### Basic Math

### Gradient 1

#### Definition 1.1

The gradient of a scalar-valued differentiable function f of several variables is the vector field whose value at a point is the 'direction and rate of fastest increase' [3].

#### 1.2 Gradient of Scalar is Vector

$$\nabla f = \frac{\partial f}{\partial x}\hat{i} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial y}\hat{j} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial z}\hat{k}$$
 (1)

### Gradient of Vector is Tensor 1.3

$$\underline{\boldsymbol{f}} = f_1 \hat{\boldsymbol{i}} + f_2 \hat{\boldsymbol{j}} + f_3 \hat{\boldsymbol{k}} \tag{2}$$

$$\nabla \boldsymbol{f} = \nabla(f_1, f_2, f_3)$$

$$\nabla \underline{f} = \nabla (f_1, f_2, f_3)$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \hat{i} & \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} \hat{j} & \frac{\partial f}{\partial z} \hat{k} \\ \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \hat{i} & \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} \hat{j} & \frac{\partial f}{\partial z} \hat{k} \\ \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \hat{i} & \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} \hat{j} & \frac{\partial f}{\partial z} \hat{k} \end{bmatrix}$$
(3)

### 2 Divergence

### Definition 2.1

Divergence is a vector operator that operates on a vector field, producing a scalar field giving the quantity of the vector field's source at each point [2].

### 2.2 Divergence of Vector

$$\nabla \cdot \underline{\boldsymbol{f}} = \frac{\partial f_1}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial f_2}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial f_3}{\partial z} \tag{4}$$

## 3 Laplacian

### 3.1 Definition

Divergence of the gradient.

### 3.2 Laplacian of Scalar

$$\nabla \cdot (\nabla f) = (\hat{i}\frac{\partial}{\partial x} + \hat{j}\frac{\partial}{\partial y} + \hat{k}\frac{\partial}{\partial z}) \cdot ((\hat{i}\frac{\partial}{\partial x} + \hat{j}\frac{\partial}{\partial y} + \hat{k}\frac{\partial}{\partial z})f)$$

$$= ((\hat{i}\frac{\partial}{\partial x} + \hat{j}\frac{\partial}{\partial y} + \hat{k}\frac{\partial}{\partial z}) \cdot (\hat{i}\frac{\partial}{\partial x} + \hat{j}\frac{\partial}{\partial y} + \hat{k}\frac{\partial}{\partial z}))f$$

$$= (\frac{\partial^{2}}{\partial x^{2}} + \frac{\partial^{2}}{\partial y^{2}} + \frac{\partial^{2}}{\partial z^{2}})f$$

$$= \frac{\partial^{2}f}{\partial x^{2}} + \frac{\partial^{2}f}{\partial y^{2}} + \frac{\partial^{2}f}{\partial z^{2}}$$
(5)

## 3.3 Laplacian of Vector

$$\nabla^2 \underline{\mathbf{f}} = \nabla(\nabla \cdot \underline{\mathbf{f}}) - \nabla \times (\nabla \times \underline{\mathbf{f}}) \tag{6}$$

In Cartesian coordinates:

$$\nabla^{2} \underline{f} = \begin{bmatrix} \nabla \cdot \nabla f_{1} \\ \nabla \cdot \nabla f_{2} \\ \nabla \cdot \nabla f_{3} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial^{2} f_{1}}{\partial x^{2}} + \frac{\partial^{2} f_{1}}{\partial y^{2}} + \frac{\partial^{2} f_{1}}{\partial z^{2}} \\ \frac{\partial^{2} f_{2}}{\partial x^{2}} + \frac{\partial^{2} f_{2}}{\partial y^{2}} + \frac{\partial^{2} f_{2}}{\partial z^{2}} \\ \frac{\partial^{2} f_{3}}{\partial x^{2}} + \frac{\partial^{2} f_{3}}{\partial y^{2}} + \frac{\partial^{2} f_{3}}{\partial z^{2}} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(7)$$

### 4 Curl

### Definition 4.1

The curl is a vector operator that describes the infinitesimal circulation of a vector field in 3-D space [1]. A vector field whose curl is zero is called irrotational.

### 4.2 Curl of Vector

$$\nabla \times \underline{\boldsymbol{F}} = \begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial}{\partial y} & \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \\ F_x & F_y & F_z \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= (\frac{\partial F_z}{\partial y} - \frac{\partial F_y}{\partial z})\hat{i} + (\frac{\partial F_x}{\partial z} - \frac{\partial F_z}{\partial x})\hat{j} + (\frac{\partial F_y}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial F_x}{\partial y})\hat{k}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial F_z}{\partial y} - \frac{\partial F_y}{\partial z} \\ \frac{\partial F_x}{\partial z} - \frac{\partial F_z}{\partial x} \\ \frac{\partial F_y}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial F_x}{\partial y} \end{bmatrix}$$
(8)

(8)

# References

- [1] URL https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Curl\_ (mathematics).
- [2] URL https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Divergence.
- [3] URL https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Gradient.