

More Exercise: Objects and Classes

Problems for exercise and homework for the ["JS Fundamentals" Course @ SoftUni](https://softuni.org/Courses/JS-Fundamentals).

Submit your solutions in the SoftUni judge system at: <https://judge.softuni.org/Contests/1318>

1. Class Laptop

Create a **class Laptop** that has the following properties:

- **info** – object that contains:
 - **producer** – string
 - **age** – number
 - **brand** – string
- **isOn** – boolean (false by default)
- **turnOn** – a function that **sets the isOn** variable to **true**
- **turnOff** – a function that **sets the isOn** variable to **false**
- **showInfo** – a function that returns the **producer**, **age**, and **brand** as JSON
- **quality** – number (every time the laptop is turned on/off the quality decreases by 1)
- **getter price** – number ($800 - \{age * 2\} + (quality * 0.5)$)

The **constructor** should receive the **info** as an object and the **quality**.

Examples

Test your class.

Input	Output
<pre>let info = {producer: "Dell", age: 2, brand: "XPS"} let laptop = new Laptop(info, 10) laptop.turnOn() console.log(laptop.showInfo()) laptop.turnOff() console.log(laptop.quality) laptop.turnOn() console.log(laptop.isOn) console.log(laptop.price)</pre>	<pre>{"producer":"Dell","age":2,"brand":"XPS"} 8 true 799.5</pre>
<pre>let info = {producer: "Lenovo", age: 1, brand: "Legion"} let laptop = new Laptop(info, 10) laptop.turnOn() console.log(laptop.showInfo()) laptop.turnOff() laptop.turnOn() laptop.turnOff()</pre>	<pre>{"producer":"Lenovo","age":1,"brand":"Legion"} false</pre>

```
console.log(laptop.isOn)
```

2. Flight Schedule

You will receive an **array** with **arrays**.

The first array (**at index 0**) will hold all flights on a **specific sector** in the airport. The second array (**at index 1**) will contain **newly changed statuses** of **some** of the **flights** at this airport. The third array (**at index 2**) will have a single **string**, which will **be the flight status** you need to check. When you put all flights into an **object** and change the statuses depends on the new information on the second array. You must print all flights with the given status from the last **array**.

- If the value of the string obtained from the third array is **"Ready to fly"**:
 - then you must **print** flights that have **not changed** their **status** in the second array
 - and automatically **change** the status to **"Ready to fly"**
- Otherwise, print **only flights** that have **changed** their status.

Examples

Input	Output
<pre>[['WN269 Delaware', 'FL2269 Oregon', 'WN498 Las Vegas', 'WN3145 Ohio', 'WN612 Alabama', 'WN4010 New York', 'WN1173 California', 'DL2120 Texas', 'KL5744 Illinois', 'WN678 Pennsylvania'], ['DL2120 Cancelled', 'WN612 Cancelled', 'WN1173 Cancelled', 'SK430 Cancelled'], ['Cancelled']]</pre>	<pre>{ Destination: 'Alabama', Status: 'Cancelled' } { Destination: 'California', Status: 'Cancelled' } { Destination: 'Texas', Status: 'Cancelled' }</pre>
<pre>[['WN269 Delaware', 'FL2269 Oregon', 'WN498 Las Vegas', 'WN3145 Ohio', 'WN612 Alabama', 'WN4010 New York', 'WN1173 California', 'DL2120 Texas', 'KL5744 Illinois', 'WN678 Pennsylvania'], ['FL2269 Cancelled', 'WN498 Cancelled', 'WN3145 Cancelled', 'WN612 Cancelled', 'WN4010 Cancelled', 'WN1173 Cancelled', 'DL2120 Cancelled', 'KL5744 Cancelled'], ['Ready to fly']]</pre>	<pre>{ Destination: 'Delaware', Status: 'Ready to fly' } { Destination: 'Oregon', Status: 'Ready to fly' } { Destination: 'Las Vegas', Status: 'Ready to fly' } { Destination: 'Ohio', Status: 'Ready to fly' } { Destination: 'New York', Status: 'Ready to fly' }</pre>

<pre>'WN4010 New York', 'WN1173 California', 'DL2120 Texas', 'KL5744 Illinois', 'WN678 Pennsylvania'], ['DL2120 Cancelled', 'WN612 Cancelled', 'WN1173 Cancelled', 'SK330 Cancelled'], ['Ready to fly']]</pre>	<pre>{ Destination: 'Illinois', Status: 'Ready to fly' } { Destination: 'Pennsylvania', Status: 'Ready to fly' }</pre>
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3. School Register

In this problem, you have to arrange all students by **grade**. You as the secretary of the school principal will process students and store them into a school register before the new school year hits. As a draft, you have a list of all the students from **last year** but mixed. Keep in mind that if a student has a lower score than 3, he does not go into the next class. As a result of your work, you have to print the entire school register **sorted in ascending order by grade** already filled with all the students from last year in the format:

```
`{nextGrade} Grade
```

```
List of students: {All students in that grade}
```

```
Average annual score from last year: {average annual score on the entire class from last year}`
```

```
And empty row {console.log}
```

The input will be an **array** with strings, each containing a student's name, last year's grade, and an annual score. The **average annual score from last year** should be **formatted to the second decimal point**.

