FastAPI with NGINX Reverse Proxy in Docker

This project sets up a **FastAPI** application running behind an **NGINX reverse proxy** using Docker and Docker Compose.



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Features

- FastAPI backend running in a Docker container.
- NGINX as a reverse proxy to serve FastAPI.
- Docker Compose for easy deployment and management.
- Swagger UI for API documentation and testing.

Prerequisites

- Docker & Docker Compose installed.
- Basic knowledge of FastAPI, NGINX, and Docker.

Why Use a Reverse Proxy?

A reverse proxy like NGINX is used in this project to:

- Improve Security: Protects the backend by hiding internal infrastructure.
- Load Balancing: Distributes traffic when multiple FastAPI instances are running.
- **SSL Termination**: Handles HTTPS at the proxy level.
- Performance Optimization: Caching and compression features can improve response times.
- **Custom Domain Handling**: Allows mapping FastAPI to a friendly domain instead of an IP and port. **For Detials:** https://github.com/tssundarraj/Reverse-Proxy-with-Nginx-and-Docker.git

Project Structure

% Setup Instructions

Step 1: Clone the Repository

```
git clone https://github.com/tssundarraj/Nginx-reverse-proxy-with-Docker.git
cd Nginx-reverse-proxy-with-Docker
```

Step 6: Build and Run the Containers

Run the following command to build and start the containers:

```
docker-compose up --build -d
```

Step 7: Add Entry in /etc/hosts

Modify the /etc/hosts file to map localhost to the local environment:

```
echo "127.0.0.1 fastapi.local" | sudo tee -a /etc/hosts
```

This will allow you to access the FastAPI app via http://fastapi.local instead of using an IP address.

Accessing Swagger UI

FastAPI automatically provides interactive API documentation using Swagger UI.

• Open your browser and visit:

```
http://fastapi.local/docs
```

or

```
http://127.0.0.1/docs
```

• For **Redoc UI**, visit:

```
http://fastapi.local/redoc
```

Testing the Setup

Open your browser and visit:

```
http://fastapi.local
```

Or use curl:

```
curl http://fastapi.local
```

™ Clean Up

To stop and remove the running containers, use:

```
docker-compose down
```

To remove all images, volumes, and networks created by Docker Compose:

```
docker system prune -a
```



- FastAPI serves the API on port **8000**.
- NGINX acts as a reverse proxy on port 80.
- Docker Compose manages both containers.
- Swagger UI is accessible at /docs.

Step 2: Create the FastAPI Application

Inside app/, create main.py:

```
from fastapi import FastAPI

app = FastAPI()

@app.get("/")
def read_root():
    return {"message": "Hello from FastAPI!"}

@app.get("/items/{item_id}")
def read_item(item_id: int, q: str = None):
    return {"item_id": item_id, "query": q}
```

Step 3: Setup NGINX Reverse Proxy

Create an NGINX configuration file nginx.conf inside the nginx/ directory.

```
worker_processes auto;
events {
    worker_connections 1024;
}
http {
    server {
        listen 80;
        server_name localhost;
        location / {
            proxy_pass http://fastapi_app:8000;
            proxy_set_header Host $host;
            proxy_set_header X-Real-IP $remote_addr;
            proxy_set_header X-Forwarded-For $proxy_add_x_forwarded_for;
        }
    }
}
```

```
The server {} block must be inside the http {} block.
proxy_pass should match the FastAPI service name (fastapi_app in docker-compose.yml).
Defines worker_processes and events, which NGINX requires.
```

Step 4: Create the Dockerfile

Inside app/, create Dockerfile:

```
# Use a smaller base image (python:3.9-slim)
FROM python: 3.9-slim
# Set working directory
WORKDIR /app
# Copy only the requirements file first (this allows Docker to cache layer for
dependencies)
COPY requirements.txt .
# Install dependencies from the requirements.txt (use --no-cache-dir to avoid
caching)
RUN pip install --no-cache-dir -r requirements.txt
# Copy the rest of the FastAPI app files
COPY . .
# Expose FastAPI port
EXPOSE 8000
# Run FastAPI server
CMD ["uvicorn", "main:app", "--host", "0.0.0.0", "--port", "8000"]
```

Step 5: Create docker-compose.yml

Create a docker-compose.yml file to define the services.

```
image: nginx:latest # Use the latest NGINX image
   container name: nginx proxy # Name the NGINX container
      - "80:80" # Expose NGINX on port 80
      - ./nginx/nginx.conf:/etc/nginx/nginx.conf:ro # Mount the NGINX
configuration file
   depends_on:
     - fastapi # Ensure NGINX starts after FastAPI
```

Next Steps

Here are some ideas for expanding this project:

- Implement Authentication: Add JWT or OAuth2-based authentication.
- Database Integration: Connect FastAPI to PostgreSQL, MySQL, or MongoDB.
- Logging & Monitoring: Use Prometheus, Grafana, or ELK Stack.
- **Deploy to the Cloud**: Deploy the setup to AWS, Azure, or DigitalOcean.
- Load Balancing & Scaling: Run multiple instances of FastAPI and use NGINX for load balancing.
- Automate Deployment: Use CI/CD tools like GitHub Actions or Jenkins.



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A Thank You!

Happy coding! 🞉