerated.

Vulnerability Threat Level: Low

Vulnerability Threat Level: Low



-> Vulnerability Threat Level: Low

Vulnerability Definition

Vulnerability Definition

-> Vulnerability Definition

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Vulnerability Remediation

Vulnerability Remediation

-> Vulnerability Remediation

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-> It is recommended to block or restrict access to these directories unless necessary.

.[? < 35s] Deploying 19/80.0 | Nikto - Checks for MS10-070 Vulnerability.Completed in 1s

->

- Webserver vulnerable to MS10-070.
- Webserver vulnerable to MS10-070.
- -> Webserver vulnerable to MS10-070.

Vulnerability Threat Level: High

Vulnerability Threat Level: High -> Vulnerability Threat Level: High

Vulnerability Definition

Vulnerability Definition

-> Vulnerability Definition

An attacker who successfully exploited this vulnerability could read data, such as the view state, which was



encrypted by the server. This vulnerability can also be used for data tampering, which, if successfully exploited, could be used to decrypt and tamper with the data encrypted by the server.

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-> An attacker who successfully exploited this vulnerability could read data, such as the view state, which was encry

Vulnerability Remediation

Vulnerability Remediation

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-> Vulnerability Remediation

Microsoft has released a set of patches on their website to mitigate this issue. The information required to fix this vulnerability can be inferred from this resource.

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/security-updates/securitybulletins/2010/ms10-070

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-> Microsoft has released a set of patches on their website to mitigate this issue. The information required to fix this

.[? < 15s] Deploying 20/80.0 | Nmap - Checks for MySQL DBCompleted in 1s

.[? < 30m] Deploying 22/80.0 | Golismero Subdomains Bruter - Brute Forces Subdomain Discovery. ...Completed in 1s

.[? < 35s] Deploying 23/80.0 | Nikto - Checks if Server is Outdated.Completed in 1s



->

- Webserver is Outdated.
- Webserver is Outdated.
- -> Webserver is Outdated.

Vulnerability Threat Level: High

Vulnerability Threat Level: High -> Vulnerability Threat Level: High

Vulnerability Definition

Vulnerability Definition

-> Vulnerability Definition

Any outdated web server may contain multiple vulnerabilities as their support would've been ended. An attacker may make use of such an opportunity to leverage attacks.

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-> Any outdated web server may contain multiple vulnerabilities as their support would've been ended. An attacker is

Vulnerability Remediation

Vulnerability Remediation

-> Vulnerability Remediation

It is highly recommended to upgrade the web server to the available latest version.

It is highly recommended to upgrade the web server to the available latest version.

- -> It is highly recommended to upgrade the web server to the available latest version.
- [? < 40s] Deploying 24/80.0 | SSLyze Checks only for Heartbleed Vulnerability.Completed in 1s

->

.[? < 9m] Deploying 25/80.0 | Uniscan - Stress Tests the Domain.Completed in 1s



->
.[? < 5m] Deploying 26/80.0 | Wapiti - Checks for SQLi, RCE, XSS and Other VulnerabilitiesCompleted in 1s
->
.[? < 25s] Deploying 27/80.0 | SSLyze - Checks for Secure Renegotiation Support and Client Renegotiation.Completed in 1s

 $. [? < 35s] \ Deploying \ 28/80.0 \ | \ Nikto - Checks \ for \ any \ interesting \ files \ on \ the \ Domain. \ ... Completed \ in \ 1s$

->

- Interesting Files Detected.
- Interesting Files Detected.
- -> Interesting Files Detected.

Vulnerability Threat Level: Medium

Vulnerability Threat Level: Medium
-> Vulnerability Threat Level: Medium

Vulnerability Definition

Vulnerability Definition

-> Vulnerability Definition

Attackers may find considerable amount of information from these files. There are even chances attackers may get access to critical information from these files.

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-> Attackers may find considerable amount of information from these files. There are even chances attackers may ge



Vulnerability Remediation

Vulnerability Remediation

-> Vulnerability Remediation

It is recommended to block or restrict access to these files unless necessary.

It is recommended to block or restrict access to these files unless necessary.

-> It is recommended to block or restrict access to these files unless necessary.

