

1. Consider the following piece of incomplete pseudocode:

1 point

```
function Shift(vector, i, j)  
    if  $i \leq j$  then  
        return vector  
    end if  
    store  $\leftarrow$  vector[i]  
    for  $0 \leq k \leq (i - j - 1)$  do  
        MISSING  
    end for  
    vector[j]  $\leftarrow$  store  
    return vector  
end function
```

This pseudocode, when completed, is supposed to implement the Shift function. What should go in the place of **MISSING**?

- ☐ $\text{vector}[i - k] \leftarrow \text{vector}[i - k - 1]$
- ☐ $\text{vector}[i - k - 1] \leftarrow \text{vector}[i - k]$

2. Consider the following piece of incomplete pseudocode:

1 point

```
function InsertionSort(vector)  
    for  $2 \leq i \leq \text{LENGTH}(\text{vector})$  do  
        j  $\leftarrow$  i  
        while MISSING  $\wedge (j > 1)$  do  
            j  $\leftarrow$  j - 1  
        end while  
        Shift(vector, i, j)  
    end for  
    return vector  
end function
```

This pseudocode, when completed, is supposed to implement the Insertion Sort algorithm. What should go in the place of **MISSING**?

- ☐ $(vector[j] > vector[j-1])$
- ☐ $(vector[j-1] > vector[i])$
- ☐ $(vector[j-1] > vector[j])$
- ☐ $(vector[i] > vector[j-1])$

3. Consider the following piece of pseudocode:

1 point

```

function InsertionSort(vector)
  for  $2 \leq i \leq \text{LENGTH}(\textit{vector})$  do
     $j \leftarrow i$ 
    while  $(\textit{vector}[j-1] > \textit{vector}[j]) \wedge (j > 1)$  do
      Swap(vector,  $j$ ,  $j-1$ )
       $j \leftarrow j-1$ 
    end while
  end for
  return vector
end function

```

This utilises the Swap function that will swap the values at j and $j-1$ in a vector. The claim is that this function will implement the Insertion sort algorithm. Is this true or false?

- ☐ False
- ☐ True

4. Why does the Insertion Sort work?

1 point

- ☐ Because all elements are compared with each other
- ☐ Because all smaller sub-vectors from left to right will be sorted
- ☐ It only works for vectors that are mostly sorted

5. Consider the following sequence of vectors, where each vector is on a separate line:

1 point

4	2	1	5	3
2	4	1	5	3
1	2	3	4	5

In each line we should have the vector after the values have been shifted according to the Insertion Sort algorithm. What values should go in the third line?

- ☐

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1	2	3	4	5
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☐

1	2	4	5	3
---	---	---	---	---

☐

2	1	4	5	3
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