Examples

Input	Output
<pre>["Student name: Mark, Grade: 8, Graduated with an average score: 4.75", "Student name: Ethan, Grade: 9, Graduated with an average score: 5.66", "Student name: George, Grade: 8, Graduated with an average score: 2.83", "Student name: Steven, Grade: 10, Graduated with an average score: 4.20", "Student name: Joey, Grade: 9, Graduated with an average score: 4.90",]</pre>	<pre>9 Grade List of students: Mark, Daryl Average annual score from last year: 5.35 10 Grade List of students: Ethan, Joey, Bill</pre>

"Student name: Angus, Grade: 11, Graduated with an average score: 2.90", "Student name: Bob, Grade: 11, Graduated with an average score: 5.15", "Student name: Daryl, Grade: 8, Graduated with an average score: 5.95", "Student name: Bill, Grade: 9, Graduated with an average score: 6.00", "Student name: Philip, Grade: 10, Graduated with an average score: 5.05", "Student name: Peter, Grade: 11, Graduated with an average score: 4.88", "Student name: Gavin, Grade: 10, Graduated with an average score: 4.00"]	Average annual score from last year: 5.52 11 Grade List of students: Steven, Philip, Gavin Average annual score from last year: 4.42 12 Grade List of students: Bob, Peter Average annual score from last year: 5.02
['Student name: George, Grade: 5, Graduated with an average score: 2.75', 'Student name: Alex, Grade: 9, Graduated with an average score: 3.66', 'Student name: Peter, Grade: 8, Graduated with an average score: 2.83', 'Student name: Bobby, Grade: 5, Graduated with an average score: 4.20', 'Student name: John, Grade: 9, Graduated with an average score: 2.90', 'Student name: Steven, Grade: 2, Graduated with an average score: 4.90', 'Student name: Darsy, Grade: 1, Graduated with an average score: 5.15']	2 Grade List of students: Darsy Average annual score from last year: 5.15 3 Grade List of students: Steven Average annual score from last year: 4.90 6 Grade List of students: Bobby Average annual score from last year: 4.20 10 Grade List of students: Alex Average annual score from last year: 3.66

4. Browser History

As input, you will receive **two parameters: an object and a string array**.

The object will be in format: **{Browser Name}:{Name of the browser}, Open tabs:[...], Recently Closed: [...], Browser Logs: [...]**. Your task is to fill in the object based on the actions we will get in the array of strings.

You can **open** any site in the world as many times as you like; if you do that add it to the open tabs.

You can **close** only these tabs you have **opened already**! If the current action contains a valid opened site, you should remove it from "**Open Tabs**" and put it into "**Recently closed**", otherwise **don't do anything**!

Browser Logs will hold every single **Valid** action, which you did (Open and Close).

There is a **special case** in which you can get an action that says: **"Clear History and Cache"**. That means you should **empty the whole object**.

In the end, print the object in the format:

{Browser name}

Open Tabs: {...} // Joined by comma and space

Recently Closed: {...} // Joined by comma and space

Browser Logs: {...} // Joined by comma and space

Examples

Input	Output
<pre>{ "Browser Name": "Google Chrome", "Open Tabs": ["Facebook", "YouTube", "Google Translate"], "Recently Closed": ["Yahoo", "Gmail"], "Browser Logs": ["Open YouTube", "Open Yahoo", "Open Google Translate", "Close Yahoo", "Open Gmail", "Close Gmail", "Open Facebook"] }, ["Close Facebook", "Open StackOverFlow", "Open Google"]</pre>	<pre>Google Chrome Open Tabs: YouTube, Google Translate, StackOverFlow, Google Recently Closed: Yahoo, Gmail, Facebook Browser Logs: Open YouTube, Open Yahoo, Open Google Translate, Close Yahoo, Open Gmail, Close Gmail, Open Facebook, Close Facebook, Open StackOverFlow, Open Google</pre>
<pre>{ "Browser Name": "Mozilla Firefox", "Open Tabs": ["YouTube"], "Recently Closed": ["Gmail", "Dropbox"], "Browser Logs": ["Open Gmail", "Close Gmail", "Open Dropbox", "Open YouTube", "Close Dropbox"] }, ["Open Wikipedia", "Clear History and Cache", "Open Twitter"]</pre>	<pre>Mozilla Firefox Open Tabs: Twitter Recently Closed: Browser Logs: Open Twitter</pre>

5. Sequences

You are tasked with storing sequences of numbers. You will receive an **array of strings**; each of them will contain an unknown amount of **arrays containing numbers**, from which you must store only the **unique** arrays (duplicate arrays should be discarded). An array is considered the **same (NOT unique)** if it contains the **same numbers** as another array, **regardless of their order**.

After storing all arrays, your program should print them back in **ascending** order based on their **length**, if two arrays have the same length, they should be printed in **order of being received from the input**. Each array should be printed in **descending order** in the format "[a₁, a₂, a₃,... a_n]" . Check the examples below.

The **input** comes as an **array of strings** where **each entry is a JSON representing an array of numbers**.

The **output** should be printed on the console - each array printed on a new line in the format "[a1, a2, a3,... an]", following the above-mentioned ordering.

Examples

Input	Output
<code>"[-3, -2, -1, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4]", "[10, 1, -17, 0, 2, 13]", "[4, -3, 3, -2, 2, -1, 1, 0]"</code>	<code>[13, 10, 2, 1, 0, -17] [4, 3, 2, 1, 0, -1, -2, -3]</code>
<code>"[7.14, 7.180, 7.339, 80.099]", "[7.339, 80.0990, 7.140000, 7.18]", "[7.339, 7.180, 7.14, 80.099]"</code>	<code>[80.099, 7.339, 7.18, 7.14]</code>