.[? < 30s] Deploying 29/80.0 | DMitry - Passively Harvests Emails from the Domain.Completed in 1s

->

- Email Addresses discovered with DMitry.
- Email Addresses discovered with DMitry.
- -> Email Addresses discovered with DMitry.

Vulnerability Threat Level: Low

Vulnerability Threat Level: Low -> Vulnerability Threat Level: Low

Vulnerability Definition

Vulnerability Definition

-> Vulnerability Definition

Chances are very less to compromise a target with email addresses. However, attackers use this as a supporting data to gather information around the target. An attacker may make use of the username on the email address and perform brute-force attacks on not just email servers, but also on other legitimate panels like SSH, CMS, etc with a password list as they have a legitimate name. This is however a shoot in the dark scenario, the attacker may or may not be successful depending on the level of interest

Chances are very less to compromise a target with email addresses. However, attackers use this as a supporting data to gather information around the target. An attacker may make use of the username on the email address and perform brute-force attacks on not just email servers, but also on other legitimate panels like SSH, CMS, etc with a password list as they have a legitimate name. This is however a shoot in the dark scenario, the attacker may or may not be successful depending on the level of interest

-> Chances are very less to compromise a target with email addresses. However, attackers use this as a supporting data



Vulnerability Remediation

-> Vulnerability Remediation

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- -> Since the chances of exploitation is feeble there is no need to take action. Perfect remediation would be choosing
- .[? < 45s] Deploying 30/80.0 | Golismero SQLMap [Retrieves only the DB Banner]Completed in 1s

->

- DB Banner retrieved with SQLMap.
- DB Banner retrieved with SQLMap.
- -> DB Banner retrieved with SQLMap.

Vulnerability Threat Level: Low

Vulnerability Threat Level: Low -> Vulnerability Threat Level: Low

Vulnerability Definition

Vulnerability Definition

-> Vulnerability Definition

May not be SQLi vulnerable. An attacker will be able to know that the host is using a backend for operation.

May not be SQLi vulnerable. An attacker will be able to know that the host is using a backend for operation.

-> May not be SQLi vulnerable. An attacker will be able to know that the host is using a backend for operation.

Vulnerability Remediation

Vulnerability Remediation

-> Vulnerability Remediation

Banner Grabbing should be restricted and access to the services from outside would should be made minimum.

Banner Grabbing should be restricted and access to the services from outside would should be made minimum.



-> Banner Grabbing should be restricted and access to the services from outside would should be made minimum.
.[? < 45m] Deploying 31/80.0 Nmap [Slowloris DoS] - Checks for Slowloris Denial of Service VulnerabilityCompleted in 1s
->
.[? < 30s] Deploying 32/80.0 Golismero Zone Transfer - Attempts Zone TransferCompleted in 1s
-> .[? < 30s] Deploying 33/80.0 WebDAV - Checks if WEBDAV enabled on Home directoryCompleted
in 1s
->
.[? < 30s] Deploying 34/80.0 Drupal Checker - Checks for Drupal InstallationCompleted in 1s
-> [2 < 25c] Donloving 25/90.0 Nmon II OCIAMI. Chooks for I OCIAM Vylnorobility. Completed in 1c
.[? < 35s] Deploying 35/80.0 Nmap [LOGJAM] - Checks for LOGJAM VulnerabilityCompleted in 1s
->
.[? < 35s] Deploying $36/80.0$ Nikto - Checks for HTTP Options on the DomainCompleted in 1s
->
- Some issues found with HTTP Options.



- Some issues found with HTTP Options.
- -> Some issues found with HTTP Options.

Vulnerability Threat Level: Low

Vulnerability Threat Level: Low -> Vulnerability Threat Level: Low

Vulnerability Definition

Vulnerability Definition

-> Vulnerability Definition

There are chances for an attacker to manipulate files on the webserver.

There are chances for an attacker to manipulate files on the webserver.

-> There are chances for an attacker to manipulate files on the webserver.

