Reproducible Research Project 2

Skylar Trigueiro

January 30, 2021

Introduction

In this report, I will explore how destructive certain storms can be. I will attempt to determine which storms are the most deadly to people and also which storms cause the most economic damage. First let's get a sense for the size of the data.

This data set contains a lot of features that aren't necessary for the analysis that we're doing so I'm only going to look at the features which I believe are necessary for the analysis.

```
data <- read.csv("data/repdata_data_StormData.csv.bz2")
featsToKeep <- c("EVTYPE", "FATALITIES", "INJURIES", "PROPDMG", "PROPDMGEXP", "CROPDMG", "CROPDMGEXP")
data <- data[featsToKeep]
dim(data)</pre>
```

Data Analysis

Account for units.

data\$PROPEXP[data\$PROPDMGEXP == "+"] <- 0
data\$PROPEXP[data\$PROPDMGEXP == "-"] <- 0</pre>

[1] 902297

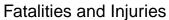
```
str(data)
                    902297 obs. of 7 variables:
  'data.frame':
                       "TORNADO" "TORNADO" "TORNADO" ...
   $ EVTYPE
               : chr
   $ FATALITIES: num 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 ...
   $ INJURIES : num 15 0 2 2 2 6 1 0 14 0 ...
                       25 2.5 25 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 25 25 ...
   $ PROPDMG
                : num
                       "K" "K" "K" "K" ...
##
   $ PROPDMGEXP: chr
   $ CROPDMG
                      0000000000...
               : num
                       $ CROPDMGEXP: chr
The following code is just to see what the different types of units being used are.
unique(data$PROPDMGEXP)
## [1] "K" "M" "" "B" "m" "+" "O" "5" "6" "?" "4" "2" "3" "h" "7" "H" "-" "1" "8"
unique(data$CROPDMGEXP)
## [1] "" "M" "K" "m" "B" "?" "O" "k" "2"
The following code will convert the cost units to their integer value and then I will combine the information
into a single feature which accounts for the units used.
```

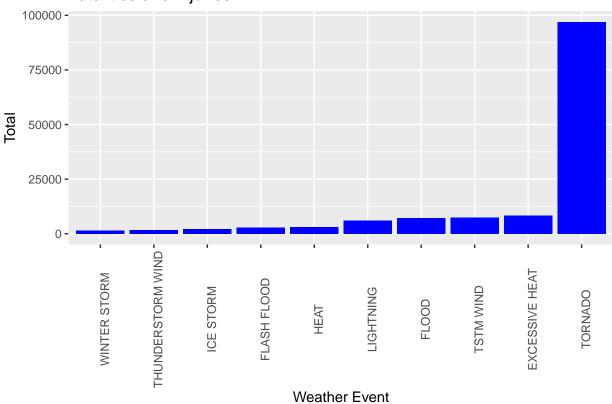
```
data$PROPEXP[data$PROPDMGEXP == "?"] <- 0</pre>
data$PROPEXP[data$PROPDMGEXP == ""] <- 1</pre>
data$PROPEXP[data$PROPDMGEXP == "0"] <- 1</pre>
data$PROPEXP[data$PROPDMGEXP == "1"] <- 10</pre>
data$PROPEXP[data$PROPDMGEXP == "H"] <- 1e2</pre>
data$PROPEXP[data$PROPDMGEXP == "h"] <- 1e2</pre>
data$PROPEXP[data$PROPDMGEXP == "2"] <- 1e2</pre>
data$PROPEXP[data$PROPDMGEXP == "K"] <- 1e3</pre>
data$PROPEXP[data$PROPDMGEXP == "3"] <- 1e3</pre>
data$PROPEXP[data$PROPDMGEXP == "4"] <- 1e4
data$PROPEXP[data$PROPDMGEXP == "5"] <- 1e5</pre>
data$PROPEXP[data$PROPDMGEXP == "M"] <- 1e6</pre>
data$PROPEXP[data$PROPDMGEXP == "m"] <- 1e6</pre>
data$PROPEXP[data$PROPDMGEXP == "6"] <- 1e6</pre>
data$PROPEXP[data$PROPDMGEXP == "7"] <- 1e7</pre>
data$PROPEXP[data$PROPDMGEXP == "8"] <- 1e8</pre>
data$PROPEXP[data$PROPDMGEXP == "B"] <- 1e9</pre>
data$PROPVAL <- data$PROPDMG * data$PROPEXP</pre>
data$CROPEXP[data$CROPDMGEXP == "?"] <- 0</pre>
data$CROPEXP[data$CROPDMGEXP == "0"] <- 1</pre>
data$CROPEXP[data$CROPDMGEXP == ""] <- 1</pre>
data$CROPEXP[data$CROPDMGEXP == "2"] <- 1e2</pre>
data$CROPEXP[data$CROPDMGEXP == "K"] <- 1e3</pre>
data$CROPEXP[data$CROPDMGEXP == "k"] <- 1e3</pre>
data$CROPEXP[data$CROPDMGEXP == "M"] <- 1e6</pre>
data$CROPEXP[data$CROPDMGEXP == "m"] <- 1e6</pre>
data$CROPEXP[data$CROPDMGEXP == "B"] <- 1e9</pre>
data$CROPVAL <- data$CROPDMG * data$CROPEXP</pre>
data$ECONCONS <- data$PROPVAL + data$CROPVAL</pre>
head(data$ECONCONS)
## [1] 25000 2500 25000 2500 2500 2500
data$HEALTHCONS <- data$FATALITIES + data$INJURIES</pre>
```

