

PEDIATRIC MEDICAL PM-07

NON-TRAUMATIC ABDOMINAL PAIN

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History and Physical:	
Historical Findings	Physical Findings
 Medical etiology 	 Abdominal pain with rebound tenderness, increased pain on palpitation, increased pain on movement

Assessment:

- Medical Assessment
- Differential Diagnoses: Appendicitis, Colitis, Intussusception, Peritonitis, Perforation, Cholecystitis,
 Peptic Ulcer Disease

Clinical Management Options:	
Interventions	Pharmacology
 Oxygen therapy as appropriate Vascular Access Pain Management Fluid bolus PRN Assess for pulmonary edema 	 Nausea/Vomiting Management Promethazine Contraindicated

Consult:

None

Considerations:

Abdominal pain secondary to trauma is managed with the Multi-System Trauma Protocol