Vulnerability Remediation

Vulnerability Remediation

-> Vulnerability Remediation

It is recommended to disable the HTTP PUT and DEL methods incase if you don't use any REST API Services. Following resources helps you how to disable these methods.

http://www.techstacks.com/howto/disable-http-methods-in-tomcat.html

https://docs.oracle.com/cd/E19857-01/820-5627/gghwc/index.html

 $https://developer.ibm.com/answers/questions/32\overline{1629}/how-to-disable-http-methods-head-put-delete-option/alta-delete-option/a$

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Services. Following resources helps you how to disable these methods.

http://www.techstacks.com/howto/disable-http-methods-in-tomcat.html https://docs.oracle.com/cd/E19857-01/820-5627/gghwc/index.html

https://developer.ibm.com/answers/questions/321629/how-to-disable-http-methods-head-put-delete-option/

-> It is recommended to disable the HTTP PUT and DEL methods incase if you don't use any REST API Services. F

.[? < 2m] Deploying 37/80.0 | Nmap - Fast Scan [Only Few Port Checks]Completed in 1s

->

.[? < 5m] Deploying 38/80.0 | Uniscan - Brutes Directories on the Domain.Completed in 1s



->

.[? < 35s] Deploying 39/80.0 | DNSWalk - Attempts Zone Transfer.Completed in 1s

->

.[? < 35s] Deploying 40/80.0 | Nikto - Checks for Server Issues.Completed in 1s

->

- Some issues found on the Webserver.
- Some issues found on the Webserver.
- -> Some issues found on the Webserver.

Vulnerability Threat Level: Medium

Vulnerability Threat Level: Medium
-> Vulnerability Threat Level: Medium

Vulnerability Definition

Vulnerability Definition

-> Vulnerability Definition

Particular Scanner found multiple vulnerabilities that an attacker may try to exploit the target.

Particular Scanner found multiple vulnerabilities that an attacker may try to exploit the target.

-> Particular Scanner found multiple vulnerabilities that an attacker may try to exploit the target.

Vulnerability Remediation

Vulnerability Remediation

-> Vulnerability Remediation

Refer to RS-Vulnerability-Report to view the complete information of the vulnerability, once the scan gets completed.

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-> Refer to RS-Vulnerability-Report to view the complete information of the vulnerability, once the scan gets comp
$. [? < 30s] \ Deploying \ 41/80.0 \ \ WordPress \ Checker - Checks \ for \ WordPress \ Installation. \ Completed \ in \ 1s$
->
.[? $<$ 30s] Deploying 42/80.0 Nmap [Heartbleed] - Checks only for Heartbleed VulnerabilityCompleted in 1s
->
$. [? < 35s] \ Deploying \ 43/80.0 \ \ Nmap \ [POODLE] \ - \ Checks \ only \ for \ Poodle \ Vulnerability. \ . \ Completed in \ 1s$
->
.[? $<$ 20s] Deploying 44/80.0 Nmap [XSS Filter Check] - Checks if XSS Protection Header is presentCompleted in 1s
->
$. [? < 30s] \ Deploying \ 45/80.0 \ \ Nmap \ [FREAK] \ - \ Checks \ only \ for \ FREAK \ Vulnerability. \ . \ Completed in \ 1s$
->
.[? < 15s] Deploying 46/80.0 Host - Checks for existence of IPV6 addressCompleted in 1s
->
- Does not have an IPv6 Address. It is good to have one.



- Does not have an IPv6 Address. It is good to have one.
- -> Does not have an IPv6 Address. It is good to have one.

Vulnerability Threat Level: Info

Vulnerability Threat Level: Info -> Vulnerability Threat Level: Info

Vulnerability Definition

Vulnerability Definition

-> Vulnerability Definition

Not a vulnerability, just an informational alert. The host does not have IPv6 support. IPv6 provides more security as IPSec (responsible for CIA - Confidentiality, Integrity and Availablity) is incorporated into this model. So it is good to have IPv6 Support.

Not a vulnerability, just an informational alert. The host does not have IPv6 support. IPv6 provides more security as IPSec (responsible for CIA - Confidentiality, Integrity and Availablity) is incorporated into this model. So it is good to have IPv6 Support.