Results

```
library(ggplot2)
sumHealthCons <- aggregate(HEALTHCONS ~ EVTYPE, data = data, FUN="sum")
topTenHeathEvents <- sumHealthCons[order(sumHealthCons$HEALTHCONS, decreasing = TRUE), ][1:10, ]
healthGraph <- ggplot(data=topTenHeathEvents, aes(x=reorder(EVTYPE, HEALTHCONS), y=HEALTHCONS)) +
    geom_bar(fill="blue",stat="identity") +
    xlab("Weather Event") + ylab("Total") +
    ggtitle("Fatalities and Injuries") +
    theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90))</pre>
```

healthGraph



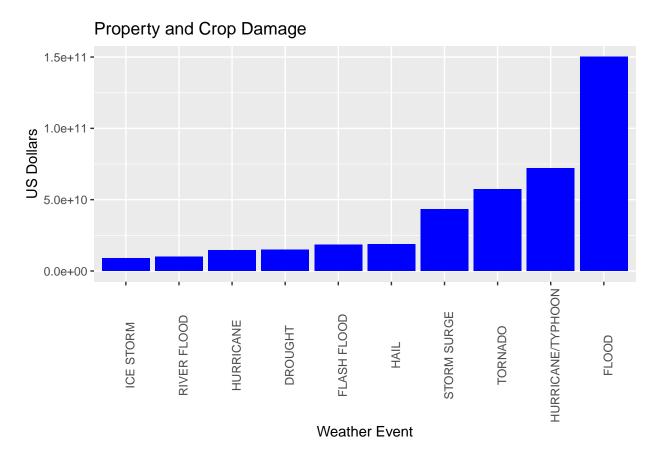


Tornadoes cause the most combined fatalities and injuries so I would consider them the event with the most health consequences.

```
sumEconCons <- aggregate(ECONCONS ~ EVTYPE, data = data, FUN="sum")

topTenEconEvents <- sumEconCons[order(sumEconCons$ECONCONS, decreasing = TRUE), ][1:10, ]

EconGraph <- ggplot(data=topTenEconEvents, aes(x=reorder(EVTYPE, ECONCONS), y=ECONCONS)) +
    geom_bar(fill="blue",stat="identity") +
    xlab("Weather Event") + ylab("US Dollars") +
    ggtitle("Property and Crop Damage") +
    theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90))</pre>
EconGraph
```



Flooding damage is the weather event with the most property and crop damage.