Lab 1- Solution

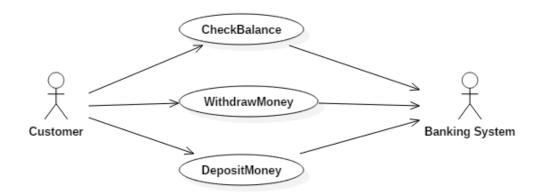
Reading: Beginning Java Objects, pp. 344-347, 352, 355-368. Also, read p. 416 for an example of a Use Case description for the Student Registration System.

1. Below is a table shows the first step in a use case description for the main flow of the Withdraw Money use case for an ATM system. Use your experience with ATM machines to help you fill out the rest of the table. The goal of the Withdraw Money use case is, of course, to withdraw money from your account, and in the Main Flow of this use case, the goal is achieved as expected.

WITHDRAW_MONEY Use Case Description: Main Flow

User Action		System Response	
1.	User types in PIN into main screen	1.	System checks validity of PIN and presents options to user on another screen
2.	User selects "Withdraw Money" from the screen options	2.	System presents a screen with several options for withdrawal amount
3.	User selects/types desired withdrawal amount	3.	System checks selected amount is valid for this customer and then provides the requested amount of cash.

2. Create a Use Case Diagram for the ATM system (refer to the slides for the three use cases that you will use). There should be two actors in your diagram.



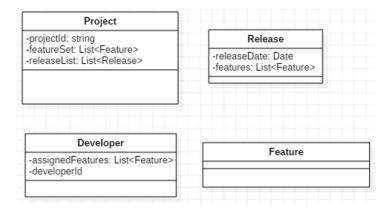
3. The Project Management Tracking System. The following is a problem statement for building a simple project management tool. The tool would be used by a Project Manager (who would be an actor in relation to this system), and we can assume that the final system will have a user interface which would be used by the Project Manager. Use the techniques discussed in class to create a static model – identify the classes for this system and determine the attributes that belong to each class. We will develop this example further in Lab 2. For this lab, you do not need to specify associations or operations.

Problem Description:

A Project Manager manages multiple projects. A project, before final release, is required to have a specified feature set. Associated with a project are multiple releases. A release is a functional piece of the project being developed that includes a subset of the feature set for the project and which is to be delivered on a specified date (the feature set and release date are determined by the Project Manager). When the last release is delivered, the project is considered completed.

Associated with each feature for a project is a developer who is responsible for developing this feature for inclusion in the project. A developer has an id and provides, for each feature he is responsible for, the estimated time remaining to complete work on that feature. The Project Manager assigns features to developers to work on.

For this lab, draw (by hand or using a UML tool) a class diagram to model this system. Your diagram should include all classes and attributes suggested by the problem statement. (And to repeat, you do not need to specify operations or associations. Also, you do not need to create a special class to represent the user interface).



4. **Properties Management System.** The following is a problem statement for a simple properties management system, which would be used by a manager of multiple properties. Use the techniques discussed in class to create a static model – identify the classes for this system and determine the attributes that belong to each class. We will develop this example further later on – for this lab, you do not need to specify associations or operations.

Problem Description:

A landlord owns several types of properties: houses, condominiums, and trailers. A house has an address and a lot size. Rent for a house is computed by rent = 0.1 * lot size

A condominium has an address and a certain number of floors (1 floor, 2 floors, or 3 floors). Rent for a condominium is computed by

rent = 400 * number of floors

A trailer belongs to a particular trailer park (specified by the trailer park address). The rent for a trailer is always \$500.

The property managemet software is required to have an Admin module that supports various functions. One of these functions is to compute total rent for all the properties registered in the system. Another function is to list all properties in the system that are in a specified city.

For this lab, draw (or use a UML tool if you like) a class diagram to model this system. Your diagram should include all classes and attributes suggested by the problem statement. (And to repeat, you do not need to specify operations or associations. Also, you do not need to create a special class to represent the user interface).