-> Not a vulnerability, just an informational alert. The host does not have IPv6 support. IPv6 provides more security

Vulnerability Remediation

Vulnerability Remediation

-> Vulnerability Remediation

It is recommended to implement IPv6. More information on how to implement IPv6 can be found from this resource.

https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/solutions/collateral/enterprise/cisco-on-cisco/IPv6-Implementation_CS.html

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- -> It is recommended to implement IPv6. More information on how to implement IPv6 can be found from this resou
- .[? $<\!20s$] Deploying 47/80.0 | DNSRecon Attempts Multiple Zone Transfers on Nameservers. .
- ...Completed in 1s

->

.[? > 50m] Deploying 48/80.0 | Nmap - Performs a Full TCP Port ScanCompleted in 1s



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.[? < 15s] Deploying 49/80.0 | Nmap - Checks for Remote Desktop Service over UDPCompleted in 1s

->

.[? < 35s] Deploying 50/80.0 | Nikto - Checks for HTTP PUT DEL.Completed in 1s

->

- HTTP PUT DEL Methods Enabled.
- HTTP PUT DEL Methods Enabled.
- -> HTTP PUT DEL Methods Enabled.

Vulnerability Threat Level: Medium

Vulnerability Threat Level: Medium
-> Vulnerability Threat Level: Medium

Vulnerability Definition

Vulnerability Definition

-> Vulnerability Definition

There are chances for an attacker to manipulate files on the webserver.

There are chances for an attacker to manipulate files on the webserver.

-> There are chances for an attacker to manipulate files on the webserver.

Vulnerability Remediation

Vulnerability Remediation

-> Vulnerability Remediation

It is recommended to disable the HTTP PUT and DEL methods incase if you don't use any REST API Services. Following resources helps you how to disable these methods.

http://www.techstacks.com/howto/disable-http-methods-in-tomcat.html

https://docs.oracle.com/cd/E19857-01/820-5627/gghwc/index.html

https://developer.ibm.com/answers/questions/321629/how-to-disable-http-methods-head-put-delete-option/



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-> It is recommended to disable the HTTP PUT and DEL methods incase if you don't use any REST API Services. I

.[? < 15s] Deploying 51/80.0 | Nmap [FTP] - Checks if FTP service is running.Completed in 1s

->

.[? < 35m] Deploying 52/80.0 | DirB - Brutes the target for Open Directories.Completed in 1s

->

- Open Directories Found with DirB.
- Open Directories Found with DirB.
- -> Open Directories Found with DirB.

Vulnerability Threat Level: Medium

Vulnerability Threat Level: Medium
-> Vulnerability Threat Level: Medium

Vulnerability Definition

Vulnerability Definition

-> Vulnerability Definition

Attackers may find considerable amount of information from these directories. There are even chances attackers may get access to critical information from these directories.

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-> Attackers may find considerable amount of information from these directories. There are even chances attackers

Vulnerability Remediation

Vulnerability Remediation

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->

->

Our Findings

It is recommended to block or restrict access to these directories unless necessary.

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- -> It is recommended to block or restrict access to these directories unless necessary.
- .[? < 20s] Deploying 53/80.0 | Checks for SMB Service over UDPCompleted in 1s

.[? < 30s] Deploying 54/80.0 | Joomla Checker - Checks for Joomla Installation.Completed in 1s

.[? < 35s] Deploying 55/80.0 | Nikto - Checks for Apache Expect XSS Header.Completed in 1s

- Apache Expect XSS Header not present.

- Apache Expect XSS Header not present.

-> - Apache Expect XSS Header not present.

Vulnerability Threat Level: Medium

Vulnerability Threat Level: Medium
-> Vulnerability Threat Level: Medium

Vulnerability Definition

Vulnerability Definition

-> Vulnerability Definition

As the target is lacking this header, older browsers will be prone to Reflected XSS attacks.

As the target is lacking this header, older browsers will be prone to Reflected XSS attacks.

-> As the target is lacking this header, older browsers will be prone to Reflected XSS attacks.

Our Findings

Vulnerability Remediation

-> Vulnerability Remediation

Modern browsers does not face any issues with this vulnerability (missing headers). However, older browsers are strongly recommended to be upgraded.

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are strongly recommended to be upgraded.

-> Modern browsers does not face any issues with this vulnerability (missing headers). However, older browsers are

.[? < 35s] Deploying 56/80.0 | Nikto - Checks for Internal IP Leak.Completed in 1s

->

- Webserver leaks Internal IP.
- Webserver leaks Internal IP.
- -> Webserver leaks Internal IP.

