## Adjective (Noun) Sentence BASIC RULES

i - adj end with " i ".		na- adj don't end with "i" with just a few exceptions.		noun	
desu form	plain form	desu form	plain form	desu form	plain form
hiro i desu It is wide	hiro i	taihen desu It is hard	taihen <mark>da</mark>	gakusei desu (person) is a student	gakusei <mark>da</mark>
hiro ku nai desu It is not wide	hiro ku nai	taihen ja arimasen It is not hard	taihen ja nai	gakusei ja arimasen ( person ) is not a student	gakusei ja nai
hiro katta desu It was wide	hiro katta	taihen deshita It was hard	taihen <mark>datta</mark>	gakusei deshita (person) was a student	gakusei <mark>datta</mark>
hiro ku nakatta desu It was not wide	hiro ku nakatta	taihen ja arimasen deshita It was not hard	taihen ja nakatta	gakusei ja arimasen deshita (person) was not a student	gakusei ja nakatta
hiro kute, <u>takai</u> desu It is wide and <u>high</u>		taihen de, <u>muzukashii</u> desu It is hard and <u>dificult</u>		gakusei de, <u>amerika jin</u> desu (person) is a student and <u>American</u>	
hiro ku <u>narimasu</u> It will <u>become</u> wide		taihen ni <u>narimasu</u> It will <u>become</u> hard		gakusei ni <u>narimasu</u> ( person ) will <u>be</u> a student	
hiro ku <u>shimasu</u> ( person ) <u>makes</u> it wide		taihen ni <u>shimasu</u> ( person ) <u>makes</u> it hard		gakusei ni <u>shimasu</u> ( person ) <u>makes</u> you a student	
hiro i <u>machi</u> desu It is a wide ( big ) <u>city</u> .		taihen na <u>shigoto</u> desu It is a hard <u>work</u>		gakusei no <u>hon</u> desu It is a student's <u>book</u>	
taka i expensive yasu i cheap karu i light omo i heavy yawaraka i soft	ooki i big chiisa i small atarashi i new furu i old the only exception	benri convenient kire i beautiful / clean yuume i famous nigiyaka lively genki fine	suki like kira i dislike jouzu good at heta bad at		
akta i hard kawai i cute atsu i hot samu i cold	ji good yo ku nai yo katta yo ku nakatta	taihen hard			