

## ADULT MEDICAL AM-10

## NON-TRAUMATIC HEMORRHAGE

Page 1 of 1 Last Revision: 01-31-2017

History and Physical:	
Historical Findings	Physical Findings
<ul> <li>Medical etiology</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Hypovolemia secondary to blood loss due to medical etiology</li> <li>"coffee ground" emesis</li> <li>Blood in stool</li> <li>Epistaxis</li> </ul>

## **Assessment:**

- Medical Assessment
- Differential Diagnoses: AAA, Peptic Ulcer Disease, Diverticulitis, GI hemorrhage, AV Fistula hemorrhage

Clinical Management Options:	
Interventions	Pharmacology
<ul> <li>Oxygen therapy as appropriate</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Vascular Access</li> </ul>	
<ul><li>Fluid bolus PRN</li></ul>	
<ul> <li>Assess for pulmonary edema</li> </ul>	
o Titrate to MAP 55-65	
<ul> <li>Consider Trendelenburg</li> </ul>	

Consult:

none