Vulnerability Threat Level: Low

Vulnerability Threat Level: Low -> Vulnerability Threat Level: Low

Vulnerability Definition

Vulnerability Definition

-> Vulnerability Definition

Gives attacker an idea on how the address scheming is done internally on the organizational network. Discovering the private addresses used within an organization can help attackers in carrying out network-layer attacks aiming to penetrate the organization's internal infrastructure.

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-> Gives attacker an idea on how the address scheming is done internally on the organizational network. Discovering

Vulnerability Remediation

Vulnerability Remediation

-> Vulnerability Remediation

Restrict the banner information to the outside world from the disclosing service. More information on



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->

->

Our Findings

mitigating this vulnerability can be found here.

https://portswigger.net/kb/issues/00600300_private-ip-addresses-disclosed

Restrict the banner information to the outside world from the disclosing service. More information on mitigating this vulnerability can be found here.

https://portswigger.net/kb/issues/00600300_private-ip-addresses-disclosed

-> Restrict the banner information to the outside world from the disclosing service. More information on mitigating

.[? < 30s] Deploying 57/80.0 | Nmap - Checks for SNMP ServiceCompleted in 1s

.[? < 45s] Deploying 58/80.0 | Wafw00f - Checks for Application Firewalls.Completed in 1s

.[? < 3m] Deploying 59/80.0 | WhatWeb - Checks for X-XSS Protection HeaderCompleted in 1s

- X-XSS Protection is not Present

- X-XSS Protection is not Present

-> - X-XSS Protection is not Present

Vulnerability Threat Level: Medium

Vulnerability Threat Level: Medium
-> Vulnerability Threat Level: Medium

Vulnerability Definition

Vulnerability Definition

-> Vulnerability Definition

As the target is lacking this header, older browsers will be prone to Reflected XSS attacks.

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Our Findings

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Vulnerability Remediation

Vulnerability Remediation

-> Vulnerability Remediation

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-> Modern browsers does not face any issues with this vulnerability (missing headers). However, older browsers are

.[? < 45s] Deploying 60/80.0 | DNSEnum - Attempts Zone Transfer.Completed in 1s

->

- Zone Transfer Successful using DNSEnum. Reconfigure DNS immediately.
- Zone Transfer Successful using DNSEnum. Reconfigure DNS immediately.
- -> Zone Transfer Successful using DNSEnum. Reconfigure DNS immediately.

Vulnerability Threat Level: High

Vulnerability Threat Level: High -> Vulnerability Threat Level: High

Vulnerability Definition

Vulnerability Definition

-> Vulnerability Definition

Zone Transfer reveals critical topological information about the target. The attacker will be able to query all records and will have more or less complete knowledge about your host.

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-> Zone Transfer reveals critical topological information about the target. The attacker will be able to query all record

Vulnerability Remediation

Vulnerability Remediation



Good practice is to restrict the Zone Transfer by telling the Master which are the IPs of the slaves that can be given access for the query. This SANS resource provides more information. https://www.sans.org/reading-room/whitepapers/dns/securing-dns-zone-transfer-868

Good practice is to restrict the Zone Transfer by telling the Master which are the IPs of the slaves that can be given access for the query. This SANS resource provides more information.

https://www.sans.org/reading-room/white papers/dns/securing-dns-zone-transfer-868

-> Good practice is to restrict the Zone Transfer by telling the Master which are the IPs of the slaves that can be give

->

- Found Subdomains with Fierce.
- Found Subdomains with Fierce.
- -> Found Subdomains with Fierce.

Vulnerability Threat Level: Medium

Vulnerability Threat Level: Medium -> Vulnerability Threat Level: Medium

Vulnerability Definition

Vulnerability Definition

-> Vulnerability Definition

Attackers may gather more information from subdomains relating to the parent domain. Attackers may even find other services from the subdomains and try to learn the architecture of the target. There are even chances for the attacker to find vulnerabilities as the attack surface gets larger with more subdomains discovered.

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Vulnerability Remediation

Vulnerability Remediation

-> Vulnerability Remediation

It is sometimes wise to block sub domains like development, staging to the outside world, as it gives more



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Our Findings

information to the attacker about the tech stack. Complex naming practices also help in reducing the attack surface as attackers find hard to perform subdomain bruteforcing through dictionaries and wordlists.

