# Introduction to Experimental Environment

1

PING XU

## Connecting to the cluster machines

2

#### Remote Controlling a Linux Server

- 3
- We use ssh protocal to remotely control a linux server.
- After we use SSH to login to a server, we are given a command line interface (terminal) to interact with the server:
  - The command you entered in a SSH session is executed remotely on the server
  - The output of running the command is sent back to your local machine and displayed in the command line interface, just as what you've expect from a local command line session.
- This is Linux's "remote desktop", though it is command line only.

#### Log in to the server

4

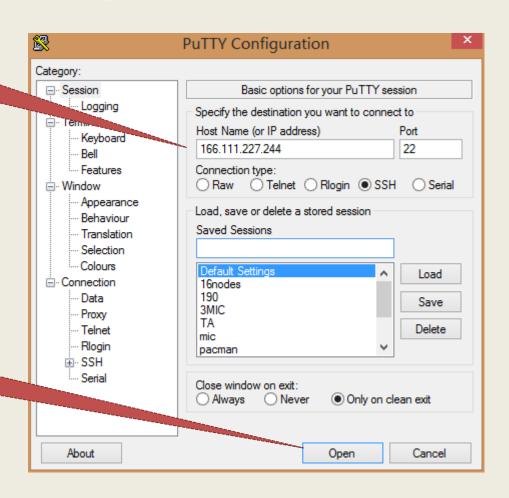
- IP: 166.111.227.244
- User Id: Your Student ID Number (201xxxxxxxx)
- Passwd: User Id@tsinghua (Don't forget to change your password)
- Tool for log in: ssh (available in Linux and Mac)
  - On Windows, use putty (free):
    <a href="http://www.chiark.greenend.org.uk/~sgtatham/putty/download.html">http://www.chiark.greenend.org.uk/~sgtatham/putty/download.html</a>
    or Tectia (commercial, <a href="https://www.ssh.com/products/tectia-ssh/">https://www.ssh.com/products/tectia-ssh/</a>)
- Tool for uploading & downloading files: scp
  - On Windows:
    WinSCP (http://winscp.net/eng/download.php) or Tectia

#### **Example for Putty**

5

#### 1. Input IP

2. Click Open



#### **Example for Putty**

6

166.111.227.244 - PuTTY login as: wxl wxl@166.111 227.244's password: 3. Input User Id 4. Input Passwd (no display)

### **Example for Putty**

```
♣ wxl@bootstraper:~
login as: wxl
wxl@166.111.227.244's password:
Last login: Fri Nov 4 19:36:45 2016 from 166.11
1.69.53
[wxl@bootstraper ~]$
                                Success!
```

#### Example for Mac



User Id

Server IP

PingdeMacBook-Pro-2:~ xup12\$ ssh 2016210961@166.111.227.244

2016210961@166.111.227.244's password:

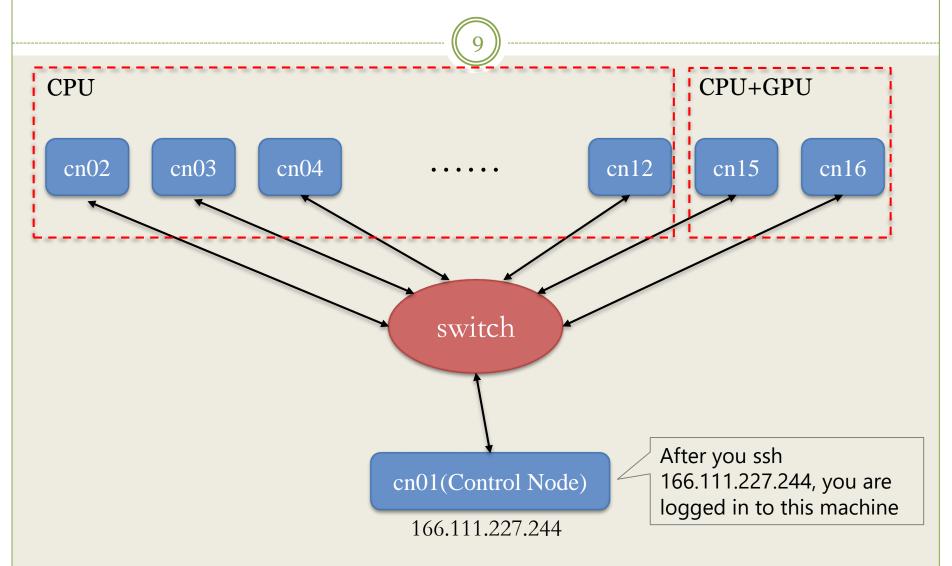
Last login: Fri May 19 23:09:20 2017 from 166.111.68.172

[2016210961@bootstraper ~]\$

Success!

Passwd

#### Architecture of the Cluster



### Getting Assignment Files

10

#### How to Get the Assignments

11

 You can get Assignment 1 files to your user directory using git:

git clone ssh://166.111.227.244/data/home/HPC2017\_Summer/class/asst1

```
[2016210961@bootstraper ~]$ git clone ssh://166.111.227.244/data/home/HPC2017_Summer/class/asst1 Initialized empty Git repository in /data/home/HPC2016/2016210961/asst1/.git/ remote: Counting objects: 52, done. remote: Compressing objects: 100% (51/51), done. remote: Total 52 (delta 12), reused 0 (delta 0) Receiving objects: 100% (52/52), 9.73 MiB | 3 KiB/s, done. Resolving deltas: 100% (12/12), done.
```

• Other assignments will soon be put up.

#### Use "make" to Build a Binary Executable File

12

#### Example: build prog3

cd prog3\_Mandelbrot\_ispc

**1**s

```
[2016210961@bootstraper prog3_mandelbrot_ispc]$ ls
main.cpp Makefile mandelbrot.ispc mandelbrotSerial.cpp proj3.vcxproj proj3.vcxproj.filters
```

#### make

```
[2016210961@bootstraper prog3_mandelbrot_ispc]$ make
/bin/mkdir -p objs/
ispc -02 --target=sse4-x2 --arch=x86-64 mandelbrot.ispc -o objs/mandelbrot_ispc.o -h objs/mandelbrot_ispc.h
g++ -std=c++11 -m64 main.cpp -I../common -Iobjs/ -03 -Wall -c -o objs/main.o
g++ -std=c++11 -m64 mandelbrotSerial.cpp -I../common -Iobjs/ -03 -Wall -c -o objs/mandelbrotSerial.o
g++ -std=c++11 -m64 ../common/ppm.cpp -I../common -Iobjs/ -03 -Wall -c -o objs/ppm.o
g++ -std=c++11 -m64 ../common/tasksys.cpp -I../common -Iobjs/ -03 -Wall -c -o objs/tasksys.o
g++ -std=c++11 -m64 ../common -Iobjs/ -03 -Wall -c -o objs/tasksys.o
g++ -std=c++11 -m64 -I../common -Iobjs/ -03 -Wall -c -o objs/main.o objs/mandelbrotSerial.o objs/mandelbrot_ispc.o objs/ppm.o objs/tasksys.o -lm -lpthrof[2016210961@bootstraper prog3_mandelbrot_ispc]$ ls
main.cpp Makefile mandelbrot_ispc mandelbrot.ispc mandelbrotSerial.cpp objs proj3.vcxproj proj3.vcxproj.filters submit.sh
```

#### Binary file

