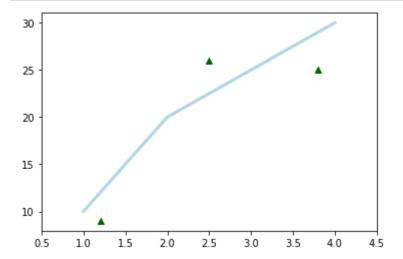
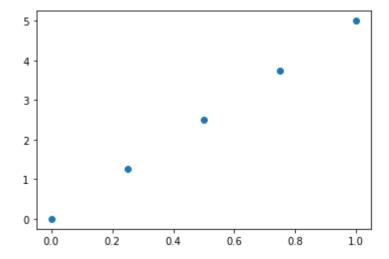


```
In [4]: ▶ plt.plot([1, 2, 3, 4], [10, 20, 25, 30], color='lightblue', linewidth=3)
   plt.scatter([0.3, 3.8, 1.2, 2.5], [11, 25, 9, 26], color='darkgreen', marker=
   plt.xlim(0.5, 4.5)
   plt.show()
```



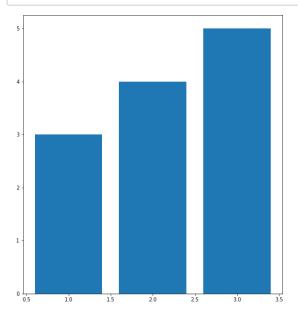


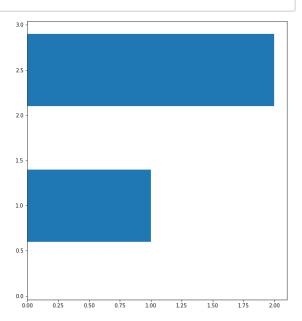
```
In [7]: # Initialize the plot
fig = plt.figure(figsize=(20,10))
ax1 = fig.add_subplot(121)
ax2 = fig.add_subplot(122)

# or replace the three lines of code above by the following line:
#fig, (ax1, ax2) = plt.subplots(1,2, figsize=(20,10))

# Plot the data
ax1.bar([1,2,3],[3,4,5])
ax2.barh([0.5,1,2.5],[0,1,2])

# Show the plot
plt.show()
```

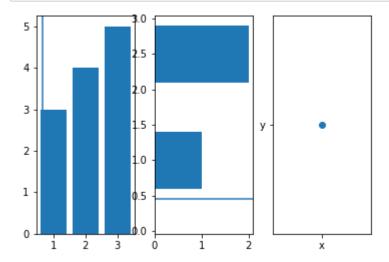


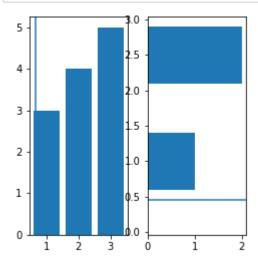


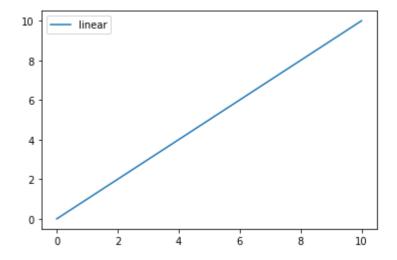
```
In [11]:  # Initialize the plot
    fig = plt.figure()
    ax1 = fig.add_subplot(131)
    ax2 = fig.add_subplot(132)
    ax3 = fig.add_subplot(133)

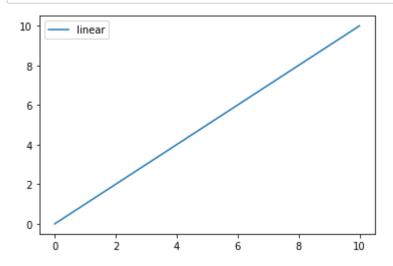
# Plot the data
    ax1.bar([1,2,3],[3,4,5])
    ax2.barh([0.5,1,2.5],[0,1,2])
    ax2.axhline(0.45)
    ax1.axvline(0.65)
    ax3.scatter('x','y')

# Show the plot
    plt.show()
```









In [ ]: ▶