It is sometimes wise to block sub domains like development, staging to the outside world, as it gives more information to the attacker about the tech stack. Complex naming practices also help in reducing the attack surface as attackers find hard to perform subdomain bruteforcing through dictionaries and wordlists.

surface as attackers find hard to perform subdomain bruteforcing through dictionaries and wordlists.

-> It is sometimes wise to block sub domains like development, staging to the outside world, as it gives more information.

.[? < 15s] Deploying 62/80.0 | Nmap - Checks for ORACLE DBCompleted in 1s

.[? < 40s] Deploying 63/80.0 | Nmap - Checks for IIS WebDAVCompleted in 1s

.[? $<\!25s]$ Deploying 64/80.0 | SSLyze - Checks for OCSP Stapling.Completed in 1s

.[? < 35s] Deploying 65/80.0 | Nikto - Checks for Shellshock Bug.Completed in 1s

- Webserver vulnerable to Shellshock Bug.

- Webserver vulnerable to Shellshock Bug.

-> - Webserver vulnerable to Shellshock Bug.

Vulnerability Threat Level: Critical

Vulnerability Threat Level: Critical -> Vulnerability Threat Level: Critical

Vulnerability Definition



Vulnerability Definition

-> Vulnerability Definition

Attackers exploit the vulnerability in BASH to perform remote code execution on the target. An experienced attacker can easily take over the target system and access the internal sources of the machine

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attacker can easily take over the target system and access the internal sources of the machine

-> Attackers exploit the vulnerability in BASH to perform remote code execution on the target. An experienced attackers

Vulnerability Remediation

Vulnerability Remediation

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-> Vulnerability Remediation

This vulnerability can be mitigated by patching the version of BASH. The following resource gives an indepth analysis of the vulnerability and how to mitigate it.

 $https://www.symantec.com/connect/blogs/shellshock-all-you-need-know-about-bash-bug-vulnerability \\ https://www.digitalocean.com/community/tutorials/how-to-protect-your-server-against-the-shellshock-bash-vulnerability$

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-> This vulnerability can be mitigated by patching the version of BASH. The following resource gives an indepth an

.[? < 40s] Deploying 66/80.0 | Uniscan - Checks for robots.txt & sitemap.xmlCompleted in 1s

.[? < 9m] Deploying 67/80.0 | Uniscan - Checks for XSS, SQLi, BSQLi & Other Checks.Completed in 1s

.[? < 15s] Deploying 68/80.0 | Nmap [TELNET] - Checks if TELNET service is running.Completed in 1s



->

.[? < 45s] Deploying 69/80.0 | Golismero - Checks if the domain is spoofed or hijacked.Completed in 1s

->

- Domain is spoofed/hijacked.
- Domain is spoofed/hijacked.
- -> Domain is spoofed/hijacked.

Vulnerability Threat Level: High

Vulnerability Threat Level: High -> Vulnerability Threat Level: High

Vulnerability Definition

Vulnerability Definition

-> Vulnerability Definition

An attacker can forwarded requests that comes to the legitimate URL or web application to a third party address or to the attacker's location that can serve malware and affect the end user's machine.

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-> An attacker can forwarded requests that comes to the legitimate URL or web application to a third party address of

Vulnerability Remediation

Vulnerability Remediation

-> Vulnerability Remediation

It is highly recommended to deploy DNSSec on the host target. Full deployment of DNSSEC will ensure the end user is connecting to the actual web site or other service corresponding to a particular domain name. For more information, check this resource. https://www.cloudflare.com/dns/dnssec/how-dnssec-works/

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-> It is highly recommended to deploy DNSSec on the host target. Full deployment of DNSSEC will ensure the end

.[? < 35s] Deploying 70/80.0 | DMitry - Passively Harvests Subdomains from the Domain.Completed in



1s

->

- Subdomains discovered with DMitry.
- Subdomains discovered with DMitry.
- -> Subdomains discovered with DMitry.

Vulnerability Threat Level: Medium

Vulnerability Threat Level: Medium
-> Vulnerability Threat Level: Medium

Vulnerability Definition

Vulnerability Definition

-> Vulnerability Definition

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Vulnerability Remediation

Vulnerability Remediation

-> Vulnerability Remediation

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.[? < 4m] Deploying 71/80.0 | XSSer - Checks for Cross-Site Scripting [XSS] Attacks.Completed in 1s



->

- XSSer found XSS vulnerabilities.
- XSSer found XSS vulnerabilities.
- -> XSSer found XSS vulnerabilities.

Vulnerability Threat Level: Critical

Vulnerability Threat Level: Critical -> Vulnerability Threat Level: Critical

Vulnerability Definition

Vulnerability Definition

-> Vulnerability Definition

An attacker will be able to steal cookies, deface web application or redirect to any third party address that can serve malware.

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Vulnerability Remediation

Vulnerability Remediation

-> Vulnerability Remediation

Input validation and Output Sanitization can completely prevent Cross Site Scripting (XSS) attacks. XSS attacks can be mitigated in future by properly following a secure coding methodology. The following comprehensive resource provides detailed information on fixing this vulnerability. https://www.owasp.org/index.php/XSS_(Cross_Site_Scripting)_Prevention_Cheat_Sheet

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-> Input validation and Output Sanitization can completely prevent Cross Site Scripting (XSS) attacks. XSS attacks

.[? < 4m] Deploying 72/80.0 | LBD - Checks for DNS/HTTP Load Balancers.Completed in 1s



->
.[? $<$ 30s] Deploying 73/80.0 ASP.Net Misconfiguration - Checks for ASP.Net MisconfigurationCompleted in 1s
->
.[? $<$ 20s] Deploying 74/80.0 Nmap [STUXNET] - Checks if the host is affected by STUXNET WormCompleted in 1s
-> [2] < 45cl Donloving 75/90.0 Colionara SSI Soons Donforms SSI related Soons — Completed in 1s
.[? $<$ 45s] Deploying 75/80.0 Golismero SSL Scans - Performs SSL related ScansCompleted in 1s
->
.[? < 2m] Deploying 76/80.0 Uniscan - Brutes for Filenames on the DomainCompleted in 1s
->
.[? $<15s]$ Deploying $77/80.0\ \ Nmap$ - Checks for MS-SQL Server DBCompleted in $1s$
->
.[? < 30s] Deploying 78/80.0 SSLyze - Checks for Session Resumption Support with [Session IDs/TLS Tickets]Completed in 1s
->



.[? < 8m] Deploying 79/80.0 | Uniscan - Checks for LFI, RFI and RCE.Completed in 1s

->

 $.[?\,{<}\,35s]$ Deploying 80/80.0~| Nikto - Brutes Subdomains.Completed in 1s

->

- Found Subdomains with Nikto.
- Found Subdomains with Nikto.
- -> Found Subdomains with Nikto.

Vulnerability Threat Level: Medium

Vulnerability Threat Level: Medium
-> Vulnerability Threat Level: Medium

Vulnerability Definition

Vulnerability Definition

-> Vulnerability Definition

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Vulnerability Remediation

Vulnerability Remediation

-> Vulnerability Remediation

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.[Preliminary Scan Phase Completed.]

->

->

.[Report Generation Phase Initiated.]

Complete Vulnerability Report for iclan.cm named `RS-Vulnerability-Report` is available under the same directory MultiScan resides.

Complete Vulnerability Report for iclan.cm named `RS-Vulnerability-Report` is available under the same directory MultiScan resides.

directory MultiScan resides.
-> Complete Vulnerability Report for iclan.cm named `RS-Vulnerability-Report` is available under the same directors.

Total Number of Vulnerability Checks : 80

Total Number of Vulnerability Checks : 80 : 80 : 80

Total Number of Vulnerability Checks Skipped: 0

Total Number of Vulnerability Checks Skipped: 0 -> Total Number of Vulnerability Checks Skipped: 0

Total Number of Vulnerabilities Detected : 29

Total Number of Vulnerabilities Detected : 29 -> Total Number of Vulnerabilities Detected : 29

Total Time Elapsed for the Scan : 9s

Total Time Elapsed for the Scan : 9s -> Total Time Elapsed for the Scan : 9s



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For Debugging Purposes, You can view the complete output generated by all the tools named `RS-Debug-ScanLog` under the same directory.

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-> For Debugging Purposes, You can view the complete output generated by all the tools named `RS-Debug-ScanLo

.[Report Generation Phase Completed.]